DBMS - Mini Project CAR Showroom Management System

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V Semester Section D

Short Description and Scope of the Project

Car Showroom inventory management system helps to organize the data of available inventory and details of multiple branches of the showroom and cars with ease. It also enables to keep a deatiled record of customer along with the car they have purchased

With the growing digitization, having a digital automated solution for data management is extremely important. It not only helps you manage your data without human interference but also connects with other modules of the management software to allow better organization of different tasks and functions of your business.

The database contains the following tables with attributes:

SHOWROOM

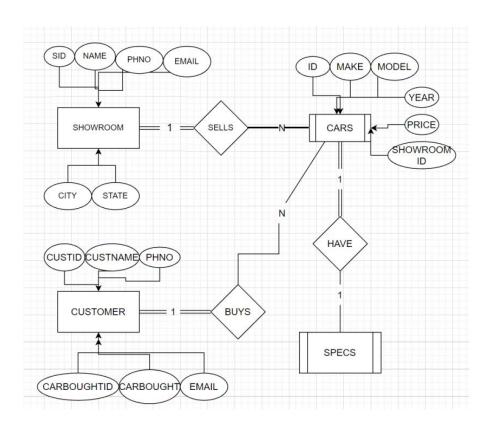
- Name
- Showroom id
- State
- City
- Email id
- Phone number

CARS

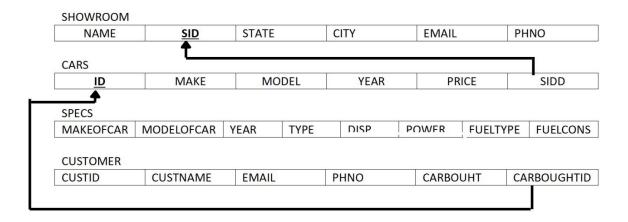
- Car id
- Make
- Model
- Year
- Price

- Showroom ID
- SPECS
 - MAKEOFCAR
 - MODELOFCAR
 - YEAROFCAR
 - TYPE
 - DISP
 - POWER
 - FUELTYPE
 - FUELCONS
- CUSTOMER
 - CUSTID
 - CUSTNAME
 - EMAIL
 - PHNO
 - CARBOUGHT
 - CARBOUGHTID

ER Diagram



Relational Schema



DDL statements - Building the database

CREATING DATABASE:

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS SHOWROOM (NAME varchar(30),SID varchar(13) PRIMARY KEY, STATE varchar(20),CITY varchar(20),EMAIL varchar(50),PHNO varchar(10))
```

2)

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS CARS (ID varchar(30) PRIMARY KEY,
MAKE varchar(30), MODEL varchar(30), YEAR varchar(4), PRICE
varchar(20), SIDD varchar(13), FOREIGN KEY(SIDD) REFERENCES
SHOWROOM(SID))

3)

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS SPECS (MAKEOFCAR varchar(10),MODELOFCAR varchar(30),YEAROFCAR varchar(4),TYPE varchar(10),DISP varchar(20),POWER varchar(20),FUELTYPE varchar(20),FUELCONS varchar(20))
```

<u>4)</u>

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS CUSTOMER (CUSTID varchar(10),CUSTNAME varchar(30),EMAIL varchar(40),PHNO varchar(10),CARBOUGHT varchar(20),FOREIGN KEY(CARBOUGHTID) REFERENCES CARS(ID))

Populating the Database

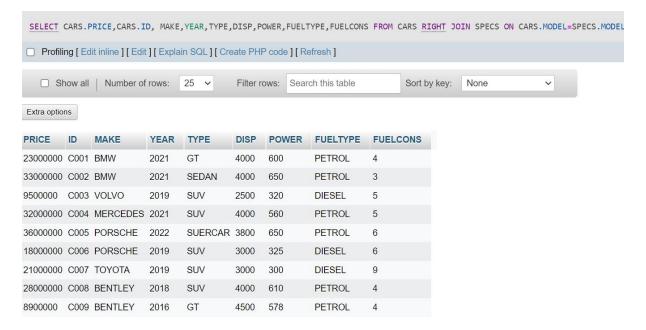
POPULATED the database using the streamlit frontend application

Join Queries

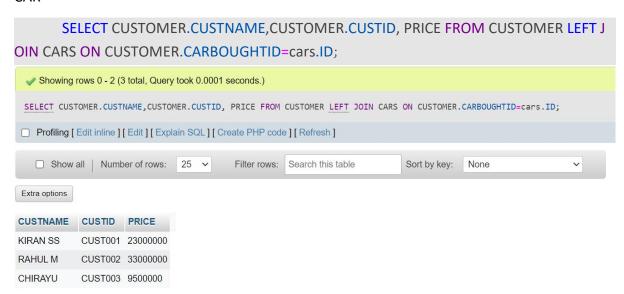
Showcase at least 4 join queries Write the query in English Language, Show the equivalent SQL statement and also a screenshot of the query and the results

