

# Joining Data with dplyr

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First, lets load packages for this activity

```
library(tidyverse)
library(lubridate)
library(knitr)
library(skimr)
```

Next, we import the flights data

```
michiganFlights <- readRDS("fullMiFlights2021.rds")
```

```
view(michiganFlights)
```

```
list2env(michiganFlights, envir = .GlobalEnv)
```

```
## <environment: R_GlobalEnv>
```

Use the skim() and glimpse() functions to explore characteristics of some of the tables of data, setting the code chunk options to have include = FALSE, but echo = TRUE. Run the code chunk without knitting the document individually to explore patterns of missingness, variable names and types, etc.

```
glimpse(flights)
```

```
## Rows: 149,445
## Columns: 19
## $ year      <int> 2021, 2021, 2021, 2021, 2021, 2021, 2021, 2021, 2021, 2021, 2...
## $ month     <int> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1...
## $ day       <int> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1...
## $ dep_time  <int> 536, 557, 558, 600, 606, 610, 611, 611, 624, 624, 627, ...
## $ sched_dep_time <int> 539, 600, 600, 607, 600, 615, 615, 616, 630, 615, 600, ...
## $ dep_delay <dbl> -3, -3, -2, -7, 6, -5, -4, -5, -6, 9, 27, -5, -5, -1, 0...
## $ arr_time  <int> 738, 758, 700, 820, 905, 809, 809, 804, 711, 806, 808, ...
## $ sched_arr_time <int> 825, 748, 730, 831, 920, 832, 822, 826, 723, 800, 834, ...
## $ arr_delay <dbl> -47, 10, -30, -11, -15, -23, -13, -22, -12, 6, -26, -7,...
## $ carrier   <chr> "AA", "DL", "NK", "OH", "NK", "OH", "DL", "YX", "DL", "...
## $ flight    <int> 90, 174, 5, 512, 21, 507, 120, 491, 173, 284, 140, 157,...
## $ tailnum   <chr> "N750UW", "N354NB", "N653NK", "N507AE", "N675NK", "N600...
## $ origin    <chr> "DTW", "GRR", "DTW", "FNT", "DTW", "GRR", "DTW", "DTW", "...
## $ dest      <chr> "PHX", "ATL", "LAS", "CLT", "FLL", "CLT", "ATL", "CLT", "...
## $ air_time  <dbl> 227, 104, 220, 95, 162, 91, 95, 87, 28, 61, 207, 66, 15...
## $ distance  <dbl> 1671, 640, 1749, 555, 1127, 583, 594, 500, 120, 409, 15...
## $ hour      <dbl> 5, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 7, 7, 7, 7, 6, 7, 7, 7...
## $ minute    <dbl> 39, 0, 0, 7, 0, 15, 15, 16, 30, 15, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 50, ...
## $ time_hour <dtm> 2021-01-01 05:00:00, 2021-01-01 06:00:00, 2021-01-01 0...
```

```
glimpse(airports)
```

```
## Rows: 1,251
## Columns: 8
## $ faa <chr> "AAF", "AAP", "ABE", "ABI", "ABL", "ABQ", "ABR", "ABY", "ACK", "...
## $ name <chr> "Apalachicola Regional Airport", "Andrau Airpark", "Lehigh Valle...
## $ lat <dbl> 29.72750, 29.72250, 40.65210, 32.41130, 67.10630, 35.04020, 45.4...
## $ lon <dbl> -85.02750, -95.58830, -75.44080, -99.68190, -157.85699, -106.609...
```

```
## $ alt <dbl> 20, 79, 393, 1791, 334, 5355, 1302, 197, 47, 516, 221, 75, 18, 7...
## $ tz <dbl> -5, -6, -5, -6, -9, -7, -6, -5, -5, -6, -8, -5, -10, -6, -9, -6,...
## $ dst <chr> "A", "A", "A", "A", "A", "A", "A", "A", "A", "A", "A", "A", "A",...
## $ tzone <chr> "America/New_York", "America/Chicago", "America/New_York", "Amer...
```

