



Jenkins User Conference

Scaling Jenkins with Docker and Kubernetes

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PARENTAL ADVISORY BUZZWORDS AHEAD





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User Conference**

 **#jenkinsconf**

Containers & micro services





But it is not trivial

Docker

Linux containers

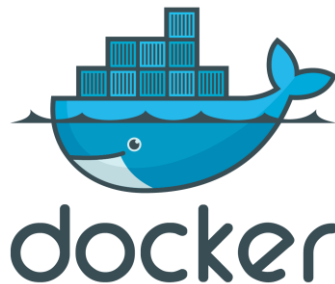
Union File
System

File System

Users

Processes

Network





Kernel Sanders

@lstoll

The solution: Docker. The problem? You tell me.



Repo Info

Tags

Supported tags and respective Dockerfile links

- latest, 1.609.2 ([Dockerfile](#))

For more information about this image and its history, please see the [relevant manifest file](#) (`library/jenkins`) in the `docker-library/official-images` [GitHub repo](#).

Jenkins

The Jenkins Continuous Integration and Delivery server.

This is a fully functional Jenkins server, based on the Long Term Support release .



Jenkins

DOCKER PULL COMMAND

```
docker pull jenkins
```

DESCRIPTION

Official Jenkins Docker image

PUBLIC REPOSITORY

jenkinsci/jenkins ☆

Last pushed: 8 days ago

 #jenkinsconf

Repo Info

Tags

Jenkins Continuous Integration and Delivery server.

This is a fully functional Jenkins server, based on the weekly releases .



Jenkins

Read [documentation](#) for usage

jenkinsci/jnlp-slave ☆

Last pushed: 6 days ago

 #jenkinsconf

Repo Info

Tags

Dockerfile

Build Details

Jenkins JNLP slave Docker image

A [Jenkins](#) slave using JNLP to establish connection.

See [Jenkins Distributed builds](#) for more info.

Usage :

```
docker run jenkinsci/jnlp-slave -url http://jenkins-server:port <secret> <slave>
```

optional environment variables:

- *JENKINS_URL*: url for the Jenkins server, can be used as a replacement to -url option, or to set alternate jenkins URL
- *JENKINS_TUNNEL*: (HOST:PORT) connect to this slave host and port instead of Jenkins server, assuming this one do route TCP traffic to Jenkins master. Useful when when Jenkins runs behind a load balancer, reverse proxy, etc.



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Kubernetes



How would you design your infrastructure
if you couldn't login? Ever.

Kelsey Hightower
CoreOS



Kubernetes

Container cluster orchestration

Docker containers across multiple hosts
(nodes or minions)

