

# Probability Events

← Single outcome

→ Set of outcomes - events

Occurrence

Probability

Uniform-space probability







Single outcomes

Uninteresting



Eventful



# Events

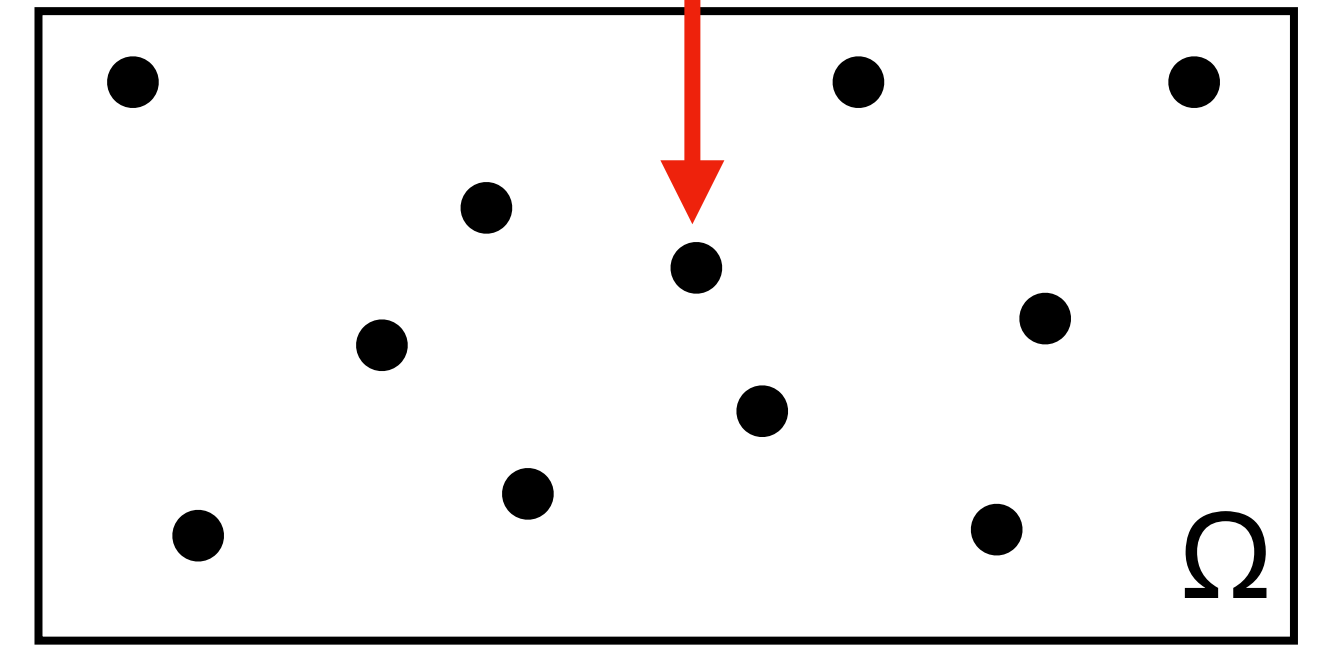
Sometimes

Care about **one particular outcome**

Temperature  
98.6 °F

Dow Jones will  
close at \$18,040

Get exactly  
B+ in class



Single **element** of  $\Omega$

Outcome

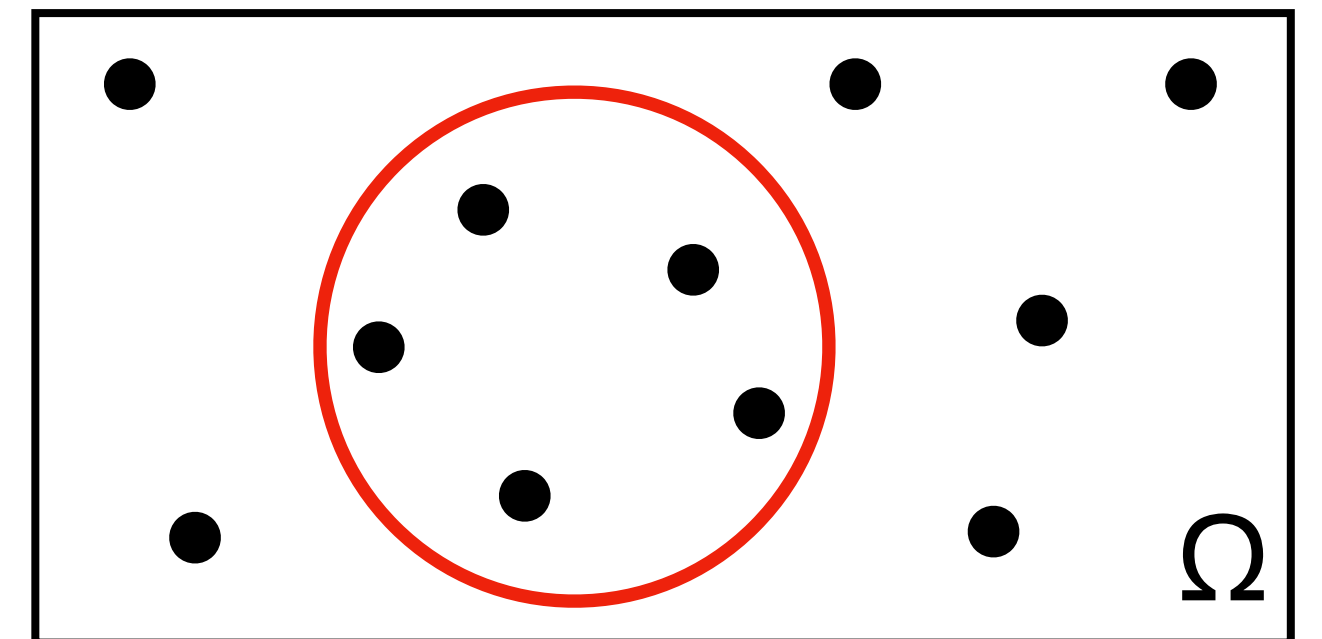