`glimpse(weather)`

```
## Rows: 34,897
## Columns: 15
## $ origin <chr> "DTW", "DTW", "DTW", "DTW", "DTW", "DTW", "DTW", "DTW", "DT...
## $ year <int> 2021, 2021, 2021, 2021, 2021, 2021, 2021, 2021, 2021, 2021,...
## $ month <int> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,...
## $ day <int> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,...
## $ hour <int> 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 1...
## $ temp <dbl> NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA,...
## $ dewp <dbl> NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA,...
## $ humid <dbl> NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA,...
## $ wind_dir <dbl> 210, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 50, 90, 0, 0, 70, 60, 50, 60, 80, 70, 1...
## $ wind_speed <dbl> 5.75390, 0.00000, 0.00000, 0.00000, 0.00000, 0.00000, 2.301...
## $ wind_gust <dbl> 6.621473, 0.00000, 0.00000, 0.00000, 0.00000, 0.00000,...
## $ precip <dbl> NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA,...
## $ pressure <dbl> NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA,...
## $ visib <dbl> 8.0, 7.0, 6.0, 5.0, 4.0, 5.0, 5.0, 3.5, 3.0, 3.0, 3.0, 3.0,...
## $ time_hour <dtm> 2021-01-01 00:00:00, 2021-01-01 01:00:00, 2021-01-01 02:00...
```

`glimpse(planes)`

```
## Rows: 3,962
## Columns: 9
## $ tailnum <chr> "N101DQ", "N101DU", "N101HQ", "N102DN", "N102DU", "N102HQ...
## $ year <int> 2020, 2018, 2007, 2020, NA, 2007, 1998, NA, 2020, 2007, 2...
## $ type <chr> "Fixed wing multi engine", "Fixed wing multi engine", "Fi...
## $ manufacturer <chr> "AIRBUS", "C SERIES AIRCRAFT LTD PTNRSP", "EMBRAER-EMPRES...
## $ model <chr> "A321-211", "BD-500-1A10", "ERJ 170-200 LR", "A321-211", ...
## $ engines <int> 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, ...
## $ seats <int> 199, 133, 80, 199, 133, 80, 182, 133, 199, 80, 88, 182, 1...
## $ speed <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, ...
## $ engine <chr> "Turbo-fan", "Turbo-fan", "Turbo-fan", "Turbo-fan", "Turb...
```

`skim(weather)`

Data summary

Name	weather
------	---------

Number of rows	34897
----------------	-------

Number of columns	15
-------------------	----

Column type frequency:

character	1
-----------	---

numeric	13
---------	----

POSIXct	1
---------	---

Group variables	None
-----------------	------

Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
origin	0	1	3	3	0	4	0

Variable type: numeric

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100
year	0	1.00	2021.00	0.00	2021.00	2021.00	2021.00	2021.00	2021.00
month	0	1.00	6.51	3.44	1.00	4.00	7.00	9.00	12.00
day	0	1.00	15.67	8.77	1.00	8.00	16.00	23.00	31.00
hour	0	1.00	11.50	6.92	0.00	6.00	12.00	18.00	23.00
temp	34395	0.01	45.75	18.05	10.90	30.90	37.90	64.00	82.00
dewp	34396	0.01	36.89	18.27	5.00	21.90	30.00	51.10	73.00
humid	34397	0.01	72.73	15.76	31.52	61.59	72.07	87.06	100.00
wind_dir	952	0.97	181.80	107.41	0.00	90.00	200.00	270.00	360.00
wind_speed	465	0.99	8.09	5.36	0.00	4.60	8.06	11.51	36.00
wind_gust	465	0.99	9.31	6.17	0.00	5.30	9.27	13.24	42.00
precip	33636	0.04	0.01	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.40
pressure	34629	0.01	1011.31	7.07	1000.10	1004.38	1011.15	1018.50	1020.00
visib	99	1.00	8.80	2.29	0.06	9.00	10.00	10.00	10.00

Variable type: POSIXct

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	median	n_unique
time_hour	0	1	2021-01-01	2021-12-30 23:00:00	2021-07-01 23:00:00	8735

skim(flights)

Data summary

Name

flights

Number of rows

149445

Number of columns

19

Column type frequency:

character

4

numeric

14

POSIXct

1

Group variables

None

Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
carrier	0	1	2	2	0	15	0
tailnum	117	1	5	6	0	4136	0

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
origin	0	1	3	3	0	4	0
dest	0	1	3	3	0	114	0

#### Variable type: numeric

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100	hist
year	0	1.00	2021.00	0.00	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	
month	0	1.00	6.77	3.35	1	4	7	10	12	
day	0	1.00	15.74	8.78	1	8	16	23	31	
dep_time	1382	0.99	1371.55	493.76	1	944	1353	1745	2400	
sched_dep_time	0	1.00	1369.27	486.06	500	930	1355	1737	2327	
dep_delay	1384	0.99	6.96	45.39	-34	-5	-3	1	1948	
arr_time	1433	0.99	1464.41	517.39	1	1049	1455	1839	2400	
sched_arr_time	0	1.00	1481.47	507.65	1	1100	1504	1840	2359	
arr_delay	1715	0.99	-0.22	47.48	-79	-17	-9	1	1961	
flight	0	1.00	371.09	221.12	1	176	372	548	927	
air_time	1715	0.99	95.45	62.47	15	50	75	133	393	
distance	0	1.00	654.32	488.30	74	296	501	983	2986	
hour	0	1.00	13.42	4.83	5	9	13	17	23	
minute	0	1.00	27.52	18.71	0	10	29	45	59	