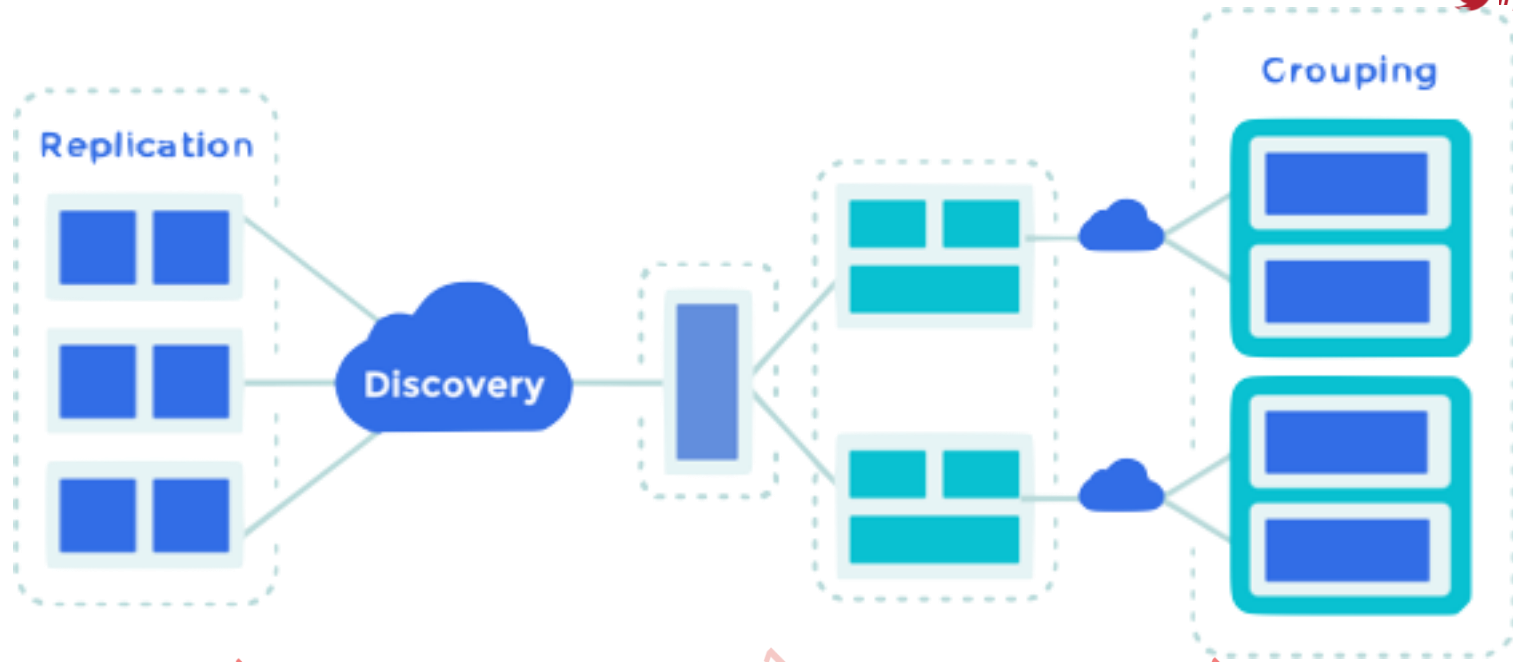
Higher level API

Enforced state

Monitoring of endpoints







Master

Kubernetes API Server

scheduling and synchronization

etcd

Kubernetes Controller Manager Server

implements replication algorithm watching etcd



Node

Docker

Kubelet

ensures state of Pods

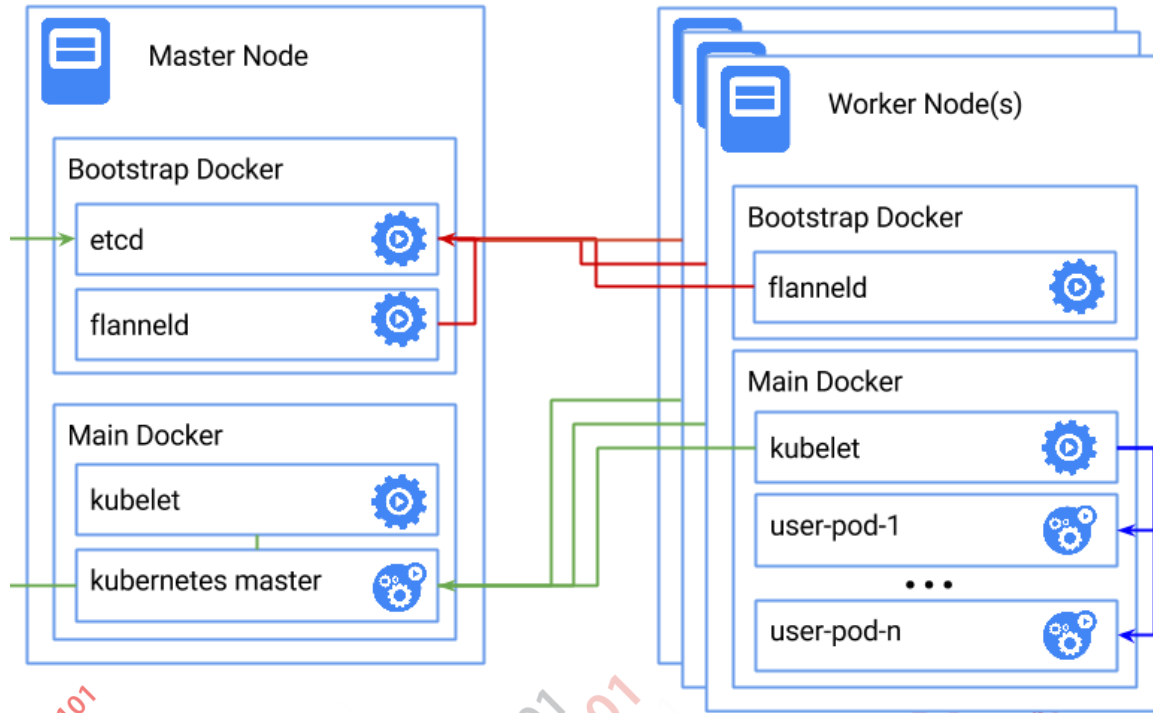
Kubernetes Proxy

simple network proxy

etcd

SkyDNS

ElasticSearch + Kibana



Providers

 #jenkinsconf

GKE

Azure

Vmware

Rackspace

oVirt

Vagrant

CloudStack

Ubuntu



Microsoft Azure



oVirt



cloudstack



Cluster

```
export KUBERNETES_PROVIDER=gce  
export KUBERNETES_NUM_MINIONS=2  
cluster/kube-up.sh
```

Google Container Engine



Create a new container cluster

A container cluster is a managed group of uniform VM instances for hosting one or more containers. When you create a container, you must attach it to a container cluster.

[Learn more](#)

Name ?

cluster-1

Description (Optional)

Zone ?

us-central1-a

Machine type ?

n1-standard-1 (1 vCPU, 3.75 GB memory)

Cluster Size ?

Not including the Container Engine master which will be deployed in its own VM.

1

Total Cores	1 vCPU
Total Memory	3.75 GB

The Container Engine master will be using an additional VM with 1 vCPU and 3.75 GB memory.

