Vidyavardhini's College of Engineering and Technology Department of Artificial Intelligence & Data Science

Experiment No. 1
Explore the internal commands of Linux.
Date of Performance:
Date of Submission:
Marks:
Sign:



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Aim: Explore the internal commands of Linux.

Objective:

Execute various internal commands of linux

Theory:

ps - report a snapshot of the current processes. ps displays information about a selection of the active processes.

cal — displays a calendar and the date of Easter

date - print or set the system date and time ,Display the current time in the given FORMAT, or set the system date.

rm - remove files or directories

mkdir - make directories , Create the DIRECTORY(ies), if they do not already exist.rmdir - remove empty directories

cat - concatenate files and print on the standard output

wc - print newline, word, and byte counts for each file, Print newline, word, and byte counts for each FILE, and a total line if more than one FILE is specified.

ls - list directory contents

ls [OPTION]... [FILE]...

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List information about the FILEs (the current directory by default). Sort entries alphabetically.

-l:use a long listing format

chmod - change file mode bits

chmod changes the file mode bits of each given file according to mode, which can be either a symbolic representation of changes to make, or an octal number representing the bit pattern for the new mode bits.

chown - change file owner and group

chown changes the user and/or group ownership of each given file. If only an owner (a user name or numeric user ID) is given, that user is made the owner of each given file, and the files' group is not changed. If the owner is followed by a colon and a group name (or numeric group ID), with no spaces between them, the group ownership of the files is changed as well.

pwd - print name of current/working directory.

Print the full filename of the current working directory.

umask - set file mode creation mask , umask() sets the calling process's file mode creation mask (umask) to mask & 0777 (i.e., only the file permission bits of mask are used), and returns the previous value of the mask.

OUTPUT:

```
buntu@ubuntu-HP-Elite-Tower-600-G9-Desktop-PC: $ pwd
/home/ubuntu
ibuntuğubuntu-HP-Elite-Tower-600-G9-Desktop-PC:-5 ls
                ubuntu ubuntu 4096 Mar
                                                    2023
drwxr-xr-x 2 ubuntu ubuntu 4096 Mar
                                                    2023
drwxr-xr-x 2 ubuntu ubuntu 4096 Mar 8
drwxr-xr-x 2 ubuntu ubuntu 4096 Mar 8
drwxr-xr-x 3 ubuntu ubuntu 4096 Sep 25
                                                    2023
                                                    2023
                                                   10:18
  wxr-xr-x 2 ubuntu ubuntu 4096 Mar
      ---- 4 ubuntu ubuntu 4096 Mar 28
drwxr-xr-x 2 ubuntu ubuntu 4096 Mar 8 2023
drwxr-xr-x 2 ubuntu ubuntu 4096 Mar 8 2023
 buntugubuntu-HP-Elite-Tower-600-G9-Desktop-PC:-$ ls -a
    .bash_history .bashrc
                                                                                       profile
                                                                                                            .sudo_as_admin_succes
    .bash_logout
 buntugubuntu-HP-Elite-Tower-600-G9-Desktop-PC: $ date
Wednesday 10 January 2024 02:49:21 PM IST
Jountunubuntu-MP-Elite-Tower-600-G9-Desktop-PC: $ time
real
         8M8.886s
         8m8.888s
user
         8m0.000s
ubuntumubuntu-HP-Ellte-Tower-600-09-Desktop-PC: $ cal
Command 'cal' not found, but can be installed with:
 udo apt install neal
```

