#### GÖRAN KIRCHNER

### NOTES ON R

Packages

#### Visualization

#### 2.1 Data

movies <- read.csv("data/movies.csv")
head(movies)</pre>

Title	Year	Rating	Runtime	Critic.Score	Box.Office	Awards	International
The Whole Nine Yards	2000	R	98	45	57.3	FALSE	FALSE
Cirque du Soleil: Journey of Man	2000	G	39	45	13.4	TRUE	FALSE
Gladiator	2000	$\mathbf{R}$	155	76	187.3	TRUE	TRUE
Dinosaur	2000	PG	82	65	135.6	TRUE	FALSE
Big Momma's House	2000	PG-13	99	30	0.5	TRUE	TRUE
Gone in Sixty Seconds	2000	PG-13	118	24	101	TRUE	FALSE

#### 2.2 One Categorical Variable

#### 2.2.1 base

# Count of Movies by Rating G PG PG-13 R Rating

```
movies <- read.csv("data/movies.csv")
dotchart(
    x = table(movies$Rating),
    pch = 16,
    main = "Count of Movies by Rating",
    xlab = "Count of Movies",
    ylab = "Rating")</pre>
```

#### Count of Movies by Rating

```
PG-13

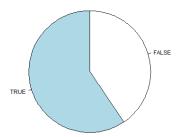
PG

PG

G

Count of Movies
```

#### Proportion of Movies that Won Awards

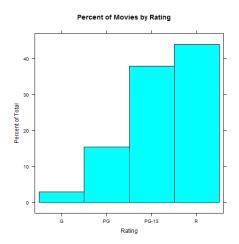


#### 2.2.2 lattice

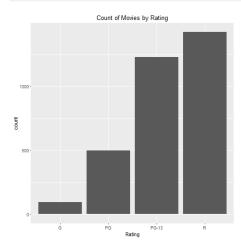
```
library(lattice)
# Create frequency table of ratings
movies <- read.csv("data/movies.csv")
table <- table(movies$Rating)
ratings <- as.data.frame(table)
names(ratings)[1] <- "Rating"
names(ratings)[2] <- "Count"
print(ratings)</pre>
```

Count
93
497
1225
1423

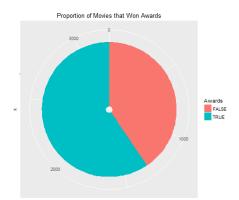
## 



#### 2.2.3 ggplot2



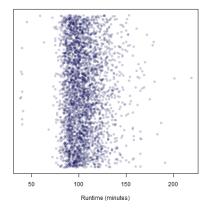




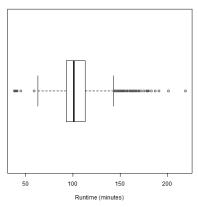
#### 2.3 One Numeric Variable

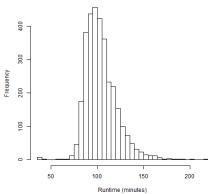
#### 2.3.1 base

#### Distribution of Movie Runtimes

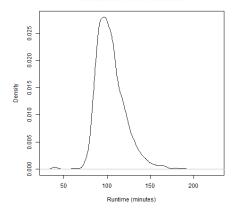


#### Distribution of Movie Runtimes



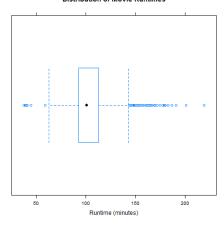


#### Distribution of Movie Runtimes

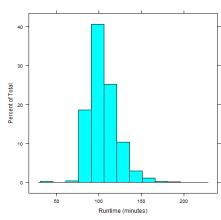


#### 2.3.2 lattice

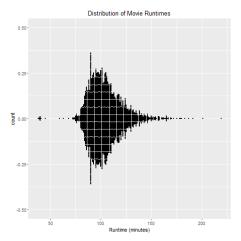
#### Distribution of Movie Runtimes

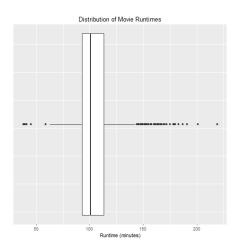


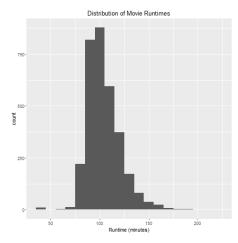
#### Distribution of Movie Runtimes

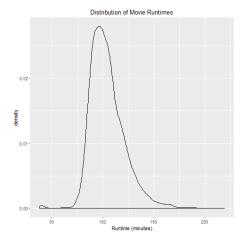


#### 2.3.3 ggplot2









- 2.4 Two Categorical Variables
- 2.5 Two Numeric Variables
- 2.6 Both a Categorical and a Numeric Variable
  - 2.7 Moving Beyond