

# Hands-on Lab: Monitoring a DAG

Estimated time needed: **20** minutes

## Objectives

After completing this lab you will be able to:

- Search for a DAG.
- Pause/Unpause a DAG.
- Get the Details of a DAG.
- Explore grid view of a DAG.
- Explore graph view of a DAG.
- Explore Calendar view of a DAG.
- Explore Task Duration view of a DAG.
- Explore Details view of a DAG.
- View the source code of a DAG.
- Delete a DAG.

## About Skills Network Cloud IDE

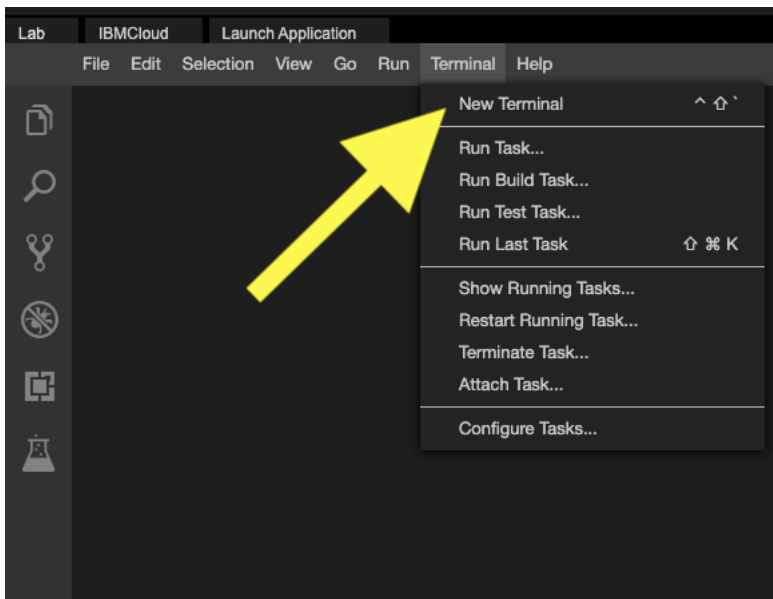
Skills Network Cloud IDE (based on Theia and Docker) provides an environment for hands on labs for course and project related labs. Theia is an open source IDE (Integrated Development Environment), that can be run on desktop or on the cloud. to complete this lab, we will be using the Cloud IDE based on Theia running in a Docker container.

### Important Notice about this lab environment

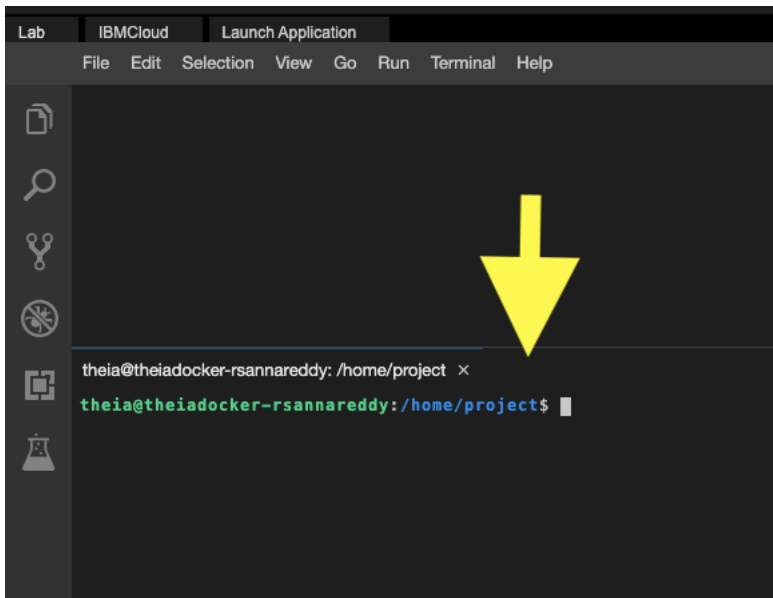
Please be aware that sessions for this lab environment are not persistent. A new environment is created for you every time you connect to this lab. Any data you may have saved in an earlier session will get lost. To avoid losing your data, please plan to complete these labs in a single session.