Network ?

Google Container Engine

gcloud beta container

--project my-project

clusters create cluster-1

--machine-type g1-small

--num-nodes 2











Tectonic by CoreOS

TECTONIC Services Replication Controllers Pods Machines More ▾ My Account ▾

+ Create a New Replication Controller

Replication Controllers

Replication Controller List Filter replication controllers by name...

CONTROLLER ID	CONTROLLER LABELS	STATUS	POD SELECTOR	DESIRED COUNT
 elasticsearch	app = search type = storage version = 1.5.0	5 of 5 pods	Q app = search Q type = storage	5
POD ID	POD LABELS	STATUS	CONTAINERS	MACHINE
 elasticsearch-01330	app = search type = storage version = 1.5.0	Running	1	10.0.0.207
 elasticsearch-fp1ln	app = search type = storage version = 1.5.0	Running	1	10.0.0.210
 elasticsearch-gziey	app = search type = storage version = 1.5.0	Running	1	10.0.0.209
 elasticsearch-ls6k1	app = search type = storage version = 1.5.0	Running	1	10.0.0.208
 elasticsearch-oh43e	app = search type = storage version = 1.5.0	Running	1	10.0.0.206
 kibana	app = search type = ui version = 4.0.2	1 of 1 pods	Q app = search Q type = ui	1
 logstash	app = search type = collector version = 1.4.2	1 of 1 pods	Q app = storage Q type = collector	1

[Documentation](#)

```
kind: "Node"
apiVersion: "v1"
metadata:
  name: "127.0.0.1"
  selfLink: "/api/v1/nodes/127.0.0.1"
  uid: "8c3192d2-48ef-11e5-8d27-bae1092286ff"
  resourceVersion: "55118"
  creationTimestamp: "2015-08-22T17:02:19Z"
  labels:
    kubernetes.io/hostname: "127.0.0.1"
spec:
  externalID: "127.0.0.1"
status:
  capacity:
    cpu: "0"
    memory: "0"
    pods: "40"
  conditions:
    -
      type: "Ready"
      status: "True"
      lastHeartbeatTime: "2015-08-26T19:38:20Z"
      lastTransitionTime: "2015-08-26T12:18:48Z"
      reason: "kubelet is posting ready status"
  addresses:
    -
      type: "LegacyHostIP"
      address: "127.0.0.1"
nodeInfo:
  ...
```

