



EK2390 Project Course in Integrated Circuits for RF and Microwave Technology

# **Group 2 - Project Presentation**

by

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# Contents of the Presentation

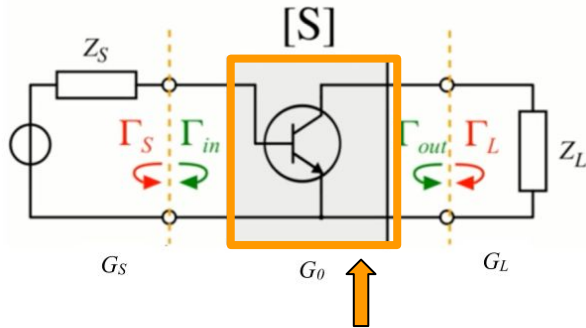


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2. Theoretical Calculation and Matching
3. Design of Small Signal Amplifier
4. Microstrip Layout Design
5. Laboratory
  - a. Low Noise Amplifier
  - b. Mixer
  - c. Voltage Controlled Oscillator

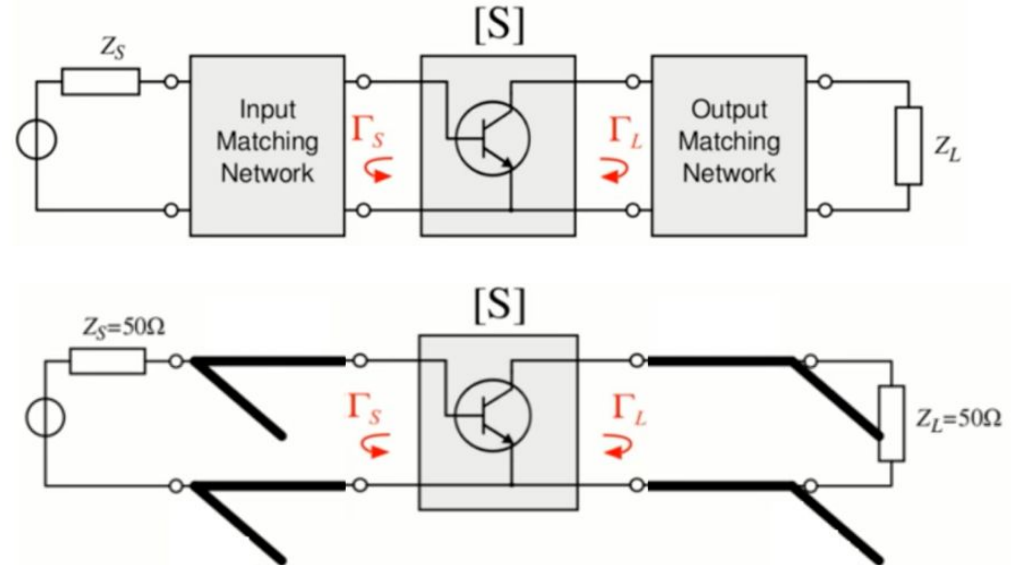
# Problem Statement

- Maximizing Gain using Input and Output Matching

Reference Impedance = 50 Ohm



Infiniteon BFP540 at 5GHz  
biasing point  $V_{CE} = 2V$  and  $I_C = 3mA$



# BJT S-Parameters and Theoretical Maximum

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} 0.6555 \angle 126.9^\circ & 0.1142 \angle 7.7^\circ \\ 2.011 \angle 22.5^\circ & 2.001 \angle -138.1^\circ \end{bmatrix}$$

Solving for conjugate matching gives a quadratic equation, hence 2 solutions for maximum gain

$$\Gamma_{S_1} = -0.8029 - j0.9732 \approx 1.2617 \angle -129.52^\circ,$$

$$\Gamma_{L_1} = -0.7482 + j1.6476 \approx 1.8095 \angle 114.42^\circ$$



Cannot be achieved using passive components

$$\Gamma_{S_2} = -0.5044 - j0.6114 \approx 0.7926 \angle -129.52^\circ,$$

$$\Gamma_{L_2} = -0.2285 + j0.5032 \approx 0.5527 \angle 114.42^\circ$$



Can be achieved using passive components

# BJT S-Parameters and Theoretical Maximum

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} 0.6555 \angle 126.9^\circ & 0.1142 \angle 7.7^\circ \\ 2.011 \angle 22.5^\circ & 2.001 \angle -138.1^\circ \end{bmatrix}$$

Thus, our solution of reflection coefficient for which we design our matching circuits

$$\Gamma_S = -0.5044 - j0.6114 \approx 0.7926 \angle -129.52^\circ, \quad \Gamma_L = -0.2285 + j0.5032 \approx 0.5527 \angle 114.42^\circ$$