## Exercise 1 - Getting the environment ready

Step 1.1. Open a new terminal by clicking on the menu bar and selecting **Terminal->New Terminal**, as shown in the image below.



This will open a new terminal at the bottom of the screen.



Run the commands below on the newly opened terminal. (You can copy the code by clicking on the little copy button on the bottom right of the codeblock below and then paste it, wherever you wish.)

Start Apache Airflow in the lab environment.

1. 1
1. start\_airflow

Copied!

Please be patient, it will take a few minutes for airflow to get started.

When airflow starts successfully, you should see an output similar to the one below:

```
theia@theiadocker-rsannareddy:/home/project$ start_airflow
Starting your airflow services....
This process can take a few minutes.

Airflow started, waiting for all services to be ready....

Your airflow server is now ready to use and available with username: airflow password: MTM4ODUtcnNhbm5h

You can access your Airflow Webserver at: https://rsannareddy-8080.theiadocker-5-labs-prod-th
eiak8s-4-tor01.proxy.cognitiveclass.ai


CommandLine:
• List DAGs: airflow dags list
• List Tasks: airflow tasks list example_bash_operator
• Run an example task: airflow tasks test example_bash_operator runme_1 2015-06-01
theia@theiadocker-rsannareddy:/home/project$
```

UI URL Username Password

Step 1.2. Open the Airflow Web UI

Copy the Web-UI URL and paste it on a new browser tab. Or you can click on the URL by holding the control key (Command key in case of a Mac).

You should land at a page that looks like this:

 Airflow

Security

Browse

Admin

Docs

# Skills Network Airflow

All 32Active 0Paused 32

Filter DAGs by tag

DAG	Owner	Runs	Schedule	Last Run	Recent Tasks
<div><div><div>example_bash_operator</div><div>exampleexample2</div></div><div>airflow</div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div>00***</div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div></div>					
<div><div><div>example_branch_datetime_operator_2</div><div>example</div></div><div>airflow</div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div>@daily</div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div></div>					
<div><div><div>example_branch_dop_operator_v3</div><div>example</div></div><div>airflow</div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div>*1****</div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div></div>					
<div><div><div>example_branch_labels</div></div><div>airflow</div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div>@daily</div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div></div>					
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<div><div><div>example_complex</div><div>exampleexample2example3</div></div><div>airflow</div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div>None</div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div></div>					
<div><div><div>example_dag_decorator</div><div>example</div></div><div>airflow</div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div>None</div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div></div>					
<div><div><div>example_external_task_marker_child</div><div>example2</div></div><div>airflow</div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div>None</div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div></div>					

# Exercise 2 - Submit a dummy DAG

For the purpose of monitoring, let’s create a dummy DAG with three tasks.

Task1 does nothing but sleep for 1 second.

Task2 sleeps for 2 seconds.

Task3 sleeps for 3 seconds.

This DAG is scheduled to run every 1 minute.

Step 2.1. Using Menu->File->New File create a new file named dummy\_dag.py.

Step 2.2. Copy and paste the code below into it and save the file.

