03 CSI online aphasia: Spoken - Descriptives

Kirsten Stark

17 Oktober, 2022

Load packages

```
library(dplyr)
```

```
##
## Attache Paket: 'dplyr'

## Die folgenden Objekte sind maskiert von 'package:stats':
##
##     filter, lag

## Die folgenden Objekte sind maskiert von 'package:base':
##
##     intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```

```
library(tidyr)

rm(list = ls())
```

Load and preprocess data

```
options( "encoding" = "UTF-8" )

# input
input <- "aphasia_final.csv"

# load data
df <- read.csv(here::here("data", "transient_data_files", input),
               sep = ",",  na = "")
```

Duration of the experiment

```
print("Total duration, not outlier corrected")
```

```
## [1] "Total duration, not outlier corrected"
```

```r
mean(df$timetotal, na.rm=TRUE) # 33.13 min
```

```
## [1] 27.71583
```

```r
sd(df$timetotal) # 21.04 min
```

```
## [1] 21.13194
```

```r
range(df$timetotal) # 15 to 126 min
```

```
## [1]  12.68333 167.58333
```

```r
print("Total duration, split by session")
```

```
## [1] "Total duration, split by session"
```

```r
df %>% group_by(type,session) %>% summarise(mean = mean(timetotal),
                                            median=median(timetotal),
                                          sd = sd(timetotal),
                                          min = min(timetotal),
                                          max = max(timetotal))
```

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'type'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 7
## # Groups:   type [2]
##   type    session  mean median    sd   min   max
##   <chr>     <int> <dbl>  <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 control       1  28.3   19.2 32.3   13.8 168.
## 2 control       2  18.2   17.5  3.62  12.7  26.1
## 3 control       3  19.2   16.4  8.40  13.8  52.0
## 4 PWA           1  39.4   29.5 23.0   21.1 104.
## 5 PWA           2  32.0   27.0 22.8   19.4 126.
## 6 PWA           3  29.2   24.6 13.6   15.0  74.6
```

Description of participants

Gender:

```r
(df %>% mutate(gender_char = case_when(gender == 1 ~ "female",
                                       gender == 2 ~ "male")) %>%
  group_by(type, gender_char) %>% count(gender_char) %>%
   mutate(n=n/160/3) -> gender)
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 3
## # Groups:   type, gender_char [4]
##   type    gender_char     n
##   <chr>   <chr>       <dbl>
## 1 control female          3
## 2 control male           17
## 3 PWA     female          3
## 4 PWA     male           17
```

```
 # 1 = female, 2 = male, 3 = diverse

print("percentage female:")
```

```
## [1] "percentage female:"
```

```
sum(df$gender == 1)/nrow(df)
```

```
## [1] 0.15
```

Age:

```
print('age:')
```

```
## [1] "age:"
```

```
df %>% group_by(type) %>%
  summarise(mean=round(mean(age),2), sd=round(sd(age),2), min=min(age), max=max(age))
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 5
##   type     mean    sd   min   max
##   <chr>   <dbl> <dbl> <int> <int>
## 1 control  53.2  5.72    38    62
## 2 PWA      53.4  5.43    39    62
```

Handedness:

```
# 1 = left handed, 2 = right handed, 3 = ambidexter/both
(handedness <- df %>% mutate(handedness_char = case_when(handedness == 1 ~ "left-handed",
                                    handedness == 2 ~ "right-handed",
                                    handedness==3 ~ "ambidexter/both")) %>%
  group_by(type) %>% count(handedness_char))
```

```
## # A tibble: 5 x 3
## # Groups:   type [2]
##   type    handedness_char     n
##   <chr>   <chr>           <int>
## 1 control ambidexter/both   960
## 2 control left-handed      1120
## 3 control right-handed     7520
## 4 PWA     left-handed      1600
## 5 PWA     right-handed     8000
```

```
print("percentage right-handed:")
```

```
## [1] "percentage right-handed:"
```

```
print('PWA')
```

```
## [1] "PWA"
```

```
sum(df$handedness[df$type=="PWA"] == 2)/nrow(df[df$type=="PWA",])
```

```
## [1] 0.8333333
```

```
print('control')
```

```
## [1] "control"
```

```
sum(df$handedness[df$type=="control"] == 2)/nrow(df[df$type=="control",])
```

```
## [1] 0.7833333
```

