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(Write a C Program, to Search an Element, Using Linear Search)

```
#include <stdio.h>
main()
{
    int a[50], i, n, Key, Flag = 0;
    printf("Enter no. of elements");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter %d elements", n);
    for (i=0; i<n; i++)
        scanf("%d", &a[i]);
    printf("Enter key element");
    scanf("%d", &Key);
    for (i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        if (a[i] == Key)
        {
            printf("Element found at position %d", i);
            flag = 1;
            break;
        }
    }
    if (flag == 0)
        printf("Element not found");
}
```

Output:-

Enter no. of elements 5

Enter 5 elements 1 5 3 2 0

Enter Key element 4

Element not found.

Write a C-program to Search an element using Binary Search

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
Main()
{
    int a[20], i, n, Key, first, last, mid;
    printf ("Enter n value");
    scanf ("%d", &n);
    printf ("Enter %d elements", n);
    for (i=0; i<n; i++)
        scanf ("%d", &a[i]);
    printf ("Enter key element");
    scanf ("%d", &key);
    first = 0;
    last = n-1;
    while (first <= last)
    {
        mid = (first + last)/2;
        if (a[mid] < key)
            first = mid+1;
        else if (a[mid] == key)
            {
                printf ("Element found at %d", mid);
                break;
            }
        else
            last = mid-1;
    }
    if (first > last)
        printf ("Element Not Found");
}
```

Output:

Enter n value 5

5 elements are on stack

Enter 5 elements of 0 2 4 3 5 2 are stored in stack

Enter key element 4 0 2 5 1 are sorted below

Element found at 4

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Write a C-Program to Implement Bubble Sorting.

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
main()
```

```
{
```

```
int n, i, j, t, a[20];
```

```
Pointf ("enter no of elements");
```

```
scanf ("%d", &n);
```

```
Pointf ("enter %d elements", n);
```

```
for (i=0; i<n; i++)
```

```
scanf ("%d", &a[i]);
```

```
for (i=0; i<n; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
for (j=0; j<n-i-1; j++)
```

```
{
```

```
if (a[j]<a[j+1])
```

```
{
```

```
t = a[j];
```

```
a[j] = a[j+1];
```

```
a[j+1] = t;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
Pointf ("Sorted order is ");
```

```
for (i=0; i<n; i++)
```

```
(++i; n>i; 0=i) loop
```

```
Pointf ("%d", a[i]);
```

```
(i,j,"b.v.")endif
```

```
}
```

Output:

Enter no of elements 5

→ enter n value

Enter 5 elements 20 5 3 10 15 → 5 3 10 15 20

Sorted order is 1 3 5 10 20 → 1 3 5 10 20

Write a C-Program to implement Selection Sorting

```
#include<stdio.h>
main()
{
    int a[20], n, i, key, min;
    printf("Enter no of elements");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter %d elements", n);
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
        scanf("%d", &a[i]);
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        min=i;
        for(j=i+1; j<n; j++)
        {
            if(a[j] < a[min])
            {
                min=j;
            }
        }
        t=a[i];
        a[i]=a[min];
        a[min]=t;
    }
    printf("Sorted Order is");
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
        printf(" %d", a[i]);
}
```

Output:

Enter no of Elements 5 6 5 3 1 2 sorted

Enter 5 Elements 6 5 3 1 2 sorted

Sorted Order is 1 2 3 5 6

Write a C-Program to Implement Insertion Sorting

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
main()
```

```
{ int a[20], n, i, j, t;
```

```
Pointf (" Enter no of Elements ");
```

```
Scanf ("%d", &n);
```

```
Pointf (" Enter %d elements ", n);
```

```
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
    Scanf ("%d", &a[i]);
```

```
for (i = 1; i < n; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
    t = a[i];
```

```
    j = i - 1;
```

```
    while (j >= 0 && a[j] > t)
```

```
{
```

```
        a[j + 1] = a[j];
```

```
        j = j - 1;
```

```
}
```

```
    a[j + 1] = t;
```

```
}
```

```
Pointf (" Sorted Order is ");
```

```
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
    Pointf ("%d", a[i]);
```