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
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30. 30
```

```

31. 31
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50. 50
51. 51
52. 52
53. 53
54. 54
55. 55
56. 56
57. 57

1. # import the libraries
2.
3. from datetime import timedelta
4. # The DAG object; we'll need this to instantiate a DAG
5. from airflow import DAG
6. # Operators; we need this to write tasks!
7. from airflow.operators.bash_operator import BashOperator
8. # This makes scheduling easy
9. from airflow.utils.dates import days_ago
10.
11. #defining DAG arguments
12.
13. # You can override them on a per-task basis during operator initialization
14. default_args = {
15.     'owner': 'Ramesh Sannareddy',
16.     'start_date': days_ago(0),
17.     'email': ['ramesh@somemail.com'],
18.     'email_on_failure': False,
19.     'email_on_retry': False,
20.     'retries': 1,
21.     'retry_delay': timedelta(minutes=5),
22. }
23.
24. # defining the DAG
25. dag = DAG(
26.     'dummy_dag',
27.     default_args=default_args,
28.     description='My first DAG',
29.     schedule_interval=timedelta(minutes=1),
30. )
31.
32. # define the tasks
33.
34. # define the first task
35.
36. task1 = BashOperator(
37.     task_id='task1',
38.     bash_command='sleep 1',
39.     dag=dag,
40. )
41.
42. # define the second task
43. task2 = BashOperator(
44.     task_id='task2',
45.     bash_command='sleep 2',
46.     dag=dag,
47. )
48.
49. # define the third task
50. task3 = BashOperator(
51.     task_id='task3',
52.     bash_command='sleep 3',
53.     dag=dag,
54. )
55.
56. # task pipeline
57. task1 >> task2 >> task3

```

Copied!

Submitting a DAG is as simple as copying the DAG python file into  `dags`  folder in the `AIRFLOW_HOME` directory.

Step 2.3. Open a terminal and run the command below to submit the DAG that was created in the previous exercise.