Mother tongue (experiment was restricted to native German speakers): This seems to have worked

```
table(df$language) # 1 = yes (mother tongue is German), 2 = no
```

```
##
##     1
## 19200
```

Attention checks

1) Item vs. non-item

```
## Item vs. non-item
# CH01_01 (Taube), CH01_02 (Apfel), CH02_01 (Luftballon) and CH02_02 (Biene) are items and 2 should be
# CH01_03 (Radio), CH01_04 (Sparschwein), CH02_03 (Laptop) and CH02_04 (Wattestäbchen) are non-items an
## Did participants cheat
# CH03 = 1 - yes, I worked through it till the end,
# CH03 = 2 - no, I stopped or cheated midway
# CH03 = -9 - no answer

attcheck <- data.frame(subject = unique(df$subject))

df <- df %>% mutate(itemvsnonitem1 =
                      case_when(CH01_01==2 & CH01_02==2 & CH01_03==1 & CH01_04==1 ~2, # all correct
                                CH01_01==2 || CH01_02==2 ~1, # one correct
                                CH01_01!=2 & CH01_02!=2 ~0)) %>% # none correct
  mutate(itemvsnonitem2 =
                      case_when(CH02_01==2 & CH02_02==2 & CH02_03==1 & CH02_04==1 ~2,
                                CH02_01==2 || CH02_02==2 ~1,
                                CH02_01!=2 & CH02_02!=2 ~0))
df %>% group_by(type, session) %>% count(itemvsnonitem1) %>% mutate(n=n/160)
```

```
## # A tibble: 11 x 4
## # Groups:   type, session [6]
##    type    session itemvsnonitem1     n
##    <chr>     <int>          <dbl> <dbl>
##  1 control       1              1     4
##  2 control       1              2    16
##  3 control       2              2    20
##  4 control       3              1     1
##  5 control       3              2    19
##  6 PWA           1              1     7
##  7 PWA           1              2    13
##  8 PWA           2              1     1
##  9 PWA           2              2    19
## 10 PWA           3              1     2
## 11 PWA           3              2    18
```

```
df %>% group_by(type, session) %>% count(itemvsnonitem2) %>% mutate(n=n/160)
```

```
## # A tibble: 11 x 4
## # Groups:   type, session [6]
##    type    session itemvsnonitem2     n
##    <chr>     <int>          <dbl> <dbl>
##  1 control       1              1     1
##  2 control       1              2    19
##  3 control       2              1     1
##  4 control       2              2    19
##  5 control       3              2    20
##  6 PWA           1              1     2
##  7 PWA           1              2    18
##  8 PWA           2              1     2
##  9 PWA           2              2    18
## 10 PWA           3              1     3
## 11 PWA           3              2    17
```

```
# table(df$itemvsnonitem1)/160
# table(df$itemvsnonitem2)/160
```

