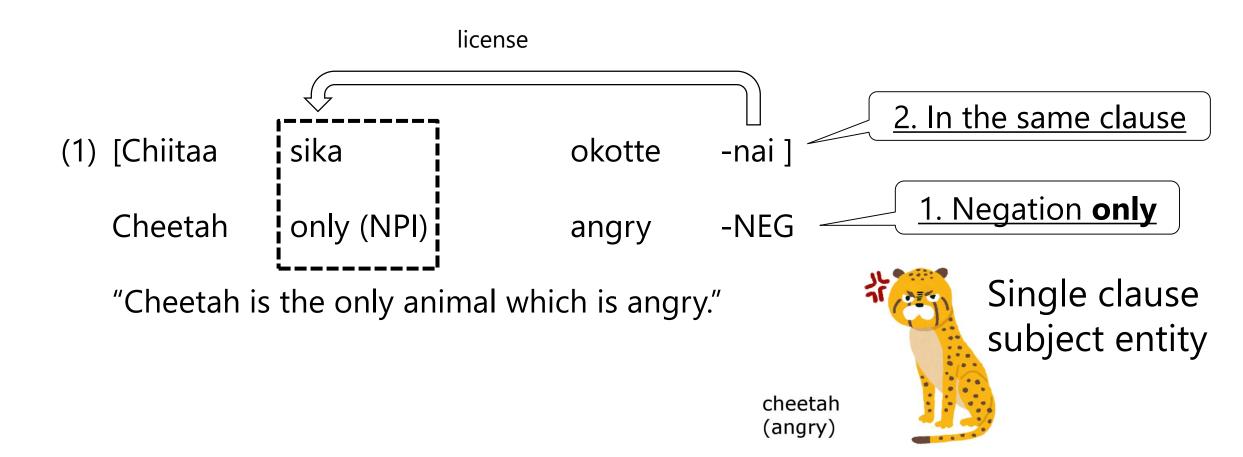
Structural predictions by agreement mismatches

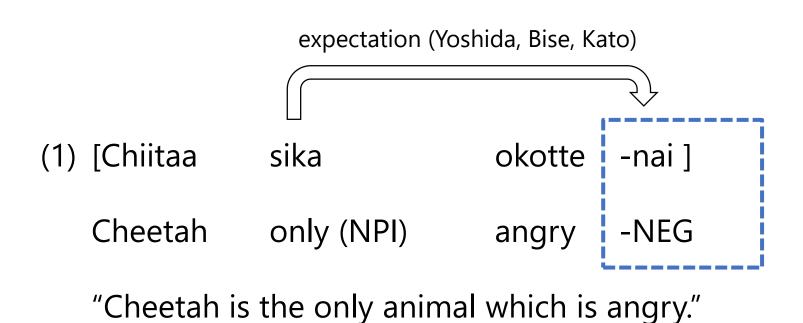
Takeshi Kishiyama

Background of the study (Negative Polarity Items in Japanese)

How are Japanese NPIs different from English NPIs?

