

Reactive Architecture Patterns 2



Mark Richards

Independent Consultant

Hands-on Software Architect / Published Author

Founder, DeveloperToArchitect.com

www.wmrichards.com

Author of *Software Architecture Fundamentals Video Series* (O'Reilly)

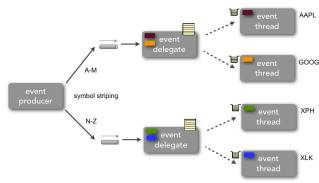
Author of *Microservices Pitfalls and AntiPatterns* (O'Reilly)

Author of *Microservices vs. Service-Oriented Architecture* (O'Reilly)

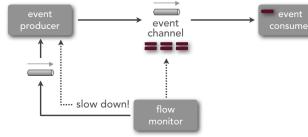
Author of *Enterprise Messaging Video Series* (O'Reilly)

Author of *Java Message Service 2nd Edition* (O'Reilly)

reactive architecture agenda



thread
delegate
pattern



producer
control flow
pattern

source code

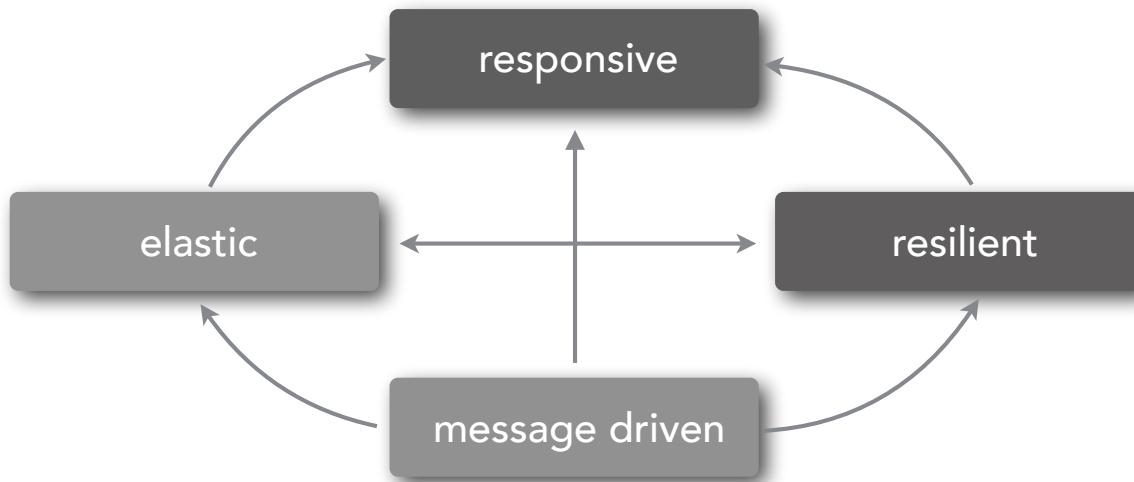
<https://github.com/wmr513/reactive>



Thread Delegate Pattern

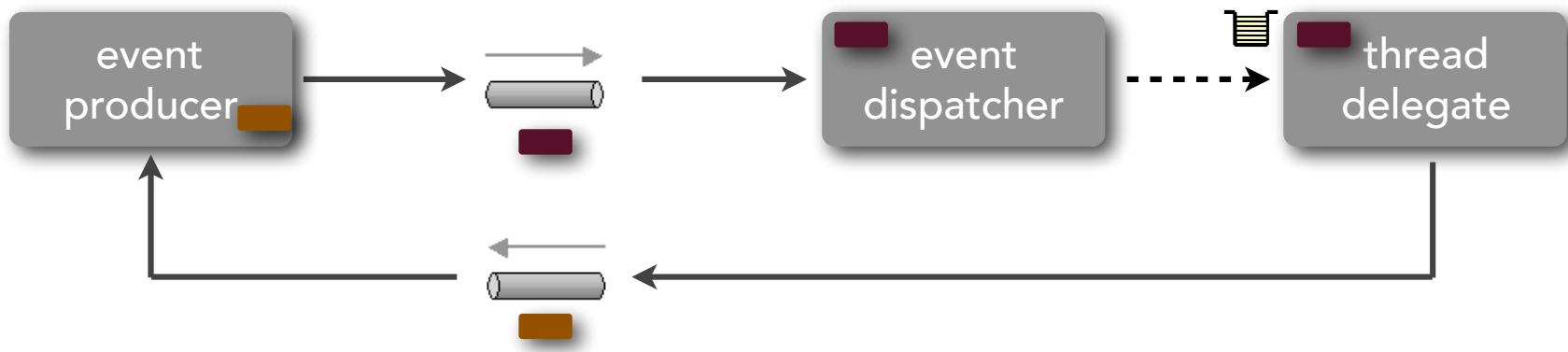
thread delegate pattern

how can you ensure timely and consistent response time as your system grows?



thread delegate pattern

how can you ensure timely and consistent response time as your system grows?



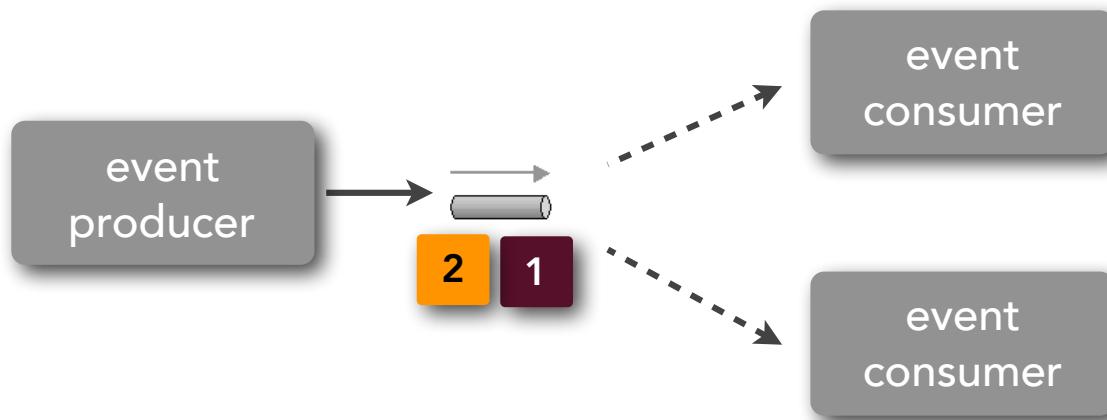
thread delegate pattern



let's see the issue...