#### Variable type: POSIXct

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	median	n_unique
time_hour	0	1	2021-01-05:00:00	2021-12-31 22:00:00	2021-07-12 21:00:00	6452

The flights and planes data set connect through which variable(s)?

the 'tailnum' variable connect the two table

The flights and airports data set connect through which variable(s)?

the 'faa','origin', and 'dest', connect the two tables ##### The flights and weather data set connect through which variable(s)? the 'year','month', 'day', 'hour', and the location variable('origin') connect the two tables ##### Suppose we wanted to draw (approximately) the route each plane flies from its origin to its destination. Which variables would we need? Which tables would we need to combine? We need flights dataset('origin' and 'dest') variables and airport dataset('faa','name'. we also need 'lat' & 'lon' variables. ##### Now suppose we wanted to explore typical weather patterns for departing flights at different airports and explore the weather's relationship with departure delays. Considering the wind speeds and amount of precipitation, which variables would we need for this? Which tables would we need to combine? the weather data set(all the linking variables and the 'wind speed' and 'precipitation' variables) and the flight data set(all the linking variables,'dep', 'delay').

## Outer Join

Combine the airlines and flights data frames with `left_join()` to create a new data set called `flightsCarriers`.

```
flightscarriers <- flights %>%
  left_join(airlines, by = c("carrier" = "carrier"))
flightscarriers
```

```
## # A tibble: 149,445 × 20
##   year month   day dep_time sched_dep_time dep_delay arr_time sched_arr_time
##   <int> <int> <int>   <int>         <int>         <dbl>   <int>         <int>
## 1 2021     1     1     536           539          -3     738           825
## 2 2021     1     1     557           600          -3     758           748
## 3 2021     1     1     558           600          -2     700           730
## 4 2021     1     1     600           607          -7     820           831
## 5 2021     1     1     606           600           6     905           920
## 6 2021     1     1     610           615          -5     809           832
## 7 2021     1     1     611           615          -4     809           822
## 8 2021     1     1     611           616          -5     804           826
## 9 2021     1     1     624           630          -6     711           723
## 10 2021     1     1     624           615           9     806           800
## # i 149,435 more rows
## # i 12 more variables: arr_delay <dbl>, carrier <chr>, flight <int>,
## #   tailnum <chr>, origin <chr>, dest <chr>, air_time <dbl>, distance <dbl>,
## #   hour <dbl>, minute <dbl>, time_hour <dtm>, name <chr>
```

Calculate the average flight distance for each carrier using the full name of the carriers. Who had the longest flights on average? Who had the shortest?

```
#calculating avg flight distance for each carrier using the full name of the carrier. who had
flights %>%
  group_by(name) %>%
  summarise(AvgDistance = mean(distance)) %>%
  arrange(AvgDistance)
```

```
## # A tibble: 15 × 2
##   name                AvgDistance
##   <chr>                <dbl>
## 1 Endeavor Air Inc.      328.
## 2 Envoy Air              362.
## 3 Republic Airline      384.
## 4 SkyWest Airlines Inc.  428.
## 5 PSA Airlines Inc.     510.
## 6 JetBlue Airways       584.
## 7 Southwest Airlines Co. 600.
## 8 United Air Lines Inc.  679.
## 9 Mesa Airlines Inc.    764.
## 10 American Airlines Inc. 912.
## 11 Delta Air Lines Inc.  960.
## 12 Spirit Air Lines    1113.
## 13 Allegiant Air       1117.
## 14 Frontier Airlines Inc. 1177.
## 15 Alaska Airlines Inc. 1927
```

Alaska airlines has the longest flight on average and endeavor air has the shortest