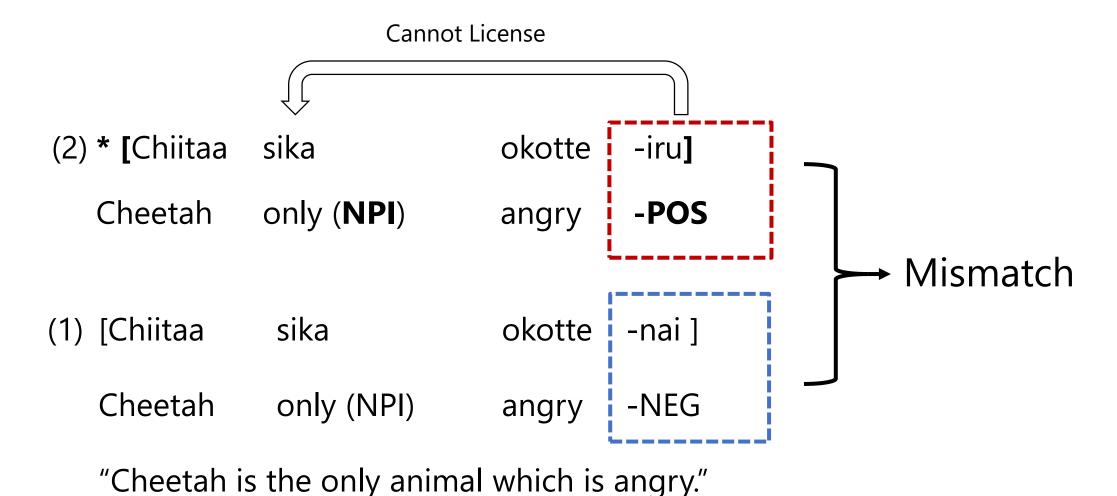


Expectation of NEG lead by NPI

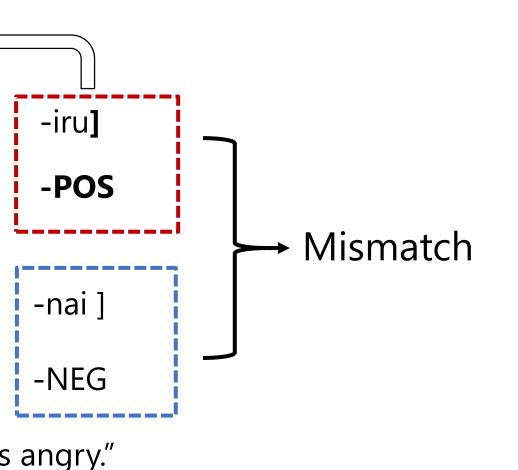




Mismatch between NPI and NEG



Mismatch between NPI and NEG



- 1. makes reader/listeners wait until another input which determines the structure.
- 2. makes them re-construct or even predict the upcoming structure to resolve the mismatch.

Bi-clausal structures can resolve the mismatch between NPI and NEG

evidence for relative clause

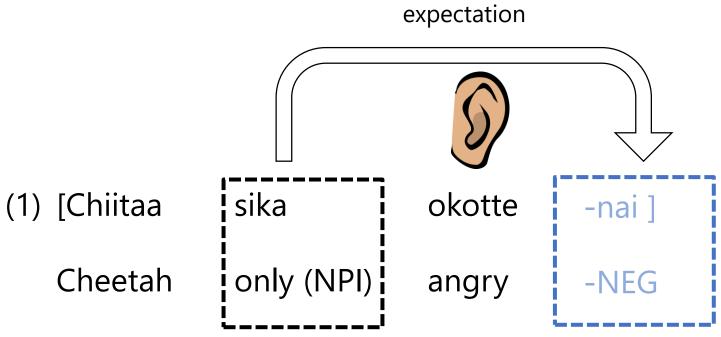
(3) [MC Chiitaa sika [NP [RC okotte -iru] inoshishi]-o mi-nai]

Cheetah only (NPI) angry POS boar-ACC look-NEG

Cheetah is the only animal which looks at the boar which is angry."

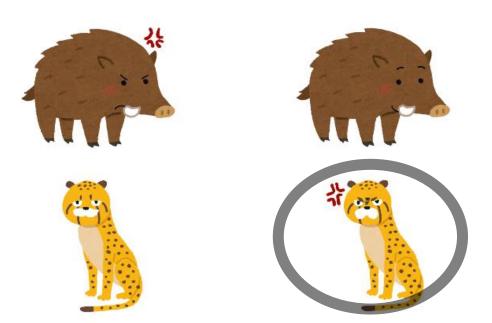


Relative clause head entity



Single clause subject entity

"Cheetah is the only animal which is angry."



4700ms



(1) [Chiitaa

Cheetah

sika

only (NPI)

okotte

angry

-iru]

-POS

*









Mismatch condition

4700ms

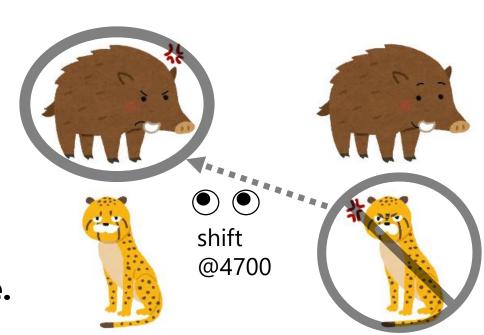


evidence for relative clause

(3) $[_{MC}$ Chiitaa sika $[_{NP}$ $[_{RC}$ okotte -iru] inoshishi]-o mi-nai] Cheetah only (NPI) angry POS boar-ACC look-NEG

Cheetah is the only animal which look at the boar which is angry."

- 1. There are two animals which are angry.
- 2. The animal which is angry is not the cheetah.
 - -> The angry boar is the best candidate.