And the total maximum gain is

$$G_{T_{max}} = 9.3329 = 9.7 \text{ dB}$$

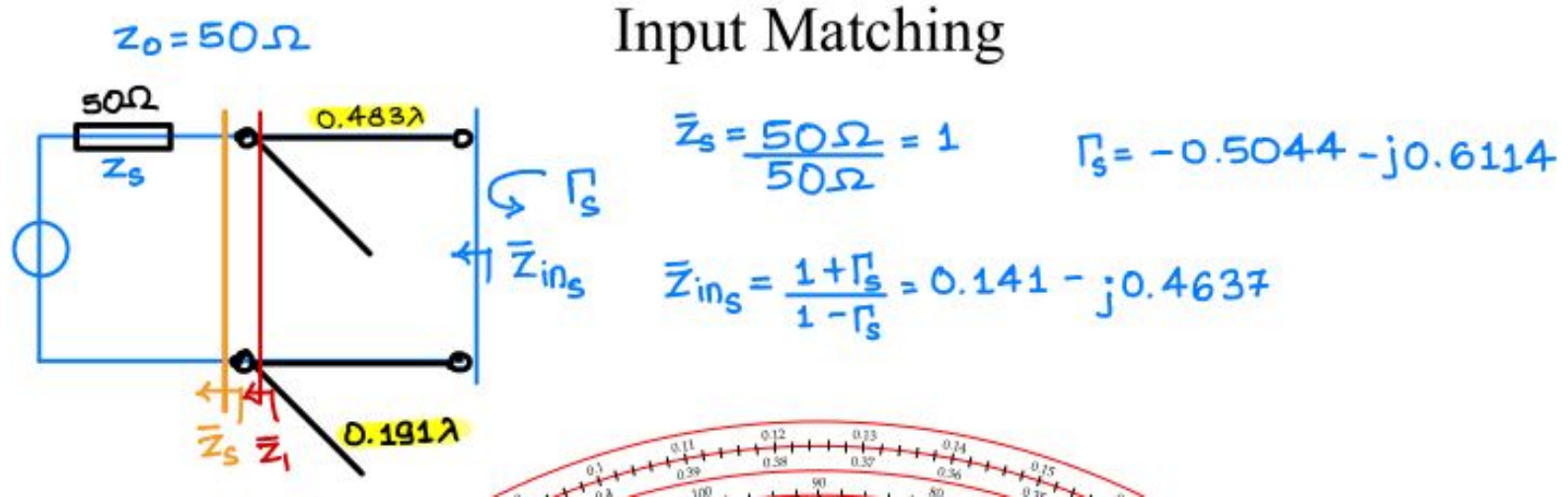
9.7 dB at 5 GHz

$$G_S = 2.6901 = 4.298 \text{ dB},$$

$$G_0 = 4.0441 = 6.068 \text{ dB},$$

$$G_L = 0.8579 = -0.666 \text{ dB}$$

# Design of Matching Circuits : Input Matching

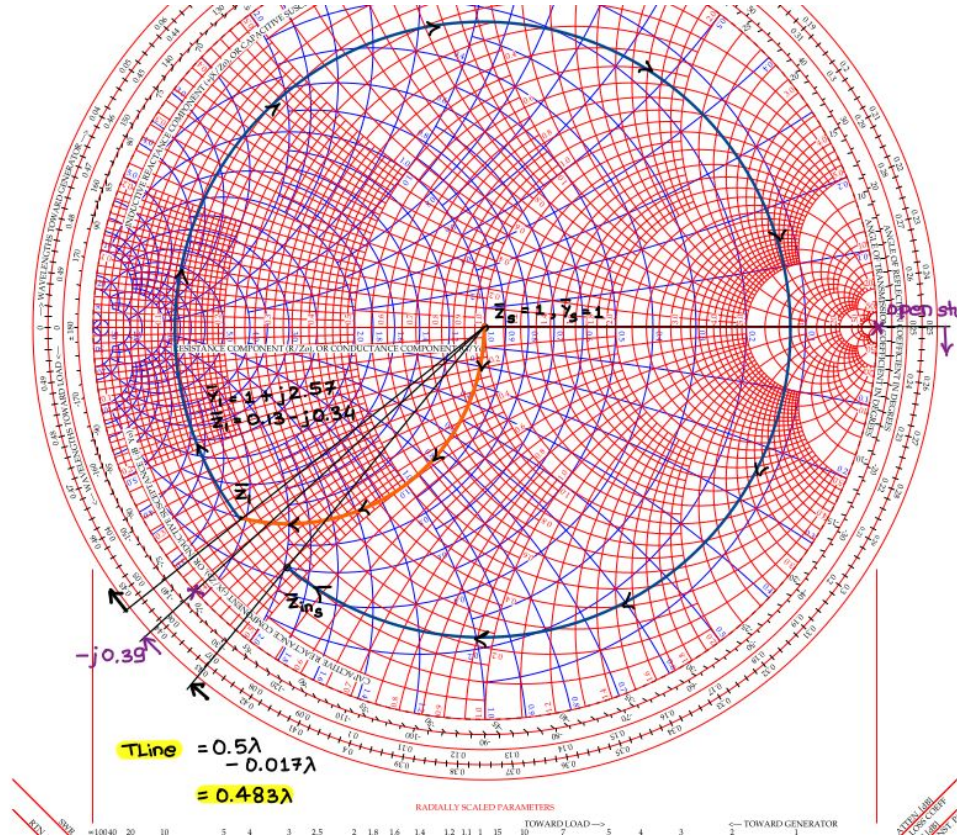


# Design of Matching Circuits : Input Matching

$$\bar{y}_c = \bar{y}_1 - \bar{y}_s \quad \therefore \bar{y}_c = j2.57$$

