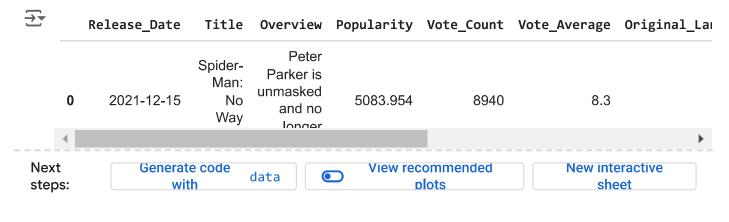
```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

Columns Descriptions

- 1. Release_Date: Date when the movie was released.
- 2. Title: Name of the movie.
- 3. Overview: Brief summary of the movie.
- 4. Popularity: It is a very important metric computed by TMDB developers based on the number of views per day, votes per day, number of users marked it as "favorite" and "watchlist" for the data, release date and more other metrics.
- 5. Vote_Count: Total votes received from the viewers.
- 6. Vote_Average: Average rating based on vote count and the number of viewers out of 10.
- 7. Original_Language: Original language of the movies. Dubbed version is not considered to be original language.
- 8. Genre: Categories the movie it can be classified as.
- 9. Poster_Url: Url of the movie poster.
- EDA Questions
- 1. Q1: What is the most frequent genre in the dataset?
- 2. Q2: What genres has highest votes?
- 3. Q3: What movie got the highest popularity? what's its genre?
- 4. Q4: Which year has the most filmmed movies?



data.shape

→ (9827, 9)

data.size

→ 88443

data.info()

<<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
 RangeIndex: 9827 entries, 0 to 9826
 Data columns (total 9 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Release_Date	9827 non-null	object
1	Title	9827 non-null	object
2	Overview	9827 non-null	object
3	Popularity	9827 non-null	float64
4	Vote_Count	9827 non-null	int64
5	Vote_Average	9827 non-null	float64
6	Original_Language	9827 non-null	object
7	Genre	9827 non-null	object
8	Poster_Url	9827 non-null	object

dtypes: float64(2), int64(1), object(6)

memory usage: 691.1+ KB

data.describe()



	Popularity	Vote_Count	Vote_Average