```

1. 1
1. cp dummy_dag.py $AIRFLOW_HOME/dags

```

Copied!

Step 2.4. Verify that our DAG actually got submitted.

Run the command below to list out all the existing DAGs.

- 1
1. `airflow dags list`

Copied!

Verify that `dummy_dag` is a part of the output.

Step 2.5. Run the command below to list out all the tasks in `dummy_dag`.

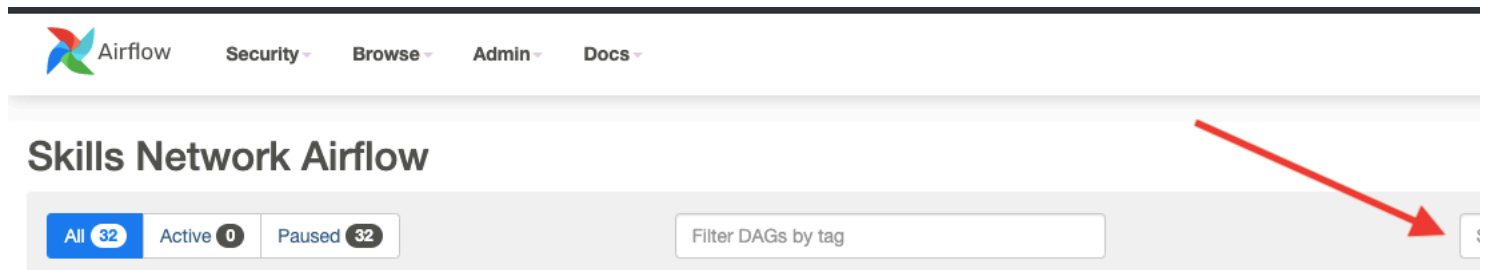
- 1
1. `airflow tasks list dummy_dag`

Copied!

You should see 3 tasks in the output.

## Exercise 3 - Search for a DAG

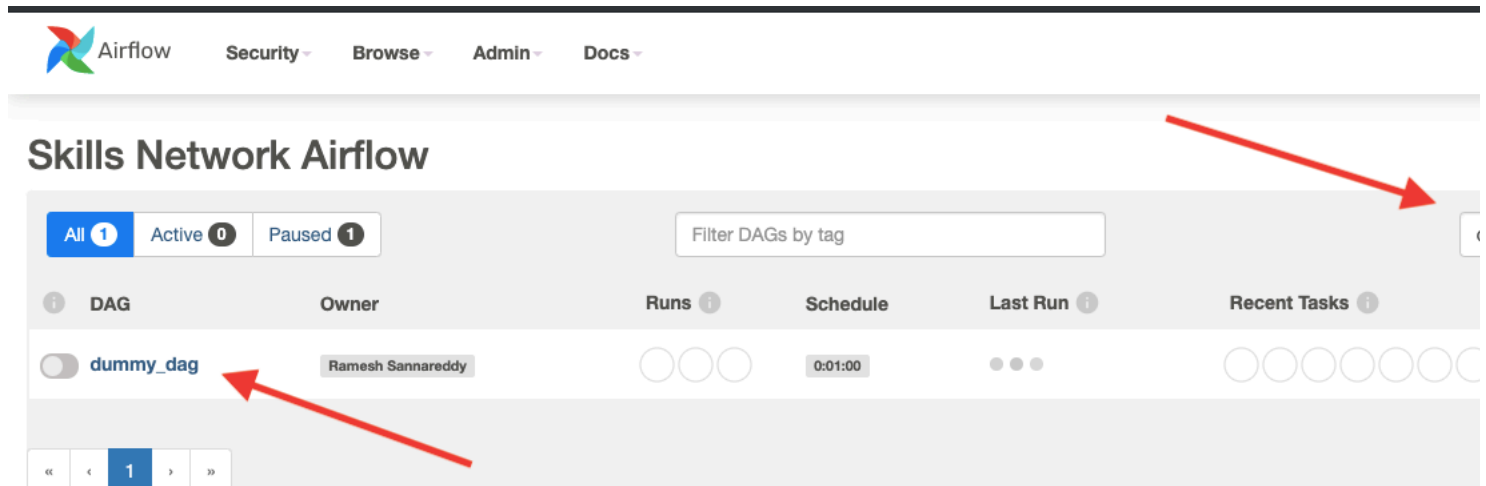
In the Web-UI, identify the Search DAGs text box as shown in the image below.



Type `dummy_dag` in the text box and press enter.

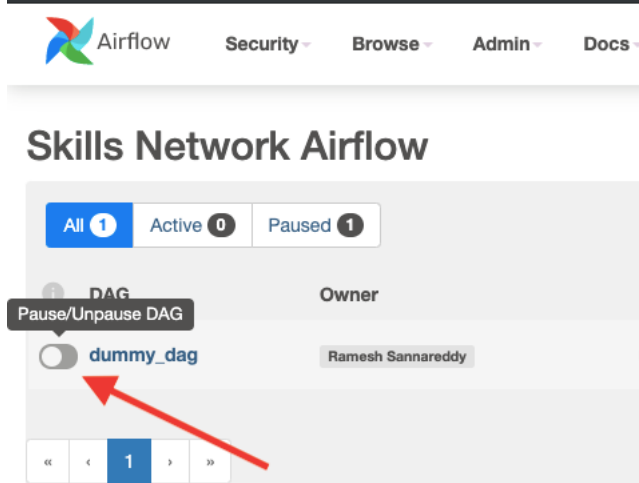
Note: It may take a couple of minutes for the dag to appear here. If you do not see your DAG, please give it a minute and try again.

You should see the `dummy_dag` listed as seen in the image below:



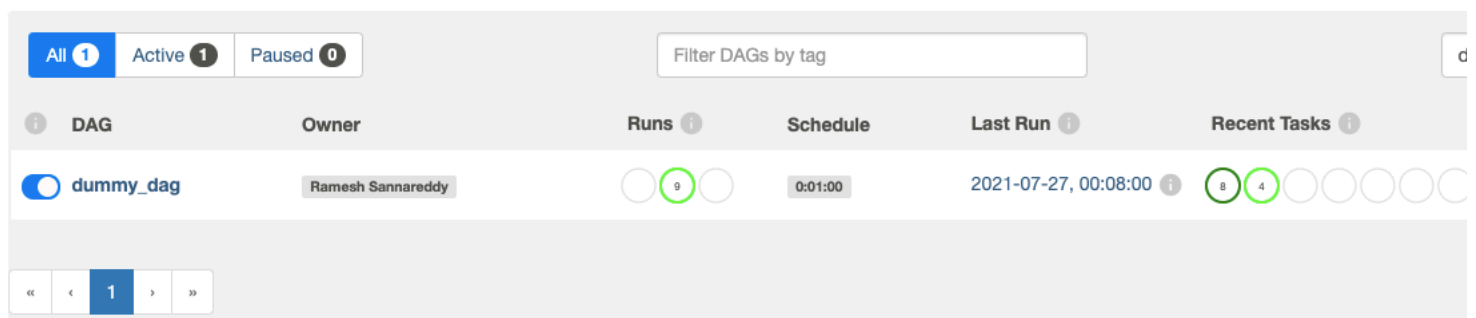
## Exercise 4 - Pause/Unpause a DAG

Unpause the DAG using the Pause/Unpause button.



You should see the status as shown in the image below after you unpause the DAG.

## Skills Network Airflow



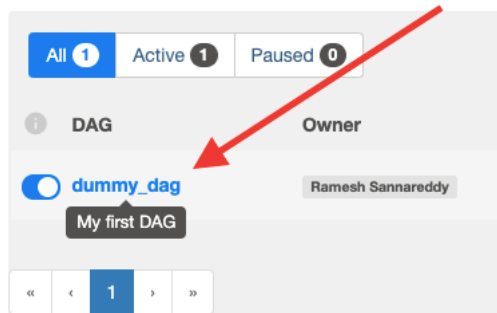
You can see the following details in this view.

- Owner of the DAG
- How many times this DAG has run.
- Schedule of the DAG