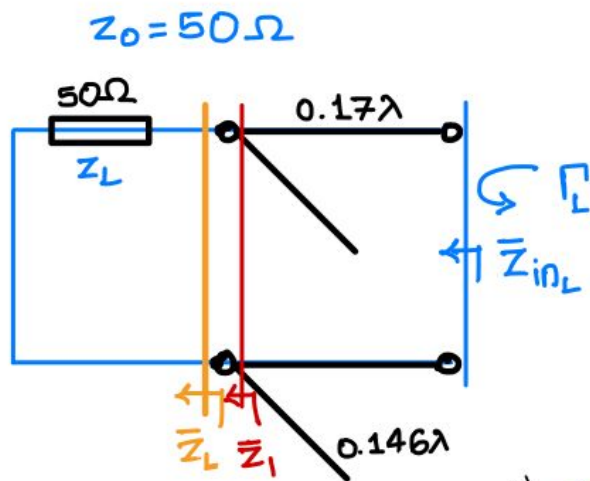
$$\therefore \bar{z}_c = -j0.39$$

$$\text{open stub length} = 0.441\lambda - 0.25\lambda \\ = 0.191\lambda$$



# Design of Matching Circuits : Output Matching

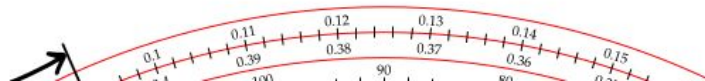
## Output Matching



$$\bar{Z}_L = \frac{50\Omega}{50\Omega} = 1$$

$$\Gamma_L = -0.2285 + j0.5032$$

$$\bar{Z}_{in_L} = \frac{1 + \Gamma_L}{1 - \Gamma_L} = 0.3941 + j0.571$$



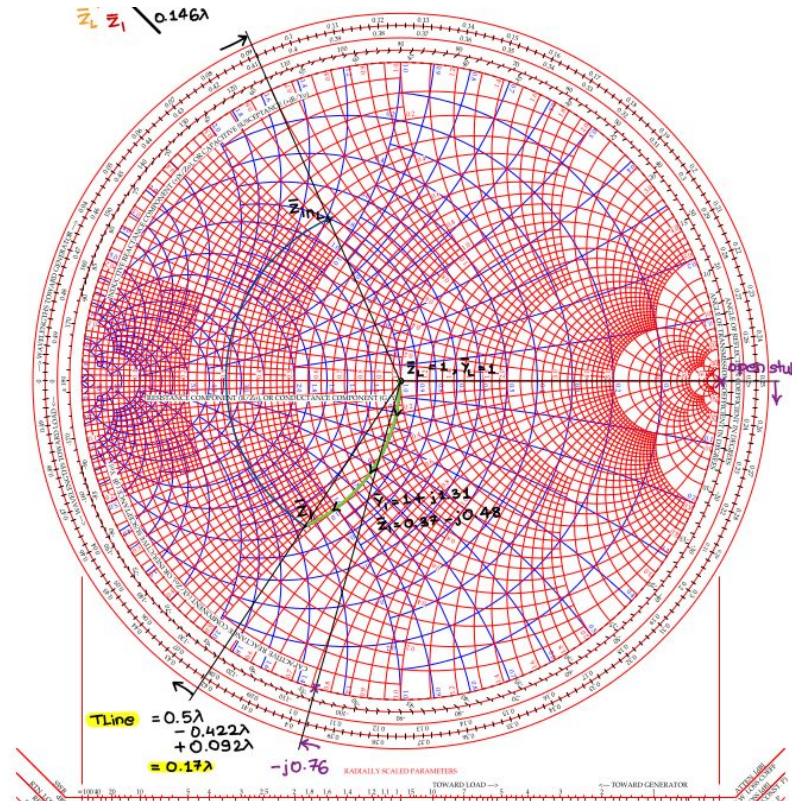