count	9827.000000	9827.000000	9827.000000
mean	40.326088	1392.805536	6.439534
std	108.873998	2611.206907	1.129759
min	13.354000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	16.128500	146.000000	5.900000
50%	21.199000	444.000000	6.500000
75%	35.191500	1376.000000	7.100000
max	5083.954000	31077.000000	10.000000

data.isnull().sum()

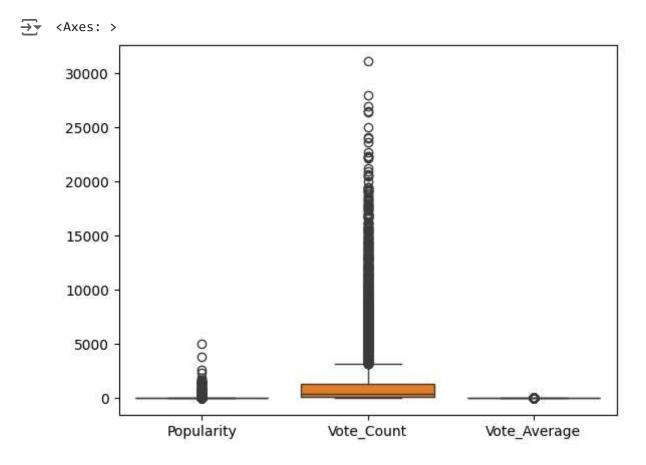


	0
Release_Date	0
Title	0
Overview	0
Popularity	0
Vote_Count	0
Vote_Average	0
Original_Language	0
Genre	0
Poster_UrI	0

dtype: int64

All of them have o null value so no need of null value handling

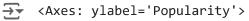
sns.boxplot(data[num_col])

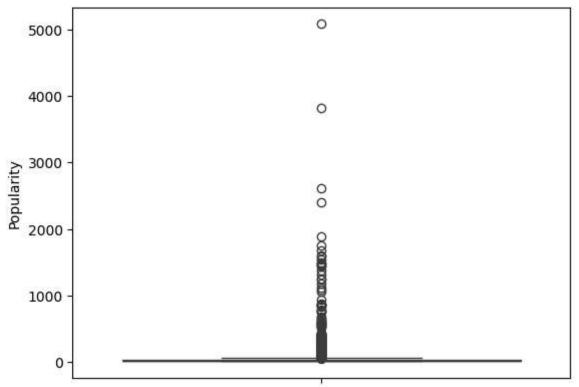


data.head()



sns.boxplot(data['Popularity'])





most of the data came under outlier so no need of this, othervise we doen't have data

lets drop duplicate rows

data.head(2)

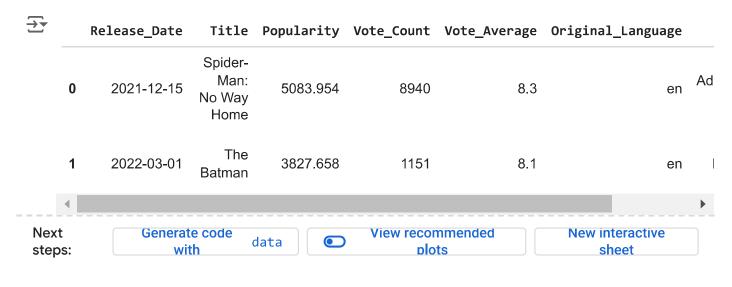


i felt Overview and poster url unwanted so i dropped those

lets drop unwanted columns

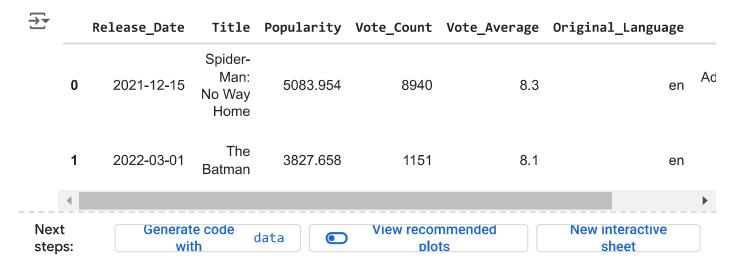
data.drop(['Overview', 'Poster_Url'], axis=1, inplace=True)

data.head()



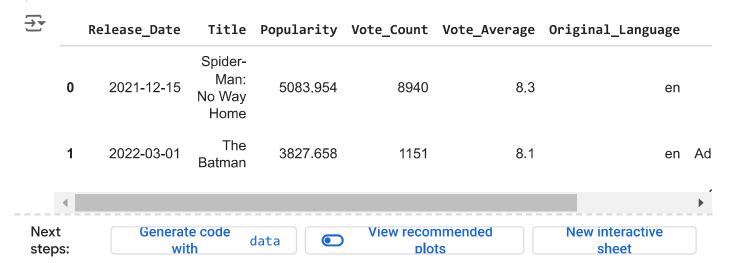
data['Genre'] = data['Genre'].str.split(', ')

data.head()



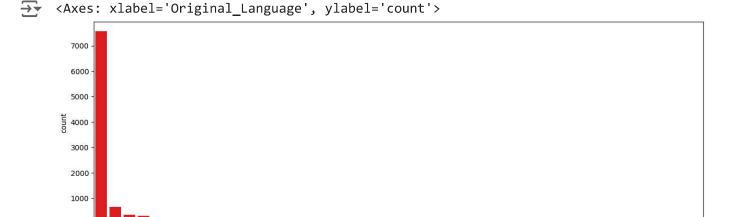
data['Genre'] = data['Genre'].explode().reset_index(drop=True)

data['Rated'] = np.where(data['Vote_Average'] > 7, 'hit', np.where(data['Vote_Average'] >
data.head()



Data Visulization

plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))
sns.barplot(x=data['Original_Language'].value_counts().index,y=data['Original_Language'].

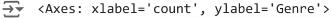


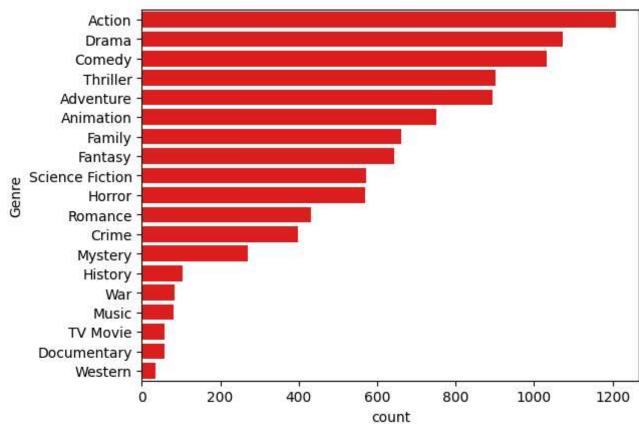
Q1: What is the most frequent genre in the dataset?

