

Supplemental Materials #2: Re-analysis of Study 14 (Monnot et al., 2011) in Yu et al. (2016)

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Functions for the analysis

- This function is modified from the one in Yu et al. (2016) Supplemental Materials #1 with three key differences:
 1. The original function incorrectly uses SDs to represent variances to generate the bootstrap correlation matrices. This error is corrected here.
 2. The original function calls `build.matrix()` recursively. R will throw an error when it goes too deep in generating positive definite matrices. This revised function breaks it down into two functions so that there are no recursive calls.
 3. It adds a `nearPD` argument. If it is `TRUE`, it transforms the non-positive definite matrices into the near positive definite matrices with the `nearPD()` function in the `Matrix` package. If it is `FALSE`, new matrices will be generated until it is positive definite.

```
random.matrices <- function(point.matrix, reps, nearPD=FALSE) {  
  ## SDs of the correlations  
  SDs <- diag(point.matrix[,2][lower.tri(point.matrix[,2])])  
  
  ## Convert the SDs to Variances  
  sigma <- SDs^2  
  
  ## Mean of correlation vector  
  mu <- point.matrix[,1][lower.tri(point.matrix[,1])]  
  
  build.matrix <- function(mu, sigma) {  
    vec <- mvrnorm(1, mu, Sigma=sigma )  
    mat <- diag(1, nrow(point.matrix))  
    mat[lower.tri(mat)] <- vec  
    trans.mat <- t(mat)  
    mat[upper.tri(mat)] <- trans.mat[upper.tri(trans.mat)]  
    mat  
  }  
}
```

```

## Counter for NPD matrices
countNPD <- 0

## Setup an array to store the generated correlation matrices
output <- array(1, dim = c(nrow(point.matrix), ncol(point.matrix), reps))

for (rep in 1:reps) {
  mat <- build.matrix(mu=mu, sigma=sigma)

  ## Run nearPD==TRUE
  if (nearPD) {
    if (!is.positive.definite(mat)) {
      mat <- as.matrix(nearPD(mat, keepDiag = T)$mat)
      countNPD <- countNPD+1
    }
  } else {
    ## Run rearPD==FALSE
    while(!is.positive.definite(mat)) {
      mat <- build.matrix(mu=mu, sigma=sigma)
      countNPD <- countNPD+1
    }
  }

  output[, , rep] <- mat
}
rownames(output) <- colnames(output) <- rownames(point.matrix)
return(list(countTotal=(reps+countNPD), countNPD=countNPD, data=output))
}

## This function tests the biases of the generated data.
testBias <- function(point.matrix, reps, nearPD=FALSE) {
  ## Generate data
  mat <- random.matrices(point.matrix=point.matrix, reps=reps, nearPD=nearPD)

  ## Convert it into a list for ease of manipulations
  mat.list <- alply(mat$data, 3)

  ## Percentage of matrices is PD
  Percentage.NPD <- mat$countNPD/mat$countTotal*100

  ## Convert the list into a matrix of vectors to calculate mean and SD
  mat.vec <- t(sapply(mat.list, lav_matrix_vech, diagonal=FALSE))

  ## Mean of the correlation matrices
  mat.rc <- lav_matrix_vech_reverse(apply(mat.vec, 2, mean), diagonal = FALSE)
  diag(mat.rc) <- 1

  # Percentage bias of the mean
  Percentage.bias.rc <- (mat.rc-point.matrix[, , 1])/point.matrix[, , 1]*100
  # Remove Inf as NA
  Percentage.bias.rc[is.infinite(Percentage.bias.rc)] <- NA