## Design of Matching Circuits : Output Matching

$$\bar{y}_c = \bar{y}_1 - \bar{y}_s \quad \therefore \bar{y}_c = j1.31$$

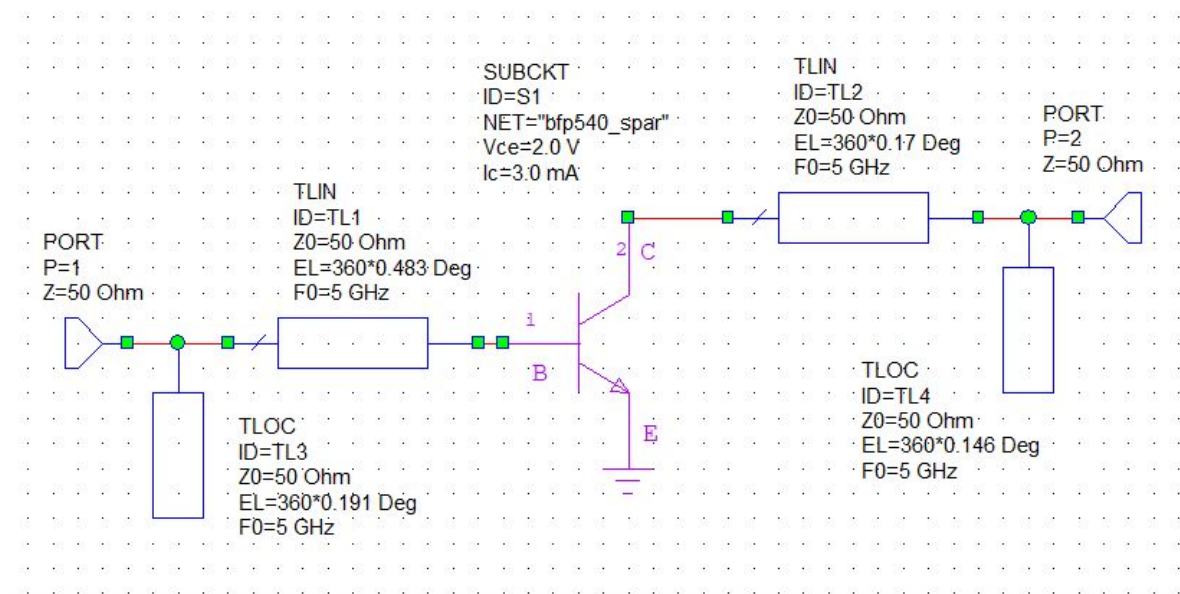
$$\therefore \bar{z}_c = -j0.76$$

$$\text{open stub length} = 0.396\lambda - 0.25\lambda$$
$$= 0.146\lambda$$

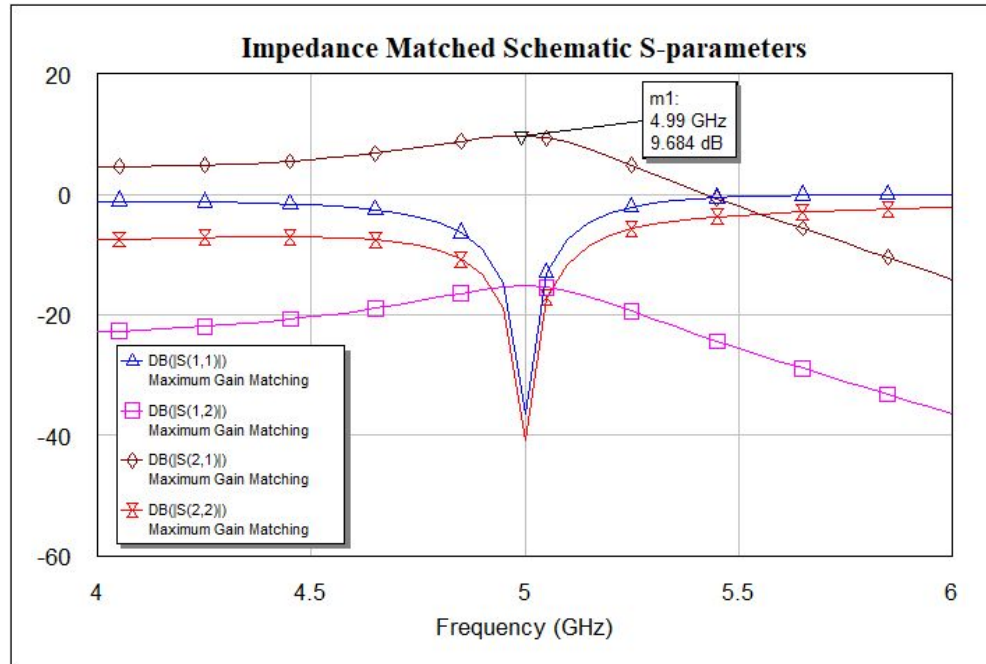


# Matching : Schematic

$$\text{Electrical length } \beta L = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} n \lambda = 2\pi \times n \text{ rad} = 360 \times n \text{ deg}$$

