

Sr.	Unit No.	Question	BL	CO
1	1	Define Functional Dependency and explain types of functional dependency.	U	CO1
2	1	List out Armstrong's axioms.	R	CO1
3	1	List and explain Armstrong's axioms. <b>OR</b> Discuss Armstrong's inference rules.	U	CO1
4	1	What is closure of a set of FDs? Describe how to find closure of a set of FDs.	U	CO1
5	1	Relation R is given with attributes A, B, C, G, H and I. Also, a set of functional dependencies F is given with following FDs. $F = \{A \rightarrow B, A \rightarrow C, CG \rightarrow H, CG \rightarrow I, B \rightarrow H\}$ Find Closure of F.	U	CO1
6	1	Compute the closure of the following set F of functional dependencies for relational schema $R = (A, B, C, D, E, F)$ : $F = (A \rightarrow B, A \rightarrow C, CD \rightarrow E, CD \rightarrow F, B \rightarrow E)$ .	U	CO1
7	1	What is closure of a set of attributes? Explain how (Write an algorithm) to find closure of a set of attributes.	U	CO1
8	1	Given relation R with attributes A, B, C, D, E, F and set of FDs as $A \rightarrow BC, E \rightarrow CF, B \rightarrow E$ and $CD \rightarrow EF$ . Find out closure $\{A, B\}^+$ of the set of attributes.	U	CO1
9	1	Consider schema EMPLOYEE (E_ID, E_NAME, E_CITY, E_STATE) and $FD = \{E\_ID \rightarrow E\_NAME, E\_ID \rightarrow E\_CITY, E\_ID \rightarrow E\_STATE, E\_CITY \rightarrow E\_STATE\}$ Find attribute closure for: $(E\_ID)^+, (E\_CITY)^+$	U	CO1
10	1	What is Canonical cover? Describe how to write an algorithm to find Canonical cover.	U	CO1
11	1	Define the following terms. (i) Closure of set of FDs (ii) Closure of set of attributes (iii) Canonical Cover	R	CO1
12	1	Define decomposition and describe types of decomposition with example.	U	CO1
13	1	Discuss anomaly in database design.	U	CO1
14	1	What is Normalization? Discuss the need of Normalization.	U	CO2
15	1	Explain 1NF with suitable example.	U	CO2
16	1	Describe 2NF with suitable example.	U	CO2
17	1	Discuss 3NF with suitable example.	U	CO2
18	1	Explain BCNF with suitable example.	U	CO2
19	1	Write a short note on 4NF.	R	CO2
20	1	Write a short note on 5NF.	R	CO2
21	1	Consider table R(A, B, C, D, E) with FDs as $A \rightarrow B, BC \rightarrow E$ and $ED \rightarrow A$ . Find out the key for Relation R.	U	CO1
22	1	Consider a relation scheme $R = (A, B, C, D, E, H)$ on which the following functional dependencies hold: $\{A \rightarrow B, BC \rightarrow D, E \rightarrow C, D \rightarrow A\}$ . What are the candidate keys of R?	U	CO1
23	1	Consider the relation scheme $R = \{E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N\}$ and the set of functional dependencies: $\{EF \rightarrow G, F \rightarrow IJ, EH \rightarrow K, L, K \rightarrow M, L \rightarrow N\}$ . What are the candidate keys of R?	U	CO1
24	2	Describe query processing steps <b>OR</b> Discuss various steps for query processing with proper diagram.	U	CO4
25	2	Draw the neat and clean diagram of query processing steps.	R	CO4

