[System Programming] Assignment #4

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Assignment #4 (100 points)

- Due May 30, 2025: 11:59pm
- Platform
 - We will work on Ubuntu 22.10 (latest version)
 - https://releases.ubuntu.com/kinetic/ (Desktop image)
- If you use MAC, please use Docker Desktop on Mac
 - O https://docs.docker.com/desktop/install/mac-install/
- If you cannot make this environment, please contact our TA
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- Write a custom allocator that manages a heap area minimally
- Your allocator manages 128 bytes of a heap area

What you need to implement

A program that

- O allocates <u>128</u> bytes of a heap area and manages it (suppose that there is not enough memory you can use)
- O runs in an infinite while loop where it gets input from users through **stdin**
- oruns in a <u>**64-bit**</u> environment and follows the little-endian format

Users can request a type of data (which will be allocated in the heap area) and its value to the program, then the program <u>allocates</u> a room in the heap area and assigns the value to the room

 e.g., a user can request a struct which has 2 int types and specify values for each int type in the struct

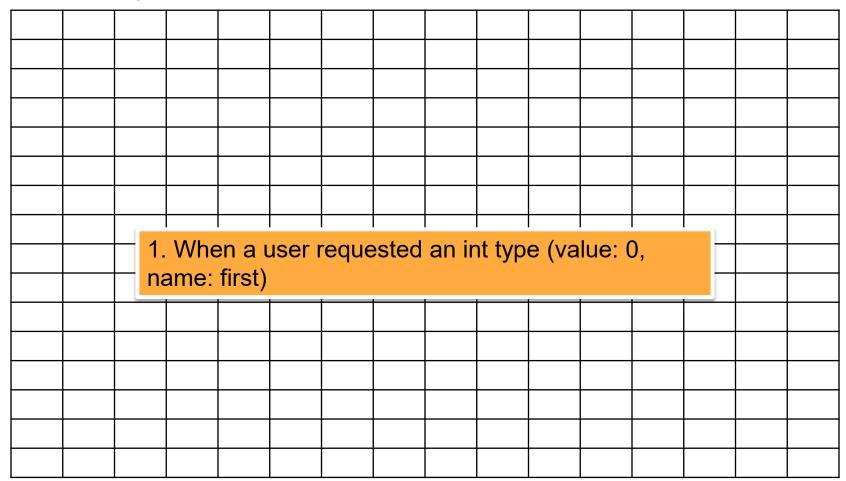
What you need to implement

- *There must be no padding bytes around any data in the heap area*
- *Also, there must be no padding bytes in any struct type data*

Also, users can request <u>deallocation</u> of any data

 When a deallocation of data requested, your program must move the other data to fill the hole (unless the data to be deallocated is stored at the last part of the heap area)

Your program must print out memory dump of the heap area and data list (see printing format section)



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name: second

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Types of data that your program supports

- Short $(0 \sim 2^{15} 1)$
- Char
- float
- Long $(0 \sim 2^{63} 1)$
- Int $(0 \sim 2^{31} 1)$
- Struct(which has above 5 data types and specific values)

Additional condition

- Length of name: 50
- A struct can contain a maximum of 8 types
 (e.g., 2 for int, 2 for short, and 4 for long)
- Struct cannot contain struct type
- You don't need to consider the negative number

Invalid input(or exception) handling

We will only consider these cases as exceptions.

- Overflow of **short**, **int**, and **long** type: when user requests the input which exceeds the range of the data type (refer to the range of 3 types on page 12)
- Overflow of **struct**: when user requests struct which exceeds the available memory size
- Invalid data type: when user requests invalid data type or unsupported data type
- Duplicated name: when user requests duplicated name already stored in memory
- Deallocating non-existent data: when user requests a deallocation of non-existent data

In these cases, program will return to the beginning without performing any operations on invalid requests, while maintaining the existing memory state (See page 22).



If there is not enough memory for the requested data

It should not be allowed!

Your program just prints out a string

"There is not enough memory for the data which you requre, you can only use X byte(s)"

e.g., There is not enough memory for the data, you can only use 1 byte(s)

When user requested an int type

When user requested a char type

```
Do you want to allocate data (1) or deallocate data (2) ?
Input the type of data you want to allocate and the name of the data
char char a
Please input a value for the data type
There is memory dump!
20 00 00 00 6b 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
----Data you have now----
int_a
char a
```

When user requested a float type

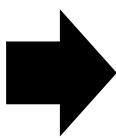
```
Do you want to allocate data (1) or deallocate data (2) ?
Input the type of data you want to allocate and the name of the data
float float a
Please input a value for the data type
There is memory dump!
20 00 00 00 6b 66 66 f6 40 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
----Data you have now----
int_a
char a
float a
```

When user requested a struct type which has short and float data types

```
Do you want to allocate data (1) or deallocate data (2) ?
Input the type of data you want to allocate and the name of the data
struct struct a
How many data should be in the struct
Please input each type and its value
short 9
float 7.7
There is memory dump!
20 00 00 00 6b 66 66 f6 40 09 00 66 66 f6 40 00
----Data you have now----
int a
char a
float a
struct a
```

When user requested a deallocation of float a

```
Do you want to allocate data (1) or deallocate data (2) ?
Input the type of data you want to allocate and the name of the data
struct struct a
How many data should be in the struct
Please input each type and its value
short 9
float 7.7
There is memory dumn!
20 00 00 00 6b 66 66 f6 40 09 00 66 66 f6 40 00
00 00 00 00 00 <del>00 00 00 00</del> 00 00 00 00 00 00
----Data you have now-----
int_a
char a
float a
struct a
```



```
Do you want to allocate data (1) or deallocate data (2) ?
Input the name of data you want to deallocate
float a
float_a has been deallocated
There is memory dump!
20 00 00 00 6b 09 00 66 66 f6 40 00 00 00 00 00
----Data you have now----
int a
char a
struct a
```

When there is not enough memory for the data

```
Do you want to allocate data (1) or deallocate data (2) ?

1
Input the type of data you want to allocate and the name of the data
[short short_b
There is not enough memory for the data which you require, you can only use 0 byte(s)
```

Do you want to allocate data (1) or deallocate data (2) ?

When there is invalid input or exception (e.g., overflow or invalid type)

```
Input the type of data you want to allocate and the name of the data int int_invalid
Please input a value for the data type

2147483648 Invalid input (Exceeds the range of 'int')
There is invalid input
Do you want to allocate data (1) or deallocate data (2) ?

Do you want to allocate data (1) or deallocate data (2) ?

Input the type of data you want to allocate and the name of the data shrt short_a Invalid type
Invalid type
Do you want to allocate data (1) or deallocate data (2) ?
```

Use this dump_mem function!

```
void dump mem(const void *mem, size t len) {
    const char *buffer = mem;
    size t i;
    for (i=0; i< len; i++) {
        if (i>0 && i%16 == 0) {
            printf("\n");
        printf("%02x ", buffer[i] & 0xff);
    puts("");
```

Submission

- You should submit your code with a code description that explains your code (i.e., comments in the file). In the description, your code must be well commented to explain your algorithm. Make your code .zip file with "StudentID_YourName.zip" and submit your .zip file on blackboard.

ex)

20195147_HongjunYang.zip

- assignment4.c // assignment4 code
- assignment4.h // assignment4 header file
- Makefile // Makefile
- report.pdf // assignment4 code description