Node

Pod

Group of colocated containers

Same network namespace/IP

Environment variables

Shared volumes

- host mounted

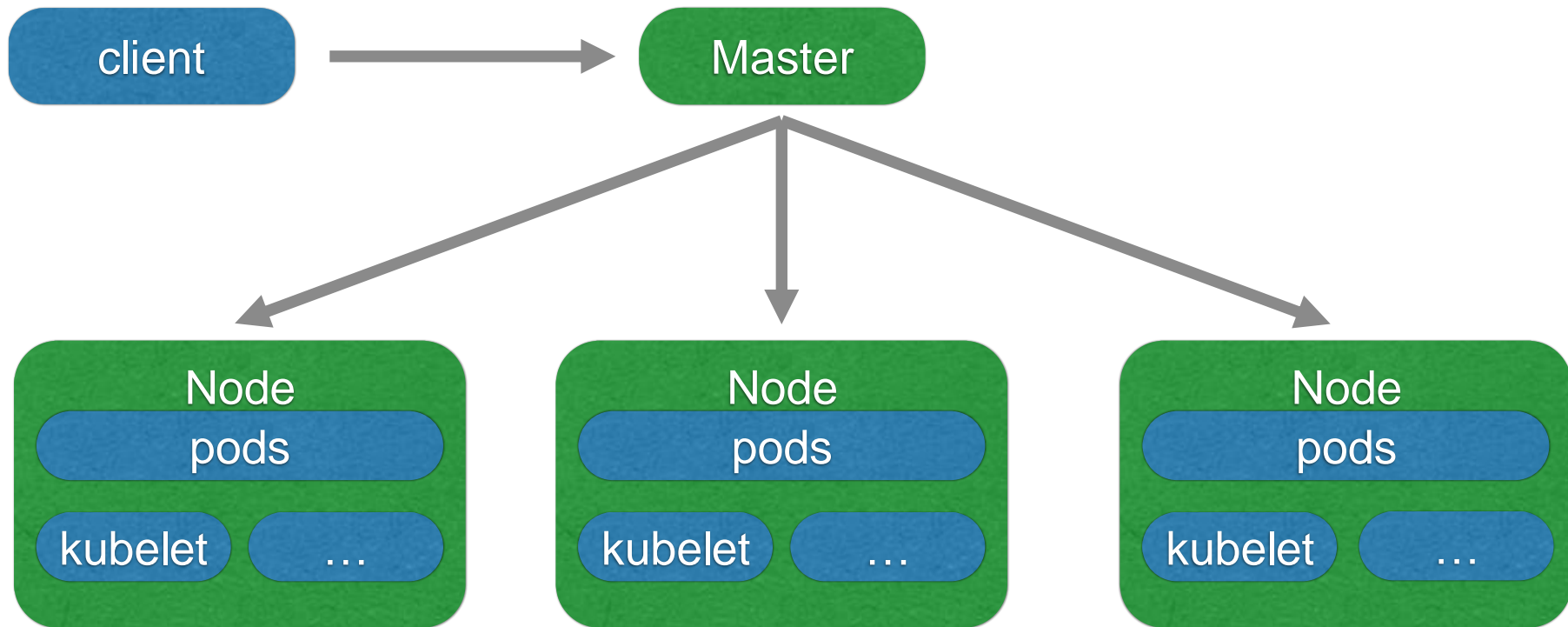
- empty volumes

- GCE data disks

- AWS EBS volumes



Pods



```
---
kind: "Pod"
apiVersion: "v1"
metadata:
  name: "jenkins"
  labels:
    name: "jenkins"
spec:
  containers:
  -
    name: "jenkins"
    image: "csanchez/jenkins-swarm:1.609.2"
    ports:
    -
      containerPort: 8080
      hostPort: 8090
    -
      containerPort: 50000
      hostPort: 50000
    volumeMounts:
    -
      name: "jenkins-data"
      mountPath: "/var/jenkins_home"
  volumes:
  -
    name: "jenkins-data"
    hostPath:
      path: "/home/docker/jenkins"
```

Pod

Replication controller

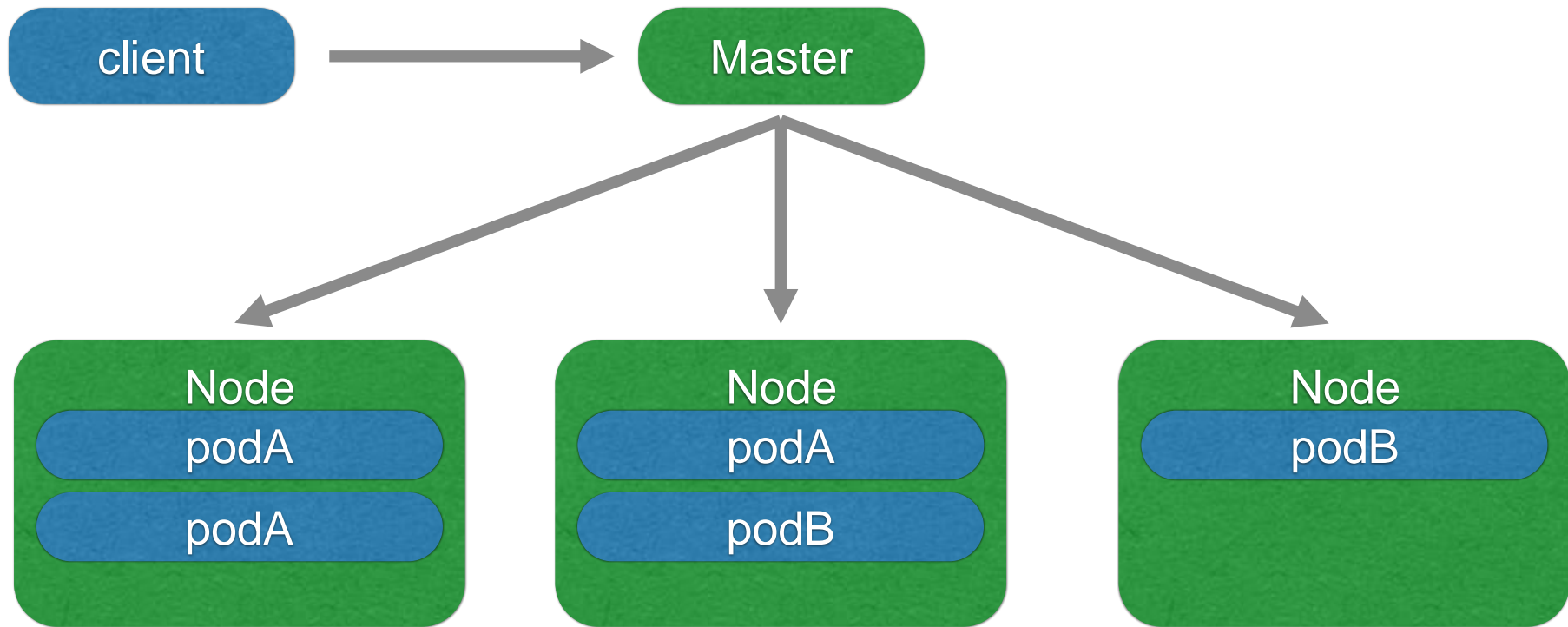
Ensure a number of pods are running

Pod templates

Rolling update



Replication controllers





@DEVOPS_BORAT

DevOps Borat

To make error is human. To propagate
error to all server in automatic way is
#devops.



