Libraries

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
import requests
import time
```

Reading in Data

Product 1: Texas Instruments TI-83 Plus Graphing Calculator

```
In [2]: # initialzing df
    eBay_1 = []
    eBay_1 = pd.DataFrame(eBay_1)

# initialzing lists
    stars = []
    content = []
    titles = []

In [3]: # Getting page base and making list of links to the reviews

page_base = 'https://www.ebay.com/urw/Texas-Instruments-TI-83-Plus-Graphing-Calculator/p
    total_pages = 208
    links = []

for link in range(1,total_pages):
        links.append(page_base+str(link))
```

Initially, we pulled the links directly through the html and looped through, but the initial page only provided the first 7 pages of reviews. This was the easiest way around this issue.

```
In [4]: # Filling lists with data from Web Scrape

for page in links:
    r = requests.get(page)
    #time.sleep(1)
    soup = BeautifulSoup(r.text, 'html.parser')

for star in soup.find_all('div', class_='ebay-review-section-l'):
        stars.append(star.find('span', 'star-rating')['aria-label'])

for review_content in soup.find_all('p', class_= 'review-item-content rvw-wrap-spac content.append(review_content.text)

for review_title in soup.find_all('h3', class_= 'review-item-title rvw-nowrap-space titles.append(review_title.text)
```

```
In [5]: # Putting list into Data Frame

eBay_1['Review Title'] = titles
#eBay['Review Content'] = content
eBay_1['Stars'] = stars
eBay_1['Item'] = 'Texas Instruments TI-83 Plus Graphing Calculator'
```

A user must include a title in their review, but content is not needed. This creates a different amount of content items than titles and stars. This results in us having to use titles as our source of text, as there is no way to know which reviews have content in their review or not.

Product 2: Apple AirPods Pro Left Airpod OEM Left Side Airpods Pro Only

```
In [6]: # initialzing df
        eBay 2 = []
        eBay 2 = pd.DataFrame(eBay 2)
        # initilazing lists
        stars = []
        titles = []
In [7]: # Getting page base and making list of links to the reviews
        page base = 'https://www.ebay.com/urw/Apple-AirPods-Pro-Wireless-In-Ear-Headsets-White/p
        total pages = 230
        links = []
        for link in range(1, total pages):
            links.append(page base+str(link))
In [8]: # Filling lists with data from Web Scrape
        for page in links:
            r = requests.get(page)
            #time.sleep(1)
            soup = BeautifulSoup(r.text, 'html.parser')
            for star in soup.find all('div', class ='ebay-review-section-l'):
                stars.append(star.find('span','star-rating')['aria-label'])
            for review title in soup.find all('h3', class = 'review-item-title rvw-nowrap-space
                titles.append(review title.text)
In [9]: # Putting list into Data Frame
        eBay 2['Review Title'] = titles
        eBay 2['Stars'] = stars
        eBay 2['Item'] = 'Apple AirPods Pro Left Airpod OEM Left Side Airpods Pro Only'
```

Product 3: Sony PS5 Console w/ Blu-Ray Disc

total pages = 194

links = []

```
In [10]: # initialzing df
eBay_3 = []
eBay_3 = pd.DataFrame(eBay_3)

# initilazing lists
stars = []
titles = []
In [11]: # Getting page base and making list of links to the reviews

page base = 'https://www.ebay.com/urw/Sony-PS5-Blu-Ray-Edition-Console-White/product-rev
```