Usually

Interested in a **set of possible outcomes**

Temperature  
 $\neq$  98.6 °F

Stock will  
close higher

Pass the course



**Subset** of the space  $\Omega$

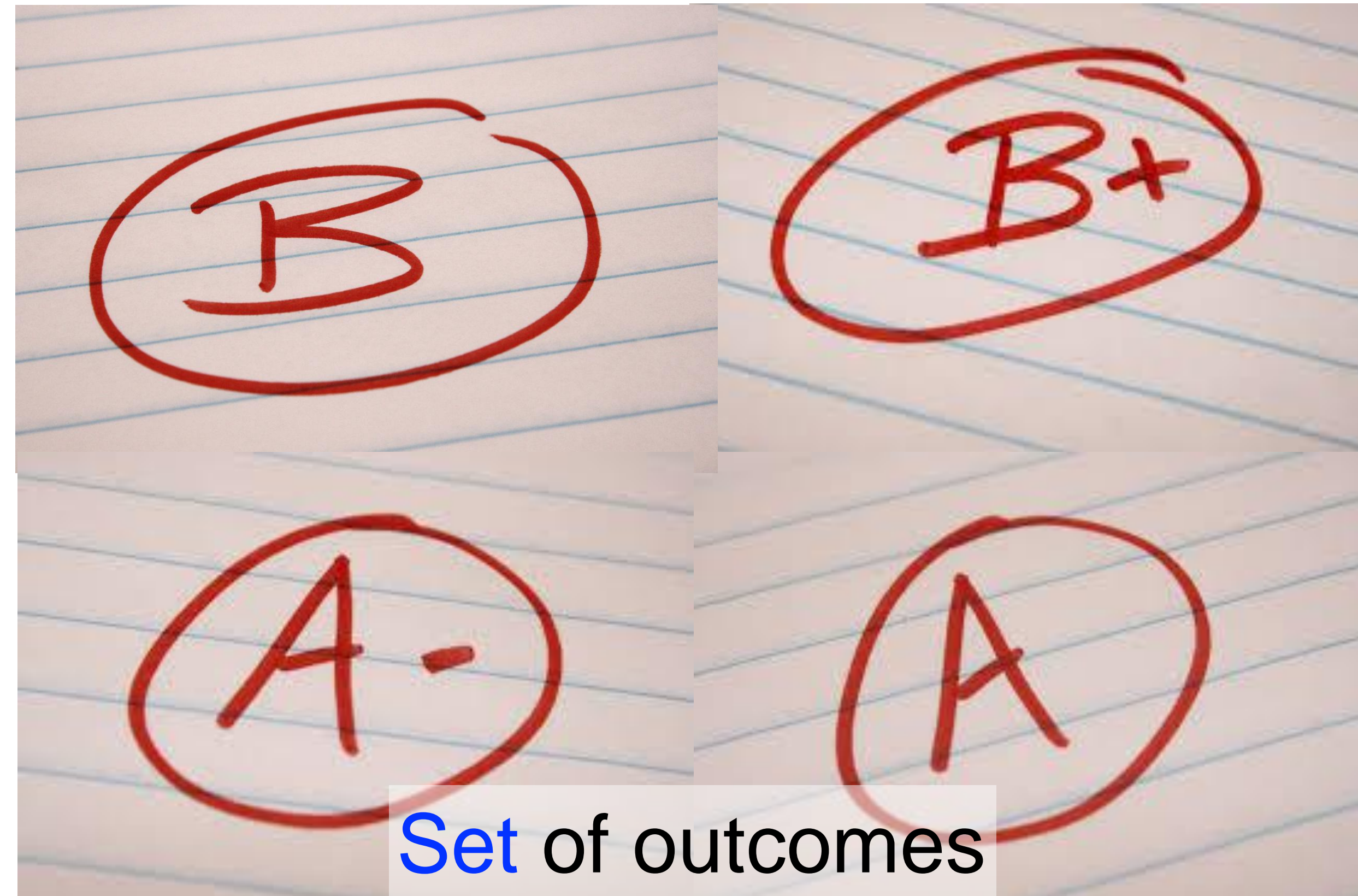
Event



# Event?

Social event

Probabilistic event





# Die Events

**Event** Subset of sample space  $\Omega$

**Die**  $\Omega = \{ 1, \dots, 6 \} \supseteq$  Event

Set	Name
$\{1, \dots, 6\}$	$\Omega$ (certain)
$\{2, 4, 6\}$	Even