Replication controller

```
---
apiVersion: "v1"
kind: "ReplicationController"
metadata:
  name: "jenkins-slave"
  labels:
    name: "jenkins-slave"
spec:
  replicas: 1
  template:
    metadata:
      name: "jenkins-slave"
      labels:
        name: "jenkins-slave"
    spec:
      containers:
        -
          name: "jenkins-slave"
          image: "csanchez/jenkins-swarm-slave:2.0"
          env:
          command:
```

Replication controller

command:

- `"/usr/local/bin/jenkins-slave.sh"`
- `"-master"`
- `"http://$(JENKINS_SERVICE_HOST):$(JENKINS_SERVICE_PORT)"`
- `"-tunnel"`
- `"$(JENKINS_SLAVE_SERVICE_HOST):$(JENKINS_SLAVE_SERVICE_PORT)"`
- `"-username"`
- `"jenkins"`
- `"-password"`
- `"jenkins"`
- `"-executors"`
- `"1"`

Pod discovery

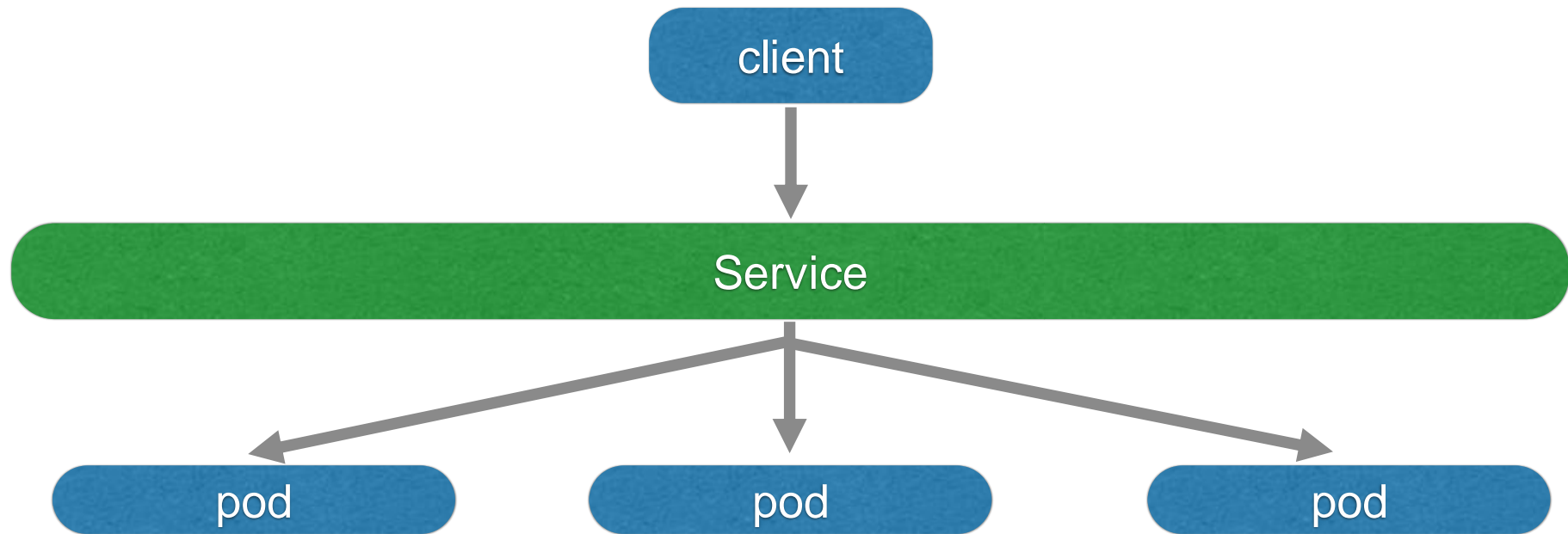
IP per service

Route to pods selected with labels

Can create a load balancer in GCE and AWS



Services



```
---
apiVersion: "v1 "
kind: "Service"
metadata:
  name: "jenkins"
spec:
  type: "NodePort"
  selector:
    name: "jenkins"
  ports:
    -
      name: "http"
      port: 8090
      nodePort: 32080
      protocol: "TCP"
```

```
---
apiVersion: "v1 "
kind: "Service"
metadata:
  name: "jenkins-slave"
spec:
  type: "NodePort"
  selector:
    name: "jenkins"
  ports:
    -
      name: "http"
      port: 50000
      nodePort: 32050
      protocol: "TCP"
```

Services

Networking

all containers can communicate with all other containers
without NAT

all nodes can communicate with all containers (and vice-versa)
without NAT

the IP that a container sees itself as is the same IP
that others see it as

Containers in a Pod can talk using localhost



Networking

Every machine in the cluster is assigned a full subnet

ie. node A 10.0.1.0/24 and node B 10.0.2.0/24

Simpler port mapping

Only supported by GCE

CoreOS flannel

Creates an overlay network in other providers





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Related projects



Docker Machine

Provision Docker engines

VirtualBox, replaces boot2docker !