No-Mismatch condition

relative clause

(3) [_{MC} Chiitaa **i dake**

Cheetah i only (Non-NPI)

![NP [RC okotte -iru]

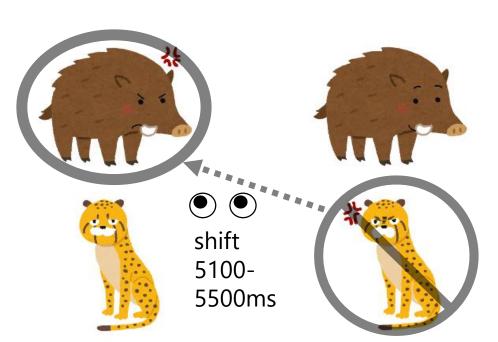
> POS angry

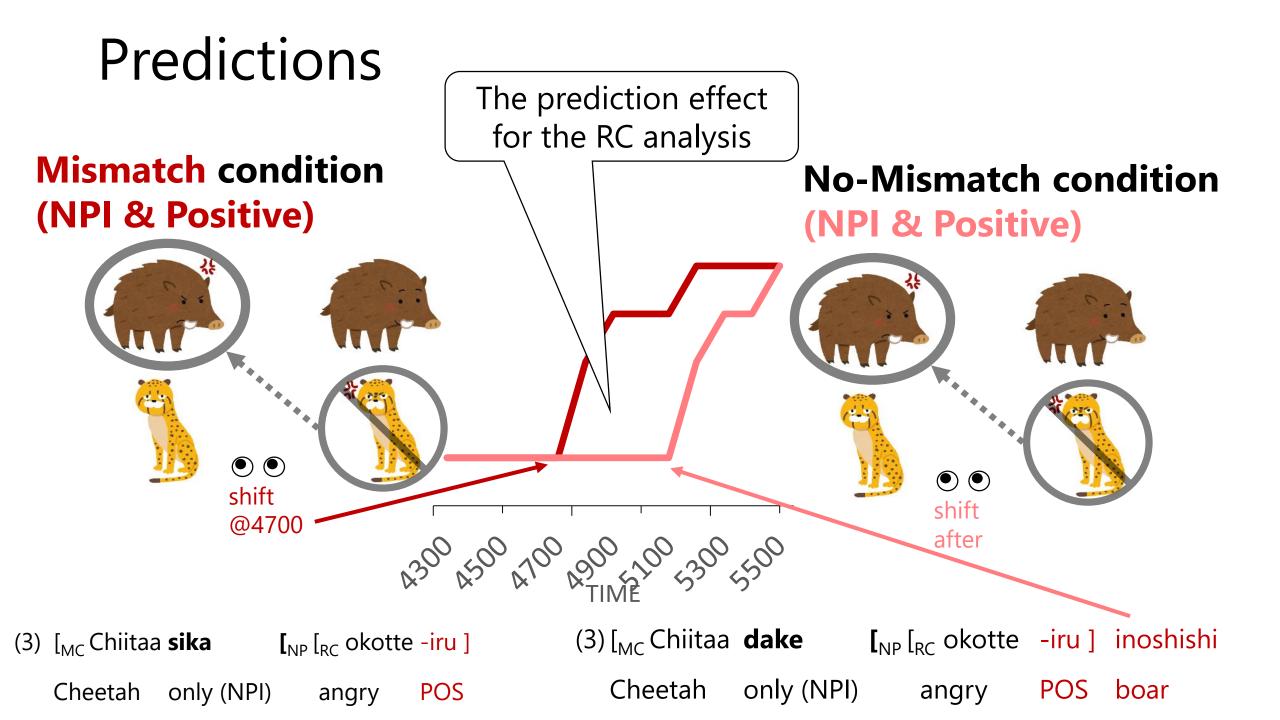
inoshishi]-o mi-nai]

boar-ACC look-NEG

Cheetah is the only animal which look at the boar which is angry."

Relative clause head entity





Experiment

- 33 participants
- 24 items (Relative clause)
- 48 fillers (Non-relative clause)
- 2x2 conditions (Latin square design)
 - Each participant sees each item only in one condition)

NPI & Positive

(4) a. [Chiitaa sika **T**okotte iruT inoshishi-o mite-nak-atta] **POS** look-NEG-PST only (**NPI**) boar-ACC Cheetah angry Cheetah is the only animal which looked at the boar which is angry."

mismatch!

Non-NPI & Positive

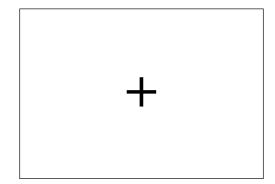
b. [Chiitaa dake **[**okotte iru**1** inoshishi-o mite-nak-atta] **POS** look-NEG-PST Cheetah only (Non-NPI) angry boar-ACC Cheetah is the only animal which didn't look at the boar which is angry."

NPI & Negative

c. [Chiitaa sika **T**okotte nai**1** inoshishi-o mite-nak-attal only (NPI) **NEG** boar-ACC look-NEG-PST Cheetah angry Cheetah is the only animal which looked at the boar which is not angry."