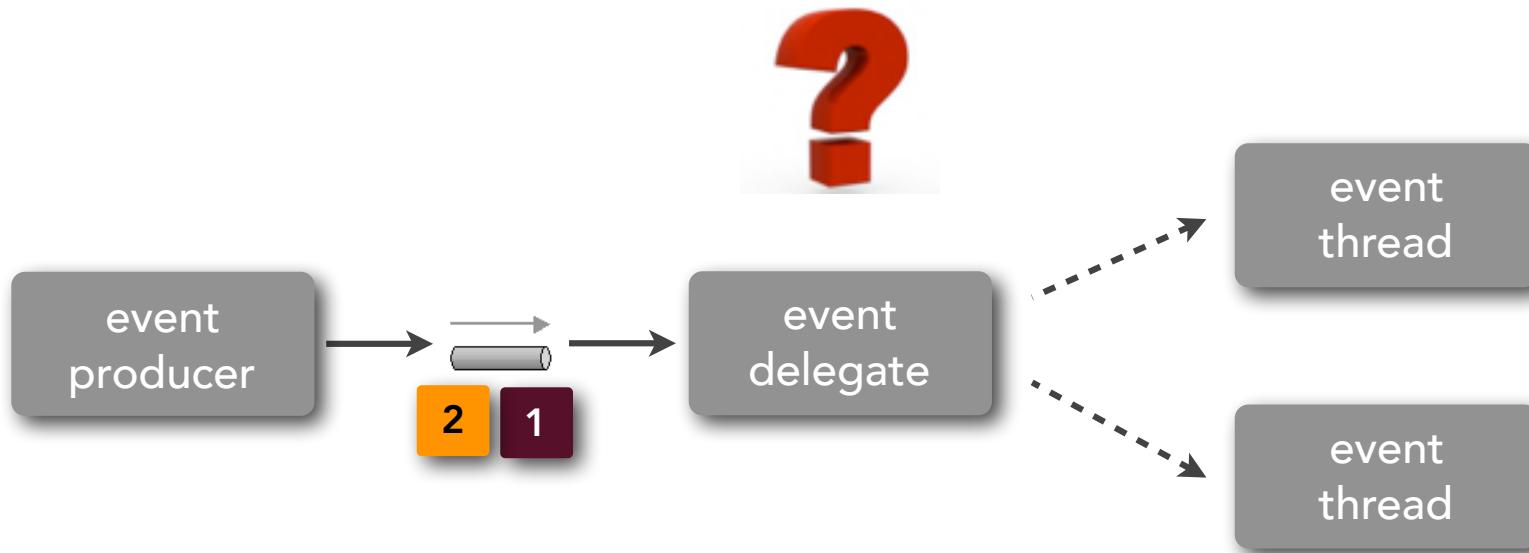
thread delegate pattern

preserving message order



thread delegate pattern

preserving message order



thread delegate pattern

preserving message order

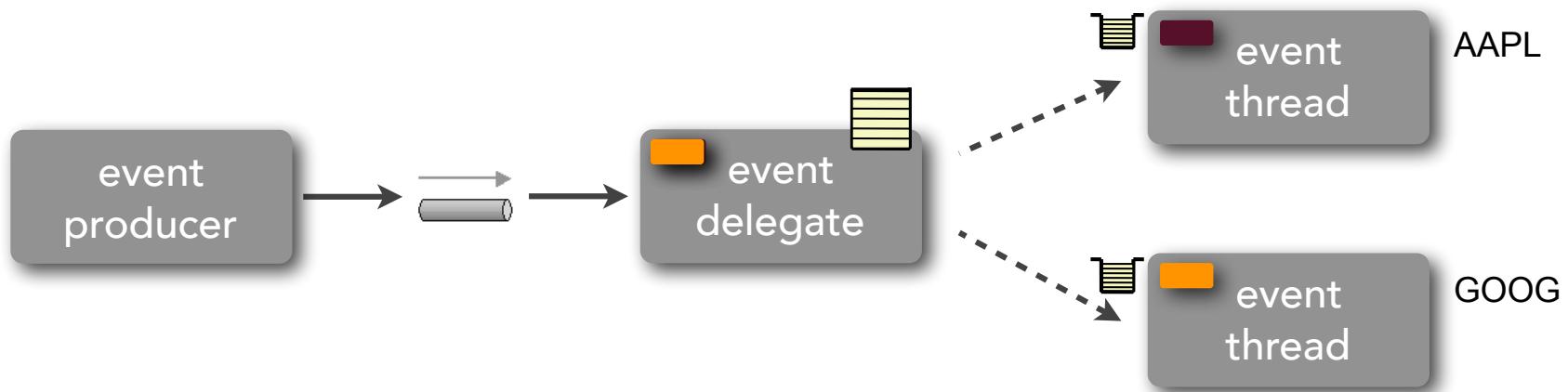
premise: not every message must be ordered, but rather
messages *within a context* must be ordered

1. PLACE AAPL A-136 2,000,000.00
 2. CANCEL AAPL A-136 2,000,000.00
 3. REBOOK AAPL A-136 1,800,000.00
- 1, 2, 3

1. PLACE AAPL A-136 2,000,000.00
 2. PLACE GOOG V-976 650,000.00
 3. CANCEL GOOG V-976 650,000.00
 4. CANCEL AAPL A-136 2,000,000.00
 5. REBOOK AAPL A-136 1,800,000.00
 6. REBOOK GOOG V-976 600,000.00
- 1, 4, 5
- 2, 3, 6