Combine the flights and weather data frames with `left_join()` to create a new data set called `flightsWeather`. How many rows does `flightsWeather` have?

```
#Add flight information to the weather data

weatherFlight <- weather %>%
  left_join(flights,
    by = c("origin", "year", "month", "day", "hour"))
weatherFlight
```

```
## # A tibble: 168,159 × 29
##   origin year month   day hour temp  dewp humid wind_dir wind_speed
##   <chr>   <int> <int> <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1 DTW    2021     1     1     0   NA   NA   NA     210     5.75
## 2 DTW    2021     1     1     1   NA   NA   NA      0      0
## 3 DTW    2021     1     1     2   NA   NA   NA      0      0
## 4 DTW    2021     1     1     3   NA   NA   NA      0      0
## 5 DTW    2021     1     1     4   NA   NA   NA      0      0
## 6 DTW    2021     1     1     5   NA   NA   NA      0      0
```

```
## 7 DTW 2021 1 1 6 NA NA NA 50 2.30
## 8 DTW 2021 1 1 6 NA NA NA 50 2.30
## 9 DTW 2021 1 1 6 NA NA NA 50 2.30
## 10 DTW 2021 1 1 6 NA NA NA 50 2.30
## # i 168,149 more rows
## # i 19 more variables: wind_gust <dbl>, precip <dbl>, pressure <dbl>,
## # visib <dbl>, time_hour.x <dtm>, dep_time <int>, sched_dep_time <int>,
## # dep_delay <dbl>, arr_time <int>, sched_arr_time <int>, arr_delay <dbl>,
## # carrier <chr>, flight <int>, tailnum <chr>, dest <chr>, air_time <dbl>,
## # distance <dbl>, minute <dbl>, time_hour.y <dtm>
```

```
weatherFlight %>% nrow()
```

```
## [1] 168159
```

The 'weatherflights' data set has all the weather data, supplemented with flight data when available, and it has 168159 rows. This has more rows than the original 'weather' data set since some weather information was duplicated due to multiple flights occurring in the same hour at the same airport

Combine the weather and flights data frames with `full_join()` to create a new data set called `weatherFlightsFull`. How many rows does `weatherFlightsFull` have?

```
#Add weather information to the weather data

flightsWeather <- flights %>%
  left_join(weather,
            by = c("origin", "year", "month", "day", "hour"))
```

The 'flightsWeather' data set has all the flights data, supplemented with weather data when available, and it has 149445 rows. Combine the weather and flights data frames with `full_join()` to create a new data set called `weatherFlightsFull`. How many rows does `weatherFlightsFull` have?

```
#Add weather information to the flight data

weatherFlightsFull <- flights %>%
  full_join(weather,
            by = c("origin", "year", "month", "day", "hour"))
weatherFlightsFull
```

```
## # A tibble: 168,504 × 29
##   year month   day dep_time sched_dep_time dep_delay arr_time sched_arr_time
##   <int> <int> <int>   <int>         <int>         <dbl>   <int>         <int>
## 1 2021     1     1     536           539          -3     738           825
## 2 2021     1     1     557           600          -3     758           748
## 3 2021     1     1     558           600          -2     700           730
## 4 2021     1     1     600           607          -7     820           831
## 5 2021     1     1     606           600           6     905           920
## 6 2021     1     1     610           615          -5     809           832
## 7 2021     1     1     611           615          -4     809           822
## 8 2021     1     1     611           616          -5     804           826
## 9 2021     1     1     624           630          -6     711           723
## 10 2021     1     1     624           615           9     806           800
## # i 168,494 more rows
## # i 21 more variables: arr_delay <dbl>, carrier <chr>, flight <int>,
## # tailnum <chr>, origin <chr>, dest <chr>, air_time <dbl>, distance <dbl>,
## # hour <dbl>, minute <dbl>, time_hour.x <dtm>, temp <dbl>, dewp <dbl>,
## # humid <dbl>, wind_dir <dbl>, wind_speed <dbl>, wind_gust <dbl>,
## # precip <dbl>, pressure <dbl>, visib <dbl>, time_hour.y <dtm>
```

```
weatherFlightsFull %>% nrow()
```

```
## [1] 168504
```

the 'weatherFlightsFull' data set has all the flights data, supplemented with weather data when available, weather data even when no flights occurred, and it has 168504 rows.

Since 'weatherFullFlights' has 168504 rows and weather flights has 168159 rows, there were 168504-168159=345 flights with no weather information available.

Considering all of the data we have available, how many flights have missing wind speeds?

```
#Using flightsWeather to answer this question
```

```
flightsWeather %>%  
  dplyr::pull(wind_speed) %>%  
  is.na() %>%  
  sum()
```

```
## [1] 1526
```

There were 1526 flights that had missing wind speeds. # Inner joins

Combine the weather and flights data frames with inner\_join() to create a new data set called innerWeatherFlights. How many rows does innerWeatherFlights have?

```
#Add weather information to the flight data
```

```
innerweatherFlightsFull <- flights %>%  
  inner_join(weather,  
    by = c("origin", "year", "month", "day", "hour"))
```

```
innerweatherFlightsFull %>% nrow()
```

```
## [1] 149100
```

The 'innerweatherFlightsFull' data set has information on flights that had weather information available, it has 149100 rows, there were 149445-149100=345 flights with no weather information available