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```
ubuntugubuntu-HP-Ellte-Tower-noo-G9-Denktop-PC: $ is
  a ubuntugubuntu-HP-Elite-Tower-600-G9-Desktop-PC: $ touch abc ubuntugubuntu-HP-Elite-Tower-600-G9-Desktop-PC: $ ls
a abc meating doc Decements Committee Full Committe
 How are you?
Where are you?
^C
                untogubunto-MP-Ellte-Tower-608-69-Denktop-PC: $ TRIALScathello.txthl.txt
 TRIAL.txthi.txt: command not found ubuntugubuntu-HP-Elite-Tower-608-09-Desktop-PC: $ TRIALScathello.txthitxt
   TRIAL.txthitxt: command not found
                untw@wbuntw-HP-Ellte-Yower-600-G9-Desktop-PC: $ TRIAL$ cat hello.txt hi.txt
   ubuntu@ubuntu-HF-Ellte-Tower-600-G9-Desktop-PC:-$ free
  Ubuntu@ubuntu-HP-Elite-Tower-800-07-Desktop-PC: $ free total used free share Men: 7885760 1092760 4972760 45365 Swap: 2097148 0 2097148 ubuntu@ubuntu-HP-Elite-Tower-800-09-Desktop-PC: $ echo
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    shared buff/cache available
453656 1740240 6000756
  ubuntuBubuntu-HP-Elite-Tower-600-69-Desktop-PC: $ cd TRIAL ubuntuBubuntu-HP-Elite-Tower-600-69-Desktop-PC: //WINLS cat hrllo.txt hl.txt
 ubuntupubuntu HP-Eltte-Tawer-800-G9-Desktop-PC: $ cd -
ubuntupubuntu HP-Eltte-Tawer-800-G9-Desktop-PC: $ cd -
ubuntupubuntu HP-Eltte-Tawer-800-G9-Desktop-PC: $ cd TRIAL
   ubuntupubuntu-HP-Ellte-Tower-800-G9-Desktop-PC: //RIA $ touch hello.txt
ubuntupubuntu-HP-Ellte-Tower-500-G9-Desktop-PC: //RIA $ touch hello.txt
ubuntumubuntu-MP-Elite-Tower-600-G9-Desktop-PC: | 1888-$ touc ht.txt
Connand 'touc' not found, did you mean:
connand 'touch' from deb coreutils (6.32-4.1ubuntu1)
Try: sudo apt install deb name>
ubuntumubuntu-MP-Elite-Tower-606-G9-Desktop-PC: | 1888-$ touch hi.txt
ubuntumubuntu-MP-Elite-Tower-606-G9-Desktop-PC: | 1888-$ cat hello.txt hi.txt
ubuntumubuntu-MP-Elite-Tower-606-G9-Desktop-PC: | 1888-$ cat>>hello.txt hi.txt
ubuntumubuntu-MP-Elite-Tower-606-G9-Desktop-PC: | 1888-$ []
  ubontububuntu-HP-Elite-Tower-680-GP-Deaktop-PC: 5 mkdlr
mkdlr: missing operand
Try mkdlr:-help' for more information.
ubuntububuntu-HP-Elite-Tower-680-GP-Deaktop-PC: 5 mkdlr doc
ubuntububuntu-HP-Elite-Tower-680-GP-Deaktop-PC: 5 mkdlr TRIAL
ubuntububuntu-HP-Elite-Tower-680-GP-Deaktop-PC: 5 cd TRIAL
 ubuntugubuntu-HF-Elite-Tower-800-G9-Desktop-FC: //Wiki-S cd...

cd..: command not found

ubuntugubuntu-HF-Elite-Tower-800-G9-Desktop-FC: //Wiki-S cd/

bash: cd/: No such ftle or directory

ubuntugubuntu-HF-Elite-Tower-800-G9-Desktop-FC: //Wiki-S cd /

ubuntugubuntu-HF-Elite-Tower-800-G9-Desktop-FC: /S cd\
   a Deciman in Hormson Developed Aderi

whentupubunte-MP-Elite-Tower-888-69-Desktop-PC: $ touch abc

ubuntumbunte-MP-Elite-Tower-888-69-Desktop-PC: $ is
a abc desired to comer $50.03 Desktop.PC: $ cat hello.text cat: hello.text. No such file or directory ubuntumbuntu.HP.Elite.Tower.800.09 Desktop.PC: $ touch hello.text which to which the control of the compression of the control of
 AC ubuntumubuntu-HP-Elite-Tower-800-G9-Desktop-PC:- $ TRIALScathello.txthi.txt
TRIAL.txthi.txt: command not found
ubuntumubuntu-HP-Elite-Tower-800-G9-Desktop-PC:- $ TRIALScathello.txthitxt
TRIAL.txthitxt: command not found
ubuntumubuntu-HP-Elite-Tower-800-G9-Desktop-PC:- $ TRIALS cat hello.txt hi.txt
TRIALS: command not found
ubuntumubuntu-HP-Elite-Tower-800-G9-Desktop-PC:- $ free
total used free shared buff/cache available
Men: 7805760 1092760 4972760 453056 1740240 6000756
Swap: 2097148 8 2097148
ubuntumubuntu-HP-Elite-Tower-800-G9-Desktop-PC:- $ free
total used free shared buff/cache available
Men: 7805760 1092760 4972760 453056 1740240 6000756
                                                                                               148 6 269714
Ellte-Tower-600-G9-Desktop
          buntogubuntu-HF-Elite-Tower-688-GP-Desktop-PC: 5
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Conclusion:

What Do you mean by System calls?

System calls are fundamental interfaces between a user application and the operating system. When a program running in user mode requires access to system resources or services that only the operating system can provide, it must make a system call. This allows the program to transition from user mode to kernel mode, where the operating system resides, and request the necessary action.

System calls provide a standardized way for applications to interact with the underlying hardware and operating system functionalities. Examples of operations that typically require system calls include reading from or writing to files, creating new processes, allocating memory, managing hardware devices, and performing network communication.

Each operating system has its own set of system calls, and they are usually exposed to user programs through a set of functions provided by the operating system's application programming interface (API). In summary, system calls are crucial for enabling user applications to utilize the full capabilities of the underlying operating system and hardware.

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