All had at leas one item selected correctly in the attention test

2) Cheating

```
df <- df %>% mutate(CH03 = case_when(CH03 == 1 ~
                                       " Ja, ich habe alles bis zum Ende bearbeitet.",
                                         CH03 == 2 ~
                                       "Nein, ich habe zwischendurch aufgehoert oder geschummelt."))
df %>% group_by(type, session) %>% count(CH03) %>% mutate(n=n/160)
```

```
## # A tibble: 9 x 4
## # Groups:   type, session [6]
##   type    session CH03                                                    n
##   <chr>     <int> <chr>                                               <dbl>
## 1 control       1 " Ja, ich habe alles bis zum Ende bearbeitet."         20
## 2 control       2 " Ja, ich habe alles bis zum Ende bearbeitet."         20
```

```
## 3 control       3 " Ja, ich habe alles bis zum Ende bearbeitet."             19
## 4 control       3 "Nein, ich habe zwischendurch aufgehoert oder geschumme~     1
## 5 PWA           1 " Ja, ich habe alles bis zum Ende bearbeitet."             19
## 6 PWA           1 "Nein, ich habe zwischendurch aufgehoert oder geschumme~     1
## 7 PWA           2 " Ja, ich habe alles bis zum Ende bearbeitet."             20
## 8 PWA           3 " Ja, ich habe alles bis zum Ende bearbeitet."             19
## 9 PWA           3 "Nein, ich habe zwischendurch aufgehoert oder geschumme~     1
```

```
table(df$CH03)/160
```

```
##
##               Ja, ich habe alles bis zum Ende bearbeitet.
##                                                       117
## Nein, ich habe zwischendurch aufgehoert oder geschummelt.
##                                                         3
```

Comments

Comments don't indicate any problems that should lead to participant exclusion:

```
table(df$comments)/160
```

```
## numeric(0)
```

Arrays

```
table(df$array)/160
```

```
##
##  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26
##  5  4  3  3  4  4  5  5  4  3  4  4  5  3  4  3  7  5  5  3  3  4  3  3  5  4
## 27 28 29 30
##  4  3  3  5
```

```
x <- df %>% group_by(subject, session) %>% count(array) %>% mutate(n=n/160)
array_rep = 0
for(i in 2:nrow(x)){
  if(x$subject[i-1] == x$subject[i] & x$array[i-1] == x$array[i]){
    array_rep = array_rep+1
  }
}
print(paste0(array_rep, " time an array was repeated within the same participant"))
```

```
## [1] "1 time an array was repeated within the same participant"
```

```
df %>% group_by(type, session) %>% count(array) %>% mutate(n=n/160) %>% arrange(array)
```

```
## # A tibble: 94 x 4
## # Groups:   type, session [6]
##    type    session array     n
##    <chr>     <int> <int> <dbl>
##  1 control       2     1     1
##  2 PWA           1     1     3
##  3 PWA           3     1     1
##  4 control       2     2     1
##  5 PWA           2     2     1
##  6 PWA           3     2     2
##  7 control       1     3     1
##  8 control       2     3     1
##  9 control       3     3     1
## 10 control       1     4     1
## # ... with 84 more rows
```

```
df %>% count(array) %>% mutate(n=n/160)
```

```
##    array n
## 1      1 5
## 2      2 4
## 3      3 3
## 4      4 3
## 5      5 4
## 6      6 4
## 7      7 5
## 8      8 5
## 9      9 4
## 10    10 3
## 11    11 4
## 12    12 4
## 13    13 5
## 14    14 3
## 15    15 4
## 16    16 3
## 17    17 7
## 18    18 5
## 19    19 5
## 20    20 3
## 21    21 3
## 22    22 4
## 23    23 3
## 24    24 3
## 25    25 5
## 26    26 4
## 27    27 4
## 28    28 3
## 29    29 3
## 30    30 5
```

Fully anonymize data and reduce data frame

```
# df_a <- df %>% dplyr::select(!"gender" & !starts_with("language") &
#                                !starts_with("handedness") &
#                                !starts_with("fingers") &
#                                 !starts_with("KB") &
#                                !starts_with("CHO") &
#                                !"comments" & !"type" &
#                                !"gender_char" & !"itemvsnonitem1" &
#                                !"itemvsnonitem2" &
#                                !starts_with("MC") &
#                                 !"name" & !"time_wo_outlier" )
```

```
# write.csv(df_a, here::here("data","data_long_anonymous.csv"))
```