$\{1, 4\}$	Square
$\{5, 6\}$	$\geq 5, > 4$
$\{1, 2, 5\}$	$\{1, 2, 5\}$

Complement

Set	Name
$\{\}$	$\emptyset$ (null)
$\{1, 3, 5\}$	Odd
$\{2, 3, 5, 6\}$	Non square
$\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$	$\leq 4, < 5$
$\{3, 4, 6\}$	$\{3, 4, 6\}$

# Tetrahedral Die

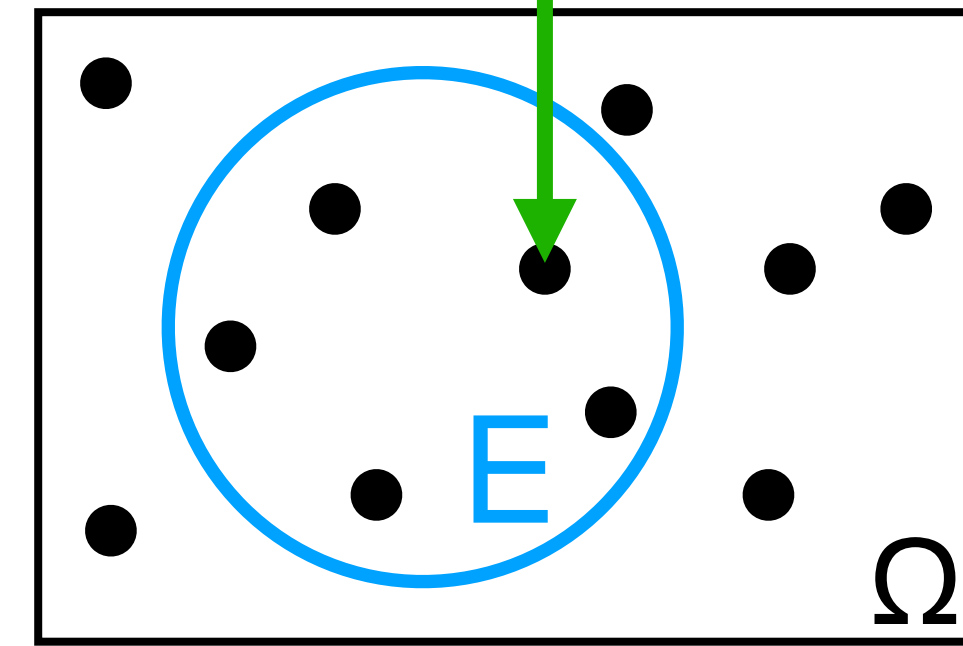
Face	1	2	3	4
Probability	.1	.2	.3	.4

Name	Set
$\Omega$ (certain)	{1,2,3,4}
Even	{2, 4}
Prime	{2, 3}
$\emptyset$ (null)	{ }