Amazon EC2

Microsoft Azure

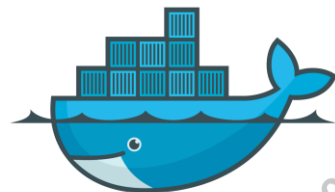
Google Compute Engine

OpenStack

Rackspace

VMware

...



docker

Docker Compose

Orchestration of multi-container apps

Based on Fig

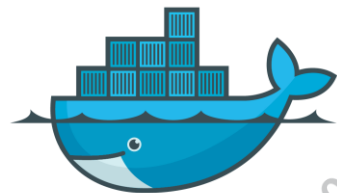
Defined by:

- containers

- configuration

- links

- volumes

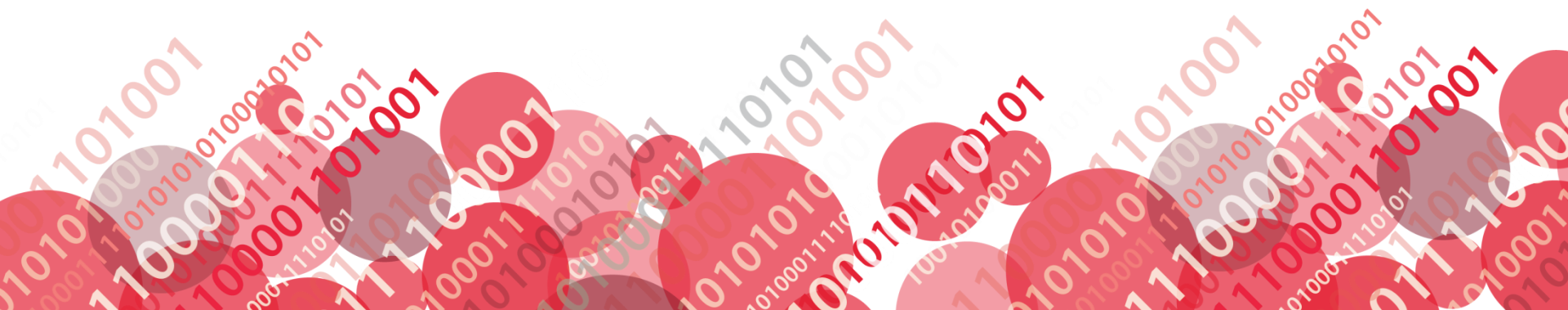


docker



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Kubernetes and Jenkins



Kubernetes cluster with docker-compose

Docker Compose definition for a one node Kubernetes cluster

Based on Docker Cookbook example

<https://github.com/how2dock/docbook/ch05/docker>

etcd:

image: kubernetes/etcd:2.0.5.1

net: "host"

command: /usr/local/bin/etcd --addr=127.0.0.1:4001 --bind-addr=0.0.0.0:4001 --data-dir=/var/etcd/data

master:

image: gcr.io/google_containers/hyperkube:v1.0.1

net: "host"

volumes:

- /var/run/docker.sock:/var/run/docker.sock

command: /hyperkube kubelet --api_servers=http://localhost:8080 --v=2 --address=0.0.0.0 --enable_server --hostname_override=127.0.0.1 --config=/etc/kubernetes/manifests

proxy:

image: gcr.io/google_containers/hyperkube:v1.0.1

net: "host"

privileged: true

command: /hyperkube proxy --master=http://127.0.0.1:8080 --v=2

<https://github.com/carlossg/kubernetes-jenkins>

Jenkins master pod

```
kind: "Pod"
apiVersion: "v1"
metadata:
  name: "jenkins"
  labels:
    name: "jenkins"
spec:
  containers:
  -
    name: "jenkins"
    image: "csanchez/jenkins-swarm:1.609.2"
    ports:
    -
      containerPort: 8080
      hostPort: 8090
    -
      containerPort: 50000
      hostPort: 50000
```

<https://github.com/carlossg/kubernetes-jenkins>

storage options

volumeMounts:

```
-  
  name: "jenkins-data"  
  mountPath: "/var/jenkins_home"
```

volumes:

```
-  
  name: "jenkins-data"  
  hostPath:  
    path: "/home/docker/jenkins"  
#  gcePersistentDisk:  
#    pdName: my-data-disk  
#    fsType: ext4  
#  awsElasticBlockStore:  
#    volumeID: aws://<availability-zone>/<volume-id>  
#    fsType: ext4
```

<https://github.com/carlossg/kubernetes-jenkins>

Jenkins master services

```
---
apiVersion: "v1"
kind: "Service"
metadata:
  name: "jenkins"
spec:
  type: "NodePort"
  selector:
    name: "jenkins"
  ports:
    -
      name: "http"
      port: 8090
      nodePort: 32080
      protocol: "TCP"
```

```
---
apiVersion: "v1"
kind: "Service"
metadata:
  name: "jenkins"
spec:
  type: "NodePort"
  selector:
    name: "jenkins"
  ports:
    -
      name: "http"
      port: 8090
      nodePort: 32080
      protocol: "TCP"
```