- Last run time of the DAG
- Recent task status.

## Exercise 5 - DAG - Detailed view

Click on the DAG name as shown in the image below to see the detailed view of the DAG.

## Skills Network Airflow



You will land a page that looks like this.

The screenshot shows the Apache Airflow web interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'Airflow' logo and links for 'Security', 'Browse', 'Admin', and 'Docs'. Below this, the main header displays 'DAG: dummy\_dag' with a toggle switch and the text 'My first DAG'. A 'Schedule: 0:01:01' indicator is on the right. A toolbar contains various view options: 'Grid' (selected), 'Graph', 'Calendar', 'Task Duration', 'Task Tries', 'Landing Times', 'Gantt', 'Details', 'Code', and 'Audit Log'. Below the toolbar, there's a filter section with a date/time picker (04/01/2023, 10:42:02 am), a dropdown for '25', and buttons for 'All Run Types' and 'All Run States', along with a 'Clear Filters' button. A row of colored status tags is visible: 'deferred' (purple), 'failed' (red), 'queued' (blue), 'running' (green), 'scheduled' (orange), 'skipped' (pink), 'success' (dark green), and 'up\_for\_reschedule' (light blue). On the left, there's an 'Auto-refresh' toggle switch. The main content area shows a list of tasks: 'task1', 'task2', and 'task3'. On the right, a sidebar titled 'DAG dummy\_dag' contains sections for 'DAG Details', 'DAG Summary', and 'Total Tasks'.