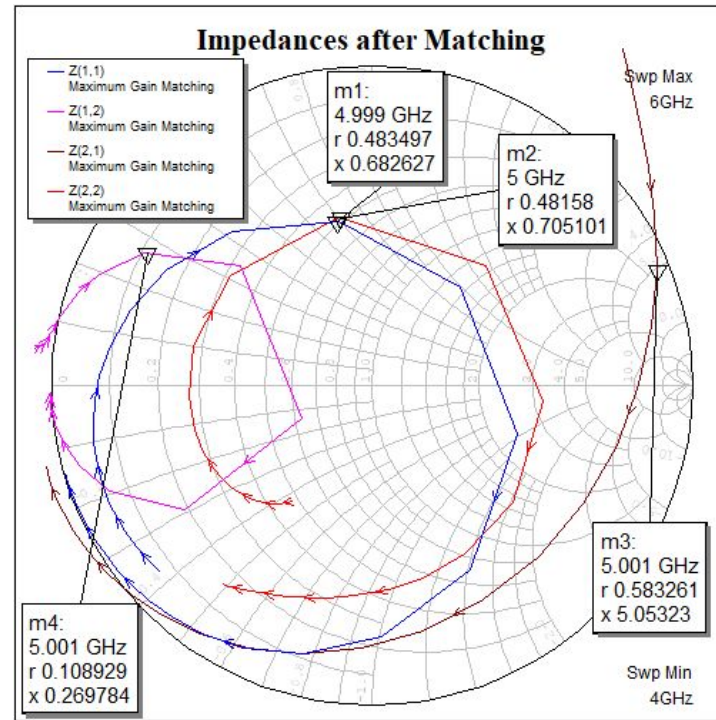
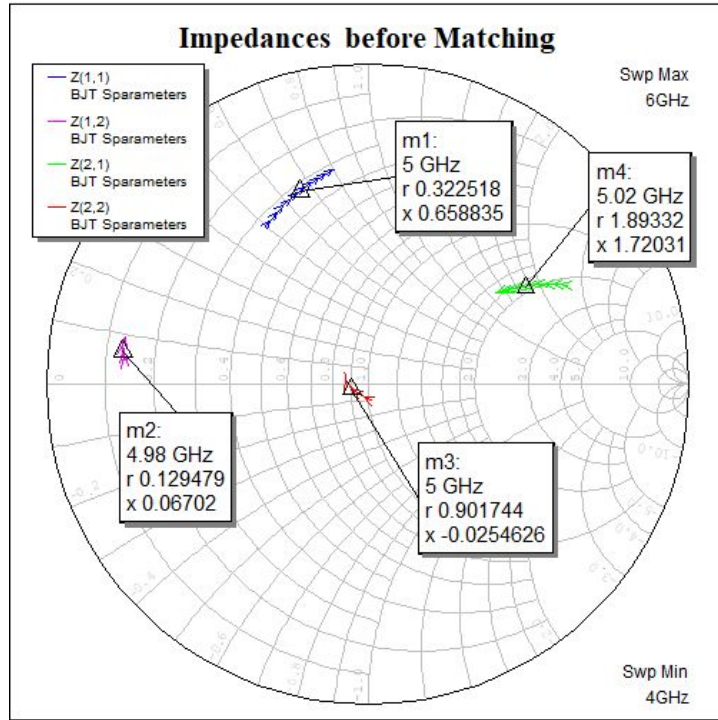