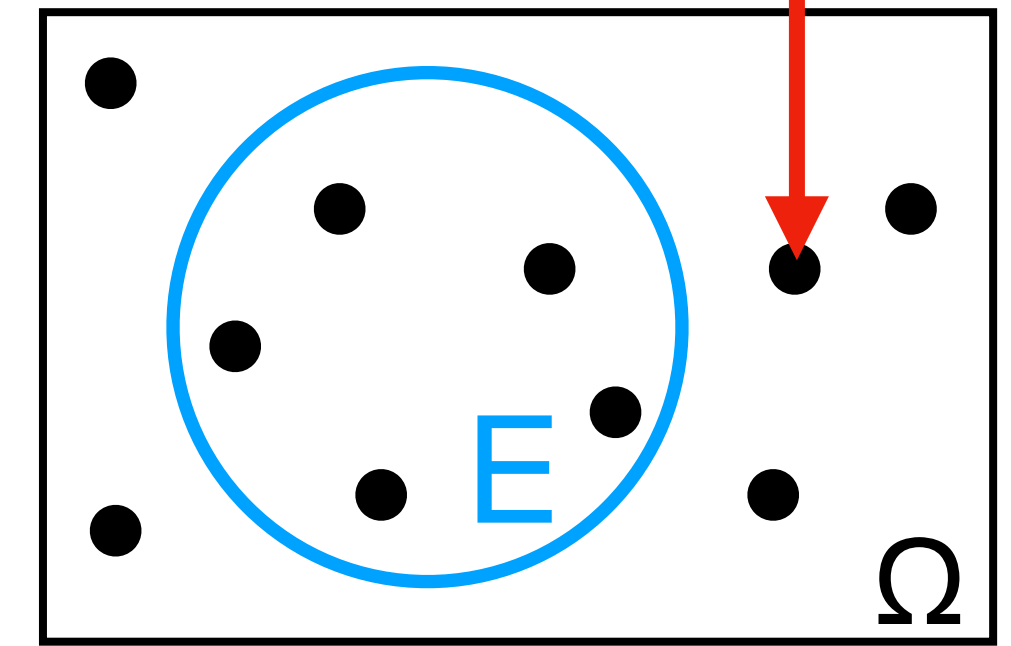
# Event Occurrence

An event **occurs**, or **happens**, if it contains the observed outcome

**E occurs** if  $X \in E$



E Occurred



E did not occur



Event	Subset	Outcome			
		1	2	3	4
$\Omega$ (certain)	$\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$				
Even	$\{2, 4\}$				
Prime	$\{2, 3\}$				
$\emptyset$ (null)	$\{\}$				