```

```

## sd of the correlation matrices
mat.sd <- lav_matrix_vech_reverse(apply(mat.vec, 2, sd), diagonal = FALSE)

# Percentage bias of the SDs
Percentage.bias.sd <- (mat.sd-point.matrix[,2])/point.matrix[,2]*100

## Bias of correlation among the generated correlation vectors
CorAmongCor <- lav_matrix_vech(cor(mat.vec), diagonal = FALSE)

list(summary=list(Percentage.NPD=Percentage.NPD,
                  Percentage.bias.rc=Percentage.bias.rc,
                  Percentage.bias.sd=Percentage.bias.sd,
                  Summary.percentage.bias.rc=summary(lav_matrix_vech(Percentage.bias.rc, diagonal = FALSE)),
                  Summary.percentage.bias.sd=summary(lav_matrix_vech(Percentage.bias.sd, diagonal = FALSE)),
                  CorAmongCor=summary(CorAmongCor)), data=mat$data)
}

## This function is based on the one in Yu et al. Supplemental Materials #1
FIMASEM <- function(model, input.matrices, sample.nobs) {
  coefs.fits <- as.data.frame(t(sapply(1:dim(input.matrices)[3], function(i) {
    temp.sem <- sem(model=model, sample.nobs=sample.nobs,
                    sample.cov=input.matrices[,i], warn=FALSE)
    c(coef(temp.sem), fitMeasures(temp.sem))})))
}

```

Input data

```

## Required packages
lib2install <- c("plyr", "matrixcalc", "lavaan", "MASS", "psych", "Matrix")

## Install them automatically if they are not available on your computer
for (i in lib2install) {
  if (!(i %in% rownames(installed.packages()))) install.packages(i)
}

## Libraries used in the analysis
library(plyr)
library(matrixcalc)
library(lavaan)
library(MASS)
library(psych)
library(Matrix)

## Set the seed for replication
set.seed(927037462)

## Large bootstrap replications to minimize simulation error
reps <- 10000

## Sample size
sample.nobs <- 200

```

- It is important to note that standard deviations (SDs) were incorrectly used to represent variances to generate the bootstrap correlation matrices in the `random.matrices.univariate()` in Yu's et al. Supplemental Materials #1. This error is corrected here.
 - `inputmatrices`: SD matrix used in Yu et al. (2016)

```
rc <- matrix(c(1,.47,.12,.20,.24,.00,
               .47,1,.11,.18,.11,-.04,
               .12,.11,1,.70,.73,.40,
               .20,.18,.70,1,.56,.22,
               .24,.11,.73,.56,1,.41,
               .00,-.04,.40,.22,.41,1), nr=6)
sd <- matrix(c(.00,.30,.20,.14,.23,.20,
               .30,.00,.22,.17,.22,.18,
               .20,.22,.00,.19,.16,.20,
               .14,.17,.19,.00,.26,.16,
               .23,.22,.16,.26,0,.24,
               .20,.18,.20,.16,.24,0), nr=6)
input.matrices <- array(0, dim=c(nrow(rc), ncol(rc),2))
input.matrices[,1] <- rc
input.matrices[,2] <- sd
dimnames(input.matrices) <- list(c('ORGC', 'JSAT', 'PROUATT', 'INSTRU', 'UCOM', 'UPART'),
                                c('ORGC', 'JSAT', 'PROUATT', 'INSTRU', 'UCOM', 'UPART'),
                                c("rc", "sd"))
input.matrices
```

```
## , , rc
##
##      ORGC  JSAT PROUATT INSTRU UCOM UPART
## ORGC    1.00  0.47   0.12   0.20 0.24  0.00
## JSAT    0.47  1.00   0.11   0.18 0.11 -0.04
## PROUATT 0.12  0.11   1.00   0.70 0.73  0.40
## INSTRU  0.20  0.18   0.70   1.00 0.56  0.22
## UCOM    0.24  0.11   0.73   0.56 1.00  0.41
## UPART   0.00 -0.04   0.40   0.22 0.41  1.00
##
## , , sd
##
##      ORGC JSAT PROUATT INSTRU UCOM UPART
## ORGC    0.00 0.30   0.20   0.14 0.23  0.20
## JSAT    0.30 0.00   0.22   0.17 0.22  0.18
## PROUATT 0.20 0.22   0.00   0.19 0.16  0.20
## INSTRU  0.14 0.17   0.19   0.00 0.26  0.16
## UCOM    0.23 0.22   0.16   0.26 0.00  0.24
## UPART   0.20 0.18   0.20   0.16 0.24  0.00
```

