## Hands-on Lab: Scheduling Jobs using crontab



Estimated time needed: 20 minutes

### **Objectives**

After completing this lab you will be able to:

- List existing cron jobs
- Add a cron job
- Remove cron jobs

### **About Skills Network Cloud IDE**

Skills Network Cloud IDE (based on Theia and Docker) provides an environment for hands on labs for course and project related labs. Theia is an open source IDE (Integrated Development Environment), that can be run on desktop or on the cloud. to complete this lab, we will be using the Cloud IDE based on Theia running in a Docker container.

#### **Important Notice about this lab environment**

Please be aware that sessions for this lab environment are not persisted. Every time you connect to this lab, a new environment is created for you. Any data you may have saved in the earlier session would get lost. Plan to complete these labs in a single session, to avoid losing your data.

## Exercise 1 - Understand crontab file syntax

Cron is a system daemon used to execute desired tasks in the background at designated times.

A crontab file is a simple text file containing a list of commands meant to be run at specified times. It is edited using the crontab command.

Each line in a crontab file has five time-and-date fields, followed by a command, followed by a newline character (\n). The fields are separated by spaces.

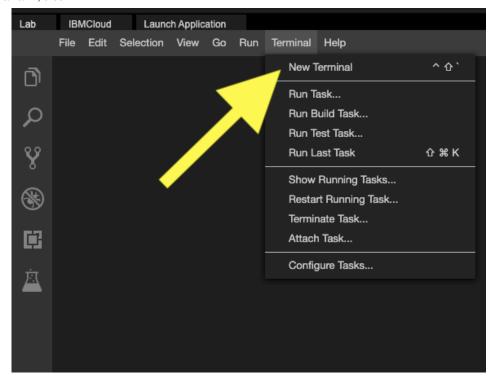
The five time-and-date fields cannot contain spaces and their allowed values are as follows:

### Field Allowed values minute 0-59 hour 0-23, 0 = midnight day 1-31 month 1-12 weekday 0-6, 0 = Sunday

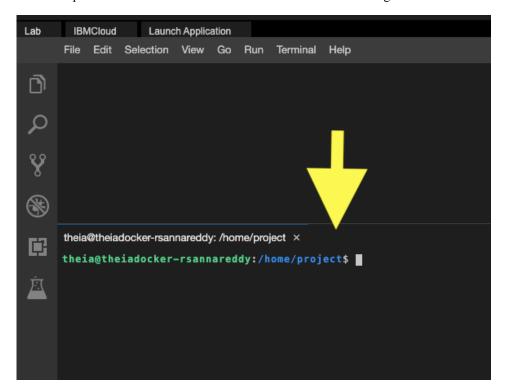
## Exercise 2 - List cron jobs

Open a new terminal, by clicking on the menu bar and selecting **Terminal->New Terminal**, as in the image below.

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This will open a new terminal at the bottom of the screen as in the image below.



Run the commands below on the newly opened terminal.

The -1 option of the crontab command prints the current crontab.

- 1. 1
- 1. crontab -l

Copied!

You may get a message no crontab for theia if your crontab is empty.

# Exercise 3 - Add a job in the crontab file

#### 3.1. Add a job to crontab

To add a cron job, run the command below:

- 1. 1
- 1. crontab -e

Copied!

This will create a new crontab file for you (if you don't have one already). Now you are ready to add a new cron job.

Your crontab file will be opened in an editor as shown in the image below:

```
GNU nano 2.9.3
                                         /tmp/crontab.dhzssy/crontab
  Each task to run has to be defined through a single line
 indicating with different fields when the task will be run
# minute (m), hour (h), day of month (dom), month (mon),
# and day of week (dow) or use '*' in these fields (for 'any').#
# Notice that tasks will be started based on the cron's system
                                                                         Justify
                                                       Cut Text
                                                                                          Cur Pos
≙G Get Help
                    Write Out
                                      Where Is
                                                                         To Speĺl
                    Read File
^X Exit
                                                       Uncut Text
                                                                                          Go To Line
                                      Replace
```

Scroll down to the end of the file using the arrow keys:

```
GNU nano 2.9.3
                                          /tmp/crontab.dhzssy/crontab
# at 5 a.m every week with:
# 0 5 * * 1 tar -zcf /var/backups/home.tgz /home/
^G Get Help
                     Write Out
                                      Where Is
                                                        Cut Text
                                                                         Justify
                                                                                           Cur Pos
                     Read File
                                                                          To Speĺl
                                      Replace
                                                        Uncut Text
                                                                                           Go To Line
   Exit
```

Add the below line at the end of the crontab file:

- 1. 1
- 1. 0 21 \* \* \* echo "Welcome to cron" >> /tmp/echo.txt

Copied!