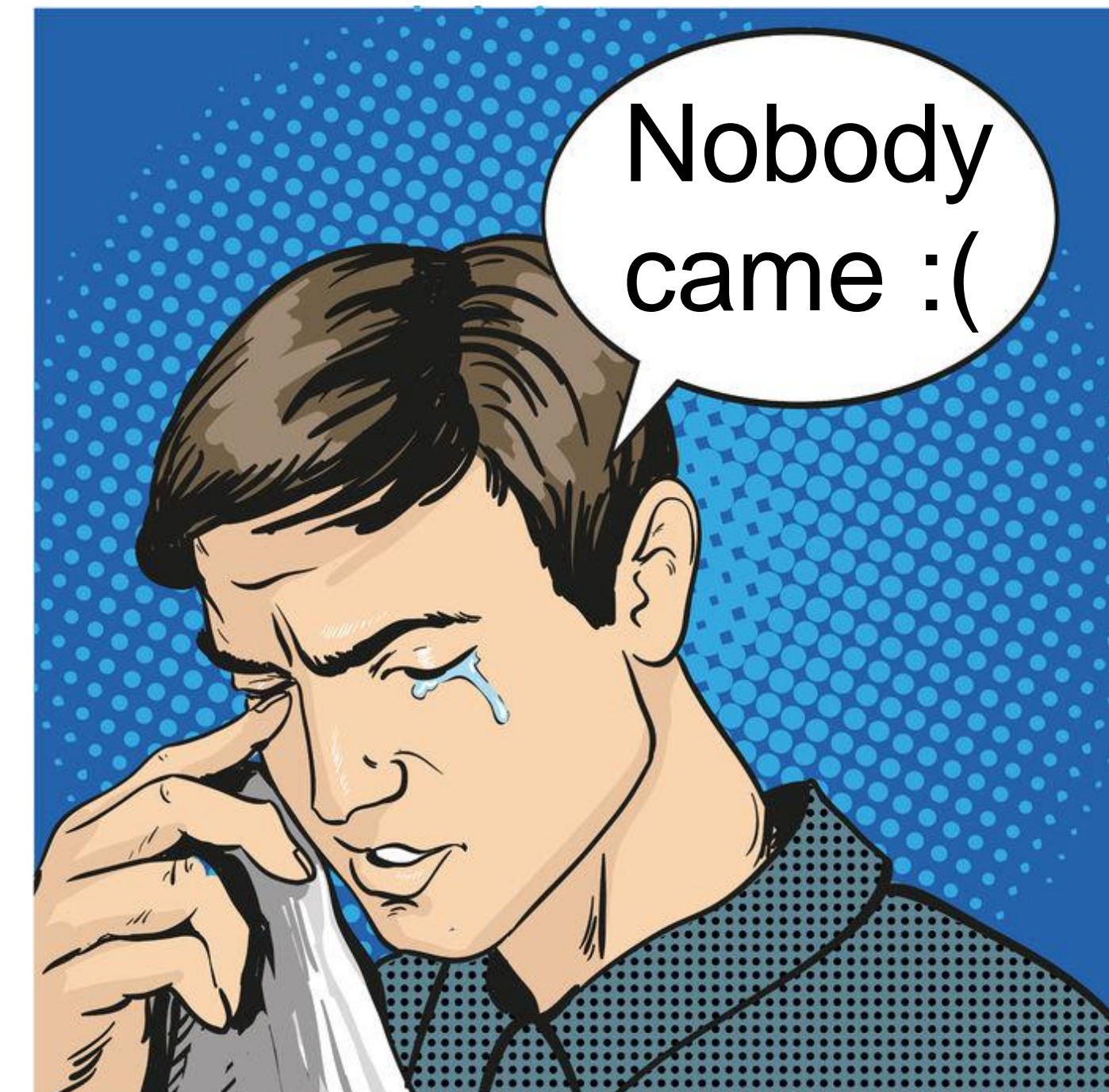
Difference between the following events?



Happened



Did not happen





# Event Probability

Probability of event E

$P(E)$

Probability that E occurs

$P(X \in E)$

Fraction of experiments where E occurs, as # experiments grows



Even



4

3



2

1



4

3

3



4



2



4

3



4

7

12

$$P(\text{Even}) \approx \text{fraction} = \frac{7}{12} \approx 0.583$$

Want

$P(E) = \text{Fraction}$

# experiments  $12 \rightarrow \infty$

General distributions and events



$$P(x) \rightarrow P(E)$$

Relate probability of event to probability of its elements (outcomes)



# times Even occurs = sum of # times 2 and 4 occur

$P(\text{Even})$  = fraction of times Even occurs  
= sum of fraction of times 2 and 4 occur =  $P(2) + P(4)$

**General  
Event E**

# times E occurs = sum of # times its elements occur

$P(E)$  = fraction of times E occurs  
= sum of fraction of times its elements occur  
= sum of its element probabilities

$$P(E) = P(X \in E) = \sum_{x \in E} P(x)$$



# Tetrahedral Die

Probability	.1	.2	.3	.4
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Event	Set	1	2	3	4	P(E)
$\Omega$ (certain)	{1,2,3,4}	✓	✓	✓	✓	$.1 + .2 + .3 + .4 = 1$
Even	{2, 4}	✗	✓	✗	✓	$.2 + .4 = .6$
Prime	{2, 3}	✗	✓	✓	✗	$.2 + .3 = .5$
$\emptyset$ (null)	{ }	✗	✗	✗	✗	0