1) QUERY to display the PRICE AND DETAILS of each car in a showroom

SELECT CARS.PRICE,CARS.ID, MAKE,YEAR,TYPE,DISP,POWER,FUELTYPE,FUELCONS FR OM CARS RIGHT JOIN SPECS ON CARS.MODEL=SPECS.MODELOFCAR;

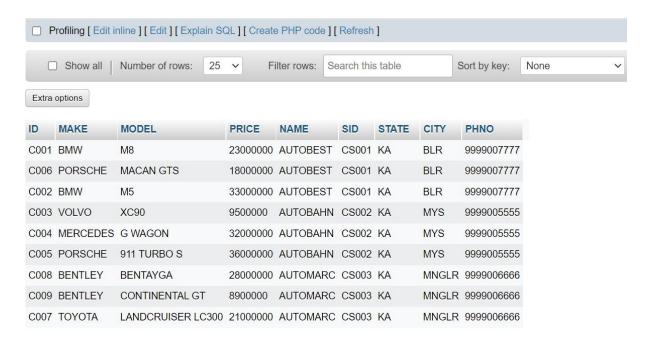


2) QUERY TO DISPLAY NAME OF CUSTOMER WHO BOUGHT A CAR AND THE PRICE OF THE CAR



3) QUERY TO DISPLAY CAR ACCORDING TO THE SHOWROOM IN WHICH THEY ARE AVAILABLE

SELECT CARS.ID,CARS.MAKE,CARS.MODEL,CARS.PRICE,NAME,SID,STATE,CITY,PHNO FROM C ARS LEFT JOIN SHOWROOM ON CARS.SIDD=SHOWROOM.SID ORDER BY showroom.SID;



4) QUESRY TO DISPLAY CARS BOUGHT BY CUSTOMER

SELECT CUSTOMER.CUSTNAME, CUSTOMER.CUSTID, CUSTOMER.PHNO, CUSTOMER.EMAIL, M AKE, MODEL, YEAR, PRICE FROM CUSTOMER RIGHT JOIN CARS ON CUSTOMER.CARBOUGHTID =CARS.ID ORDER BY CUSTOMER.CUSTID;



Aggregate Functions

Showcase at least 4 Aggregate function queries Write the query in English Language, Show the equivalent SQL statement and also a screenshot of the query and the results

1) QUERY TO DISPLAY NUMBER OF CARS BOUGHT BY EACH CUSTOMER

SELECT customer.CUSTNAME, count(*) as COUNT FROM CUSTOMER GROUP BY customer.C USTNAME;



2) QUERY TO DISPLAY THE AVERAGE PRICE OF CAR PER TYPE OF CAR

ALTER TABLE CARS MODIFY PRICE int;

SELECT specs.TYPE,AVG(CARS.PRICE) FROM CARS RIGHT JOIN SPECS ON CARS.MODEL=SPEC S.MODELOFCAR GROUP BY SPECS.TYPE;



3) QUERY TO DISPLAY THE MAX &MIN VALUE OF A CAR ACCORDING TO TYPE

SELECT specs.TYPE,AVG(CARS.PRICE),MAX(CARS.PRICE),MIN(CARS.PRICE) FROM CARS RIGHT JOIN SPECS ON CARS.MODEL=SPECS.MODELOFCAR GROUP BY SPECS.TYPE;

TYPE	AVG(CARS.PRICE)	MAX(CARS.PRICE)	MIN(CARS.PRICE)
GT	15950000.0000	23000000	8900000
SEDAN	33000000.0000	33000000	33000000
SUERCAR	36000000.0000	36000000	36000000
SUV	21700000.0000	32000000	9500000

4) QUERY TO FIND THE NUMBER OF CARS EACH SHOWROOM HAS

select showroom.NAME, count(*) as Count from showroom NATURAL join CARS WHERE sho wroom.SID=cars.SIDD group by showroom.SID;



Set Operations

Showcase at least 4 Set Operations queries Write the query in English Language, Show the equivalent SQL statement and also a screenshot of the query and the results

1) QUERY TO FIND LIST OF CUSTOMERS WHO HAVE EITHER AN SUV OR A SUPERCAR

select customer.CUSTNAME from (CUSTOMER NATURAL join CARS) NATURAL join specs whe re specs.TYPE='SUV' UNION select customer.CUSTNAME from (CUSTOMER NATURAL join CARS) NATURAL join specs where specs.TYPE='SUPERCAR';