Checking the generated correlation matrices

Replace NPD correlation matrices with newly generated matrices (replacement method)

```
replacement.data <- testBias(point.matrix=input.matrices, reps=reps, nearPD=FALSE)
replacement.data$summary
```

```
## $Percentage.NPD
## [1] 74.72066
##
## $Percentage.bias.rc
##          ORGC          JSAT          PROUATT          INSTRU          UCOM
## ORGC      0.0000000 -20.3546341  13.9482931  -0.8136603 -14.486557
## JSAT     -20.3546341   0.0000000   0.6180548  -2.7104838   5.806848
## PROUATT   13.9482931   0.6180548   0.0000000 -11.5333205 -10.058401
## INSTRU   -0.8136603  -2.7104838 -11.5333205   0.0000000  -6.821452
## UCOM     -14.4865571   5.8068476 -10.0584013  -6.8214520   0.000000
## UPART          NA -12.9549677  -5.8898993   5.8309321 -10.331016
##
##          UPART
## ORGC          NA
## JSAT     -12.954968
## PROUATT   -5.889899
## INSTRU     5.830932
## UCOM     -10.331016
## UPART      0.000000
##
## $Percentage.bias.sd
##          ORGC          JSAT          PROUATT          INSTRU          UCOM          UPART
## ORGC          NaN -18.655245 -13.56228   -5.383758 -15.83886   -5.357794
## JSAT     -18.655245          NaN -15.14714   -6.172967 -13.04984   -5.104401
## PROUATT -13.562278 -15.147142          NaN -22.546825 -19.97234 -13.962333
## INSTRU   -5.383758  -6.172967 -22.54683          NaN -27.39910   -6.051394
## UCOM     -15.838856 -13.049844 -19.97234 -27.399097          NaN -17.534838
## UPART     -5.357794 -5.104401 -13.96233  -6.051394 -17.53484          NaN
##
## $Summary.percentage.bias.rc
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median      Mean 3rd Qu.      Max.      NA's
## -20.3546 -11.2327  -6.3557  -4.9822   0.2601  13.9483         1
##
## $Summary.percentage.bias.sd
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median      Mean 3rd Qu.      Max.
## -27.399 -18.095 -13.962 -13.716  -6.112  -5.104
##
## $CorAmongCor
##      Min.      1st Qu.      Median      Mean      3rd Qu.      Max.
## -0.0646523 -0.0153979 -0.0006046  0.0120218  0.0200958  0.1617657
```

Replace NPD correlation matrices with nearPD matrices (nearPD method)

```
nearPD.data <- testBias(point.matrix=input.matrices, reps=reps, nearPD=TRUE)
nearPD.data$summary
```

```
## $Percentage.NPD
## [1] 43.20763
##
## $Percentage.bias.rc
##          ORGC          JSAT          PROUATT          INSTRU          UCOM
## ORGC      0.0000000 -4.20810649  8.24636236 -0.6371194 -5.498776
## JSAT     -4.2081065   0.00000000  0.02210231 -1.8611796  2.847520
## PROUATT   8.2463624   0.02210231  0.00000000 -4.3695688 -4.777884
```

```
## INSTRU -0.6371194 -1.86117956 -4.36956885 0.0000000 -1.369934
## UCOM -5.4987756 2.84752011 -4.77788410 -1.3699339 0.000000
## UPART NA -11.32082825 -1.08899926 3.6836698 -2.805620
## UPART
## ORGC NA
## JSAT -11.320828
## PROUATT -1.088999
## INSTRU 3.683670
## UCOM -2.805620
## UPART 0.000000
##
## $Percentage.bias.sd
## ORGC JSAT PROUATT INSTRU UCOM UPART
## ORGC NaN -9.492244 -9.523041 -5.798344 -9.057849 -3.112887
## JSAT -9.492244 NaN -9.642144 -6.178509 -8.623723 -4.959597
## PROUATT -9.523041 -9.642144 NaN -16.106709 -18.544962 -8.165233
## INSTRU -5.798344 -6.178509 -16.106709 NaN -15.341907 -3.775147
## UCOM -9.057849 -8.623723 -18.544962 -15.341907 NaN -9.140049
## UPART -3.112887 -4.959597 -8.165233 -3.775147 -9.140049 NaN
##
## $Summary.percentage.bias.rc
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. NA's
## -11.3208 -4.3292 -1.6156 -1.6527 -0.1427 8.2464 1
##
## $Summary.percentage.bias.sd
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## -18.545 -9.583 -9.058 -9.164 -5.988 -3.113
##
## $CorAmongCor
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## -0.0608334 -0.0113056 0.0008941 0.0104198 0.0237635 0.1451707
```

