```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import pandas as pd

# Sample data
fraud_counts = pd.Series([284315, 492], index=["Non-Fraud", "Fraud"])

# Plot
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 4))
sns.barplot(x=fraud_counts.index, y=fraud_counts.values, palette=["skyblue", "salmon"])
plt.title("Transaction Class Distribution")
plt.xlabel("Class")
plt.ylabel("Number of Transactions")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

→ <ipython-input-1-f5302bf384e7>:10: FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `sns.barplot(x=fraud\_counts.index, y=fraud\_counts.values, palette=["skyblue", "salmon"])

## 

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Sample data
labels = ['Non-Fraud', 'Fraud']
sizes = [284315, 492]
colors = ['lightgreen', 'lightcoral']
explode = (0, 0.1) # Slightly "explode" the fraud slice

# Plotting the pie chart
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 6))
plt.pie(sizes, labels=labels, autopct='%1.2f%%', startangle=140, colors=colors, explode=explode, shadow=True)
plt.title('Fraud vs Non-Fraud Transaction Distribution')
plt.axis('equal') # Equal aspect ratio ensures the pie chart is circular.
plt.show()
```

Explain •••



explain this code.

## Code Explana

This section of the code is specifically designed for users working in

Google Colab, a

cloudbased Jupyter notebook environmen

from goos



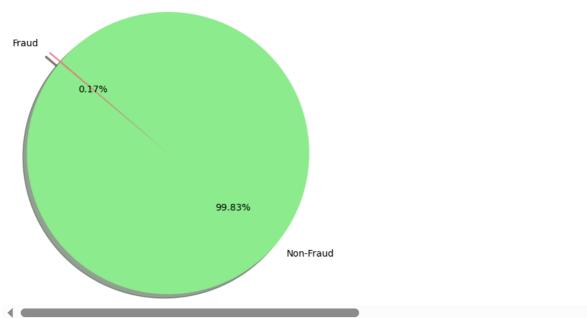
Use code with caution

This line imports the files module from the google.co library. The google.co library provides tools and utilities that are specific to the Google Colab environmen The files module contains functions for interacting with the user's local filesystem, allowing

Use code with caution

them to upload and download files directly within the notebook.



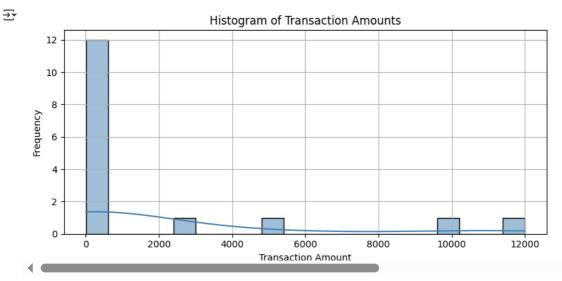


Start coding or generate with AI.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import pandas as pd

# Sample transaction amount data (replace this with your actual data)
transaction_amounts = pd.Series([10, 15, 20, 30, 100, 200, 500, 5000, 12000, 30, 40, 5, 8, 3000, 250, 10000])

# Plotting the histogram
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 4))
sns.histplot(transaction_amounts, bins=20, kde=True, color='steelblue')
plt.title("Histogram of Transaction Amounts")
plt.xlabel("Transaction Amount")
plt.ylabel("Frequency")
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import pandas as pd

# Sample dataset (replace with your actual dataset)
data = {
    'transaction_amount': [10, 15, 20, 30, 5000, 10000, 8, 12, 100, 3000, 250, 200],
    'is_fraud': [0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0] # 0 = Non-Fraud, 1 = Fraud
}
df = pd.DataFrame(data)

# Plotting the boxplot
```

This line calls the upload() function from the files module. When this line is executed in a Google Colab notebook, it will trigger a file upload dialog box in your web browser. This dialog allows you to select one or more files from your local computer to upload to the Colab environmen The files you select will be uploaded to the current working directory of your Colab notebook. The files.upl function returns a dictionary called uploaded

files.upl function returns a dictionary called uploaded. The keys of this dictionary are the filenames of the uploaded files, and

summary, this code block enables you to easily transfer files from

the values

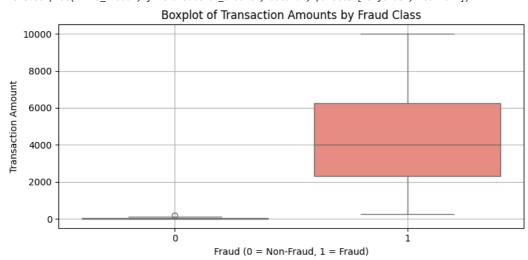
are the file contents as bytes.

In

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 4))
sns.boxplot(x='is_fraud', y='transaction_amount', data=df, palette=["skyblue", "salmon"])
plt.title("Boxplot of Transaction Amounts by Fraud Class")
plt.xlabel("Fraud (0 = Non-Fraud, 1 = Fraud)")
plt.ylabel("Transaction Amount")
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

<ipython-input-4-2193415ccda7>:14: FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `sns.boxplot(x='is\_fraud', y='transaction\_amount', data=df, palette=["skyblue", "salmon"])



from google.colab import files
uploaded = files.upload()



Choose files transactions.csv

• transactions.csv(text/csv) - 18253 bytes, last modified: 16/05/2025 - 100% done

New section

## New section

!pip install matplotlib-venn