## Exercise 6 - Explore Grid view of DAG

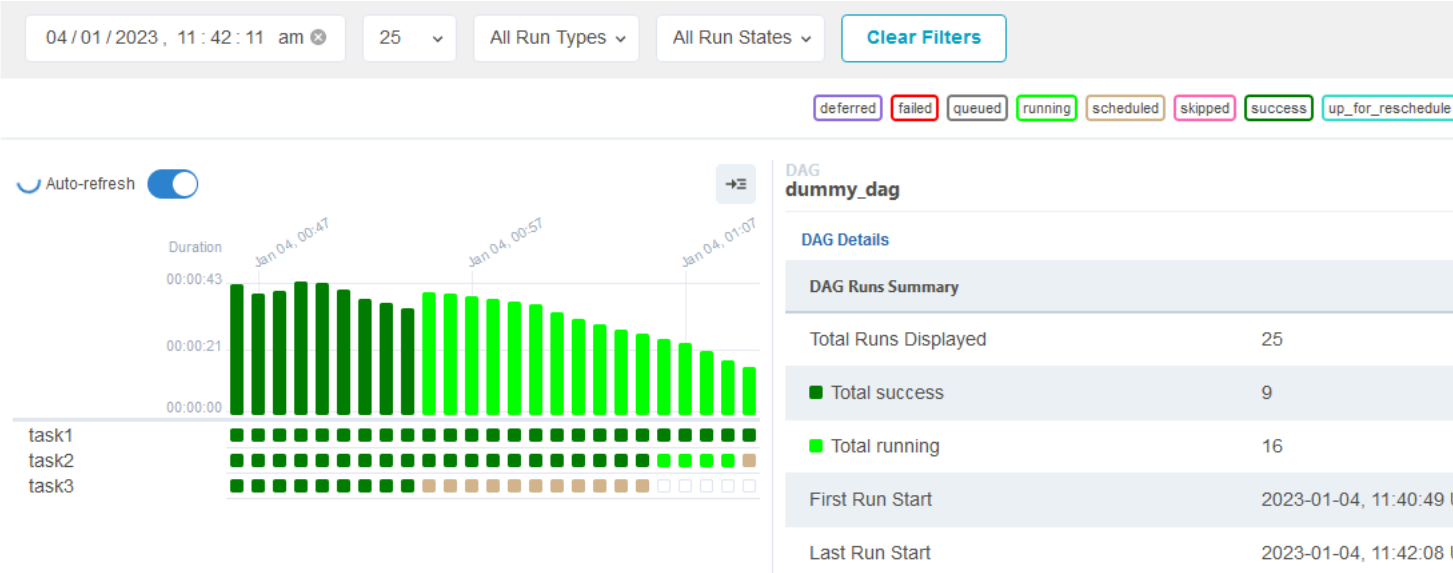
Click on the Grid View button to open the Grid view.

This screenshot is similar to the one above, but the 'Grid' view button in the toolbar is highlighted with a red arrow. The date/time picker now shows '04/01/2023, 11:40:04 am'. The status tags are partially visible at the bottom right.

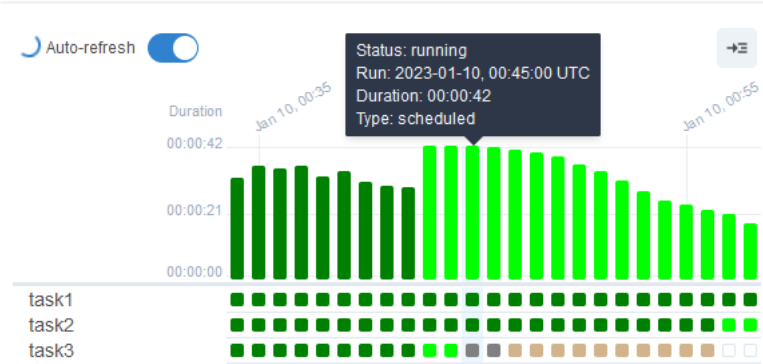
Click on the Auto Refresh button to switch on the auto refresh feature.

The Grid view shows your DAG tasks in the form of grids as seen in the image.

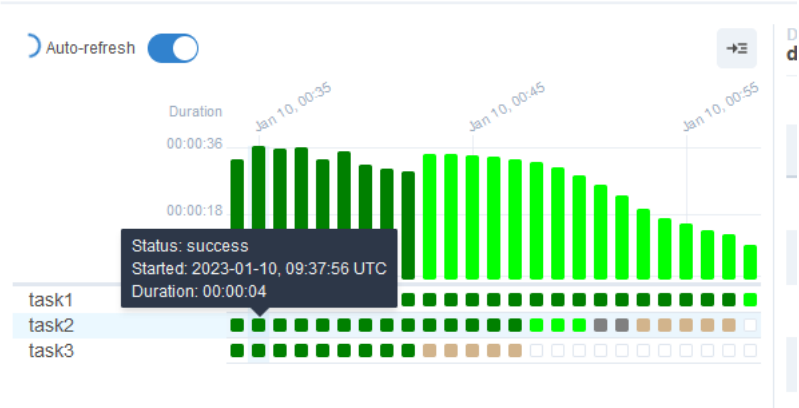
It also shows the DAG run and task run status as seen below.



The grids in the image below represent a single DAG run and the color indicates the status of the DAG run. Place your mouse on any grid to see the details.



The squares in the image below represent a single task within a DAG run and the color indicates its status. Place your mouse on any square to see the task details.

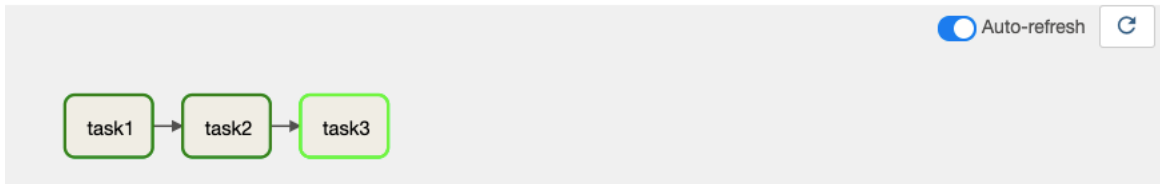


Exercise 7 - Explore graph view of DAG

- Click on the Graph View button to open the graph view.
- Click on the Auto Refresh button to switch on the auto refresh feature.