2) QUERY TO FIND LIST OF CUSTOMERS WHO HAVE A BMW AND A FERRARI

SELECT CUSTNAME, CARBOUGHT FROM customer FULL JOIN cars WHERE CARBOUGHT LIKE '
%BMW%' GROUP BY CARBOUGHT UNION SELECT CUSTNAME, CARBOUGHT FROM customer
FULL JOIN cars WHERE CARBOUGHT LIKE '%FERRARI%' GROUP BY CARBOUGHT;

CARBOUGHT
BMW M5
BMW M8
FERRARI 812 SUPERFAS
FERRARI F8 TRIBUTO

3) QUERY TO FIND ALL SUVS WITH DISP>3000cc

SELECT MODELOFCAR, MAKEOFCAR, TYPE FROM SPECS WHERE TYPE='SUV' INTERSECT SELEC T MODELOFCAR, MAKEOFCAR, TYPE FROM SPECS WHERE DISP>'3000';

MODELOFCAR	MAKEOFCAR	TVDE
WODELOFCAR	MAREOFCAR	TYPE
G WAGON	MERCEDES	SUV
BENTAYGA	BENTLEY	SUV
MODEL X	TESLA	SUV

Functions and Procedures

Create a Function and Procedure. State the objective of the function / Procedure. Run and display the results

1) FUNCTION TO CALCULATE SERVICE COST ACCORDING TO THE CAR

DELIMITER \$\$

CREATE FUNCTION getservicecost(POWER INT) RETURNS int

BEGIN

DECLARE COST INT;

IF POWER>=600 THEN

SET COST=((10000-2000)*3+4000);

ELSEIF DISP<600 THEN

POWER COST=((10000-4000)*3+2000);

END IF;

RETURN COST;

END

\$\$

DELIMITER

ALTER TABLE SPECS MODIFY POWER INT

SELECT MODELOFCAR, POWER, getservicecost (POWER) AS SERVICECOST FROM specs;

MODELOFCAR	POWER	SERVICECOST
M5	650	28000
XC90	320	20000
G WAGON	560	20000
911 TURBO S	650	28000
MACAN GTS	325	20000
LANDCRUISER LC300	300	20000
BENTAYGA	610	28000
CONTINENTAL GT	578	20000
HURACAN 580-2	580	20000
HURACAN 610-4	610	28000
812 SUPERFAST	820	28000
F8 TRIBUTO	760	28000
MODEL X	1000	28000
MODEL S	1000	28000
ONE-77	770	28000
A45 AMG	450	20000
S JCW	330	20000
GT	750	28000

Triggers and Cursors

Create a Trigger and a Cursor. State the objective. Run and display the results.

1) TRIGGER TO MAKE SURE THAT ANY NEW CAR INSERTED SHOULD HAVE A PRICE OF MORE THAT 100,000

```
DELIMITER $$
CREATE TRIGGER check_price
AFTER INSERT
ON cars FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
DECLARE error_msg VARCHAR(255);
declare val int;
SET error_msg = ('The cost cannot be less than 100000.');
SET val=(select PRICE from CARS where ID=new.ID);
IF val<100000 THEN
SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'
SET MESSAGE TEXT = error msg;
DELETE FROM CARS WHERE ID=new.ID;
END IF;
END $$
DELIMITER;
```

```
Error

SQL query: Copy

INSERT INTO CARS VALUES('C020','TATA','INDICA','2007','80000','CS001');

MySQL said: 

#1644 - The cost cannot be less than 100000.
```

```
1 row inserted. (Query took 0.0002 seconds.)

INSERT INTO CARS VALUES ('C020', 'HONDA', 'CITY', '2017', '8000000', 'CS001');

[Edit inline] [Edit] [Create PHP code]
```

1) Procedure that backups the contents of the cars table to the backup table using cursors:

```
DELIMITER //
CREATE PROCEDURE carbackup()
BEGIN
DECLARE done INT DEFAULT 0;
DECLARE SID varchar(25);
DECLARE Fname, Lname, Gender, Street, City VARCHAR(255);
DECLARE ID varchar(30);
DECLARE MAKE varchar(30);
DECLARE MODEL varchar(30);
DECLARE YEAR varchar(30);
DECLARE PRICE int;
DECLARE SIDD varchar(13);
DECLARE cur CURSOR FOR SELECT * FROM cars;
DECLARE CONTINUE HANDLER FOR NOT FOUND SET done = 1;
OPEN cur;
label: LOOP
FETCH cur INTO ID, MAKE, MODEL, YEAR, PRICE, SIDD
INSERT INTO backupcars VALUES(ID, MAKE, MODEL, YEAR, PRICE, SIDD);
IF done = 1 THEN LEAVE label;
END IF;
END LOOP;
CLOSE cur;
END//
DELIMITER;
```