```
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib-venn in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (1.1.2)
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib-venn) (3.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib-venn) (2.0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib-venn) (1.15.3)
Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib->matplotlib-Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib->matplotlib-Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.3.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib->matplotlib-Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib->matplotlib-Requirement already satisfied: pillow>=8 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib->matplotlib-ven Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.3.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib->matplot Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.3.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib->matplot Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.7->matpl
```

!apt-get -qq install -y libfluidsynth1

🛨 E: Package 'libfluidsynth1' has no installation candidate

```
# https://pypi.python.org/pypi/libarchive
!apt-get -qq install -y libarchive-dev && pip install -U libarchive
import libarchive
```

Selecting previously unselected package libarchive-dev:amd64. (Reading database ... 126102 files and directories currently installed.)

your local machine into your Google Colab notebook environmen which is often necessary for loading datasets or resources needed for your data analysis or machine learning tasks. Sources Rate

this answer

```
Preparing to unpack .../libarchive-dev_3.6.0-1ubuntu1.4_amd64.deb ...
     Unpacking libarchive-dev:amd64 (3.6.0-1ubuntu1.4) ...
     Setting up libarchive-dev:amd64 (3.6.0-1ubuntu1.4) ...
     Processing triggers for man-db (2.10.2-1) ...
     Collecting libarchive
       Downloading libarchive-0.4.7.tar.gz (23 kB)
       Preparing metadata (setup.py) ... done
     Collecting nose (from libarchive)
       Downloading nose-1.3.7-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (1.7 kB)
     Downloading nose-1.3.7-py3-none-any.whl (154 kB)
                                                 154.7/154.7 kB 13.4 MB/s eta 0:00:00
     Building wheels for collected packages: libarchive
       Building wheel for libarchive (setup.py) ... done
       Created wheel for libarchive: filename=libarchive-0.4.7-py3-none-any.whl size=31629 sha256=5c573d55f4174a85b7f460b
       Stored in directory: /root/.cache/pip/wheels/32/98/bd/4893d6923dd027f455b250367d402bfd69a6f4416581df46db
     Successfully built libarchive
     Installing collected packages: nose, libarchive
     Successfully installed libarchive-0.4.7 nose-1.3.7
# https://pypi.python.org/pypi/pydot
!apt-get -qq install -y graphviz && pip install pydot
import pydot
     Requirement already satisfied: pydot in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (3.0.4)
     Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=3.0.9 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pydot) (3.2.3)
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, roc_auc_score
import gradio as gr
# 1. Load data
df = pd.read_csv('transactions.csv')
# 2. Preprocessing
df.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)
df.dropna(inplace=True) # Or use imputers as needed
# Encode 'card_present' early for consistency
df['card_present'] = df['card_present'].map({'Yes': 1, 'No': 0})
# Create transaction hour group
df['transaction_hour_group'] = pd.cut(
    df['transaction_time'],
    bins=[0, 6, 12, 18, 24],
    labels=['Night', 'Morning', 'Afternoon', 'Evening'],
    right=False
# Define features and target
X = df.drop(columns=['is_fraud', 'transaction_id'])
y = df['is_fraud']
# Train/test split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
    X, y, test_size=0.15, stratify=y, random_state=42
# Preprocessing pipelines
numeric_features = ['transaction_amount', 'account_age_days', 'transaction_time']
categorical_features = ['merchant_category', 'device_type', 'transaction_hour_group', 'card_present']
numeric_transformer = Pipeline(steps=[
    ('imputer', SimpleImputer(strategy='mean')),
    ('scaler', StandardScaler())
])
categorical_transformer = Pipeline(steps=[
    ('imputer', SimpleImputer(strategy='most_frequent')),
    ('onehot', OneHotEncoder(handle_unknown='ignore'))
])
preprocessor = ColumnTransformer(transformers=[
    ('num', numeric transformer, numeric features),
    ('cat', categorical_transformer, categorical_features)
```