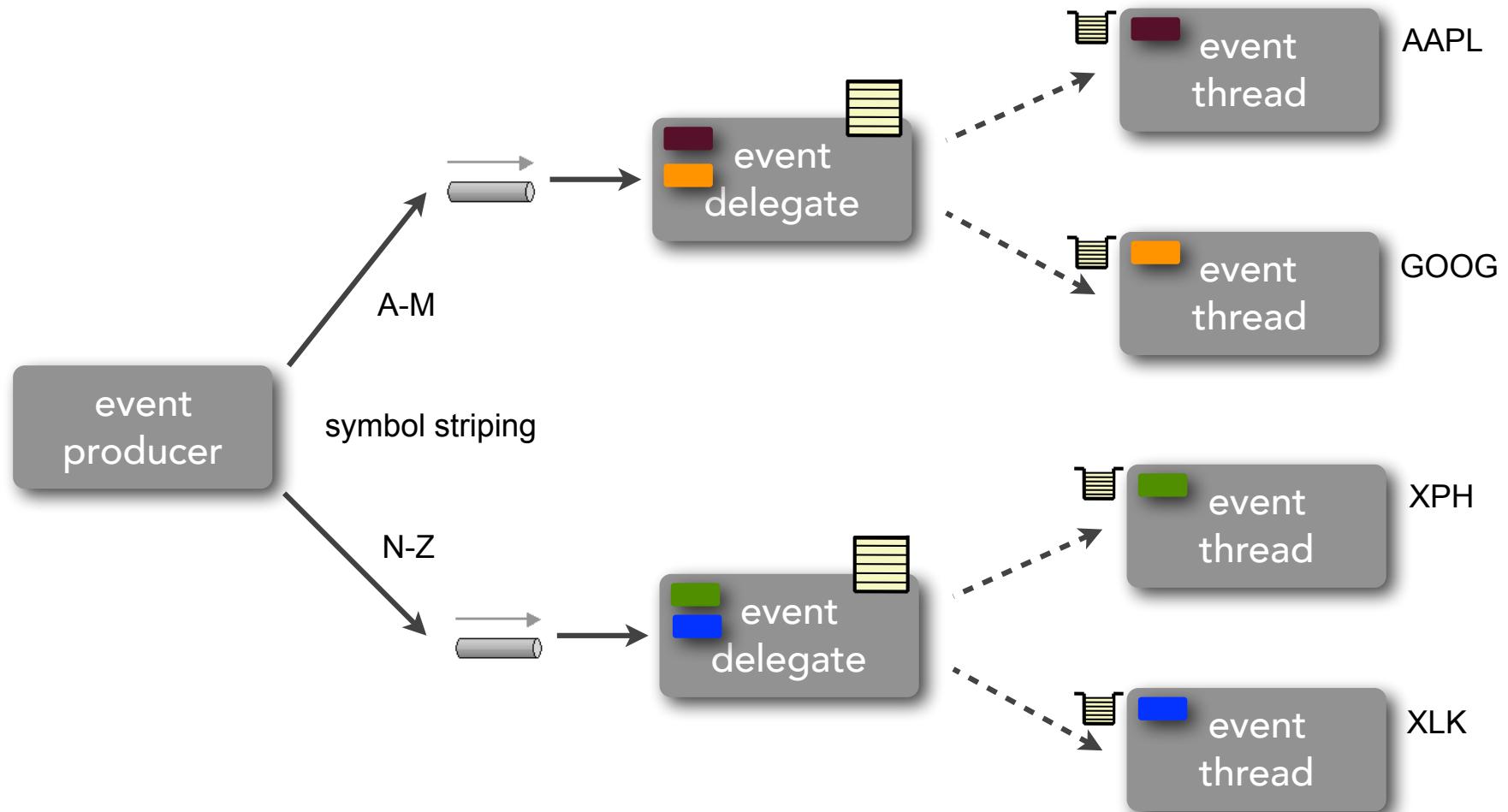
thread delegate pattern

preserving message order



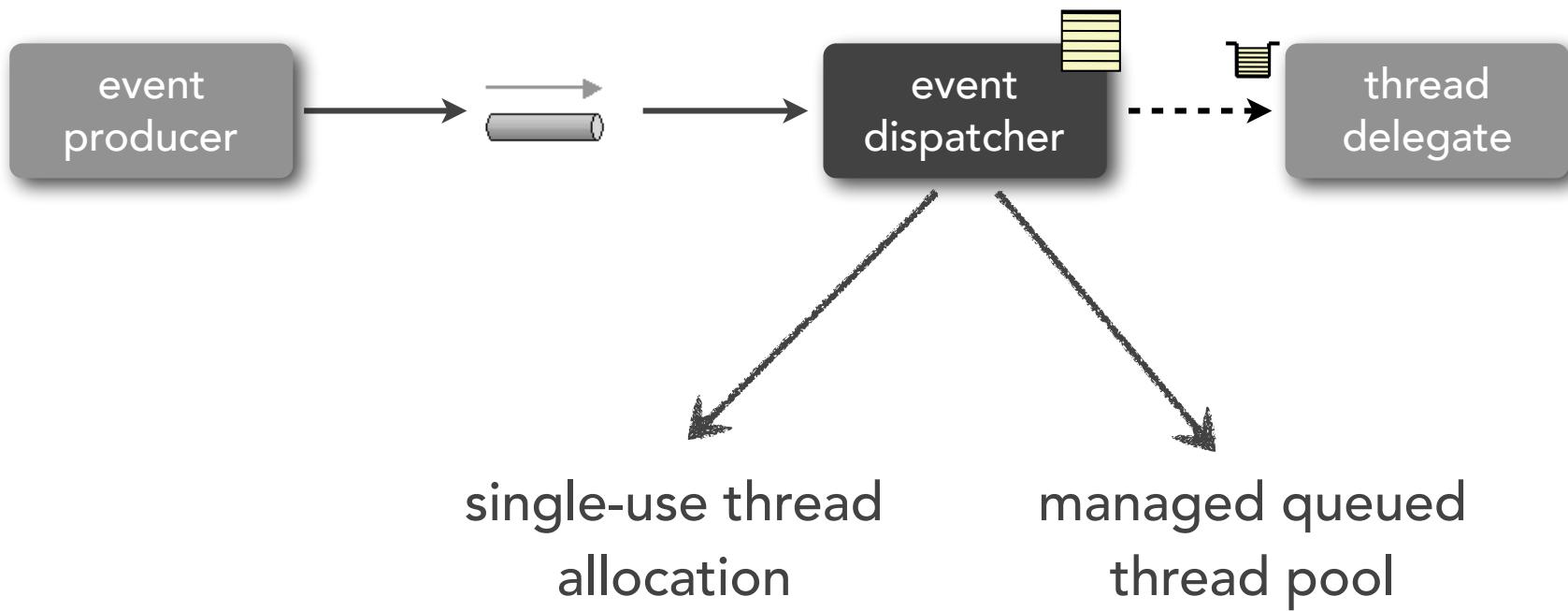
thread delegate pattern

preserving message order



thread delegate pattern

event dispatcher models



thread delegate pattern

single-use thread allocation



thread delegate pattern

single-use thread allocation



thread delegate pattern

single-use thread allocation



does not preserve message order

risk of running out of threads

risk of backing up primary delegate queue

thread delegate pattern

event dispatcher

```
//connect to message broker and create consumer
while (true) {
    msg = getNextMessageFromQueue();
    new Thread(
        new ThreadProcessor(msg.getBody())
    ).start();
}
```

