

Министерство науки и высшего образования Российской Федерации Федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение высшего образования

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ФАКУЛЬТЕТ	Инфор	матика и системы упра	<u>авления</u>					
КАФЕДРА	Системы о	бработки информации	и управления					
		_	70.0					
Отчёт по рубежному контролю №2								
По дисциплине: «Технологии машинного обучения»								
D								
Выполнил:								
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Задание.

Для заданного набора данных (по Вашему варианту) постройте модели классификации или регрессии (в зависимости от конкретной задачи, рассматриваемой в наборе данных). Для построения моделей используйте методы 1 и 2 (по варианту для Вашей группы). Оцените качество моделей на основе подходящих метрик качества (не менее двух метрик). Какие метрики качества Вы использовали и почему? Какие выводы Вы можете сделать о качестве построенных моделей? Для построения моделей необходимо выполнить требуемую предобработку данных: заполнение пропусков, кодирование категориальных признаков, и т.д.

Для студентов групп ИУ5-61Б, ИУ5-62Б, ИУ5-63Б, ИУ5-64Б, ИУ5-65Б, РТ5-61Б номер варианта = номер в списке группы.

Набор данных:

https://www.kaggle.com/noriuk/us-education-datasets-unification-projec

РК ИУ5-61Б Пахомкин Кирсан

Импорт библиотек

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         import seaborn as sns
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from pandas.plotting import scatter_matrix
         import warnings
         warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
         sns.set(style="ticks")
         *matplotlib inline
         from sklearn.model selection import train test split
         from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
In [2]: data = pd.read_csv('states_all_extended.csv')
In [3]: data.head()
                              STATE YEAR ENROLL TOTAL_REVENUE FEDERAL_REVENUE S1
Out[3]:
             PRIMARY_KEY
           1992_ALABAMA
                           ALABAMA 1992
                                                        2678885.0
                                                                          304177.0
                                             NaN
              1992_ALASKA
                             ALASKA 1992
                                             NaN
                                                        1049591.0
                                                                          106780.0
           1992_ARIZONA
                           ARIZONA 1992
                                             NaN
                                                       3258079.0
                                                                         297888.0
        3 1992 ARKANSAS ARKANSAS 1992
                                             NaN
                                                        1711959.0
                                                                          178571.0
        4 1992_CALIFORNIA CALIFORNIA 1992
                                             NaN
                                                       26260025.0
                                                                         2072470.0
       5 rows x 266 columns
In [4]: parts = np.split(data, [10], axis=1)
         data = parts[0]
In [5]: data.dtypes
Out[5]: PRIMARY_KEY
                                   object
        STATE
                                   object
        YEAR
                                   object
        ENROLL
                                   object
        TOTAL REVENUE
                                  object
        FEDERAL_REVENUE
                                   object
        STATE REVENUE
                                   object
        LOCAL REVENUE
                                  object
        TOTAL EXPENDITURE
                                  object
        INSTRUCTION EXPENDITURE
                                 object
        dtype: object
In [6]: data.drop(['ENROLL', 'PRIMARY_KEY'], axis = 1, inplace = True)
In [7]: | le = LabelEncoder()
         le.fit(data.STATE.drop_duplicates())
         data.STATE = le.transform(data.STATE)
```