- The graph view shows the tasks in a form of a graph. With the auto refresh on, each task status is also indicated with the color code.

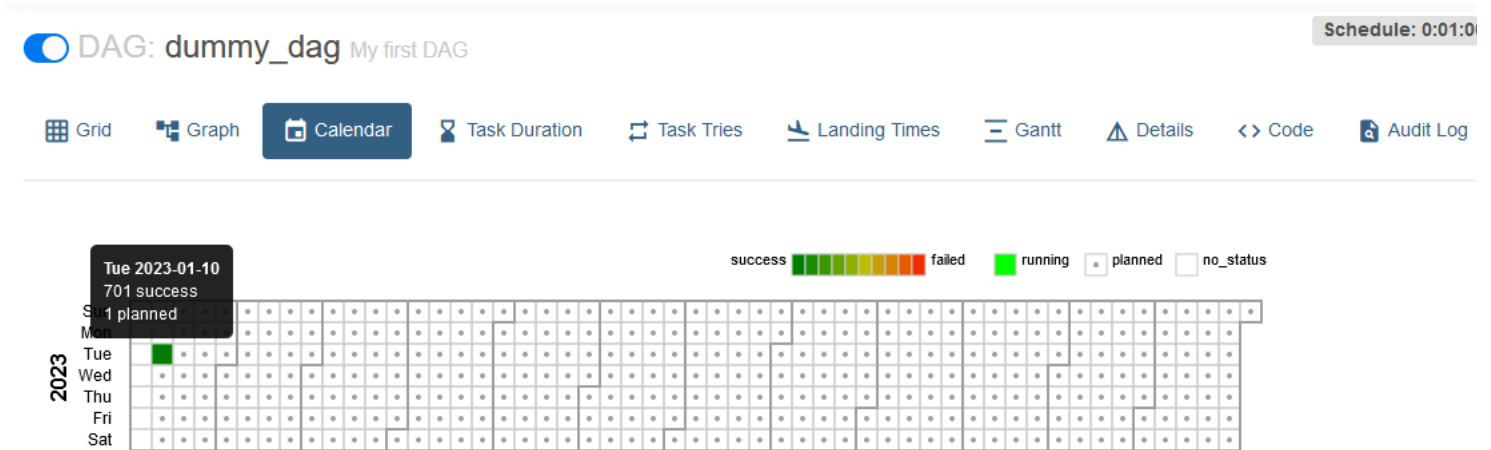


queued running success failed up\_for\_retry up\_for\_reschedule upstream\_failed skipped scheduled no\_status



## Exercise 8 - Calender view

The calendar view gives you an overview of all the dates when this DAG was run along with its status as a color code.



## Exercise 9 - Task Duration view

The Task Duration view gives you an overview of how much time each task took to execute, over a period of time.




### DAG Details

Schedule Interval	0:01:00
Start Date	None
End Date	None
Max Active Runs	8 / 16
Concurrency	16
Default Args	{'email': ['ramesh@somemail.com'], 'email_on_failure': False, 'email_on_retry': False, 'owner': 'Ramesh Sannareddy', 'retries': 1, 'retry_delay': datetime.timedelta(0, 300), 'start_date': DateTime(2021, 7, 27, 0, 0, 0, tzinfo=Timezone('UTC'))}
Tasks Count	3
Task IDs	['task1', 'task2', 'task3']
Filepath	dummy_dag.py
Owner	Ramesh Sannareddy
DAG Run Timeout	None
Tags	None

## Exercise 11 - Code view

The Code view lets you view the code of the DAG.


**DAG: dummy\_dag** My first DAG

Schedule: 0:01:0


Grid
Graph
Calendar
Task Duration
Task Tries
Landing Times
Gantt
Details
<> Code
Audit Log