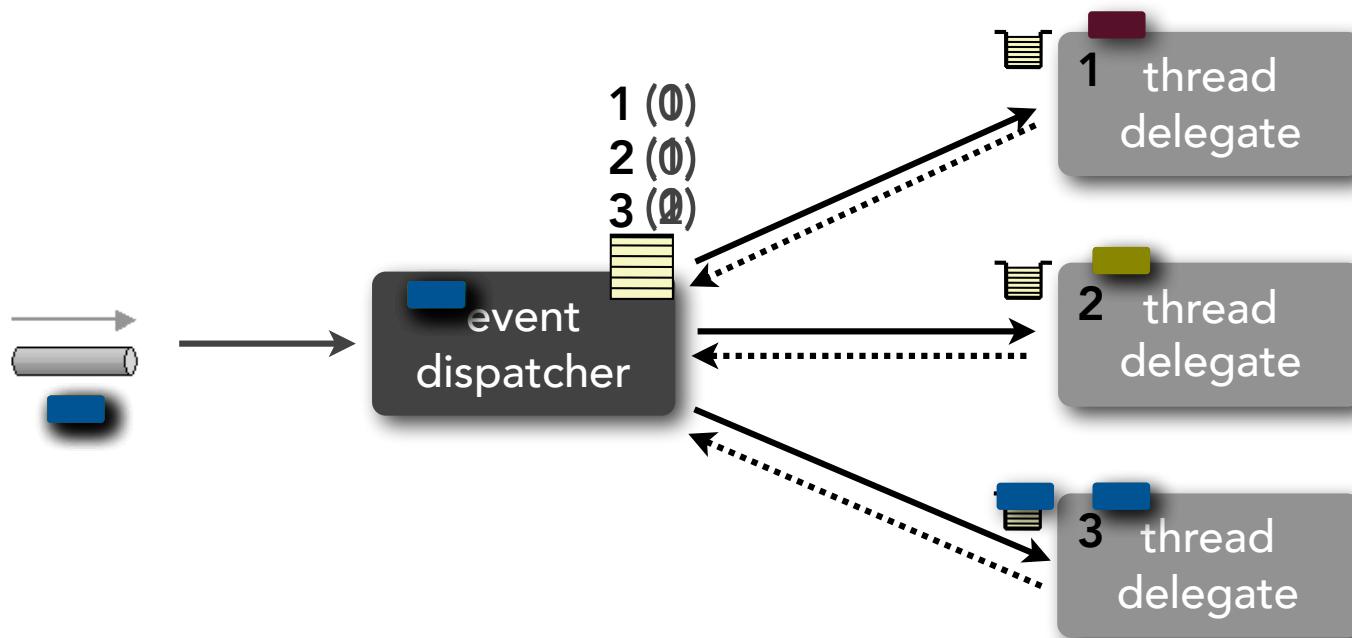
thread delegate pattern

single-use thread allocation



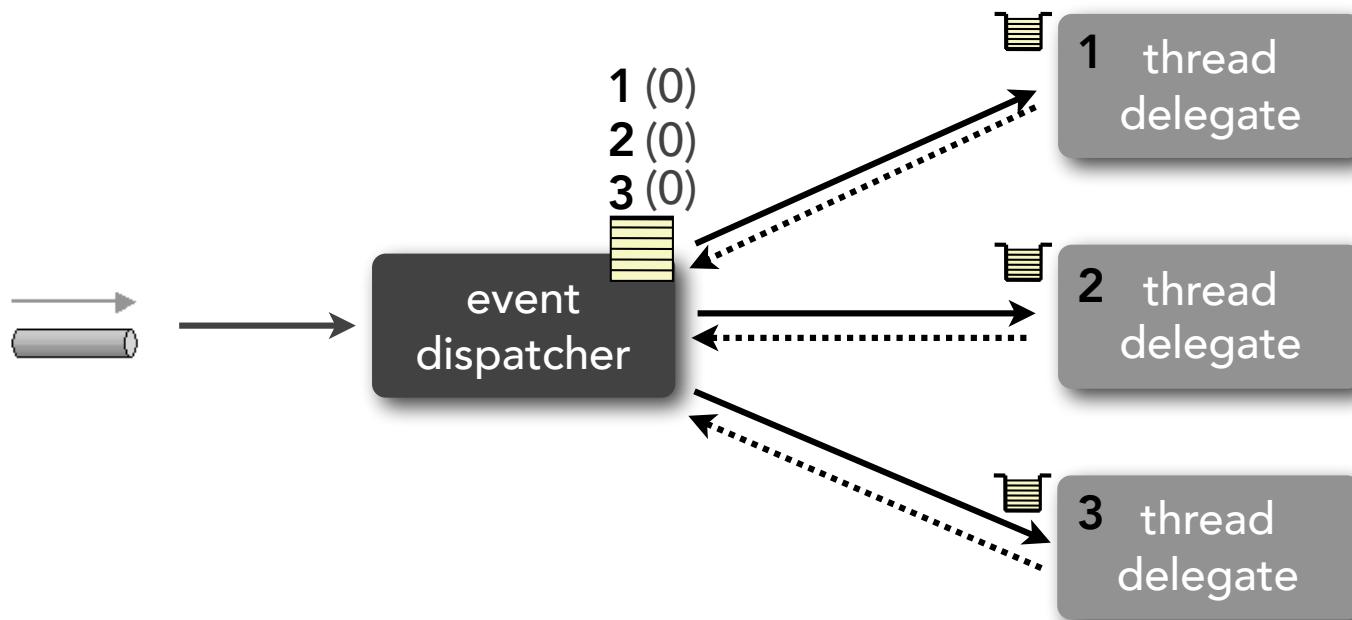
thread delegate pattern

managed queued thread pool



thread delegate pattern

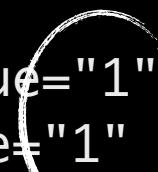
managed queued thread pool



thread delegate pattern

event dispatcher

```
<bean id="thread1"
    class="org.springframework.scheduling.concurrent.
    ThreadPoolTaskExecutor">
    <property name="corePoolSize" value="1" />
    <property name="maxPoolSize" value="1" />
    <property name="queueCapacity" value="100" />
</bean>
```



this makes it single-threaded
to preserve message order

thread delegate pattern

event dispatcher

```
//hold threads created by dispatcher
private List<TaskExecutor> threads =
    new ArrayList<TaskExecutor>();
private int index = 0;

//<symbol, thread instance>
private Map<String, Object> allocationMap =
    new HashMap<String, Object>();

//<thread instance, count>
private Map<Object, Long> threadCount =
    new HashMap<Object, Long>();
```

thread delegate pattern

event dispatcher

```
//STARTUP LOGIC
```

```
threads.add((TaskExecutor)ctx.getBean("thread1"));
threads.add((TaskExecutor)ctx.getBean("thread2"));
threads.add((TaskExecutor)ctx.getBean("thread3"));
```

```
//connect to message broker and create consumer
//wait for messages...
```

thread delegate pattern

event dispatcher

```
//DEQUEUE AND MESSAGE ASSIGNMENT LOGIC

msg = getNextMessageFromQueue();
String symbol = //get symbol from message properties
TaskExecutor thread = null;
if (allocationMap.containsKey(symbol)) {
    thread = (TaskExecutor)allocationMap.get(symbol);
} else {
    index = (index == threads.size()-1) ? 0 : index+1;
    thread = threads.get(index);
    allocationMap.put(symbol, thread);
}
incrementThreadCount(thread);
thread.execute(new TradeProcessorThread(this, msg));
```

thread delegate pattern

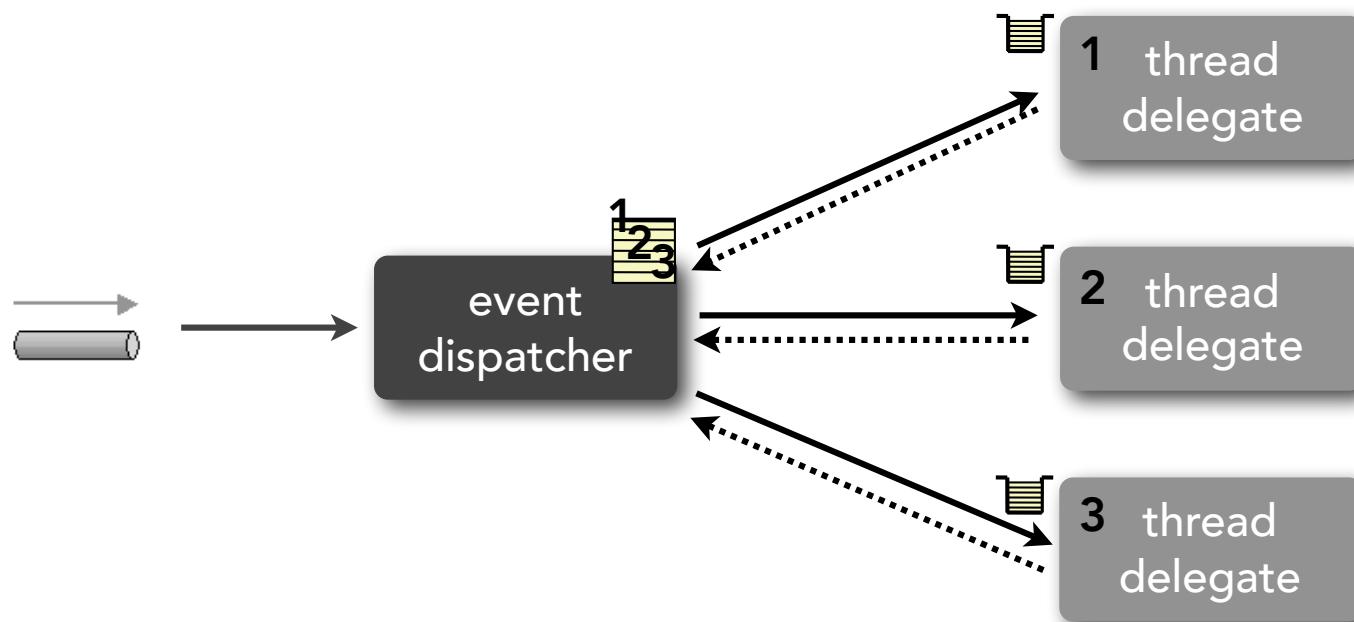
event dispatcher

```
//THREAD CALLBACK AND ALLOCATION MAP CLEANUP LOGIC

public void requestComplete(Object thread, String symbol) {
    long count = decrementThreadCount(thread);
    if (count == 0) {
        allocationMap.remove(symbol);
    }
}
```