```
])
# Models
models = {
    'LogisticRegression': LogisticRegression(class_weight='balanced', max_iter=1000, random_state=42),
    'RandomForest': RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=200, class_weight='balanced', random_state=42)
trained models = {}
for name, model in models.items():
    clf = Pipeline(steps=[('preproc', preprocessor), ('clf', model)])
    clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
    y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)
    y_proba = clf.predict_proba(X_test)[:, 1]
    print(f"--- {name} Classification Report ---")
    print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred, digits=4))
    \label{eq:print}  \texttt{print}(\texttt{f"ROC AUC: } \{\texttt{roc\_auc\_score}(\texttt{y\_test, y\_proba}) : .4\texttt{f} \\ \texttt{n"}) 
    trained_models[name] = clf
# Choose best model for deployment
best_model = trained_models['RandomForest']
# Gradio interface
def predict_fraud(amount, time, merchant, device, present):
    try:
        time = min(max(0, float(time)), 23)
        amount = float(amount)
        present = 1 if present == 'Yes' else 0
        hour_group = pd.cut(
            [time], bins=[0, 6, 12, 18, 24],
            labels=['Night', 'Morning', 'Afternoon', 'Evening'], right=False
        )[0]
        data = pd.DataFrame([{
             'transaction_amount': amount,
             'account_age_days': 365,
             'transaction_time': time,
             'merchant_category': merchant,
            'device_type': device,
             'transaction_hour_group': hour_group,
             'card_present': present
        }1)
        proba = best_model.predict_proba(data)[0, 1]
        return f"{proba:.2f}"
    except Exception as e:
        return f"Error: {str(e)}"
examples = [
    [120.50, 14, 'Food', 'Mobile', 'Yes'],
    [400.00, 23, 'Travel', 'Web', 'No']
]
iface = gr.Interface(
    fn=predict_fraud,
    inputs=[
        gr.Number(label="Transaction Amount"),
        gr.Number(label="Transaction Time (0-23)"),
        gr.Dropdown(choices=['Retail', 'Food', 'Travel', 'Other'], label="Merchant Category"),
gr.Dropdown(choices=['Mobile', 'Web', 'POS'], label="Device Type"),
        gr.Radio(choices=['Yes', 'No'], label="Card Present")
    ],
    outputs=gr.Textbox(label="Fraud Risk Score"),
    title="AT-Powered Credit Card Fraud Detector".
    description="Enter transaction details to get a real-time fraud risk score.",
    examples=examples
if _name_ == "_main_":
    iface.launch(share=True)
```

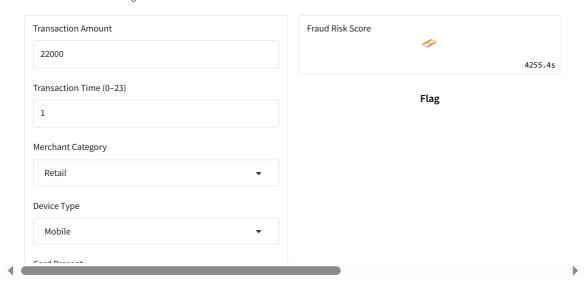
```
🚁 /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/sklearn/impute/_base.py:635: UserWarning: Skipping features without any obse
            warnings.warn(
         /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/sklearn/impute/_base.py:635: UserWarning: Skipping features without any obse
            warnings.warn(
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            warnings.warn(
        /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/sklearn/impute/_base.py:635: UserWarning: Skipping features without any obse
           warnings.warn(
         --- LogisticRegression Classification Report ---
                                                      recall f1-score support
                                 precision
                            0
                                       0.9423
                                                        0.6901
                                                                         0.7967
                            1
                                       0.0435
                                                      0.2500
                                                                         0.0741
                                                                                                   75
                                                                         0.6667
               accuracy
                                      0.4929
                                                        0.4701
              macro avg
                                                                         0.4354
                                                                                                   75
                                      0.8944
        weighted avg
                                                      0.6667
                                                                         0.7582
                                                                                                   75
        ROC AUC: 0.4754
        /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/sklearn/impute/_base.py:635: UserWarning: Skipping features without any obse
            warnings.warn(
         /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/sklearn/impute/_base.py:635: UserWarning: Skipping features without any obse
            warnings.warn(
         /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1565: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision i
        _warn_prf(average, modifier, f"{metric.capitalize()} is", len(result)) / usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1565: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision i
            _warn_prf(average, modifier, f"{metric.capitalize()} is", len(result))
         /usr/local/lib/python 3.11/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/\_classification.py: 1565: \ Undefined Metric Warning: \ Precision in the property of the property o
           _warn_prf(average, modifier, f"{metric.capitalize()} is", len(result))
         --- RandomForest Classification Report ---
                                 precision
                                                      recall f1-score
                                                    1.0000
0.0000
                                       0.9467
                                                                         0.9726
                            0
                                                                                                   71
                            1
                                      0.0000
                                                                         0.0000
                                                                                                   75
                                                                         0.9467
               accuracy
                                      0.4733
                                                     0.5000
                                                                         0.4863
                                                                                                   75
              macro avg
        weighted avg
                                     0.8962
                                                    0.9467
                                                                         0.9207
                                                                                                   75
        ROC AUC: 0.4560
                                                                                  Traceback (most recent call last)
        <ipython-input-11-49c049e38e92> in <cell line: 0>()
                123 )
               124
         --> 125 if _name_ == "_main_":
                             iface.launch(share=True)
               126
        NameError: name '_name_' is not defined
  Next steps: (Explain error
# Gradio interface
def predict_fraud(amount, time, merchant, device, present):
              time = min(max(0, float(time)), 23)
              amount = float(amount)
              present = 1 if present == 'Yes' else 0
              hour group = pd.cut(
                     [time], bins=[0, 6, 12, 18, 24],
                     labels=['Night', 'Morning', 'Afternoon', 'Evening'], right=False
              [0]
              data = pd.DataFrame([{
                     'transaction_amount': amount,
                      'account_age_days': 365,
                     'transaction_time': time,
                     'merchant_category': merchant,
                     'device_type': device,
                     'transaction_hour_group': hour_group,
                     'card_present': present
             }])
              proba = best_model.predict_proba(data)[0, 1]
              return f"{proba:.2f}"
       except Exception as e:
             return f"Error: {str(e)}"
examples = [
```