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```
GNU nano 2.9.3
                                                 /tmp/crontab.sqvoQ6/crontab
 Notice that tasks will be started based on the cron's system
  daemon's notion of time and timezones.
 Output of the crontab jobs (including errors) is sent through
 0 5 * * 1 tar -zcf /var/backups/home.tgz /home/
 For more information see the manual pages of crontab(5) and cron(8)
#
                     command
 21 * * * echo "Welcome to cron" >> /tmp/echo.txt
                   Write Out
                                                    Cut Text
                                                                                     Cur Pos
  Get Help
                                    Where Is
                                                                     Justify
                                                                  ^Т
                 ^R
                                                  ^U
   Exit
                   Read File
                                    Replace
                                                    Uncut Text
                                                                     To Spell
                                                                                     Go To Line
```

The above job specifies that the echo command should run when the minute is 0 and the hour is 21. It effectively means the job runs at 9.00 p.m every day.

The output of the command should be sent to a file /tmp/echo.txt.

Press Ctrl + x to save the changes.

Press y to confirm.

```
# Notice that tasks will be started based on the cron's system
# daemon's notion of time and timezones.
# Output of the crontab jobs (including errors) is sent through
# email to the user the crontab file belongs to (unless redirected).
# For example, you can run a backup of all your user accounts
# at 5 a.m every week with:
# 0 5 * * 1 tar -zcf /var/backups/home.tgz /home/
#
# For more information see the manual pages of crontab(5) and cron(8)
# m h dom mon dow command
0 21 * * * echo "Welcome to cron" >> /tmp/echo.txt

Save modified buffer? (Answering "No" will DISCARD changes.)
Y Yes
N No ^C Cancel
```

Press Enter to come out of the editor.

Check if the job is added to the crontab by running the following command.

- 1. 1
- 1. crontab -1

Copied!

You should see the newly added job in the output.

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```
Each task to run has to be defined through a single line
  indicating with different fields when the task will be run
  and what command to run for the task
  To define the time you can provide concrete values for
 minute (m), hour (h), day of month (dom), month (mon),
 and day of week (dow) or use '*' in these fields (for 'any').#
 Notice that tasks will be started based on the cron's system
  daemon's notion of time and timezones.
#
 Output of the crontab jobs (including errors) is sent through
  email to the user the crontab file belongs to (unless redirected).
#
#
  For example, you can run a backup of all your user accounts
 at 5 a.m every week with:
   5 * * 1 tar -zcf /var/backups/home.tgz /home/
  For more information see the manual pages of crontab(5) and cron(8)
#
#
#
      dom mon dow
                     command
 21 * * * echo "Welcome to cron" >> /tmp/echo.txt
theia@theiadocker-rsannareddy:/home/project$
```

#### 3.2. Schedule a shell script

Let us create a simple shell script that prints the current time and the current disk usage statistics.

Step 1: On the menu on the lab screen, use **File->New File** to create a new file:

Step 2: Give the file name as diskusage.sh and click 'OK'

Step 3: Save the following commands into the shell script:

1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5

1. #! /bin/bash
2. # print the current date time
3. date
4. # print the disk free statistics
5. df -h

Copied!

Step 4: Save the file using the **File->Save** menu option.

Step 5: Verify that the script is working:

- 1. 1 2. 2
- chmod u+x diskusage.sh
- 2. ./diskusage.sh

Copied!

The script should print the current timestamp and the disk usage stats.

Let us schedule this script to be run everyday at midnight 12:00 (when the hour is 0 on the 24 hour clock). We want the output of this script to be appended to /home/project/diskusage.log.

Edit the crontab:

- 1. 1
- 1. crontab -e

Copied!

Add the following line to the end of the file:

- 1. 1
- 1. 0 0 \* \* \* /home/project/diskusage.sh >>/home/project/diskusage.log

Copied!

Press Ctrl + x to save the changes.

Press y to confirm.

Press Enter to come out of the editor.

Check if the job is added to the crontab by running the following command:

- 1. 1
- 1. crontab -l

Copied!

You should see the newly added job in the output.

### **Exercise 4 - Remove the current crontab**

The -r option causes the current crontab to be removed.

Caution: This removes all your cron jobs. Be extra cautious when you use this command on a production server.

- 1. 1
- 1. crontab -r

Copied!

Verify if your crontab is removed:

- 1. 1
- 1. crontab -1

Copied!

### **Practice exercises**

- 1. Create a cron job that runs the task date >> /tmp/everymin.txt every minute.
- ► Click here for Hint
- ► Click here for Solution

# **Summary**

In this lab, you learned how to:

- List cron jobs using crontab -1
- Add cron jobs using crontab -e
- Remove your current crontab using crontab -r

#### **Authors**

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### **Other Contributors**

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# **Change Log**

Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Version	Changed By	Change Description
2023-05-01	1.3	Nick Yi	Review
2023-03-16	1.2	Lavanya Rajalingam	Updated SN Logo
2021-09-12	1.1	Lavanya Rajalingam	Updated Image
2021-05-30	1.0	Ramesh Sannareddy	Created initial version of the lab

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