

Data Cleaning and Exploratory Data Analysis for "US Household Income" dataset.

Project Overview

This project presents an exploratory data analysis (EDA) of US household income at the state, county, and city levels using SQL. The goal is to uncover geographic and economic insights by analyzing land/water distribution, income levels, and area classifications across different states and regions.

Data Cleaning in SQL:

```
-- The first column name need to update as 'id'  
ALTER TABLE ushousehold_income_statistics RENAME COLUMN `id` TO `id`;
```

| id | State_Name | Mean | Median | Stdev | sum_w |
|---------|------------|-------|--------|-------|-------------|
| 1011000 | Alabama | 38773 | 30506 | 33101 | 1638.260513 |
| 1011010 | Alabama | 37725 | 19528 | 43789 | 258.0176847 |
| 1011020 | Alabama | 54606 | 31930 | 57348 | 926.0309998 |
| 1011030 | Alabama | 63919 | 52814 | 47707 | 378.1146191 |
| 1011040 | Alabama | 77948 | 67225 | 54270 | 282.3203278 |

```
-- Count the duplicate id's  
SELECT id, COUNT(id)  
FROM us_household_income  
GROUP BY id  
HAVING COUNT(id) > 1;
```

| | id | COUNT(id) |
|---|----------|-----------|
| ▶ | 10226 | 2 |
| | 60213229 | 2 |
| | 60213239 | 2 |
| | 60213249 | 2 |
| | 24021897 | 2 |
| | 36024654 | 2 |

```
-- Delete the duplicate records from the table --
DELETE FROM us_household_income
WHERE row_id IN (
SELECT row_id
FROM
(
SELECT row_id, id,
ROW_NUMBER() OVER(PARTITION BY id ORDER BY id) AS row_num
FROM us_household_income
) AS duplicates
WHERE row_num > 1);
```

| | id | COUNT(id) |
|--|----|-----------|
| | | |

```
-- Update the state name
UPDATE us_household_income
SET State_Name = 'Georgia'
WHERE State_Name = 'georgia';
```

| State_Name |
|------------|
| Florida |
| Georgia |
| Hawaii |
| Idaho |
| Illinois |

```
-- Check the blank value in Place column
SELECT *
FROM us_household_income
WHERE Place = ''
ORDER BY 1;
```

| row_id | id | State_Code | State_Name | State_ab | County | City | Place | Type | Primary | Zip_Code |
|--------|--------|------------|------------|----------|----------------|----------|-------|-------|---------|----------|
| 32 | 102216 | 1 | Alabama | AL | Autauga County | Vinemont | | Track | Track | 35179 |

```
-- Update the db with actual value.
UPDATE us_household_income
SET Place = 'Autaugaville'
WHERE County = 'Autauga County'
AND City = 'Vinemont';
```

| row_id | id | State_Code | State_Name | State_ab | County | City | Place | Type | Primary |
|--------|---------|------------|------------|----------|----------------|----------|--------------|-------|---------|
| 32 | 1022... | 1 | Alabama | AL | Autauga County | Vinemont | Autaugaville | Track | Track |
| 33 | 1022... | 1 | Alabama | AL | Autauga County | Cullman | Autaugaville | Track | Track |
| 34 | 1022... | 1 | Alabama | AL | Autauga County | Ozark | Autaugaville | Track | Track |
| 35 | 1022... | 1 | Alabama | AL | Autauga County | Selma | Autaugaville | Track | Track |

```
-- Check the duplicate in Type column and update the table
SELECT Type, COUNT(Type)
FROM us_household_income
GROUP BY Type;

UPDATE us_household_income
SET Type = 'Borough'
WHERE Type = 'Boroughs';
```

| | Type | COUNT(Type) |
|--|---------|-------------|
| | Town | 476 |
| | CPD | 2 |
| | Borough | 129 |
| | Village | 394 |
| | County | 2 |

Exploratory Data Analysis:

```
-- Check the available records and structure in the us_household_income
dataset --
```

```
SELECT * FROM us_household_income;
```

```
-- Check the available records and structure in the
ushousehold_income_statistics dataset --
```

```
SELECT * FROM ushousehold_income_statistics;
```

```
-- What are the land and water areas for each city and county within the
states --
```

```
SELECT State_Name, County, City, ALand, Awater
FROM us_household_income;
```

```
-- Which states have the largest total land area --
```

```
SELECT State_Name, SUM(ALand), SUM(Awater)
FROM us_household_income
GROUP BY State_Name
ORDER BY SUM(ALand) DESC;
```