```
}
```

Output: Enter no of elements 5

Enter 5 elements 1 4 2 5 3

Sorted Order is 1 2 3 4 5

Write a C-Program to Implement Merge Sort

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void mergesort (int [], int, int);
void merge (int [], int, int, int);
void main()
{
    int a[10], n, i;
    printf ("enter n value");
    scanf ("%d", &n);
    printf ("enter %d element", n);
    for (i=0; i<n; i++)
        scanf ("%d", &a[i]);
    mergesort (a, 0, n-1);
    printf ("After Sorting");
    for (i=0; i<n; i++)
        printf ("%d", a[i]);
}
void mergesort (int a[], int beg, int end)
{
    int mid;
    if (beg < end)
    {
        mid = (beg+end)/2;
        mergesort (a, beg, mid);
        mergesort (a, mid+1, end);
        merge (a, beg, mid, end);
    }
}
```

void merge (int a[], int beg, int mid, int end)

{
 int l = beg, R = mid + 1, i = beg, t[20];

 while (l <= mid && R <= end)

 {
 if (a[l] < a[R])

 t[i] = a[l];

 i++;

 else

 t[i] = a[R];

 R++;

 }

 i++;

}

 while (l <= mid)

 {
 t[i] = a[l];

 l++;

 i++;

}

 while (R <= end)

 {
 t[i] = a[R];

 R++;

 i++;

}

 for (i = beg; i < end; i++)

 {
 a[i] = t[i];

}

Output:

Enter n value 6

Enter 6 elements

0 1 5 3 6 4

After Sorting 0 1 3 4 5 6

Write a C-program to implement Quick Sort

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
Void qS (int [], int , int );
int Part (int [], int , int );
Void main()
{
    int a[20], n, i;
    ClrScr();
    Pntrt f ("Enter n value");
    Scnrf ("%d", &n);
    Pntrt f ("Enter %d Elements", n);
    for (i=0; i<n; i++)
        Scnrf ("%d", &a[i]);
    qS (a, 0, n-1);
    for (i=0; i<n; i++)
        Pntrt f ("%d", a[i]);
    getch();
}

Void qS (int a[], int low, int high)
{
    int pi;
    if (low < high)
    {
        pi = Part (a, low, high);
        qS (a, low, pi-1);
        qS (a, pi+1, high);
    }
}

int Part (int a[], int low, int high)
{
    int n, pi = a[high], c, i = low, t=0;
    for (c=low; c<=high; c++)
    {
        if (a[c] <= pi)
            t = a[i];
        a[i] = a[c];
        a[c] = t;
    }
}
```

$a[c] = t;$

$i++;$

}

}

$t = a[i];$

$a[i] = a[high];$

$a[high] = t;$

return i;

}

Output :-

Enter n value 7

Enter 7 elements 6 5 0 1 2 3 4

After Sorting 0 1 2 3 4 5 6.

ISI719

* Write a C-program to perform hashing

```
#include<stdio.h>
#define n 10
int a[n];
Void insert()
{
    int key,h,i,index;
    printf("Enter Key element");
    scanf("%d",&key);
    h = key % n;
    for (i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        index = (h+i)%n;
        if (a[index] == 0)
        {
            a[index] = key;
            printf("Element inserted");
            break;
        }
        if (i==n)
            printf("Element not inserted");
    }
}

Void Search()
{
    int key,index,h,i;
    printf("Enter Key element");
    scanf("%d",&key);
    h = key % n;
    for (i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        index = (h+i)%n;
        if (a[index] == key)
        {
            printf("Element found at %d position",index);
            break;
        }
        if (i==n)
            printf("Element not found");
    }
}
```

```

Void display()
{
    int i;
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
        printf ("%d\n", a[i]);
}