```
links.append(page base+str(link))
        # Filling lists with data from Web Scrape
In [12]:
         for page in links:
            r = requests.get(page)
             # time.sleep(1)
             soup = BeautifulSoup(r.text, 'html.parser')
             for star in soup.find all('div', class ='ebay-review-section-l'):
                 stars.append(star.find('span','star-rating')['aria-label'])
             for review_title in soup.find_all('h3', class_ = 'review-item-title rvw-nowrap-space
                 titles.append(review title.text)
In [13]: # Putting list into Data Frame
         eBay 3['Review Title'] = titles
         eBay 3['Stars'] = stars
         eBay 3['Item'] = 'Sony PS5 Console w/ Blu-Ray Disc'
        Product 4: Super Bright 90000LM LED Tactical Flashlight Zoomable With
        Rechargeable Battery
In [14]: # initialzing df
         eBay 4 = []
         eBay 4 = pd.DataFrame(eBay_4)
         # initilazing lists
         stars = []
         titles = []
In [15]: # Getting page base and making list of links to the reviews
         page base = 'https://www.ebay.com/urw/Garberiel-AF20171221-8000-Lumens-Tactical-Flashlig
         total pages = 41
         links = []
         for link in range(1,total pages):
             links.append(page base+str(link))
In [16]: # Filling lists with data from Web Scrape
         for page in links:
            r = requests.get(page)
             #time.sleep(1)
            soup = BeautifulSoup(r.text, 'html.parser')
             for star in soup.find_all('div', class ='ebay-review-section-l'):
                 stars.append(star.find('span','star-rating')['aria-label'])
             for review title in soup.find all('h3', class = 'review-item-title rvw-nowrap-space
                 titles.append(review title.text)
In [17]: # Putting list into Data Frame
         eBay 4['Review Title'] = titles
```

for link in range(1, total pages):

```
eBay_4['Stars'] = stars
eBay_4['Item'] = 'Super Bright 90000LM LED Tactical Flashlight Zoomable With Rechargeabl
```

Product 5: Canon PIXMA MG2520 All-In-One Inkjet Printer

```
# initialzing df
In [18]:
         eBay 5 = []
         eBay 5 = pd.DataFrame(eBay 5)
         # initilazing lists
         stars = []
         titles = []
In [19]: # Getting page base and making list of links to the reviews
         page base = 'https://www.ebay.com/urw/Canon-PIXMA-MG2520-All-In-One-Inkjet-Printer/produ
         total pages = 42
         links = []
         for link in range(1,total pages):
             links.append(page base+str(link))
In [20]: | # Filling lists with data from Web Scrape
         for page in links:
            r = requests.get(page)
             # time.sleep(1)
             soup = BeautifulSoup(r.text, 'html.parser')
             for star in soup.find all('div', class ='ebay-review-section-l'):
                 stars.append(star.find('span','star-rating')['aria-label'])
             for review title in soup.find all('h3', class = 'review-item-title rvw-nowrap-space
                 titles.append(review title.text)
In [21]: # Putting list into Data Frame
         eBay 5['Review Title'] = titles
         eBay 5['Stars'] = stars
         eBay 5['Item'] = 'Canon PIXMA MG2520 All-In-One Inkjet Printer'
In [22]: # Combining data to get one data frame
         eBay = pd.concat([eBay 1, eBay 2, eBay 3, eBay 4, eBay 5], ignore index=True)
         eBay.reset index(drop = True, inplace = True)
In [23]: # Binning reviews for predictive modeling
         is positive = []
         for stars in eBay['Stars']:
             if stars == '5 stars' or stars == '4 stars':
                 is positive.append(1)
             else:
                 is positive.append(0)
         eBay['Is Positive?'] = is positive
         # What the final dataframe looks like
In [24]:
```

eBav

	Review Title	Stars	Item	Is_Positive?
0	Nice item- as we used to say: "Works fine, las	5 stars	Texas Instruments TI-83 Plus Graphing Calculator	1
1	Cheap	3 stars	Texas Instruments TI-83 Plus Graphing Calculator	0
2	Texas Instruments TI-83 Plus Graphic Calculator	4 stars	Texas Instruments TI-83 Plus Graphing Calculator	1
3	TI-83	4 stars	Texas Instruments TI-83 Plus Graphing Calculator	1
4	Handy calculator, solid and functional	4 stars	Texas Instruments TI-83 Plus Graphing Calculator	1
•••				
7098	is so so	5 stars	Canon PIXMA MG2520 All-In-One Inkjet Printer	1
7099	Nice printer great price	5 stars	Canon PIXMA MG2520 All-In-One Inkjet Printer	1
7100	like it	5 stars	Canon PIXMA MG2520 All-In-One Inkjet Printer	1
7101	PERFECT	5 stars	Canon PIXMA MG2520 All-In-One Inkjet Printer	1
7102	Excelente	5 stars	Canon PIXMA MG2520 All-In-One Inkjet Printer	1

7103 rows × 4 columns

Out[24]:

Calculating Descriptive Statistics on the Data

Importing Useful Functions