| | State_Name | SUM(ALand) | SUM(Awater) |
|---|------------|--------------|-------------|
| ▶ | Texas | 173222229898 | 7984639571 |
| | California | 90456155777 | 3865613533 |
| | Missouri | 80404645532 | 1035967969 |
| | Minnesota | 74395673850 | 4311138060 |
| | Illinois | 70794312509 | 993465367 |
| | Kansas | 69752815156 | 634014733 |

```
-- Which states have the largest total water area --
SELECT State_Name, SUM(ALand), SUM(Awater)
FROM us_household_income
GROUP BY State_Name
ORDER BY SUM(Awater) DESC;
```

| | State_Name | SUM(ALand) | SUM(Awater) |
|---|------------|--------------|-------------|
| ▶ | Michigan | 60028282240 | 13544227864 |
| | Texas | 173222229898 | 7984639571 |
| | Florida | 53261412471 | 7184634980 |
| | Minnesota | 74395673850 | 4311138060 |
| | Louisiana | 46156124692 | 4011517821 |
| | California | 90456155777 | 3865613533 |

```
-- Which are the top 10 US states with the largest total land area --
SELECT State_Name, SUM(ALand)
FROM us_household_income
GROUP BY State_Name
ORDER BY SUM(ALand) DESC
LIMIT 10;
```

| | State_Name | SUM(ALand) |
|---|------------|--------------|
| ▶ | Texas | 173222229898 |
| | California | 90456155777 |
| | Missouri | 80404645532 |
| | Minnesota | 74395673850 |
| | Illinois | 70794312509 |

```
-- What is the average household income (mean and median) for each state --
SELECT ui.State_Name, ROUND(AVG(Mean), 2) AS avg_mean, ROUND(AVG(Median), 2)
AS avg_median
FROM us_household_income AS ui
INNER JOIN ushousehold_income_statistics AS us
ON ui.id = us.id
WHERE Mean <> 0
GROUP BY ui.State_Name
ORDER BY avg_mean;
```

| | State_Name | avg_mean | avg_median |
|---|---------------|----------|------------|
| ► | Puerto Rico | 27841.72 | 22522.41 |
| | Mississippi | 49385.55 | 57964.74 |
| | Arkansas | 52213.93 | 52536.12 |
| | West Virginia | 52292.00 | 63566.33 |
| | Alabama | 54023.75 | 63252.25 |

```
/* How does the average household income (mean and median) vary by area type
(e.g., urban, rural), considering only types with more than 100 records */
```

```
SELECT Type, COUNT(Type), ROUND(AVG(Mean), 2) AS avg_mean,
ROUND(AVG(Median), 2) AS avg_median
FROM us_household_income AS ui
INNER JOIN ushousehold_income_statistics AS us
ON ui.id = us.id
WHERE Mean <> 0
GROUP BY Type
HAVING COUNT(Type) > 100
ORDER BY avg_mean DESC;
```

| | Type | COUNT(Type) | avg_mean | avg_median |
|---|---------|-------------|----------|------------|
| ► | Borough | 129 | 68594.42 | 73384.01 |
| | Track | 28939 | 68145.13 | 86925.27 |
| | CDP | 962 | 64623.28 | 116376.62 |
| | Village | 388 | 61548.64 | 72316.70 |
| | City | 1055 | 58220.77 | 64850.37 |
| | Town | 473 | 55194.11 | 63846.64 |

```
-- Which cities in the US have the highest average household income --
SELECT ui.State_Name, City, ROUND(AVG(Mean), 2) AS avg_mean
FROM us_household_income AS ui
INNER JOIN ushousehold_income_statistics AS us
ON ui.id = us.id
GROUP BY ui.State_Name, City
ORDER BY avg_mean DESC;
```

| | State_Name | City | avg_mean |
|---|--------------|----------------|-----------|
| ▶ | Alaska | Delta Junction | 242857.00 |
| | New Jersey | Short Hills | 216503.00 |
| | Pennsylvania | Narberth | 194426.00 |
| | Maryland | Chevy Chase | 194157.50 |
| | Connecticut | Darien | 192882.00 |
| | Virginia | Great Falls | 192103.50 |

```
-- City Size vs Income --
SELECT ui.State_Name, City, ALand, ROUND(AVG(Mean), 2) AS avg_mean_income
FROM us_household_income AS ui
JOIN ushousehold_income_statistics AS us ON ui.id = us.id
GROUP BY ui.State_Name, City, ALand
ORDER BY avg_mean_income DESC;
```

| | State_Name | City | ALand | avg_mean_income |
|---|--------------|----------------|----------|-----------------|
| ▶ | Pennsylvania | West Chester | 604077 | 242857.00 |
| | California | San Diego | 1961071 | 242857.00 |
| | Alaska | Delta Junction | 18298887 | 242857.00 |
| | Alabama | Odenville | 27893577 | 242857.00 |
| | New Jersey | Short Hills | 9094477 | 216503.00 |
| | New York | Bronxville | 1805685 | 209392.00 |

Author - Kiran Kumar N C