# Matching : Schematic

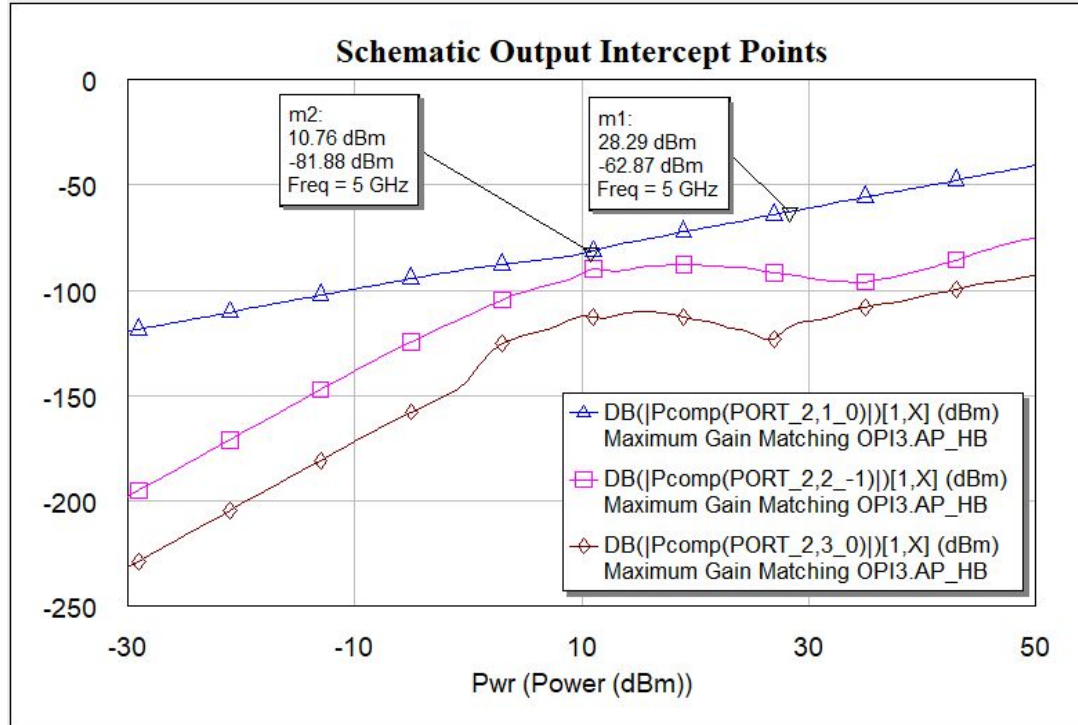


9.684 dB at 5 GHz

# Impedance Plots

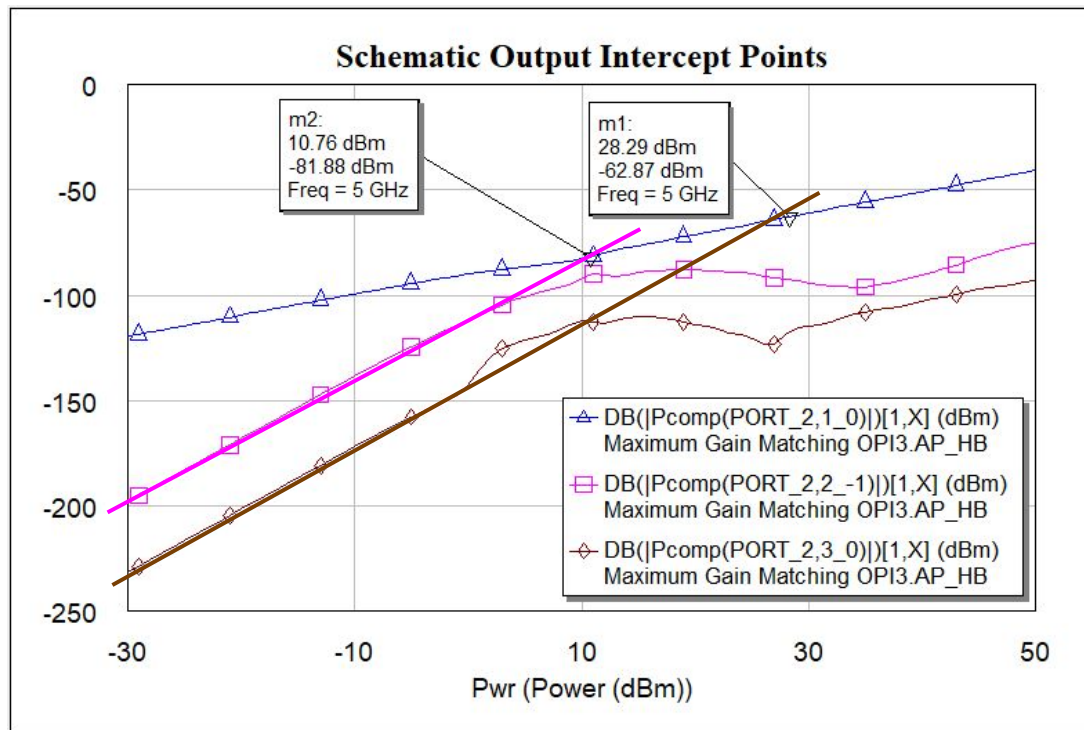


# Third Order Intercept Points (OIP3)





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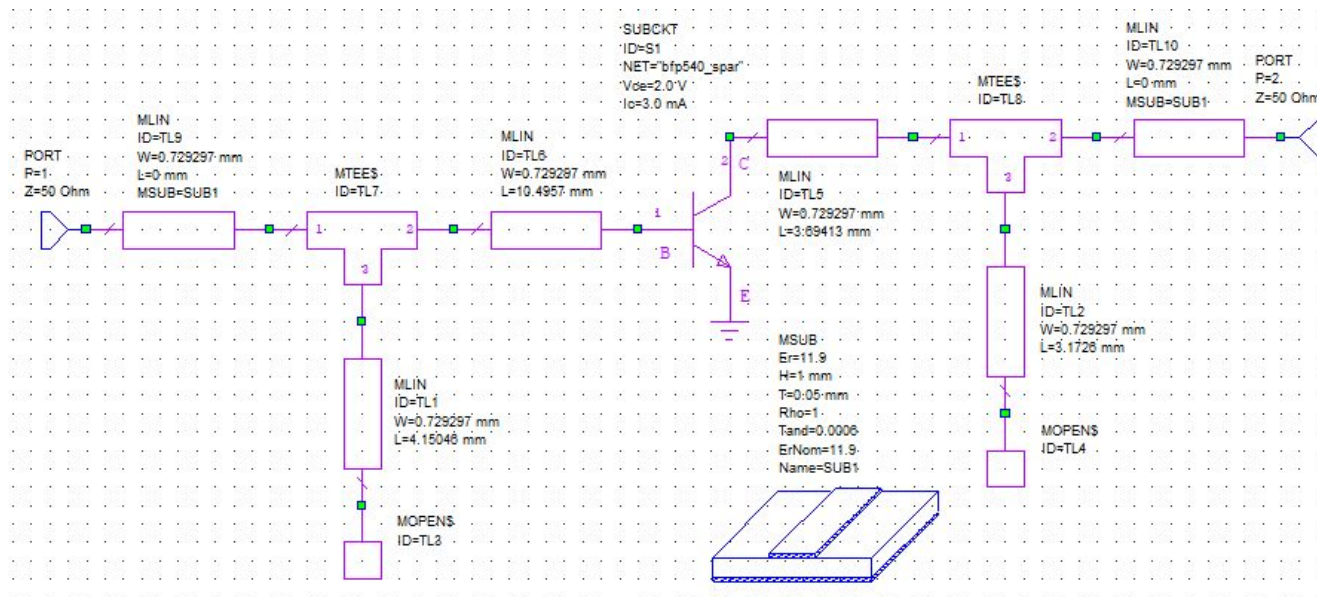