```
data['YEAR'] = data['YEAR'].replace(0,np.nan)
 In [8]:
                    data['YEAR'] = data['YEAR'].fillna(data['YEAR'].mean())
                    data['TOTAL REVENUE'] = data['TOTAL REVENUE'].replace(0,np.nan)
                    data['TOTAL REVENUE'] = data['TOTAL REVENUE'].fillna(data['TOTAL REVENUE']
                    data['FEDERAL_REVENUE'] = data['FEDERAL_REVENUE'].replace(0,np.nan)
                    data['FEDERAL_REVENUE'] = data['FEDERAL_REVENUE'].fillna(data['FEDERAL_REVE
                    data['STATE REVENUE'] = data['STATE REVENUE'].replace(0,np.nan)
                    data['STATE REVENUE'] = data['STATE REVENUE'].fillna(data['STATE REVENUE']
                    data['LOCAL_REVENUE'] = data['LOCAL_REVENUE'].replace(0,np.nan)
                    data['LOCAL REVENUE'] = data['LOCAL REVENUE'].fillna(data['LOCAL REVENUE']
                    data['TOTAL EXPENDITURE'] = data['TOTAL EXPENDITURE'].replace(0,np.nan)
                    data['TOTAL EXPENDITURE'] = data['TOTAL EXPENDITURE'].fillna(data['TOTAL EX
                    data['TOTAL REVENUE'] = data['TOTAL REVENUE'].replace(0,np.nan)
                    data['INSTRUCTION EXPENDITURE'] = data['INSTRUCTION EXPENDITURE'].fillna(data['INSTRUCTION EXPENDITURE')].fillna(data['INSTRUCTION EXPENDITURE')
 In [9]: data.isnull().sum()
                    # проверим есть ли пропущенные значения
 Out[9]: STATE
                   YEAR
                                                                          0
                   TOTAL REVENUE
                                                                          ō
                   FEDERAL REVENUE
                   STATE REVENUE
                                                                          0
                   LOCAL_REVENUE
                                                                          Ó.
                   TOTAL EXPENDITURE
                                                                          0
                   INSTRUCTION EXPENDITURE
                                                                          0
                   dtype: int64
In [10]: data.info()
                   <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
                   RangeIndex: 1715 entries, 0 to 1714
                   Data columns (total 8 columns):
                    #
                           Column
                                                                               Non-Null Count Dtype
                     0 STATE
                                                                               1715 non-null int64
                            YEAR
                                                                                1715 non-null
                                                                                                                int64
                     1
                                                                               1715 non-null
                            TOTAL REVENUE
                                                                                                               float64
                     2
                     3
                            FEDERAL REVENUE
                                                                               1715 non-null
                                                                                                                float64
                     4
                            STATE REVENUE
                                                                               1715 non-null
                                                                                                                float64
                            LOCAL REVENUE
                                                                               1715 non-null
                     5
                                                                                                                float64
                            TOTAL EXPENDITURE
                                                                               1715 non-null
                                                                                                                float64
                            INSTRUCTION EXPENDITURE 1715 non-null
                   dtypes: float64(6), int64(2)
                   memory usage: 107.3 KB
In [11]: data.head()
                        STATE YEAR TOTAL_REVENUE FEDERAL_REVENUE STATE_REVENUE LOCAL_REVENUE
Out[11]:
                                 0 1992
                                                             2678885.0
                                                                                                  304177.0
                                                                                                                              1659028.0
                                                                                                                                                              715680.0
                   1
                                 1 1992
                                                             1049591.0
                                                                                                  106780.0
                                                                                                                                720711.0
                                                                                                                                                              222100.0
                                 2 1992
                                                             3258079.0
                                                                                                 297888.0
                                                                                                                              1369815.0
                                                                                                                                                             1590376.0
                   2
                   3
                                 3 1992
                                                              1711959.0
                                                                                                  178571.0
                                                                                                                               958785.0
                                                                                                                                                              574603.0
```

4 1992

26260025.0

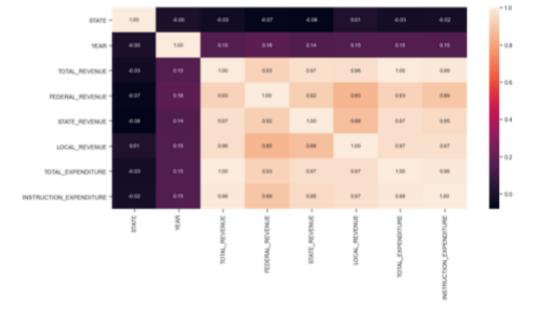
2072470.0

16546514.0

7641041.0

```
In [12]: #Построим корреляционную матрицу
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(15,7))
sns.heatmap(data.corr(method='pearson'), ax=ax, annot=True, fmt='.2f')
```

Out[12]: <AxesSubplot:>



```
In [13]: X = data.drop(['TOTAL_EXPENDITURE'], axis = 1)
Y = data.TOTAL_EXPENDITURE
print('Входные данные:\n\n', X.head(), '\n\nВыходные данные:\n\n', Y.head()
```

Входные данные:

	STATE	YEAR	TOTAL_REVENUE	FEDERAL_REVENUE	STATE_REVENUE	LOCAL_REVEN
UE	1					
0	0	1992	2678885.0	304177.0	1659028.0	715680.
0						
1	1	1992	1049591.0	106780.0	720711.0	222100.
0						
2	2	1992	3258079.0	297888.0	1369815.0	1590376.
0						
3	3	1992	1711959.0	178571.0	958785.0	574603.
0						
4	4	1992	26260025.0	2072470.0	16546514.0	7641041.
0	0.5	CHECK TO				(C)

INSTRUCTION_EXPENDITURE 1481703.0 498362.0 1 2 1435908.0 3 964323.0

Выходные данные:

4

2653798.0 0 972488.0 1 2 3401580.0 3 1743022.0 27138832.0 4

Name: TOTAL EXPENDITURE, dtype: float64

14358922.0

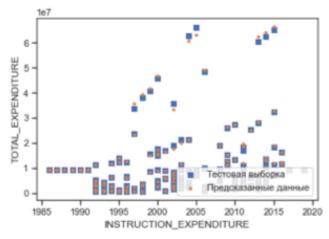
```
In [14]: X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, random_state
               print('Входные параметры обучающей выборки:\n\n',X_train.head(), \
                         '\n\nВходные параметры тестовой выборки:\n\n', X_test.head(), \
'\n\nВыходные параметры обучающей выборки:\n\n', Y_train.head(), \
'\n\nВыходные параметры тестовой выборки:\n\n', Y_test.head())
```

Входные параметры обучающей выборки:

lr y pred = Lin Reg.predict(X test)