thread delegate pattern

managed queued thread pool



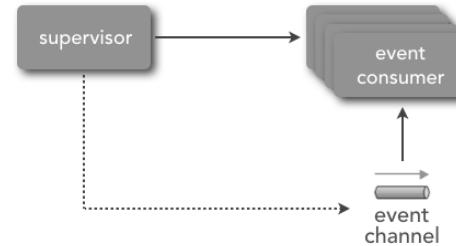
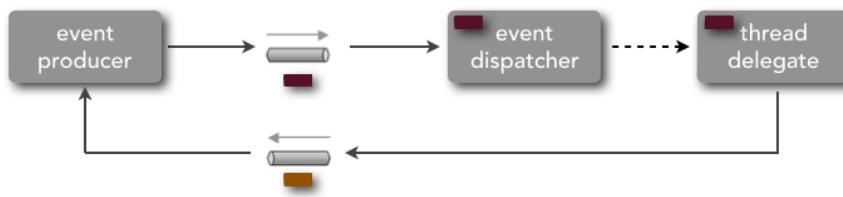
thread delegate pattern



let's see the result...

thread delegate pattern

thread delegate vs. consumer supervisor



scalability

consistent consumers

decoupled event processors

near-linear performance

elasticity

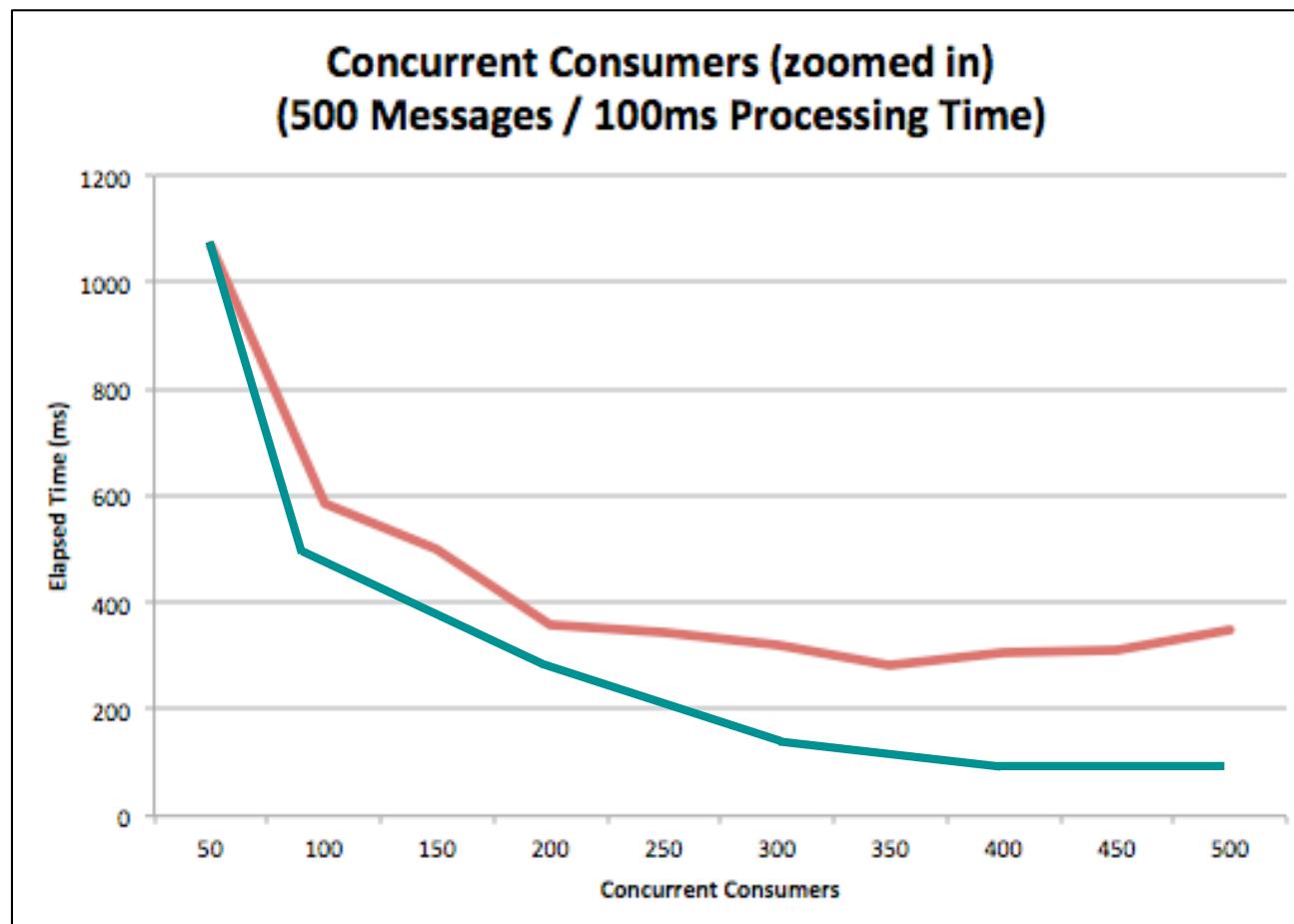
variable consumers

coupled event processors

diminishing performance

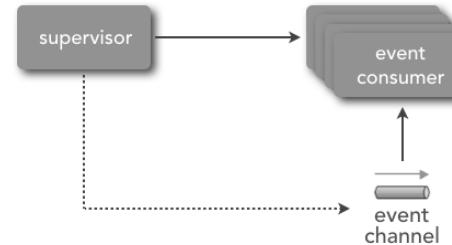
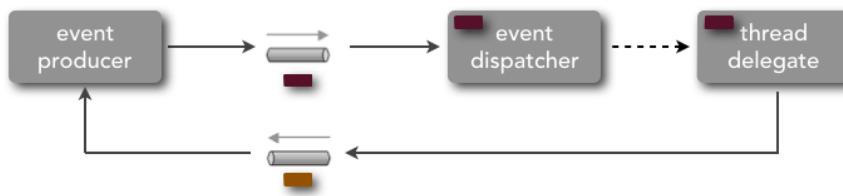
thread delegate pattern

