### Exam 3

All screenshots that are included are from my own R Script files. You can access them with this link: https://github.com/kiseraidan/STAT-3010/tree/main/Exam%203

I will include the R script files in the submission as well.

```
1.
     (a).
          Code:
     12 # a.
     13
         # calc the mean, median, quartiles, and min/max for wing.length
     14
     15
         mean_wl <- mean(rubythroats$wing.length, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
     16
         median_wl <- median(rubythroats$wing.length, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
          quantiles_wl <- quantile(rubythroats$wing.length, probs = c(0.25, 0.75),
     17
     18
                                   na.rm = TRUE)
         min_wl <- min(rubythroats$wing.length, na.rm = TRUE)
     19
     20
         max_wl <- max(rubythroats$wing.length, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
     21
     22
         # print
     23
         print(paste("Mean:", mean_wl))
         print(paste("Median:", median_wl))
     25
         print(paste("First Quartile:", quantiles_wl[1]))
     26 print(paste("Third Quartile:", quantiles_wl[2]))
         print(paste("Min:", min_wl))
     27
     28 print(paste("Max:", max_wl))
```

Output:

```
> source("~/Documents/Spring 2024 Classes/Statistics for Engineers & Scientists/Exams/Exa
m 3/Take Home/Exam3_Question1.R")
Rows: 78 Columns: 10

    Column specification -

Delimiter: ","
chr (3): survival, nestling.fate, second.clutch
dbl (7): weight, wing.length, tarsus.length, first.clutch.size, carotenoid.chroma, bib.ar
ea, total.brig...
i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
[1] "Mean: 50.2948717948718"
[1] "Median: 50.5"
[1] "First Quartile: 49"
[1] "Third Quartile: 51.5"
[1] "Min: 46.5"
[1] "Max: 54"
> |
      (b).
             Code:
  30 # b.
  31
  32 # calc the standard deviation for wing.length
  33 sd_wl <- sd(rubythroats$wing.length, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
  34
  35 # calc the correlation between wing.length and tarsus.length
  36 correlation <- cor(rubythroats$wing.length, rubythroats$tarsus.length,</p>
  37
                         use = "complete.obs")
  38
  39 # print
  40 print(paste("Standard Deviation of Wing Length:", sd_wl))
  41 print(paste("Correlation between Wing Length and Tarsus Length:", correlation))
```

Output:

```
> source("~/Documents/Spring 2024 Classes/Statistics for Engineers & Scientists/Exams/Exa
m 3/Take Home/Exam3_Question1.R")
Rows: 78 Columns: 10

    Column specification -

Delimiter: ","
chr (3): survival, nestling.fate, second.clutch
dbl (7): weight, wing.length, tarsus.length, first.clutch.size, carotenoid.chro...
i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
[1] "Mean: 50.2948717948718"
[1] "Median: 50.5"
[1] "First Quartile: 49"
[1] "Third Quartile: 51.5"
[1] "Min: 46.5"
[1] "Max: 54"
[1] "Standard Deviation of Wing Length: 1.68922463085282"
[1] "Correlation between Wing Length and Tarsus Length: 0.258471110980964"
>
     (c).
            Code:
    43
        # c.
    44
    45
        # calc the 99% confidence interval for the average wing.length
    46
        ci <- t.test(rubythroats$wing.length, conf.level = 0.99)
    47
    48
        # print
    49
        print(ci)
    50
            Output:
```

```
> source("~/Documents/Spring 2024 Classes/Statistics for Engineers & Scientists/Exams/Exam 3/Take Home/Exam3_Question1.R")
Rows: 78 Columns: 10

    Column specification

Delimiter: ","
chr (3): survival, nestling.fate, second.clutch
dbl (7): weight, wing.length, tarsus.length, first.clutch.size, carotenoid.chroma, bib.area, total.brightness
i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
[1] "Mean: 50.2948717948718"
[1] "Median: 50.5"
[1] "First Quartile: 49"
[1] "Third Quartile: 51.5" [1] "Min: 46.5"
[1] "Max: 54"
[1] "Standard Deviation of Wing Length: 1.68922463085282"
[1] "Correlation between Wing Length and Tarsus Length: 0.258471110980964"
        One Sample t-test
data: rubythroats$wing.length
t = 262.96, df = 77, p-value < 2.2e-16
alternative hypothesis: true mean is not equal to 0
99 percent confidence interval:
 49.78970 50.80005
sample estimates:
mean of x
 50.29487
```

2.

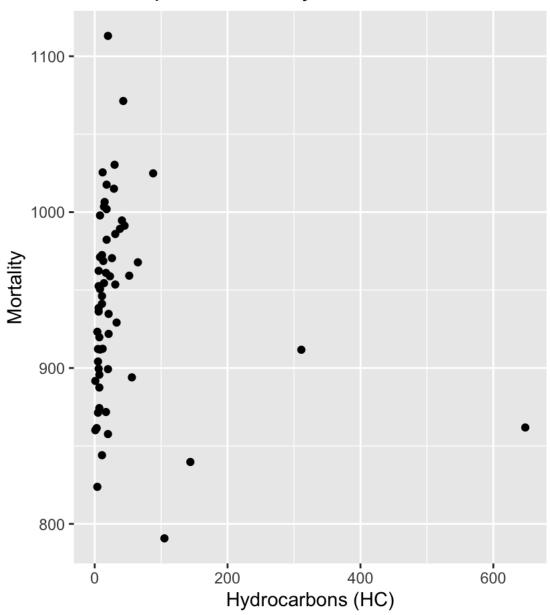
(a).