Re-analysis of FIMASEM

```
model <- "UPART ~ UCOM
         UCOM ~ ORGC + JSAT + PROUATT + INSTRU
         ORGC ~ JSAT
         PROUATT ~ INSTRU"
```

Analysis of the bootstrap data with replacement method

```
fit <- FIMASEM(model, replacement.data$data, sample.nobs=sample.nobs)

cfi.fit <- ifelse(fit$cfi>0.9, yes=1, no=0)
srmmr.fit <- ifelse(fit$srmmr<0.1, yes=1, no=0)
rmsea.fit <- ifelse(fit$rmsea<0.05, yes=1, no=0)

cat("Percentage of CFA >.9:", mean(cfi.fit)*100)

## Percentage of CFA >.9: 9.71
```

```
cat("Percentage of SRMR < .1:", mean(srmr.fit)*100)
```

```
## Percentage of SRMR < .1: 20.51
```

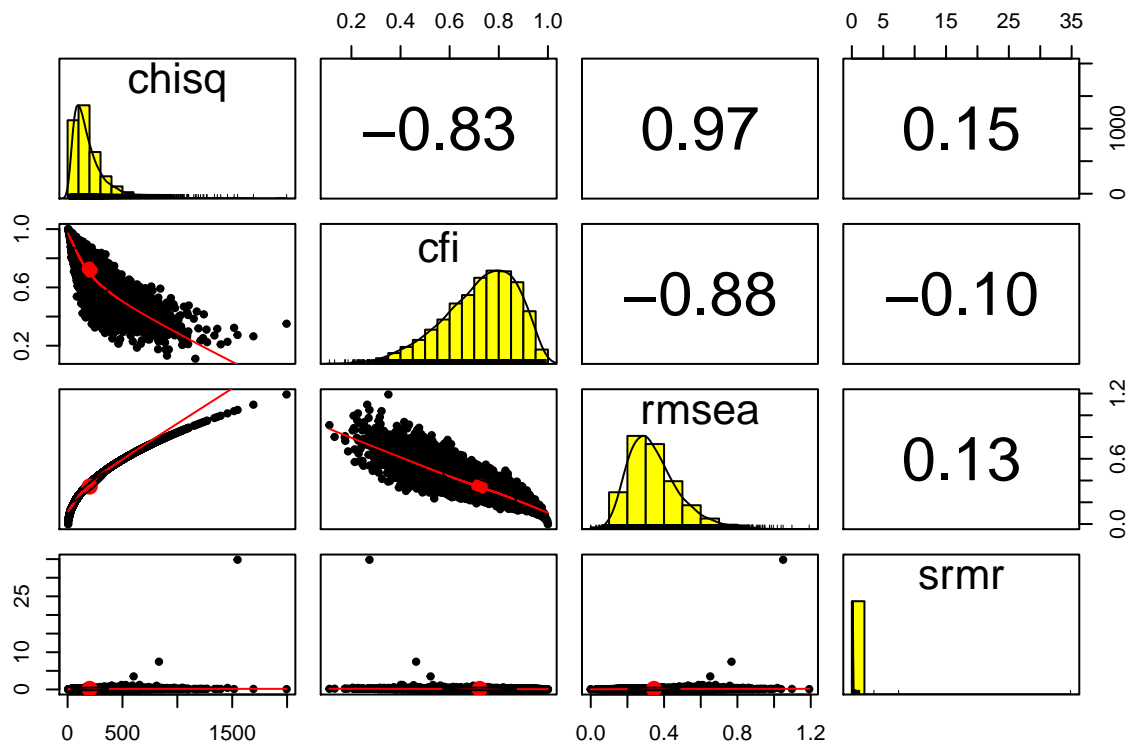
```
cat("Percentage of sample RMSEA < .05:", mean(rmsea.fit)*100)
```

```
## Percentage of sample RMSEA < .05: 0.07
```

```
describe(fit[, c("chisq", "df", "cfi", "rmsea", "srmr")],  
         trim=0, quant=c(.10, .25, .50, .75, .90))
```

```
##      vars      n  mean    sd median trimmed   mad  min    max   range  
## chisq    1 10000 201.12 167.14 151.99 201.12 108.63 4.83 1995.53 1990.70  
## df       2 10000   7.00   0.00   7.00    7.00   0.00  7.00    7.00    0.00  
## cfi      3 10000   0.72   0.15   0.74    0.72   0.15  0.11    1.00    0.89  
## rmsea    4 10000   0.34   0.14   0.32    0.34   0.13  0.00    1.19    1.19  
## srmr     5 10000   0.14   0.36   0.13    0.14   0.04  0.03   34.83   34.79  
##      skew kurtosis   se  Q0.1 Q0.25  Q0.5  Q0.75  Q0.9  
## chisq  2.31     8.48 1.67 56.78 90.52 151.99 254.54 408.70  
## df      NaN      NaN 0.00  7.00  7.00  7.00  7.00  7.00  
## cfi   -0.66     0.02 0.00  0.51  0.63  0.74  0.84  0.90  
## rmsea  0.96     1.27 0.00  0.19  0.24  0.32  0.42  0.54  
## srmr  89.01  8457.13 0.00  0.09  0.10  0.13  0.16  0.19
```

