DBMS Lab Ex-2 (DML)

Tamojit Sarkar

RA1811027010034

CSE-BD Sec-I2

Aim: Data Manipulation Language Commands in SQL.

- Insert
- Select
- Update
- Delete

Procedure:

- 1) Create a table.
- 2) Use insert command to insert values.
- 3) Use select statement to display with and without conditions.
- 4) Update the value in table using update command.
- 5) Use delete command to delete the values in table with condition.
- 6) Create a new table from existing table.

Code and Output:

1) Create

create table cricket(Sno int, Name varchar(255), Age int, Country varchar(255))

Table created.

2) Insert

```
insert into cricket values(1,'A',28,'India')

1 row(s) inserted.

insert into cricket values(2,'B',24,'New Zealand')

1 row(s) inserted.

insert into cricket values(3,'C',31,'Australia')

1 row(s) inserted.

insert into cricket values(4,'D',21,'England')

1 row(s) inserted.
```

3) <u>Select</u>

select * from cricket

SNO	NAME	AGE	COUNTRY
1	A	28	India
2	В	24	New Zealand
3	С	31	Australia
4	D	21	England

Download CSV

4 rows selected.

select * from cricket where age>25

SNO	NAME	AGE	COUNTRY
1	A	28	India
3	С	31	Australia

Download CSV

2 rows selected.

4) <u>Update</u>

delete from cricket where age<24

2 row(s) deleted.

select * from cricket

SNO	NAME	AGE	COUNTRY
1	Α	28	India
2	В	24	New Zealand

Download CSV

2 rows selected.

5) <u>Delete</u>



6) Generate New table from existing table



<u>Conclusion:</u> All DML commands are executed and new table is generated.