Void main()
{
    int OPT;
    while(1)
    {
        printf ("\nEnter option from menu \n1. Insertion\n2. Display\n3. Search\n4. Exit");
        scanf ("%d", &OPT);
        switch(OPT)
        {
            Case 1: insert();
            break;
            Case 2: display();
            break;
            Case 3: search();
            break;
            Case 4: exit(0);
        }
    }
}

```

Output: Enter option from menu

1. Insertion
2. Display
3. Search
4. Exit

Enter Key 10 20

Enter option from menu

1. Insertion
2. Display
3. Search
4. Exit

10 20

Enter option from menu

1. Insertion
2. Display
3. Search
4. Exit

Enter Key-element 40

Element not found

Enter option from menu

1. Insertion
2. Display
3. Search
4. Exit

* Write a C-program to perform Single linked list operation

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

Struct node
{
    int data;
    Struct node *link,
};

Struct node *sroot = NULL;
Void insert()
{
    Struct node *temp;
    temp = (Struct node *)malloc(sizeof(Struct node));
    printf("Enter data");
    scanf("%d", &temp->data);
    if (sroot == NULL)
        sroot = temp;
    else
    {
        Struct node *p;
        p = sroot;
        while (p->link != NULL)
            p = p->link;
        p->link = temp;
    }
}

int counting();
{
    Struct node *p;
    int count = 0;
    p = sroot;
    if (sroot == NULL)
        printf("List is Empty");
    else
    {
        while (p != NULL)
        {
            count++;
            p = p->link;
        }
    }
    return count;
}
```

```
void insertAfterLoc()
{
    Struct Node *p, *q;
    int loc, len, i = 1;
    printf("Enter location");
    scanf("%d", &loc);
    len = Counting();
    if (loc > len)
        printf("Invalid");
}
```

```
else
{
    p = root;
    while (i < loc)
    {
        p = p->link;
        i++;
    }
}
```

```
temp = (Struct Node *) malloc(sizeof(Struct Node));
printf("Enter data");
scanf("%d", &temp->data);
temp->link = p->link;
p->link = temp;
}
```

```
void display()
```

```
Struct Node *temp;
temp = root;
if (root == NULL)
    printf("List is Empty");
else
```

```
{}
while (temp != NULL)
{
    printf("%d", temp->data);
    temp = temp->link;
}
```

```
}
```

Void delete()

{

```
Struct node *temp;
int loc, len;
Pointf("Enter location");
Scanf("%d", &loc);
len = Counting();
if (len < loc)
    Pointf("Deletion is not possible");
else if (loc == i)
```

{

```
temp = root;
root = temp->link;
temp->link = NULL;
free(temp);
```

}

else

{

```
Struct node *p, *q;
int i = 1;
P = root;
while (i < loc - 1)
    P = P->link;
    i++;
q = P->link;
P->link = q->link;
q->link = NULL;
free(q);
```

}

}

Void main()

{

```
int OPT, C;
```

```
while (1)
```

{

```
Pointf("Enter Choice from the menu\n 1. insert\n 2. Count\n 3. insert after\n 4. display\n 5. delete\n 6. Exit");
Scanf("%d", &OPT);
```

```

Case 1: insert();
        break;
Case 2: c = Counting();
        printf("Count = %d", c);
        break;
Case 3: insertAfter();
        break;
Case 4: display();
        break;
Case 5: delete();
        break;
Case 6: exit(0);
default: printf("Invalid");
}
}

```

Output :-

Enter option from menu

1. Insert
2. Count
3. Insert after
4. display
5. delete
6. Exit

Enter data 10 20

Enter option from menu

1. Insert
2. Count
3. Insert after
4. display
5. delete
6. Exit

Count = 2

Enter option from menu

1. Insert
2. Count
3. Insert after
4. display
5. delete
6. Exit

10 20

Enter option from menu

1. Insert
2. Count
3. Insert after
4. display
5. delete
6. Exit

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* Write a C-program to perform double linked list operation.

#include <stdio.h>

Struct Node

{ int data;

Struct node *left;

Struct node *right;

};

Struct node *root = NULL;

Void insert()

{

Struct node *temp,

temp = (Struct node *)malloc (sizeof(Struct Node));

Pointf("Enter data");

Scanf ("%d", &temp->data);

temp->left = NULL;

temp->right = NULL;

if (root == NULL)

root = temp;

else

{

Struct node *p,

p = root;

while (p->right != NULL)

{

p = p->right;

p->right = temp;

temp->left = p;

}

int Counting()

{

Struct node *p;

int Count = 0;

if (root == NULL)

Pointf("list is Empty");

else

{

P = root;

```
while (P != NULL)
{
    P = P->link;
    Count++;
}
return Count;
```

```
Void display()
```

```
Struct node *temp;
temp = root;
if (root == NULL)
    Pointf ("List is Empty"),
else
```

```
while (temp != NULL)
```

```
    Pointf ("%d", temp->data), & node[i]);
temp = temp->right;
```

```
Void insertAfter()
```

```
Struct node *temp, *P;
int loc, len, i = 1;
```

```
Pointf ("Enter location");
scanf ("%d", &loc);
```

```
len = Counting();
if (loc < len)
```

```
    Pointf ("Invalid"),
else
```

```
    P = root;
```

```
    while (i < loc)
```

```
        P = P->right;
```

```
        i++;
}
temp = (Struct node *) malloc (Size of (Struct node));
```

```

Point f("Enterdata");
Scanf ("%d", &temp->data);
temp->right = P->right;
P->right->left = temp;
temp->left = P;
P->right = temp;