```
from string import punctuation
In [26]:
         from nltk.corpus import stopwords
         import re
         import emoji
         # Some punctuation variations
         punctuation = set(punctuation) # speeds up comparison
         tw punct = punctuation - {"#"}
         # Stopwords
         sw = stopwords.words("english")
         # Two useful regex
         whitespace pattern = re.compile(r"\s+")
         hashtag pattern = re.compile(r"^{\#}[0-9a-zA-Z]+")
         # full set of emojis
         all language emojis = set()
         for country in emoji.UNICODE EMOJI :
             for em in emoji.UNICODE EMOJI[country] :
                all language emojis.add(em)
```

```
def descriptive stats(tokens, num tokens = 5, verbose=True) :
                 Given a list of tokens, print number of tokens, number of unique tokens,
                number of characters, lexical diversity (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lexical d
                 and num tokens most common tokens. Return a list with the number of tokens, numb
                 of unique tokens, lexical diversity, and number of characters.
             .....
             # Fill in the correct values here.
             tokes = tokens.split()
            num tokens = sum(map(len, (s.split() for s in tokes)))
             num unique tokens = len(set(w.lower() for w in tokes))
             lexical diversity = num unique tokens / num tokens
             num characters = sum(list(map(len, tokes)))
             if verbose :
                 print(f"There are {num tokens} tokens in the data.")
                 print(f"There are {num unique tokens} unique tokens in the data.")
                 print(f"There are {num characters} characters in the data.")
                 print(f"The lexical diversity is {lexical diversity:.3f} in the data.")
                 # print the five most common tokens
             return([num tokens, num unique tokens,
                     lexical diversity,
                     num characters])
In [27]:
        #other useful functions from previous modules
         def is emoji(s):
            return(s in all language emojis)
         def contains emoji(s):
             s = str(s)
             emojis = [ch for ch in s if is emoji(ch)]
             return(len(emojis) > 0)
         def remove stop(tokens) :
             # modify this function to remove stopwords
             tokens wo sw = []
            for w in tokens:
                 if w.lower() not in sw:
                     tokens wo sw.append(w)
             return(tokens wo sw)
         def remove punctuation(text, punct set=tw punct):
             for ele in text:
                 if ele in punct set:
                    text = text.replace(ele, "")
             return(text)
         def tokenize(text) :
             """ Splitting on whitespace rather than the book's tokenize function. That
                 function will drop tokens like '#hashtag' or '2A', which we need for Twitter. ""
             # modify this function to return tokens
             text = text.split()
             return (text)
```

In [25]: #function to calculate descriptive stats

def prepare(text, pipeline) :

```
tokens = str(text)

for transform in pipeline :
    tokens = transform(tokens)

return(tokens)
```

Clean and Tokenize the Data

```
In [33]: my_pipeline = [str.lower, remove_punctuation, tokenize, remove_stop]
In [42]: clean_eBay = []

for review in range(len(eBay)):
    temp = prepare(eBay['Review Title'][review], my_pipeline)
    clean_eBay.append(temp)
```

Run Descriptive_Stats on our Dataset

```
In [45]: descriptive_stats(str(clean_eBay), verbose=True)

There are 16880 tokens in the data.
There are 3480 unique tokens in the data.
There are 160628 characters in the data.
The lexical diversity is 0.206 in the data.
[16880, 3480, 0.20616113744075829, 160628]
In [274... # Reading DataFrame into CSV

eBay.to_csv('C:/Users/mzazu/OneDrive/Documents/USD papers/509/eBay.csv', index=False)
```