```
[120.50, 14, 'Food', 'Mobile', 'Yes'],
     [400.00, 23, 'Travel', 'Web', 'No']
]
iface = gr.Interface(
    fn=predict_fraud,
    inputs=[
         gr.Number(label="Transaction Amount"),
         gr.Number(label="Transaction Time (0-23)"),
         gr.Dropdown(choices=['Retail', 'Food', 'Travel', 'Other'], label="Merchant Category"),
gr.Dropdown(choices=['Mobile', 'Web', 'POS'], label="Device Type"),
         gr.Radio(choices=['Yes', 'No'], label="Card Present")
    ],
    outputs=gr.Textbox(label="Fraud Risk Score"),
     title="AI-Powered Credit Card Fraud Detector",
     description="Enter transaction details to get a real-time fraud risk score.",
     examples=examples
# Fix the typo: __name__ instead of _name_
if __name__ == "__main__":
    iface.launch(share=True)
     Colab notebook detected. To show errors in colab notebook, set debug=True in launch()
      * Running on public URL: <a href="https://6f0499a1b671e281a1.gradio.live">https://6f0499a1b671e281a1.gradio.live</a>
```

This share link expires in 1 week. For free permanent hosting and GPU upgrades, run `gradio deploy` from the termina

## **AI-Powered Credit Card Fraud Detector**

Enter transaction details to get a real-time fraud risk score.



!pip install gradio



```
Requirement already satisfied: rich>=10.11.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from typer<1.0,>=0.12->g
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.8.2->
Requirement already satisfied: markdown-it-py>=2.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from rich>=10.11
Requirement already satisfied: pygments<3.0.0,>=2.13.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from rich>=10.
Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4,>=2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from requests
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<3,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from requests->hugg
Requirement already satisfied: mdurl~=0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from markdown-it-py>=2.2.0-
Downloading gradio-5.29.1-py3-none-any.whl (54.1 MB)
                                           - 54.1/54.1 MB 18.4 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Downloading gradio_client-1.10.1-py3-none-any.whl (323 kB)
                                           - 323.1/323.1 kB 22.3 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Downloading aiofiles-24.1.0-py3-none-any.whl (15 kB)
Downloading fastapi-0.115.12-py3-none-any.whl (95 kB)
                                           - 95.2/95.2 kB <mark>8.8 MB/s</mark> eta 0:00:00
Downloading groovy-0.1.2-py3-none-any.whl (14 kB)
Downloading python_multipart-0.0.20-py3-none-any.whl (24 kB)
Downloading ruff-0.11.10-py3-none-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (11.6 MB)
```

Could not connect to the reCAPTCHA service. Please check your internet connection and reload to get a reCAPTCHA challenge.



0/2000

Gemini can make mistakes, so double-check responses and use code with caution. Learn more