```

3

Void delete()

5

```

Struct node *temp;
int len, loc;
Point F("Enter location");
Scan F ("%d", &loc);
len = Counting();
if (len > loc)

```

```
    Pointf("Deletion is not possible"); b = 1) ? true  
else if(doc == 1)
```

else if (doc == 1)

፩

temp = 800 t;

Root = temp \Rightarrow right;

`curr->link = NULL;`

`temp = right = NULL;`

ਗੁਰੂ → ਗੁਰੂਤ੍ਰੀ → ਲੋਹੀ = N0111,

3

else
{

Struct Node *P,*Q;

```
int i=1;
```

$$P = \sigma U \cos \theta;$$

while ($i < loc - 1$)

5

$P = P \rightarrow \text{right}$;

1449

٥

$q_v = P \rightarrow \text{right}$,

$q \rightarrow \text{right} \rightarrow \text{left} = p;$

$P \rightarrow \text{right} = q, \pi \rightarrow \text{right};$

```
a->right = NULL,  
q->left = NULL,  
free(a),  
}
```

```
} void main()
```

```
{ int c, ch;
```

```
while(1)
```

```
{ printf("Enter choice 1. insert 2. Count 3. Insert after  
4. delete 5. display 6. Exit ");  
switch(ch)
```

```
Case 1: insert();
```

```
break;
```

```
Case 2: C = Counting();
```

```
printf("Count = %d", C);
```

```
break;
```

```
Case 3: InsertAfter();
```

```
break;
```

```
Case 4: delete();
```

```
break;
```

```
Case 5: display();
```

```
break;
```

```
Case 6: Exit(0);
```

```
break;
```

```
Output :-
```

```
Enter Choice
```

- 1. Insert
- 2. Count
- 3. Insert after
- 4. delete
- 5. display
- 6. Exit

```
Enter data 10 20 30
```

```
Enter Choice
```

- 1. Insert
- 2. Count
- 3. Insert after
- 4. delete
- 5. display
- 6. Exit

```
COUNT = 3
```

*Develop a C-program to perform addition of two polynomials using array.

```
#include<stdio.h>
Struct poly
{
    int Coeff;
    int Exp;
};

Struct poly P1[10], P2[10], P3[10];
Void readpoly(Struct poly P[], int t);
int addpoly(Struct poly P1[], Struct poly P2[], int, int);
Void display(Struct poly P[], int);

Void Main()
{
    int t1, t2, t3;
    printf("Enter no of terms in polynomial 1");
    scanf("%d", &t1);
    readpoly(P1, t1);
    printf("Enter no of terms in polynomial 2");
    scanf("%d", &t2);
    readpoly(P2, t2);
    printf("Polynomial 1 representation is");
    display(P1, t1);
    printf("Polynomial 2 representation is");
    display(P2, t2);
    t3 = addpoly(P1, P2, t1, t2);
    printf("Addition of two polynomials is");
    display(P3, t3);
}

Void readpoly(Struct poly P[], int t)
{
    int i;
    for(i=0; i<t; i++)
    {
        printf("Enter coefficient %.d", i+1);
        scanf("%d", &P[i].Coeff);
        printf("Enter exponent %.d", i+1);
        scanf("%d", &P[i].Exp);
    }
}
```

```

int addPoly (struct Poly P1[], struct Poly P2[], int G1, int G2)
{
    int i=0, j=0, k=0;
    while (i < G1 && j < G2)
    {
        if (P1[i].Exp > P2[j].Exp)
            P3[k].Coeff = P1[i].Coeff; // b^i * x^(b^i) + k
        else
            P3[k].Coeff = P2[j].Coeff; // a^j * x^(a^j) + k
        P3[k].Exp = P1[i].Exp; // a^j
        i++;
        k++;
    }
    else if (P1[i].Exp < P2[j].Exp)
    {
        P3[k].Coeff = P2[j].Coeff; // a^j
        P3[k].Exp = P2[j].Exp; // a^j
        j++;
        k++;
    }
    else
    {
        P3[k].Coeff = P1[i].Coeff + P2[j].Coeff; // a^j + b^i
        P3[k].Exp = P1[i].Exp; // a^j
        i++;
        j++;
        k++;
    }
    while (i < G1)
    {
        P3[k].Coeff = P1[i].Coeff;
        P3[k].Exp = P1[i].Exp;
        i++;
        k++;
    }
    while (j < G2)
    {
        P3[k].Coeff = P2[j].Coeff;
        P3[k].Exp = P2[j].Exp;
        j++;
        k++;
    }
    return k;
}