<https://github.com/carlossg/kubernetes-jenkins>

Jenkins slaves replication pool

```
---
apiVersion: "v1"
kind: "ReplicationController"
metadata:
  name: "jenkins-slave"
  labels:
    name: "jenkins-slave"
spec:
  replicas: 1
  template:
    metadata:
      name: "jenkins-slave"
      labels:
        name: "jenkins-slave"
    spec:
      containers:
```

<https://github.com/carlossg/kubernetes-jenkins>

Jenkins slaves replication pool

```
-  
name: "jenkins-slave"  
image: "csanchez/jenkins-swarm-slave:2.0"  
command:  
- "/usr/local/bin/jenkins-slave.sh"  
- "-master"  
- "http://$(JENKINS_SERVICE_HOST):$(JENKINS_SERVICE_PORT)"  
- "-tunnel"  
- "$(JENKINS_SLAVE_SERVICE_HOST):$(JENKINS_SLAVE_SERVICE_PORT)"  
- "-username"  
- "jenkins"  
- "-password"  
- "jenkins"  
- "-executors"  
- "1"
```

<https://github.com/carlossg/kubernetes-jenkins>

Jenkins cluster in Kubernetes

```
kubectl get nodes
```

```
kubectl create --validate -f pod.yml
```

```
kubectl get pods
```

```
kubectl create --validate -f service-http.yml
```

```
kubectl create --validate -f service-slave.yml
```

```
kubectl get services
```

```
kubectl create --validate -f replication.yml
```

```
kubectl get pods
```

```
kubectl scale replicationcontrollers --replicas=20 jenkins-slave
```