```

1 # import the libraries
2
3 from datetime import timedelta
4 # The DAG object; we'll need this to instantiate a DAG
5 from airflow import DAG
6 # Operators; we need this to write tasks!
7 from airflow.operators.bash_operator import BashOperator
8 # This makes scheduling easy
9 from airflow.utils.dates import days_ago
10
11 #defining DAG arguments
12
13 # You can override them on a per-task basis during operator initialization
14 default_args = {
15     'owner': 'Ramesh Sannareddy',
16     'start_date': days_ago(0),
17     'email': ['ramesh@somemail.com'],
18     'email_on_failure': False,
19     'email_on_retry': False,
20     'retries': 1,
21     'retry_delay': timedelta(minutes=5),
22 }
    
```

## Exercise 12 - Delete a DAG

To delete a DAG click on the delete button.


**DAG: dummy\_dag** My first DAG

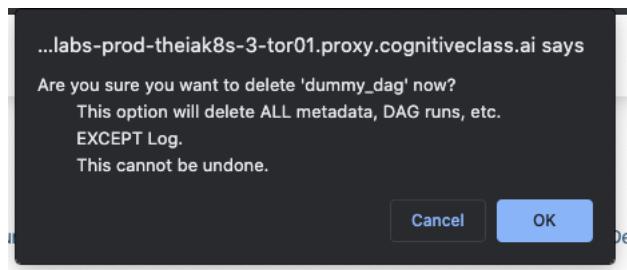
Schedule: 0:01:0

Grid
Graph
Calendar
Task Duration
Task Tries
Landing Times
Gantt
Details
<> Code
Audit Log

```

1 # import the libraries
    
```

You will get a confirmation pop up as shown in the image below. Click OK to delete the DAG.



## Practice exercises

1. Problem:

*Unpause any existing DAG and monitor it.*

### Authors

Ramesh Sannareddy

### Other Contributors

Rav Ahuja

Change Log

Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Version	Changed By	Change Description
2023-01-10	0.2	Shreya Khurana	Updated screenshots
2021-07-05	0.1	Ramesh Sannareddy	Created initial version of the lab

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