thread delegate vs. consumer supervisor



thread delegate pattern

thread delegate vs. consumer supervisor



scalability

consistent consumers

decoupled event processors

near-linear performance

can preserve message order

elasticity

variable consumers

coupled event processors

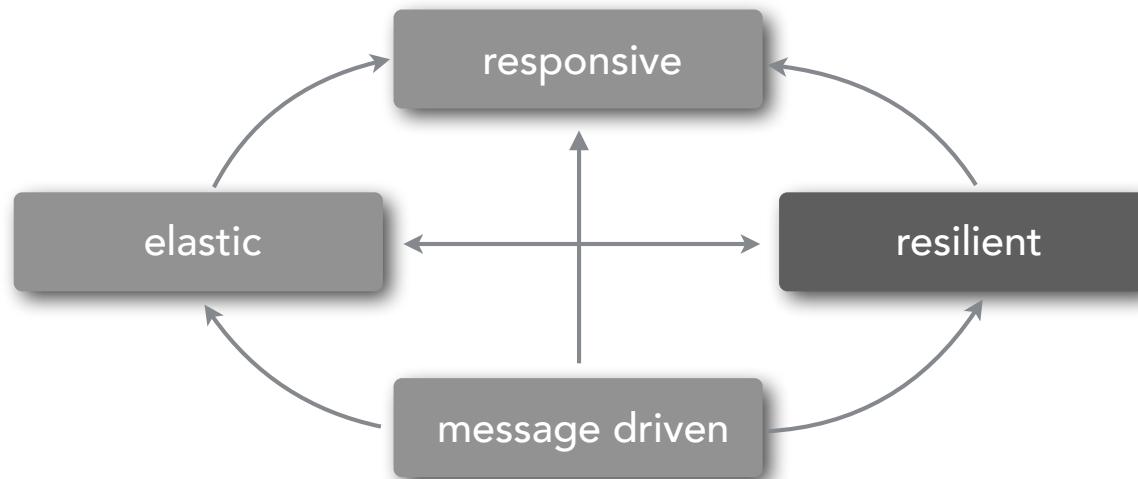
diminishing performance

message order not preserved

Producer Control Flow Pattern

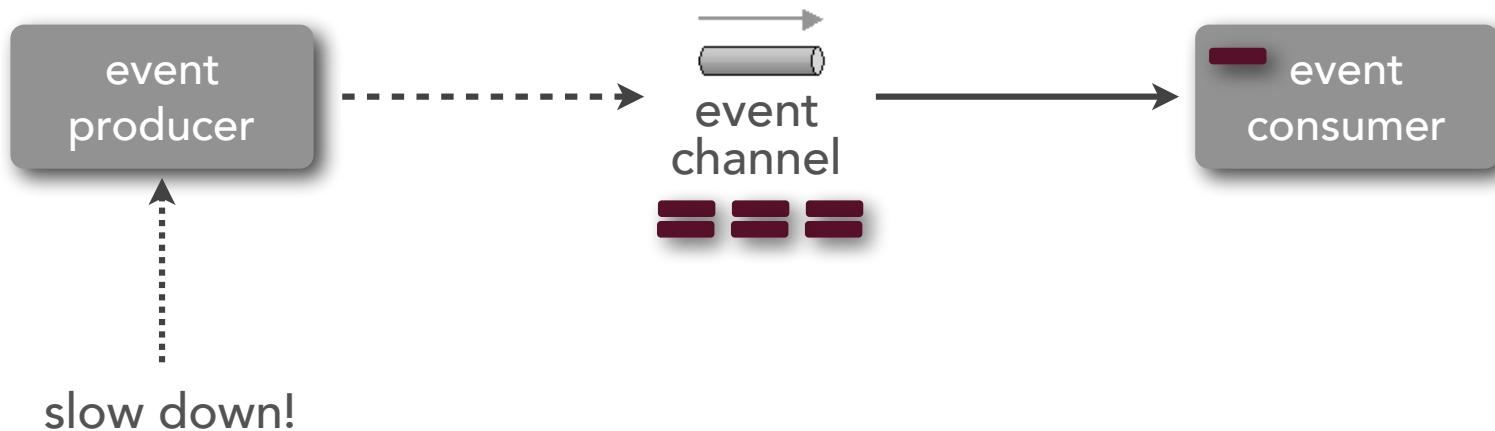
producer control flow pattern

how can you slow down message producers
when the messaging system becomes
overwhelmed?



producer control flow pattern

how can you slow down message producers
when the messaging system becomes
overwhelmed?



producer control flow pattern

how can you slow down message producers
when the messaging system becomes
overwhelmed?



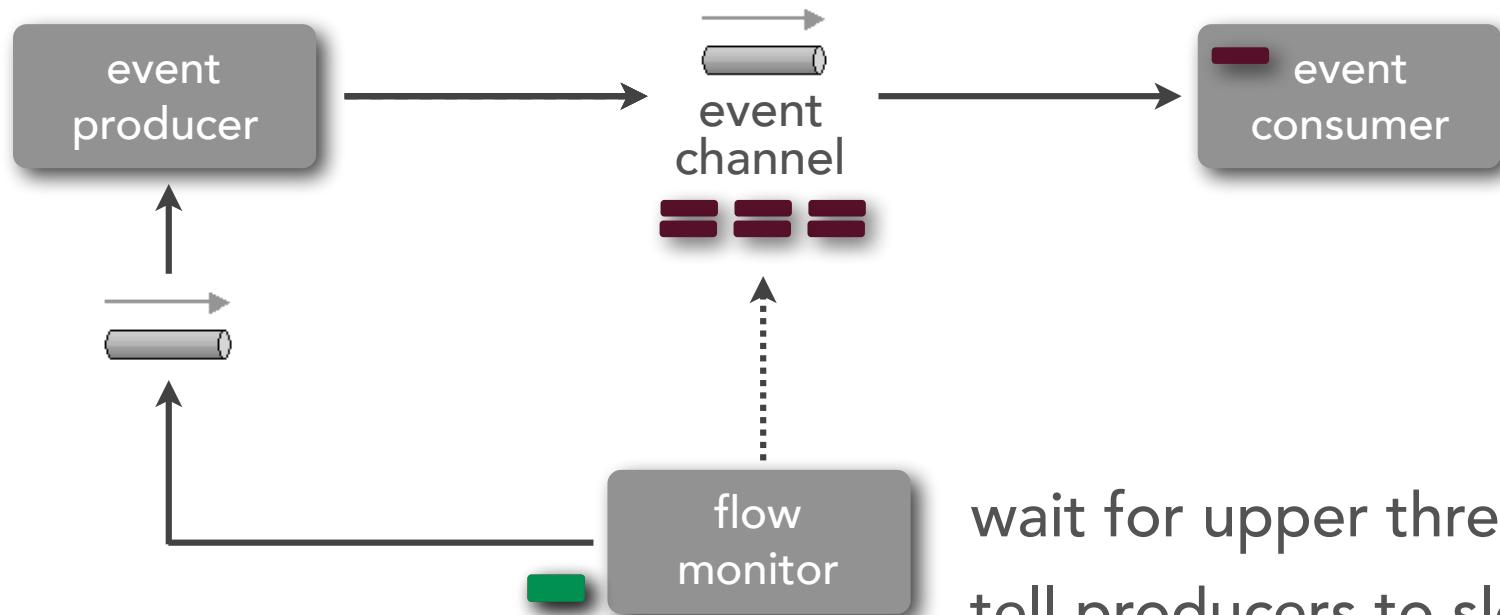
stop (broker) vs. slowdown (pattern)