```

```

    * Void display(Struct poly P[ ], int t)
    {
        int i;
        for (i=0; i<t; i++)
            printf ("%d x^%d + ", P[i].Coeff, P[i].Expon);
        if (i<t-1)
            printf (" + ");
    }

```

Output:

```

Enter no of terms in polynomial 3
Enter Coefficient 1 7
Enter Exponent 1 4
Enter Coefficient 2 5
Enter Exponent 2 2
Enter Coefficient 3 3
Enter Exponent 3 1
Enter no of terms in polynomial 3
Enter Coefficient 1 5
Enter Exponent 1 3
Enter Coefficient 2 3
Enter Exponent 2 1
Enter Coefficient 3 -8
Enter Exponent 3 0

```

Polynomial 1 representation is $7x^4 + 5x^2 + 3x^1 + -8x^0$

Polynomial 2 representation is $5x^3 + 3x^1 + -8x^0$

Addition of two polynomials is

$$7x^4 + 5x^3 + 5x^2 + 6x^1 - 8x^0$$

9/19

Write a C-program to implement Stack using arrays.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#define MAX 10
int Stack[MAX], Top = -1;
Void Push();
Void Pop();
Void Peek();
Void display();
Void main()
{
    int OPT;
    while(1)
    {
        printf("Enter Option\n1. Push\n2. Pop\n3. Peek\n4. display\n5. Exit");
        scanf("%d", &OPT);
        switch(OPT)
        {
            Case 1: Push();
            break;
            Case 2: Pop();
            break;
            Case 3: Peek();
            break;
            Case 4: display();
            break;
            Case 5: Exit(0);
            default: printf("Overflow");
        }
    }
}

Void Push()
{
    int val;
    if(Top == MAX-1)
        printf("Overflow");
    else
        printf("Enter Element");
}
```

```

* Scanf ("%d", &val);
    TOP = TOP++;
    Stack [TOP] = val;
    printf ("Element inserted");
}

Void Push()
{
    if (TOP == -1)
        printf ("Underflow");
    else
        printf ("The element deleted is %d", Stack [TOP]);
    TOP = TOP - 1;
}

Void Peek()
{
    if (TOP == -1)
        printf ("Underflow");
    else
        printf ("Top most Element is %d", Stack [TOP]);
}

Void display()
{
    int i;
    if (TOP == -1)
        printf ("No Element Found");
    else
        for (i = TOP; i >= 0; i--)
            printf ("%d at ", Stack [i]);
}

```

Output:

Enter Choice

1. Push
2. Pop
3. Peek
4. display
5. Exit 1

Enter Element 10 20 30

Enter Choice

1. Push
2. Pop
3. Peek
4. display
5. Exit 4

30 20 10

Enter Choice

1. Push
2. Pop
3. Peek
4. display
5. Exit 3

The next Element is 30.

Enter Choice

1. Push
2. Pop
3. Peek
4. display
5. Exit 2

The element deleted is 30.

Enter choice

1. Push
2. Pop
3. Peek
4. display
5. Exit 4

20 10

Enter choice

1. Push
2. Pop
3. Peek
4. display
5. Exit 5

(JUH = 10011111001 = max) ?

input = max = 10011111001

input = min < max

input = max

Deleted by

(JUH = 10011111001) ?

("Input is max") ? true

"Input is max" before) ? true

min < max = true

max < 9 = true

10011111001 - input < 9

(9) and

5/9/19

* Write a C-program to represent Queue using Single linked list

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

Struct Node
{
    int data;
    Struct Node *link;
};

Struct Node *front = NULL, *rear = NULL;

Void insert()
{
    Struct Node *temp;
    temp = (Struct Node *) malloc(sizeof(Struct Node));
    Point f("Enter data");
    Scan f("%d", &temp->data);
    temp->link = NULL;
    if (rear == NULL || front == NULL)
        front = rear = temp;
    else
        rear->link = temp;
    rear = temp;
}

Void delete()
{
    Struct Node *P;
    if (front == NULL)
        Point f("Queue is Empty");
    else
        Point f("Deleted Element is %d");
        P = front;
        front = P->link;
        P->link = NULL;
        free (P);
}
```

```

void display()
{
    Struct Node *P;
    P = Front;
    if (Front == NULL)
        printf("Queue is Empty");
    else
        while (P != NULL)
            {
                printf("%d", P->data);
                P = P->link;
            }
}

void main()
{
    int OPT;
    while (1)
        {
            printf("1. Insert 2. Delete 3. display 4. Exit");
            scanf("%d", &OPT);
            switch (OPT)
            {
                Case 1: Insert();
                break;
                Case 2: delete();
                break;
                Case 3: display();
                break;
                Case 4: Exit(0);
            }
        }
}