OIP3 Intermodulation : -81.88 dBm

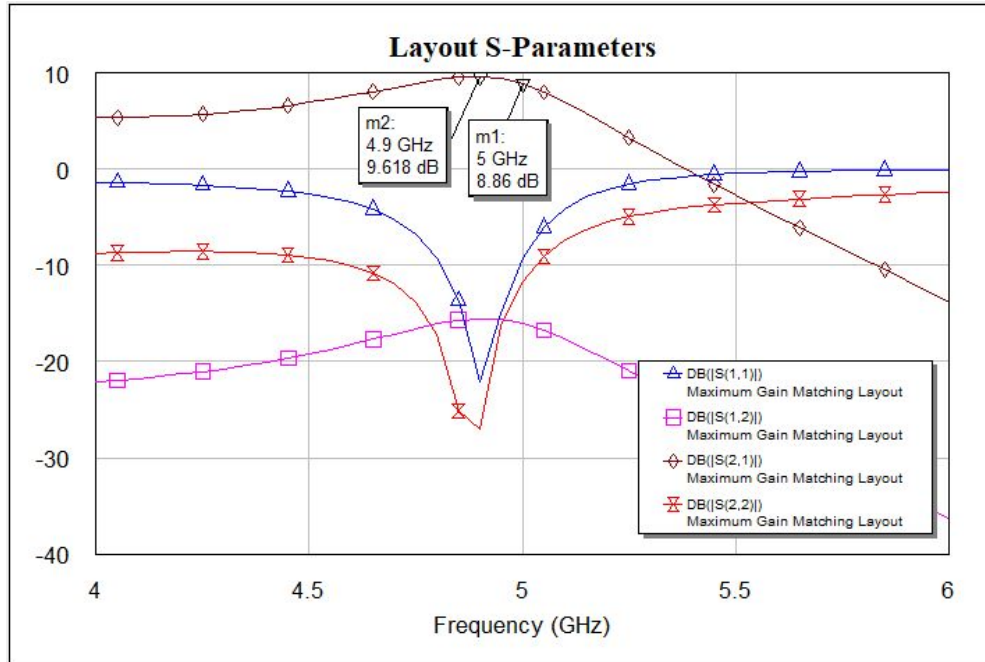
OIP3 Harmonic : -62.87 dBm

# Matching : Layout

$$\text{Electrical length } \beta L = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} n \lambda = 2\pi \times n \text{ rad} = 360 \times n \text{ deg}$$