producer control flow pattern



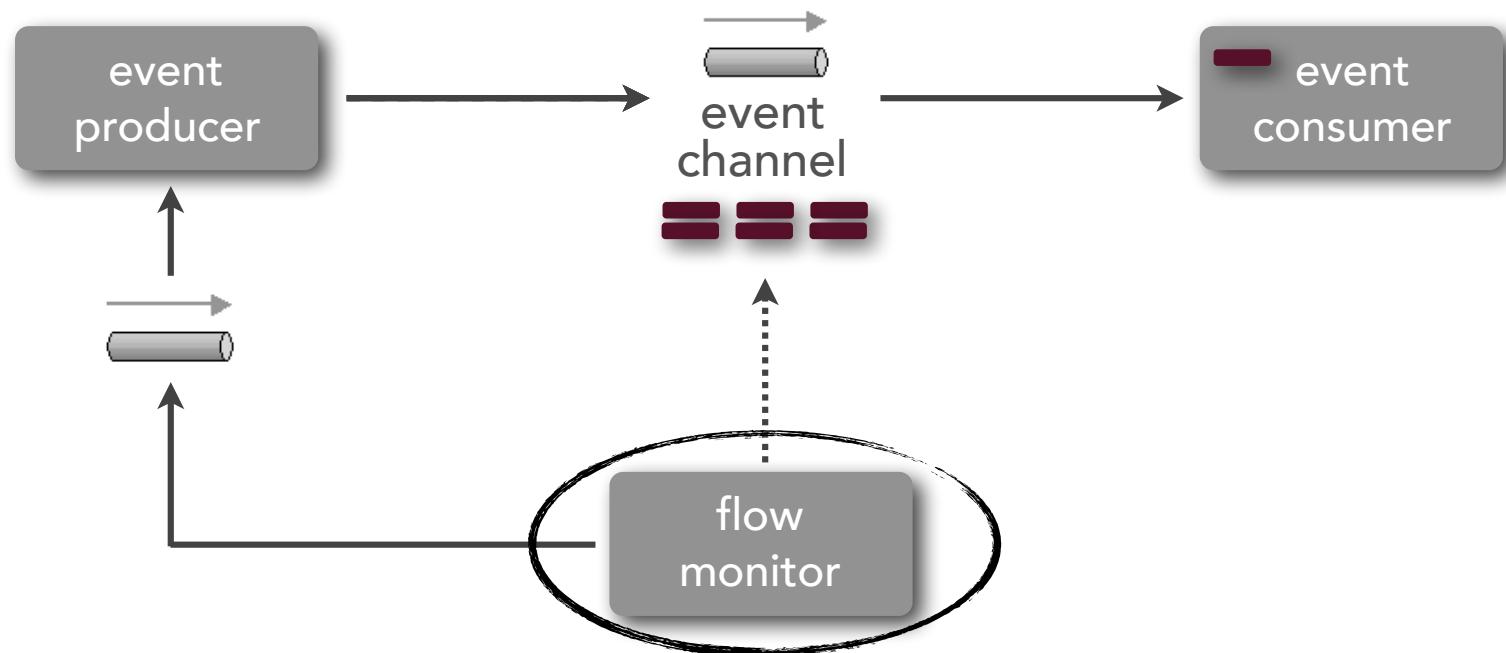
let's see the issue....

producer control flow pattern



wait for upper threshold
tell producers to slow down
wait for lower threshold
tell producers to resume

producer control flow pattern



producer control flow pattern

flow monitor

```
public void execute() throws Exception {  
    //connect to message broker  
    long threshold = 10;  
    boolean controlFlow = false;  
    while (true) {  
        long queueDepth = getMessageCount("trade.eq.q");  
        if (queueDepth > threshold && !controlFlow) {  
            controlFlow = enableControlFlow(channel);  
        } else if (queueDepth <= (threshold/2) && controlFlow) {  
            controlFlow = disableControlFlow(channel);  
        }  
        Thread.sleep(3000);  
    }  
}
```