```

* Write A C-Program to perform operations on circular queue using array

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define Size 5
int Front = -1, Rear = -1, Q[Size];
void insert()
{
    int val;
    printf("Enter value");
    scanf("%d", &val);
    if (Front == Rear + 1 || Size == Rear + 1 && Front == 0)
        printf("Queue is full");
    if (Front == -1 && Rear == -1)
    {
        Front = Rear = 0;
        Q[Rear] = val;
    }
    else if (Rear == Size - 1)
    {
        Rear = 0;
        Q[Rear] = val;
    }
    else
    {
        Rear + 1 = 1;
        Q[Rear] = val;
    }
}
void delete()
{
    if (Front == -1 && Rear == -1)
        printf("Queue is empty");
    if (Front == Size - 1)
    {
        printf("Deleted Element is %d", Q[Front]);
        Front = 0;
    }
    else if (Front == Rear)
    {
        printf("Deleted Element is %d", Q[Front]);
        Front = Rear = -1;
    }
}
```

else

{

 printf ("Deleted Element is %d", q[front]);
 front += 1;

}

void display()

{

 int i;

 if (front == -1 & rear == -1)

 printf ("Queue is Empty");

 if (front <= rear)

{

 for (i = front; i <= rear; i++)

 printf ("%d", q[i]);

}

else

{

 for (i = 0; i <= rear; i++)

 printf ("%d", q[i]);

 for (i = front; i < size; i++)

 printf ("%d", q[i]);

}

}

void main()

{

 int opt;

 while ()

{

 printf ("1. Enter Choice 2. Insert 3. delete 4. display 5. Exit");

 scanf ("%d", &opt);

 switch (opt)

{

 case 1: insert();

 break;

 case 2: delete();

 break;

 case 3: display();

 break;

 case 4: Exit();

}

}

}

* Write a C-Program to convert Infix Expression to Postfix Expression

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#define MAX 20
int top = -1;
void push(char ch)
{
    if (top == MAX - 1)
        printf("Stack is full");
    else
    {
        top += 1;
        Stack[top] = ch;
    }
}
char pop()
{
    if (top == -1)
        printf("Stack is empty");
    else
        return Stack[top - 1];
}
int priority(char ch)
{
    if (ch == '(')
        return 0;
    else if (ch == '+' || ch == '-')
        return 1;
    else if (ch == '*' || ch == '/' || ch == '^')
        return 2;
}
```

```
Void main()
```

```
{
```

```
Char infix[20], *P, x;
```

```
Printf ("Enter Infix Expression");
```

```
Scanf ("%s", infix);
```

```
P = &infix[0],
```

```
While (*P != '\0')
```

```
{
```

```
If (*P == 'c')
```

```
Push(*P);
```

```
Else if (isalnum(*P))
```

```
Printf ("%c", *P),
```

```
Else if (*P == '>')
```

```
{
```

```
While ((x = popc) != 'c')
```

```
{
```

```
printf ("%c", x);
```

```
}
```

```
Else
```

```
{
```

```
while (priority(*P) <= priority(Stack(top)))
```

```
{
```

```
printf ("%c", popc);
```

```
}
```

```
Push(*P),
```

```
{
```

```
P++;
```

```
}
```

```
While (top != -1)
```

```
{
```

```
printf ("%c", popc);
```

```
}
```

Output:-

Enter Infix Expression (A+B)*(C-D)

AB+CD-*

Write a program to perform operations on Binary Search tree

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>

Struct node
{
    int data;
    Struct node *left,*right;
};

Void inorder(Struct node *root)
{
    if(root!=NULL)
    {
        inorder (root->left);
        printf("%d",root->data);
        inorder (root->right);
    }
}

Void Preorder (Struct node *root)
{
    if(root!=NULL)
    {
        printf("%d",root->data);
        Preorder (root->left);
        Preorder (root->right);
    }
}