# Matching : Layout

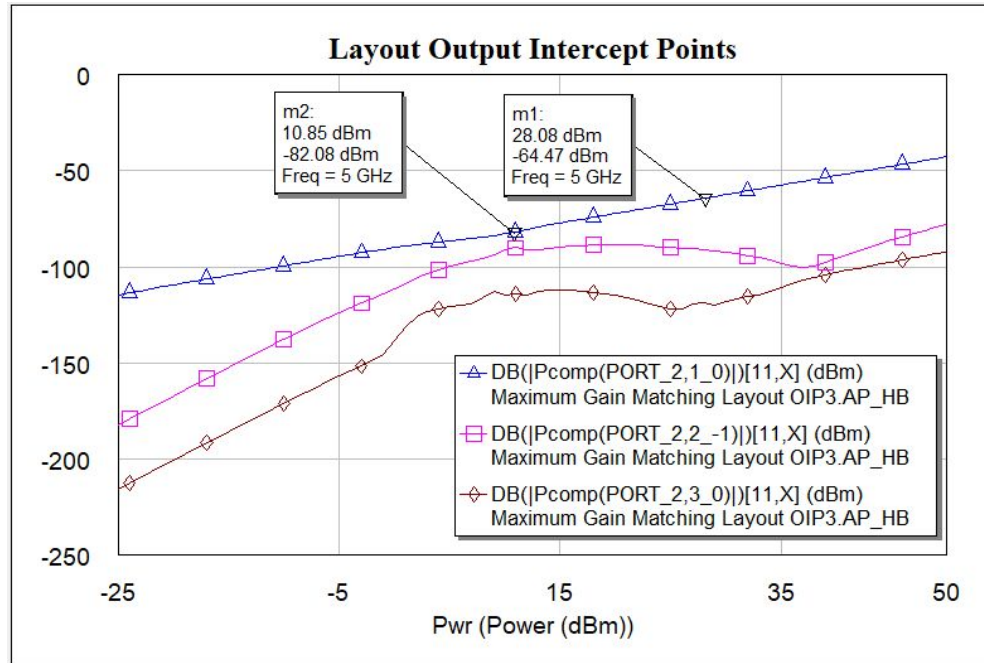


9.618 dB at 4.9 GHz

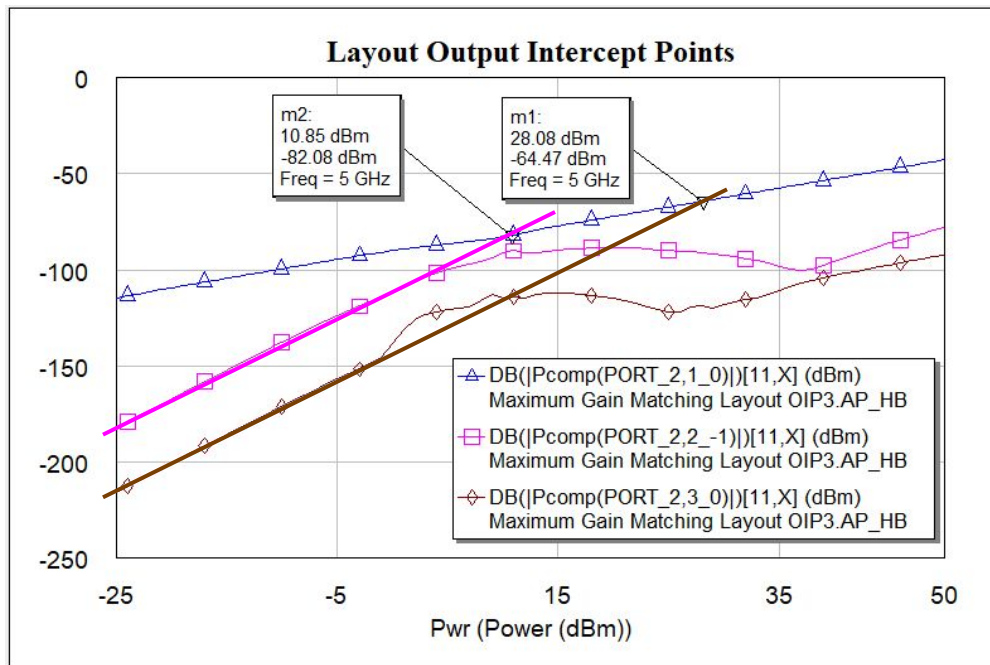
8.86 at 5 GHz



# Third Order Intercept Points (OIP3)



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OIP3 Intermodulation : -82.08 dBm

OIP3 Harmonic : -64.47 dBm

# Tapeout