<https://github.com/carlossg/kubernetes-jenkins>

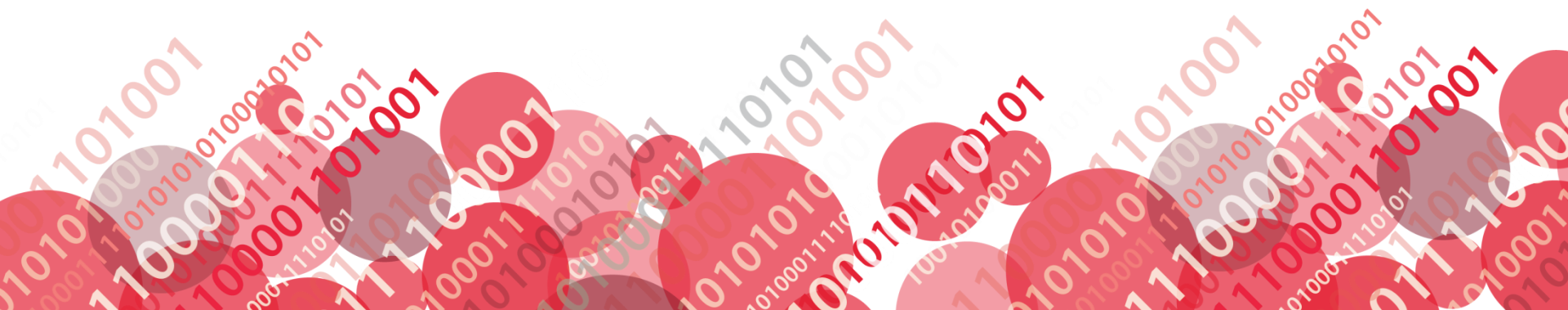


 #jenkinsconf



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Kubernetes Jenkins plugin

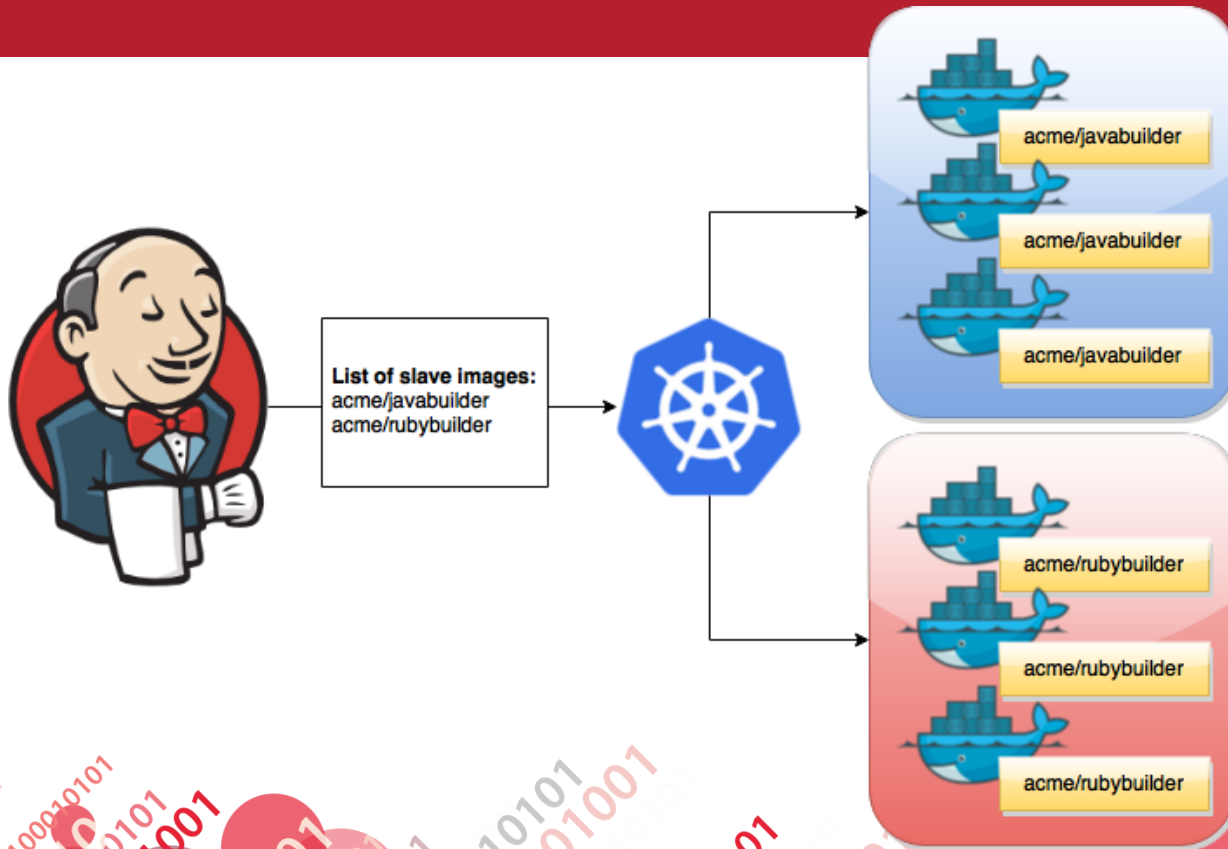


Kubernetes Jenkins plugin

As a plugin
on demand slaves

<https://github.com/jenkinsci/kubernetes-plugin>





Kubernetes Jenkins plugin

pods, not replication controllers

Jenkins Cloud API

Fabric8 Java API

Workflow support

Kubernetes

Name

Kubernetes URL

http://localhost:8080

Kubernetes server certificate key

Credentials

- none -

Add

Kubernetes Namespace

default

Jenkins URL

http://192.168.1.104:10000/jenkins

Jenkins tunnel

Connection Timeout

5

Read Timeout

15

Container Cap

10

Images

Kubernetes Pod Template

Name

Labels

Docker image

csanchez/jenkins-slave

Jenkins slave root directory

/home/jenkins

Command to run slave agent

Arguments to pass to the command

Max number of instances

Run in privileged mode

☐

Add Pod Template

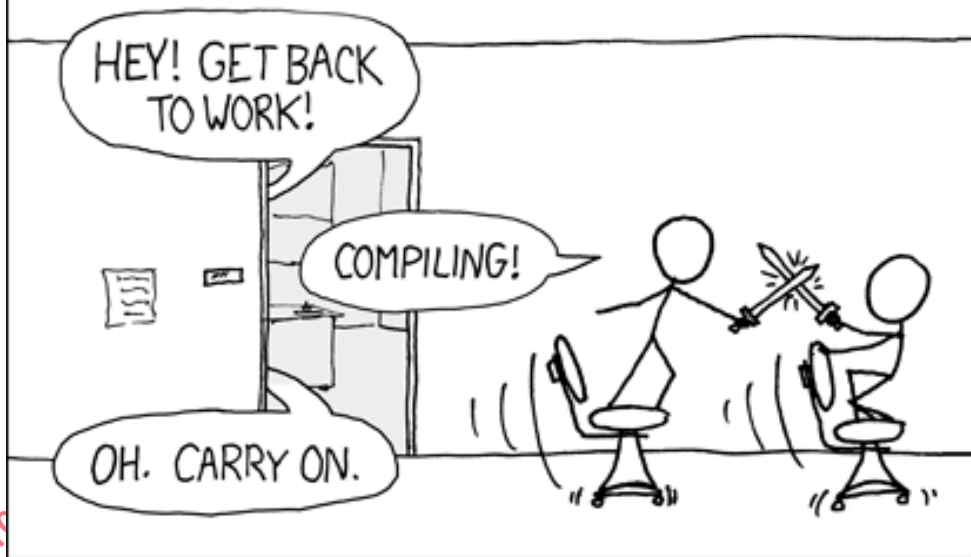
Test Connection

Delete Template

List of Images to be launched as slaves

THE #1 PROGRAMMER EXCUSE
FOR LEGITIMATELY SLACKING OFF:

"MY CODE'S COMPILING."



Roadmap

Stable API

When Kubernetes Java lib is stable

Using new Jenkins Cloud/Containers APIs



Example code and slides

Available at

<http://slideshare.csanchez.org>

<https://github.com/carlossg/kubernetes-jenkins>

<http://blog.csanchez.org>





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Thanks!



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