Void Postorder (Struct node *root)
{
    if(root!=NULL)
    {
        Postorder (root->left);
        Postorder (root->right);
        printf("%d",root->data);
    }
}
```

Struct Node * insert(Struct Node * root, int key)

{

Struct Node * temp = (Struct Node *) malloc (size of (Struct Node));
temp → data = key;
temp → left = temp → right = NULL;
if (root == NULL)

root = temp;

else

{

Struct Node * curr, * parent;

curr = * root;

while (curr != NULL)

{

parent = curr;

if (temp → data < curr → data)

curr = curr → left;

else if (temp → data > curr → data)

curr = curr → right;

}

if (temp → data < parent → data)

parent → left = temp;

else

parent → right = temp;

}

return root;

}

void Search(Struct Node * root, int key)

{

if (root == NULL)

printf("Element not found");

elseif (key < root → data)

Search (root → left, key);

else if (key > root → data)

Search (root → right, key);

else

printf("Key found %.d", key);

?

Struct node * min(Struct node * root)

{

Struct node * (current = root;)

while (current && current -> left != NULL)

 current = current -> left;

return current;

}

Struct node * delete(Struct node * root, int key)

{

if (root == NULL)

 return root;

if (key < root -> data)

 root -> left = delete(root -> left, key);

else if (key > root -> data)

 root -> right = delete(root -> right, key);

else

{

 if (root -> left == NULL)

{

 Struct node * temp = root -> right;

 free(root),

 return temp;

}

 else if (root -> right == NULL)

{

 Struct node * temp = root -> left;

 free(root);

 return temp;

}

 else

{

 Struct node * temp = min(root -> right);

 root -> data = temp -> data;

 root -> right = delete(root -> right, temp -> data);

{

 return root;

}

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
Struct Node *root=NULL;
```

```
int Key, ch;
```

```
while(1)
```

```
{ printf("1) Enter choice - - - ");
```

```
scanf ("%d", &ch);
```

```
Switch(ch)
```

```
{
```

```
Case 1:
```

```
printf ("Enter data");
```

```
scanf ("%d", &Key);
```

```
root = insert (root, Key);
```

```
break;
```

```
Case 2:
```

```
printf ("Inorder traversal of given tree \n");
```

```
inorder (root);
```

```
break;
```

```
Case 3:
```

```
printf ("Postorder traversal of given tree \n");
```

```
Postorder (root);
```

```
break;
```

```
Case 4:
```

```
printf ("Preorder traversal of given tree \n");
```

```
Preorder (root);
```

```
break;
```

```
Case 5:
```

```
printf ("Enter key");
```

```
scanf ("%d", &Key);
```

```
printf ("Deleted node is %d", Key);
```

```
root = delete (root, Key);
```

```
if (root == NULL)
```

```
printf ("Tree is Empty");
```

```
else
```

```
{ printf ("Inorder of modified tree \n");
```

unorder (root);

3

break;

Case 7: Exit(0);

3

3

Output:

"("Unsorted list of elements returned")";

"(empty list)"

"(None)"

"(None)"

"("Unsorted list of elements returned")";

"(empty list)"

"(None)"

"(None)"

"("Unsorted list of elements returned")";

"(empty list)"

"(None)"

"(None)"

"("Unsorted list of elements returned")";

"(empty list)"

"(None)"

"(None)"

"("Unsorted list of elements returned")";

"(empty list)"

"(None)"

"(None)"

"("Unsorted list of elements returned")";

"(empty list)"

"(None)"

```

#include<stdio.h>                                AVL
typedef struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *left,*right;
    int ht;
}node;
node *insert(node *,int);
node *Delete(node *,int);
void preorder(node *);
void inorder(node *);
void search(node *,int);
int height( node *);
node *rotateright(node *);
node *rotateleft(node *);
node *RR(node *);
node *LL(node *);
node *LR(node *);
node *RL(node *);
int BF(node *);

int main()
{
    node *root=NULL;
    int x,n,i,op;

    do
    {
        printf("\n1)Create:");
        printf("\n2)Insert:");
        printf("\n3)Delete:");
        printf("\n4)Print:");
        printf("\n5)Search:");
        printf("\n6)Quit:");
        printf("\n\nEnter Your Choice:");
        scanf("%d",&op);

        switch(op)
        {
            case 1: printf("\nEnter no. of elements:");
                      scanf("%d",&n);
                      printf("\nEnter tree data:");
                      root=NULL;
                      for(i=0;i<n;i++)
                      {
                          scanf("%d",&x);
                          root=insert(root,x);
                      }
                      break;

            case 2: printf("\nEnter a data:");
                      scanf("%d",&x);
                      root=insert(root,x);
                      break;

            case 3: printf("\nEnter a data:");
                      scanf("%d",&x);
                      root=Delete(root,x);
                      break;

            case 4: printf("\nPreorder sequence:\n");
                      preorder(root);
        }
    }
}