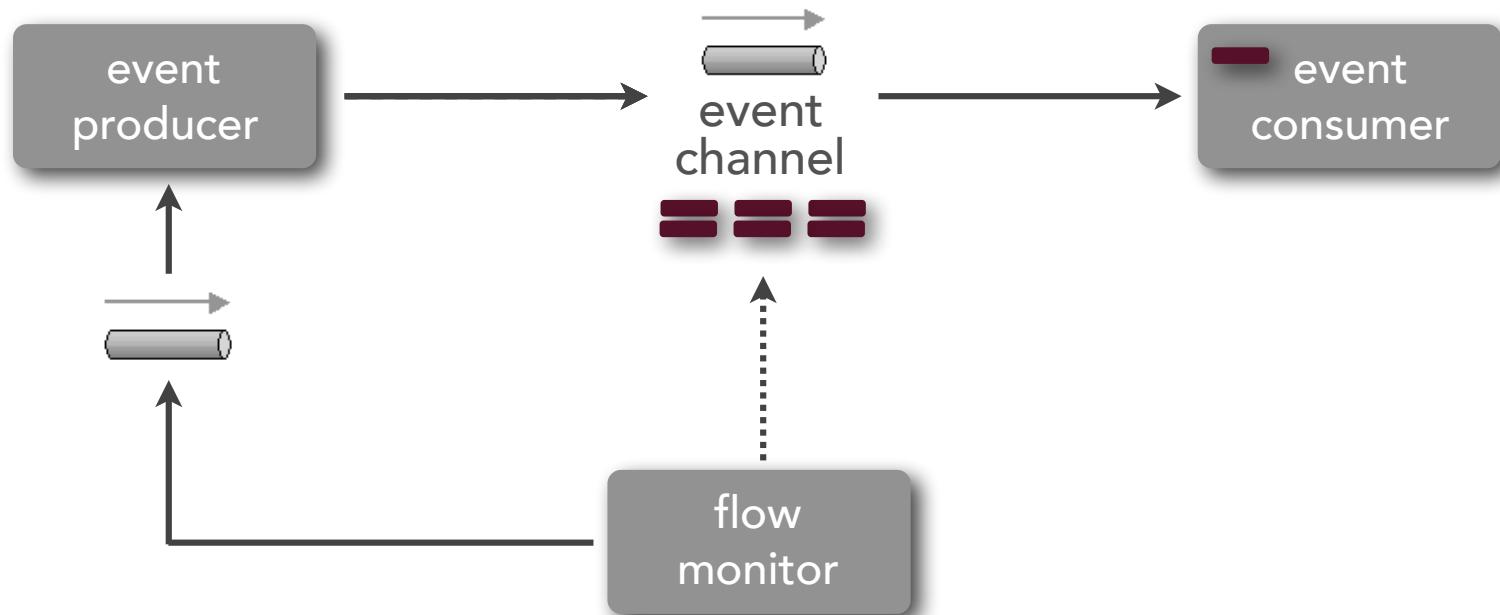
producer control flow pattern

flow monitor

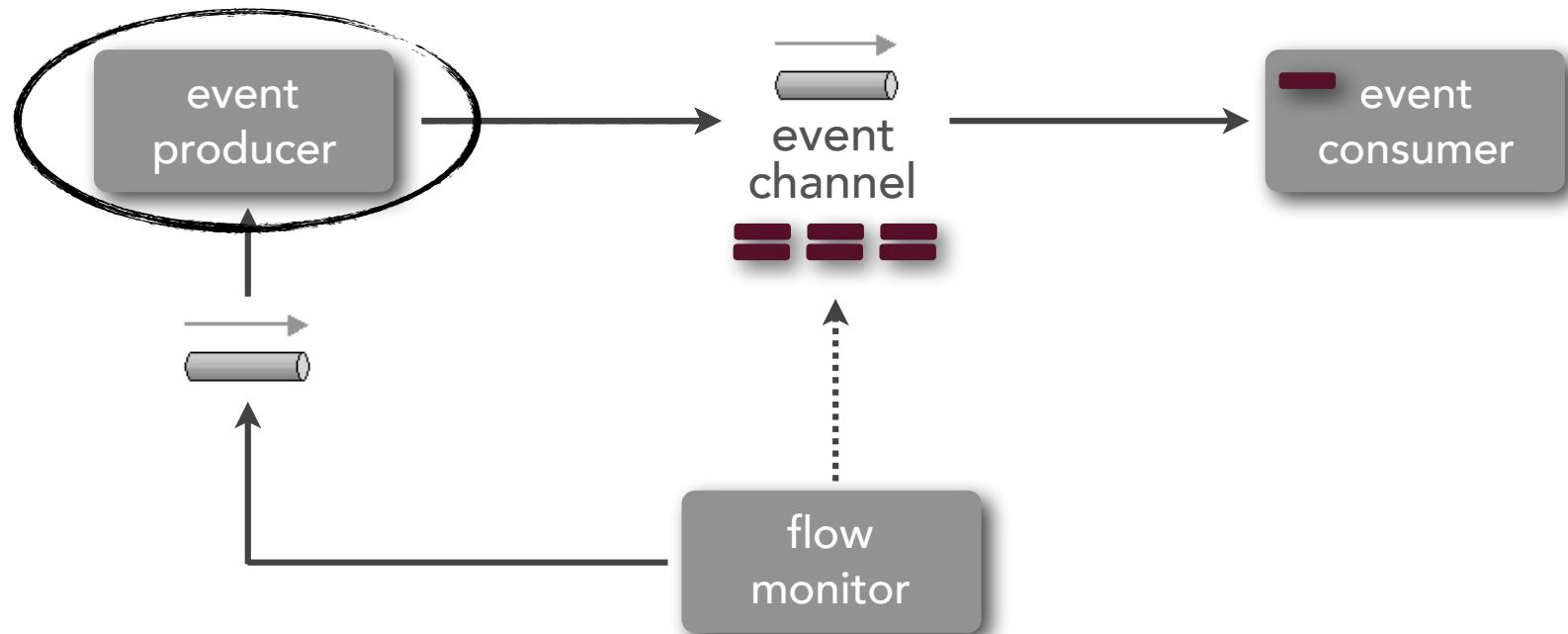
```
private boolean enableControlFlow(Channel channel) {  
    Message msg = createMessage(delay, 3000);  
    //send message to producer flow queue;  
    return true;  
}
```

```
private boolean disableControlFlow(Channel channel) {  
    Message msg = createMessage(delay, 0);  
    //send message to producer flow queue;  
    return false;  
}
```

producer control flow pattern



producer control flow pattern

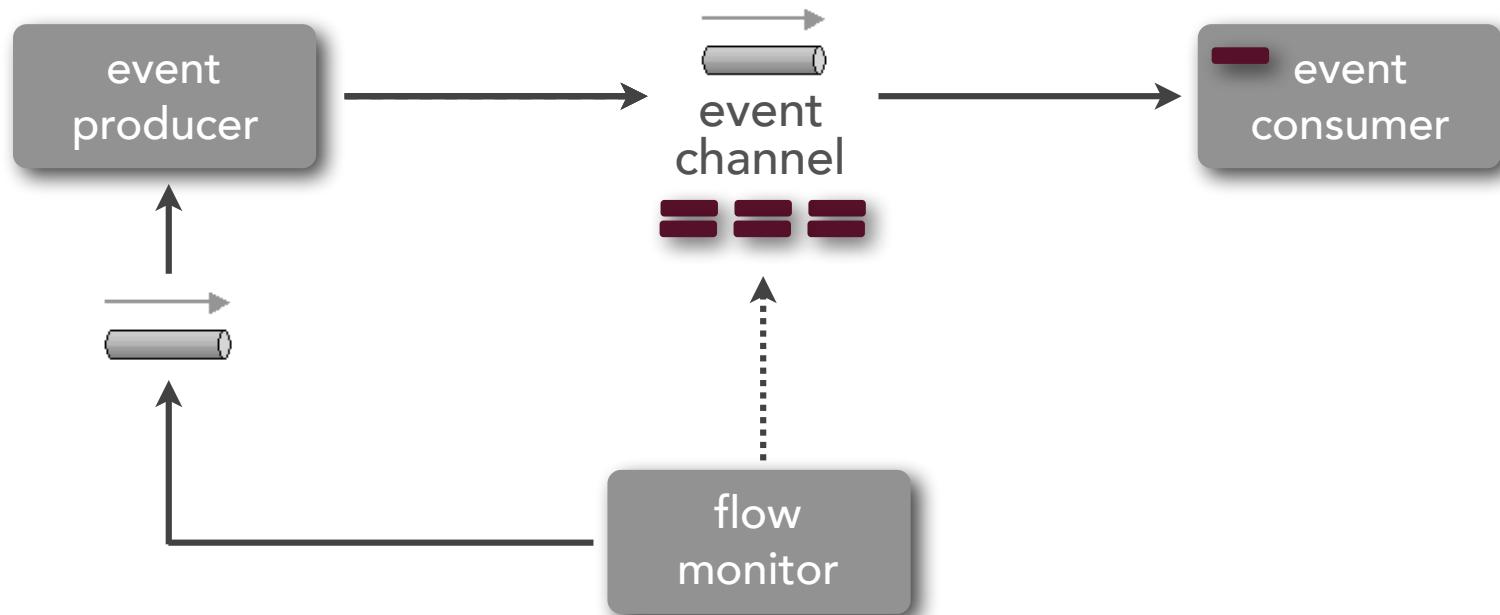


producer control flow pattern

event producer

```
public void startListener() {  
    new Thread(()-> {  
        //connect to message broker and create consumer  
        while (true) {  
            msg = getNextMessageFromQueue();  
            long delayValue = msg.getDelayValue();  
            synchronized(delay) { delay = delayValue; }  
        }  
    }).start();  
}  
  
private void placeTrade() {  
    Thread.sleep(delay);  
    //send trade to processing queue...  
}
```

producer control flow pattern



producer control flow pattern



let's see the result...

Reactive Architecture Patterns 2



Mark Richards

Independent Consultant

Hands-on Software Architect / Published Author

Founder, DeveloperToArchitect.com

www.wmrichards.com

Author of *Software Architecture Fundamentals Video Series* (O'Reilly)

Author of *Microservices Pitfalls and AntiPatterns* (O'Reilly)

Author of *Microservices vs. Service-Oriented Architecture* (O'Reilly)

Author of *Enterprise Messaging Video Series* (O'Reilly)

Author of *Java Message Service 2nd Edition* (O'Reilly)

GREAT INDIAN **DEVELOPER** SUMMIT



2019™

Conference : April 23-26, Bangalore



Register early and get the best discounts!



www.developersummit.com



@greatindiandev



bit.ly/gidslinkedin



facebook.com/gids19



bit.ly/saltmarchyoutube



flickr.com/photos/saltmarch/