```
pairs.panels(fit[, c("chisq", "cfi", "rmsea", "srmr")], hist.col="yellow")
```



```
save.image("SuppMat2.RData")
```

```
sessionInfo()
```

```
## R version 3.5.1 (2018-07-02)  
## Platform: x86_64-pc-linux-gnu (64-bit)  
## Running under: Ubuntu 18.04 LTS
```

```

##
## Matrix products: default
## BLAS: /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/blas/libblas.so.3.7.1
## LAPACK: /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/lapack/liblapack.so.3.7.1
##
## locale:
## [1] LC_CTYPE=en_US.utf8      LC_NUMERIC=C
## [3] LC_TIME=en_US.utf8      LC_COLLATE=en_US.utf8
## [5] LC_MONETARY=en_US.utf8  LC_MESSAGES=en_US.utf8
## [7] LC_PAPER=en_US.utf8     LC_NAME=C
## [9] LC_ADDRESS=C            LC_TELEPHONE=C
## [11] LC_MEASUREMENT=en_US.utf8 LC_IDENTIFICATION=C
##
## attached base packages:
## [1] stats      graphics  grDevices  utils      datasets  methods    base
##
## other attached packages:
## [1] Matrix_1.2-14  psych_1.8.4    MASS_7.3-50    lavaan_0.6-1
## [5] matrixcalc_1.0-3  plyr_1.8.4     rmarkdown_1.10
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
## [1] Rcpp_0.12.17  knitr_1.20     magrittr_1.5   mnormt_1.5-5
## [5] pbivnorm_0.6.0 lattice_0.20-35 stringr_1.3.1  tools_3.5.1
## [9] parallel_3.5.1 grid_3.5.1     nlme_3.1-137   htmltools_0.3.6
## [13] yaml_2.1.19   rprojroot_1.3-2 digest_0.6.15  evaluate_0.10.1
## [17] stringi_1.2.3 compiler_3.5.1 backports_1.1.2 stats4_3.5.1
## [21] foreign_0.8-70

```