en ja es fr ko zh it cn ru de pt da no hi sv nl pl th id tr tl te el fi

sns.barplot(y=data['Genre'].value_counts().index,x=data['Genre'].value_counts(),color='re

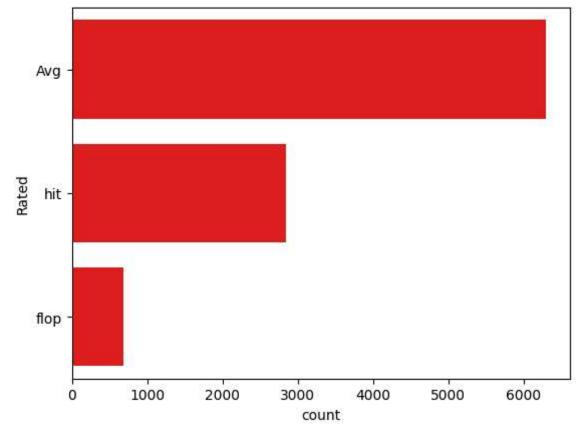
sr cs fa hu is ro uk ta ar he ca la nb bn ms lv eu ml et





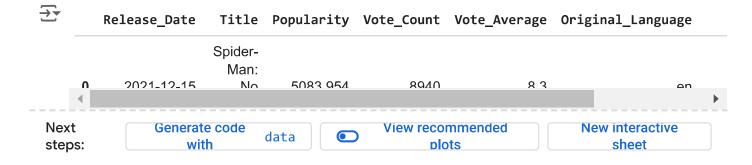
sns.barplot(y=data['Rated'].value_counts().index,x=data['Rated'].value_counts(),color='re





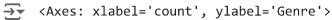
Q2: What genres has highest votes?

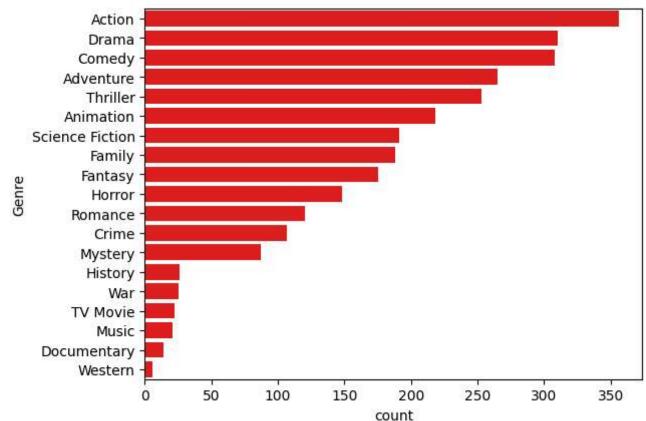
data.head(2)



popular_movies = data[data['Rated'] == 'hit']

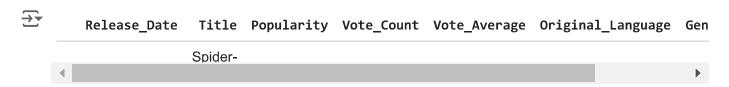
sns.barplot(y=popular_movies['Genre'].value_counts().index,x=popular_movies['Genre'].valu





Q3: What movie got the highest popularity? what's its genre?

data[data['Popularity'] == data['Popularity'].max()]

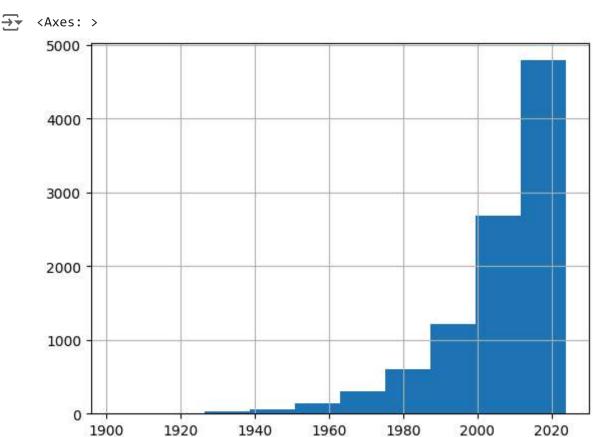


Q4: Which year has the most filmmed movies?

data['Release_Date'] = pd.to_datetime(data['Release_Date'])

data['Release_year'] = data['Release_Date'].dt.year

data['Release_year'].hist()



Start coding or generate with AI.

\rightarrow	
<u> </u>	count

Release_year		
1902	1	
1920	1	
1921	2	
1922	2	
1925	1	