# Local Maximum from Mesh Data



# **OBJECTIVE**

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To create a code to find the local maxima mesh from the given mesh data based on the Element value of each mesh.

Fig.1 shows a sample mesh data in 3D, with material Yield Strength as element value. This code can be used as a generic function to find the local media of any mesh data like Yield Strength, temperature, Endurance Data etc.

# **Input Data**

### Input contains three files

File number one contains Element ID with the values of each Elements Second File contains element ID with its nodes(By Node ID) where it got created Third File contain the coordinates of each Node.

Element ID	<b>Element Value</b>	Nodes
E <sub>1</sub>	18	N26, N27, N28
E <sub>2</sub>	14	N1, N26, N27
E <sub>3</sub>	20	N1, N2, N26
E <sub>4</sub>	10	N1, N19, N27
E <sub>5</sub>	13	N26, N28, N29
E <sub>6</sub>	11	N2, N25, N26
E <sub>7</sub>	10	N24, N26, N30
E <sub>8</sub>	9	N26, N29, N30

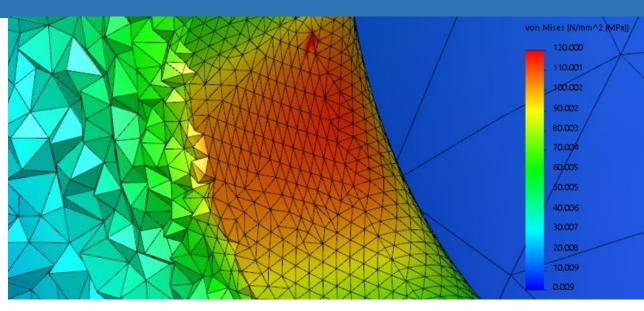
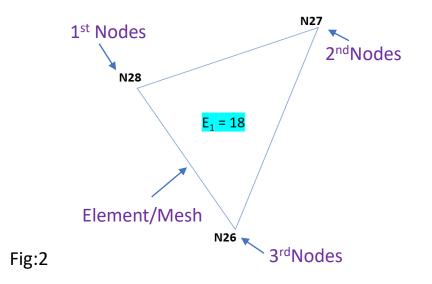
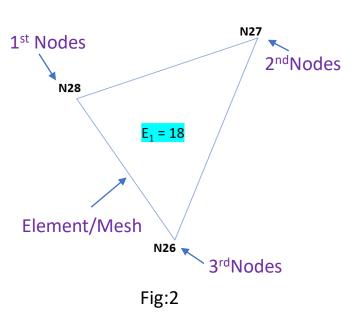


Fig:1



# Representative Mesh Data

This slide uses a dummy mesh data with imaginative values for better understanding.



Above is the sample of an element/mesh and its nodes from the dummy mesh data(*Fig.3*).

Element =  $E_1$ 

**Element Value** = 18

Nodes for  $E_1 = N26$ , N27, N28

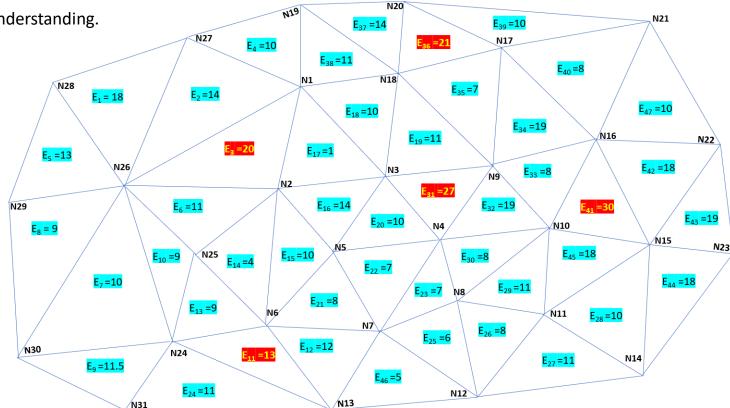


Fig:3

### **Local Maxima/Hot\_Spot**

An element whose value is higher than the neighbouring elements value.

In Fig. 1, the Elements/Mesh  $E_3$ ,  $E_{13}$ ,  $E_{27}$ ,  $E_{27}$ ,  $E_{30}$  are the Local maxima or Hot\_spots in the sample data.