```

```

        . . .
        . . .
        . . .

AVL
printf("\n\nInorder sequence:\n");
inorder(root);
printf("\n");
break;
case 5:printf("Enter key");
scanf("%d",&x);
search(root,x);
break;
}
}while(op!=6);

return 0;
}

node * insert(node *T,int x)
{
    if(T==NULL)
    {
        T=(node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
        T->data=x;
        T->left=NULL;
        T->right=NULL;
    }
    else
        if(x > T->data)           // insert in right subtree
        {
            T->right=insert(T->right,x);
            if(BF(T)==-2)
                if(x>T->right->data)
                    T=RR(T);
                else
                    T=RL(T);
        }
        else
            if(x<T->data)
            {
                T->left=insert(T->left,x);
                if(BF(T)==2)
                    if(x < T->left->data)
                        T=LL(T);
                    else
                        T=LR(T);
            }
        T->ht=height(T);
    return(T);
}

node * Delete(node *T,int x)
{
    node *p;

    if(T==NULL)
    {
        return NULL;
    }
    else
        if(x > T->data)           // insert in right subtree
        {
            T->right=Delete(T->right,x);
            if(BF(T)==2)
                if(BF(T->left)>=0)
                    T=LL(T);
                else
                    T=LR(T);
        }
}

```

```

        AVL
    }
    else
    {
        if(x<T->data)
        {
            T->left=Delete(T->left,x);
            if(BF(T)==-2) //Rebalance during windup
                if(BF(T->right)<=0)
                    T=RR(T);
                else
                    T=RL(T);
        }
        else
        {
            //data to be deleted is found
            if(T->right!=NULL)
            {
                //delete its inorder successor
                p=T->right;

                while(p->left!=NULL)
                    p=p->left;

                T->data=p->data;
                T->right=Delete(T->right,p->data);

                if(BF(T)==2)//Rebalance during windup
                    if(BF(T->left)>=0)
                        T=LL(T);
                    else
                        T=LR(T);
            }
            else
                return(T->left);
        }
        T->ht=height(T);
        return(T);
    }

int height(node *T)
{
    int lh,rh;
    if(T==NULL)
        return(0);

    if(T->left==NULL)
        lh=0;
    else
        lh=1+T->left->ht;

    if(T->right==NULL)
        rh=0;
    else
        rh=1+T->right->ht;

    if(lh>rh)
        return(lh);

    return(rh);
}

node * rotateright(node *x)
{
    node *y;

```

```

y=x->left;
x->left=y->right;
y->right=x;
x->ht=height(x);
y->ht=height(y);
return(y);
}

node * rotateleft(node *x)
{
    node *y;
    y=x->right;
    x->right=y->left;
    y->left=x;
    x->ht=height(x);
    y->ht=height(y);

    return(y);
}

node * RR(node *T)
{
    T=rotateleft(T);
    return(T);
}

node * LL(node *T)
{
    T=rotateright(T);
    return(T);
}

node * LR(node *T)
{
    T->left=rotateleft(T->left);
    T=rotateright(T);

    return(T);
}

node * RL(node *T)
{
    T->right=rotateright(T->right);
    T=rotateleft(T);
    return(T);
}

int BF(node *T)
{
    int lh,rh;
    if(T==NULL)
        return(0);

    if(T->left==NULL)
        lh=0;
    else
        lh=1+T->left->ht;

    if(T->right==NULL)
        rh=0;
    else
        rh=1+T->right->ht;

    return(lh-rh);
}

```

AVL

```
}

void preorder(node *T)
{
    if(T!=NULL)
    {
        printf("%d(Bf=%d)",T->data,BF(T));
        preorder(T->left);
        preorder(T->right);
    }
}

void inorder(node *T)
{
    if(T!=NULL)
    {
        inorder(T->left);
        printf("%d(Bf=%d)",T->data,BF(T));
        inorder(T->right);
    }
}

void search(node *T,int key)
{
if(T==NULL)
printf("Value not found");
else if(key<T->data)
search(T->left,key);
else if(key>T->data)
search(T->right,key);
else
{
if(key==T->data)
printf("key found%d",key);
}
}
```