# Uniform Spaces

Equiprobable spaces

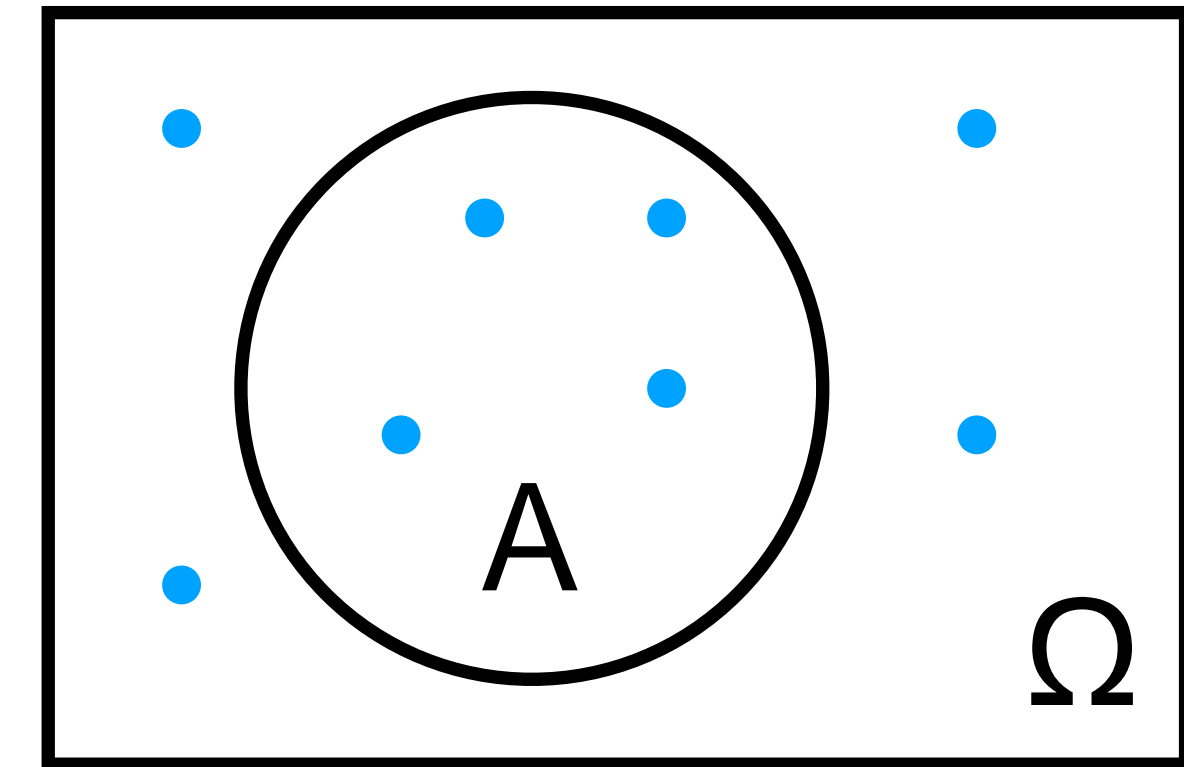
Simple formula for probability of

outcome

$$P(x) = \frac{1}{|\Omega|}$$

events?

$$P(E) = \sum_{x \in E} P(x) \stackrel{\text{Uniform}}{=} \sum_{x \in E} \frac{1}{|\Omega|} = \frac{\sum_{x \in E} 1}{|\Omega|} = \frac{|E|}{|\Omega|}$$



Die



$$\Omega = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$$

$$|\Omega| = 6$$

Event

Set

$|Event|$

$$P(Event) = \frac{|Event|}{6}$$

Even

$\{2, 4, 6\}$

3

$$\frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Square

$\{1, 4\}$

2

$$\frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Probability that  
 $X=2, 4, \text{ or } 6$



# Terminology

A, B Events

Intersect

Disjoint

Mutually exclusive



# Do's and Don'ts



Capital

$P( X \in \text{Even} )$

die:  $P( X \in \{2,4,6\} ) = 3/6 = 1/2$

$P( \text{Even} )$

$\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} P( X \in \text{Even} )$



$P( 3 \in \text{Even} )$

0

3 is a (constant) random variable, so possible  
The "r.v." 3 is never in Even, so probability is 0

$P( 4 \in \text{Even} )$

1

Less common      Check that you meant it



$P( x \in \text{Even} )$

Small

Previous anomaly on steroids      What is x?

$\forall x \in \{3,7\}, P(x \in \text{Even})=0$       Double check meant it



# Probability Events

Single outcomes to sets

Events: subsets of  $\Omega$

Occurrence: outcome in event

Probability

$$P(E) = \sum_{x \in E} P(x)$$

## Repeated Experiments