26	2	Write a short note on measures of query cost.	R	C04
27	2	Discuss different search algorithm for selection operation. <b>OR</b> Describe linear search and binary search algorithm for selection operation.	U	C04
28	2	Discuss Query Evaluation process. <b>OR</b> Explain evaluation expression process in query optimization.	U	C04
29	2	Explain methods for the evaluation of expression. <b>OR</b> Describe materialization and pipelining.	U	C04
30	2	Explain method of query optimization with example. <b>OR</b> Describe query optimization process.	U	C04
31	2	Explain transformation of relational expression to equivalent relational expression.	U	C04
32	2	Discuss the purpose of sorting with reference to query optimization.	U	C04
33	3	State the difference between Security and Integrity.	R	C03
34	3	State the difference between Authentication and Authorization.	R	C03
35	3	Describe various access control methods for data security in detail.	U	C03
36	3	Describe Discretionary Access Control method for data security.	U	C03
37	3	Explain Mandatory Access Control method for data security.	U	C03
38	3	Discuss Role Based Access Control method for data security.	U	C03
39	3	What is transaction? Discuss ACID properties of transaction.	U	C03
40	3	Draw and explain transaction state diagram in detail.	U	C03
41	3	Describe schedule with its types.	U	C03
42	3	Compare Serial Schedule and Non-Serial Schedule.	U	C03
43	3	Describe two phase commit protocol in detail. <b>OR</b> Explain working of two-phase commit protocol.	U	C03
44	3	What is database recovery? Explain in brief.	U	C03
45	3	Write a short note on Log based recovery method.	R	
46	3	Compare Intermediate Vs Deferred database modification.	U	C03
47	3	What is concurrency? Discuss about three problems occurs due to concurrency. <b>OR</b> Describe below problems that occurs due to concurrency in brief: (i) Lost Update Problem (ii) Dirty Read Problem (iii) Incorrect Retrieval Problem	U	C03
48	3	What is lock? Describe modes of lock in database.	U	C03
49	3	Explain deadlock with suitable example.	U	C03
50	4	What is View? Describe types of view.	U	C05
51	4	Write a syntax of simple view and complex view.	R	C05
52	4	How to create simple view? Describe with suitable example.	U	C05
53	4	How to create complex view? Explain with suitable example.	U	C05

54	4	Discuss Updating and Deleting a view with example.	U	C05
55	4	Describe Renaming and Dropping a view with example.	U	C05
56	4	Compare Table Vs View	U	C05
57	4	List out advantages and disadvantages of View	R	C05
58	4	Consider following table and solve given queries: EMP (Eid, Ename, Ecity, desg, salary, deptno) 1. Create view Emp_Info from EMP table with all the columns. 2. Create view Emp_Salary from EMP table that displays designation and salary of the employee. 3. Destroy Emp_Info view from the database.	A	C05
59	4	Consider following table and solve given queries: Student (Sid, SName, City, DoB, Contact_No, Email_ID) 1. Create view Student_View that displays the name of students starts with 'A' and end with 'k'. 2. Create view Stu_DoB that displays the student list who born after 15 <sup>th</sup> June, 1992. 3. Create view Stu_Name that displays the student list consist only 5 characters name.	A	C05
60	4	Consider following tables and solve given queries: Student (RNo, Name, Branch) Result (RNo, SPI, Bklog) 1. Create view S_R that displays roll number, name, branch and SPI of all the students. 2. Create view Stu_Result that displays the Name, Branch and SPI of the students who having SPI greater than 8.5 3. Create view Stu_Bklog that displays the name and SPI of students having 0 backlog.	A	C05
61	5	Write a short on Stored Procedure in PL/SQL.	R	C05
62	5	Write a syntax to create a stored procedure.	R	C05
63	5	What is user defined function? Discuss types of UDF in brief.	U	C05
64	5	Explain table valued function with suitable example.	U	C05
65	5	Describe scalar valued function with suitable example.	U	C05
66	5	Write a syntax to create a user defined function.	R	C05
67	5	List out advantages of user defined functions and stored procedures.	R	C05
68	5	Discuss how to update, drop and rename stored procedures.	U	C05
69	5	Discuss how to update, drop and rename user defined functions.	U	C05
70	5	Create a table valued function which retrieve the data of Employee table.	A	C05
71	5	Write a PL/SQL program to check whether a given number is prime or not.	A	C05
72	5	Consider following tables and create given procedures: <b>Student</b> (RNo, Name, Branch) <b>Result</b> (RNo, SPI, Bklog) 1. Create a stored procedure to display RNo, Name, Branch and SPI. 2. Create a stored procedure to display the name of the students whose SPI is greater than 8.2 and roll number is less than 105.	A	C05
73	5	Consider following table to create given procedures: <b>Student</b> (RNo int, Name varchar (50), Branch varchar (50)) 1. Create a stored procedure to delete a record in student table whose roll number is 204.	A	C05

		2. Create a stored procedure to get a roll number from user and update Branch of student table.		
74	5	Create a scalar valued function which accepts three integer parameters and returns maximum integer value from it.	A	C05
75	5	Write a PL/SQL program to check where a given number is positive, negative or zero.	A	C05