### Code:

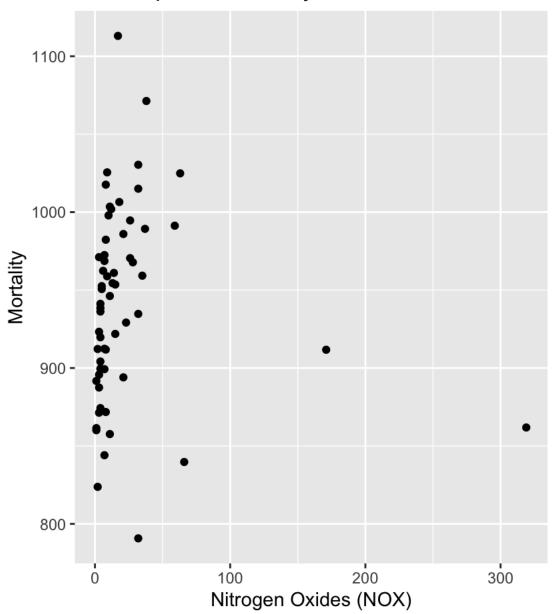
```
13 # a.
14
15 # create scatter plots
16 # plot for HC
17 p1 <- ggplot(mort_data, aes(x = HC, y = Mortality)) +
18
      geom_point() +
19
      labs(title = "Scatter plot of Mortality vs. HC", x = "Hydrocarbons (HC)", y = "Mortality")
20
21 # plot for NOX
22 p2 <- ggplot(mort_data, aes(x = NOX, y = Mortality)) +
23
      geom_point() +
      labs(title = "Scatter plot of Mortality vs. NOX", x = "Nitrogen Oxides (NOX)", y = "Mortality")
24
25
26 # plot for SO2
27 p3 <- ggplot(mort_data, aes(x = SO2, y = Mortality)) +
      geom_point() +
28
      labs(title = "Scatter plot of Mortality vs. SO2", x = "Sulfur Dioxide (SO2)", y = "Mortality")
29
30
31 # print the plots
32 print(p1)
33 print(p2)
34 print(p3)
```

Plots:

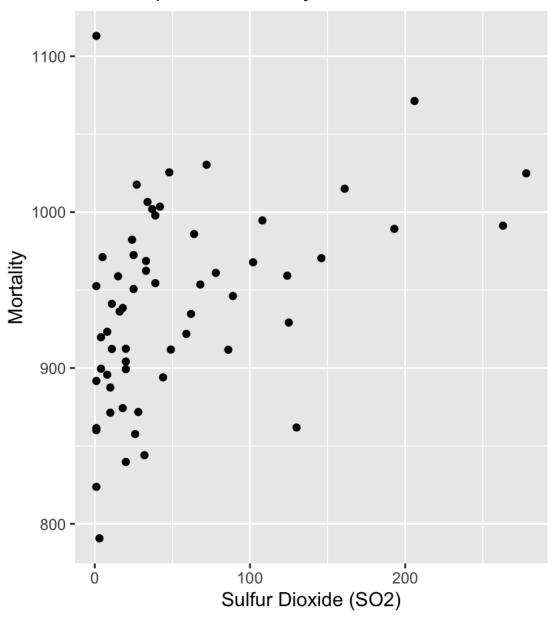
# Scatter plot of Mortality vs. HC



# Scatter plot of Mortality vs. NOX



## Scatter plot of Mortality vs. SO2



(b).

## Code:

```
# b.

# run the linear regression with Mortality as the response and HC, NOX, SOZ as pre
model <- lm(Mortality ~ HC + NOX + SOZ, data = mort_data)

# summarize the model to get the regression equation and other statistics
summary(model)</pre>
```

## Output:

```
> summary(model)

Call:
lm(formula = Mortality ~ HC + NOX + SO2, data = mort_data)
```

#### Residuals:

```
Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
-100.020 -33.053 -5.285 38.395 171.074
```

#### Coefficients:

Residual standard error: 51.84 on 56 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.3408, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3055 F-statistic: 9.65 on 3 and 56 DF, p-value: 3.123e-05

Therefore, The equation for the linear regression model with mortality as the response variable is:

Mortality = 924.1631 - 1.6133\*HC + 2.9346\*NOX + 0.2007\*SO2

(c).

### Code:

```
# c.

45

46  # retrieve the adjusted R-squared value from the model summary
47  adjusted_r_squared <- summary(model)$adj.r.squared
48

49  # print
50  adjusted_r_squared</pre>
```

## Output:

```
> adjusted_r_squared
[1] 0.3054739
> |
```