```
STATE YEAR TOTAL_REVENUE FEDERAL_REVENUE STATE_REVENUE \
         82
                 33 1993
                            1.217194e+06
                                           154018.000000 8.977250e+05
                                                          4.308218e+06
         1579
                 45 1989
                            9.102045e+06
                                            767779.864314
                 40 1989
6 2017
                            9.102045e+06
                                            767779.864314
         1544
                                                           4.308218e+06
                                                           4.308218e+06
                            9.102045e+06
         1323
                                            767779.864314
         249
                 47 1996
                           9.652380e+05
                                            36693.000000
                                                          2.156570e+05
              LOCAL_REVENUE INSTRUCTION_EXPENDITURE
         82
               1.654510e+05
                                        5.877530e+05
         1579
               4.110522e+06
                                        4.768010e+06
                                       4.768010e+06
         1544
               4.110522e+06
               4.110522e+06
         1323
                                        4.768010e+06
               7.128880e+05
         249
                                       4.245620e+05
         Входные параметры тестовой выборки:
               STATE YEAR TOTAL REVENUE FEDERAL REVENUE STATE REVENUE \
                 32 2013
         1101
                           2.807010e+07
                                           1.145079e+06 1.098613e+07
                                                          1.342539e+06
                 6 1992
34 2006
                            3.834302e+06
                                            1.435420e+05
         6
         746
                            4.701879e+07
                                            3.340216e+06
                                                           2.018352e+07
                  6 1989
         1320
                           9.102045e+06
                                            7.677799e+05
                                                          4.308218e+06
                 15 2001
                           9.124748e+06
                                            4.448610e+05 4.590018e+06
         473
              LOCAL REVENUE INSTRUCTION EXPENDITURE
         1101
               1.593888e+07
                                        1.548994e+07
               2.348221e+06
                                        2.148041e+06
         746
               2.349506e+07
                                       2.958952e+07
         1320
              4.110522e+06
                                        4.768010e+06
         473
               4.089869e+06
                                        4.364661e+06
         Выходные параметры обучающей выборки:
         82
                 1.223185e+06
         1579
                9.206242e+06
         1544
                9.206242e+06
         1323
                9.2062420+06
         249
                9.758170e+05
         Name: TOTAL EXPENDITURE, dtype: float64
         Выходные параметры тестовой выборки:
         1101
                 2.817990e+07
                3.721338e+06
         6
         746
                4.835977e+07
         1320
                9.206242e+06
         473
                8.991877e+06
         Name: TOTAL EXPENDITURE, dtype: float64
In [15]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
         from sklearn.metrics import mean absolute error, mean squared error, media
In [16]: Lin_Reg = LinearRegression().fit(X_train, Y_train)
```

```
In [17]: plt.scatter(X_test.YEAR, Y_test, marker = 's', label = 'Тестовая выборка plt.scatter(X_test.YEAR, lr_y_pred, marker = '.', label = 'Предсказанные да plt.legend (loc = 'lower right') plt.xlabel ('INSTRUCTION_EXPENDITURE') plt.ylabel ('TOTAL_EXPENDITURE') plt.show()
```



```
In [18]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
In [19]: forest_1 = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=5, oob_score=True, random_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_state_stat
```

Out[19]: RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=5, oob_score=True, random_state=10)

```
In [20]:

У_predict = forest_1.predict(X_test)

print('Средняя абсолютная ошибка:', mean_absolute_error(Y_test, Y_predict

print('Средняя квадратичная ошибка:', mean_squared_error(Y_test, Y_predict

print('Меdian absolute error:', median_absolute_error(Y_test, Y_predict))

print('Коэффициент детерминации:', r2_score(Y_test, Y_predict))
```

Средняя абсолютная ошибка: 138734.77325582213 Средняя квадратичная ошибка: 142889066665.99045 Median absolute error: 19317.2999999993 Коэффициент детерминации: 0.9990572084607852

```
In [21]: plt.scatter(X_test.YEAR, Y_test, marker = 'o', label = 'Тестовая выборка plt.scatter(X_test.YEAR, Y_predict, marker = '.', label = 'Предсказанные да plt.legend(loc = 'lower right') plt.xlabel('INSTRUCTION_EXPENDITURE') plt.ylabel('INSTRUCTION_EXPENDITURE') plt.show()
```