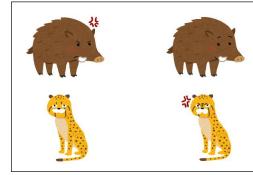
Non-NPI & Negative

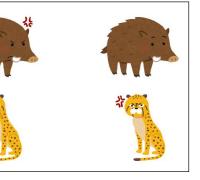
d. [Chiitaa dake [okotte inoshishi-o mite-nak-atta] nai] look-NEG-PST only (Non-NP) **NEG** boar-ACC Cheetah angry Cheetah is the only animal which didn't look at the boar which is not angry."



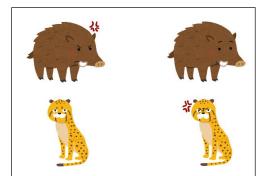
Fixation:

1000ms



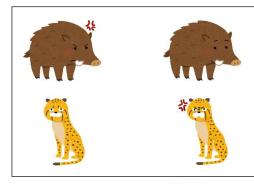


Visual display: 2000ms



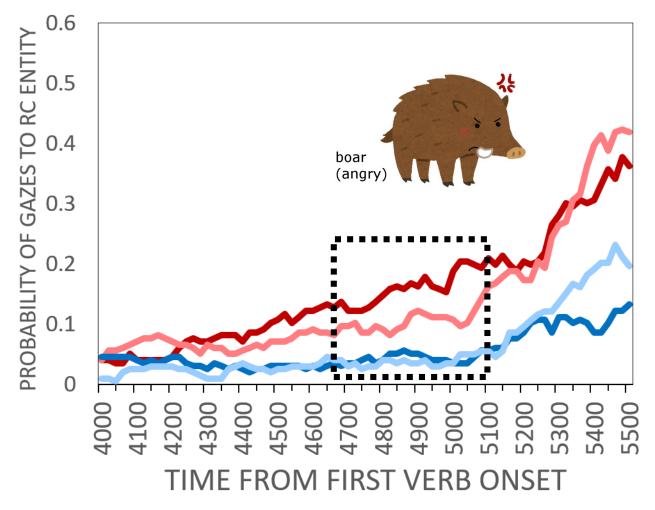
Spoken sentence





Mouse click

Gaze to RC head (4700ms—5100ms)

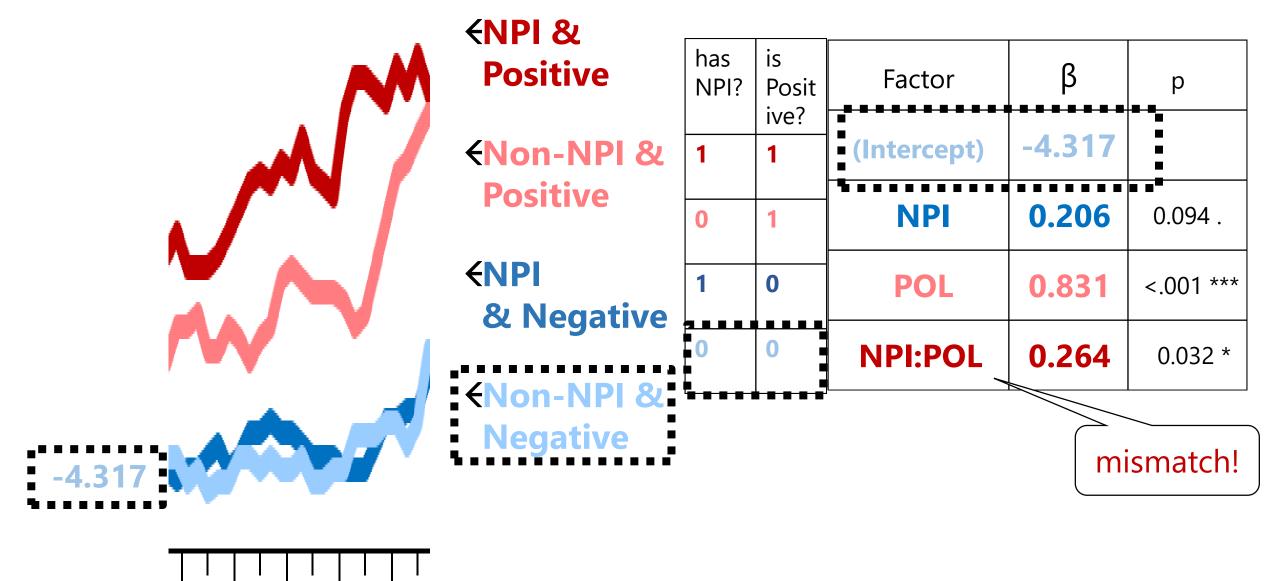


Backward selection

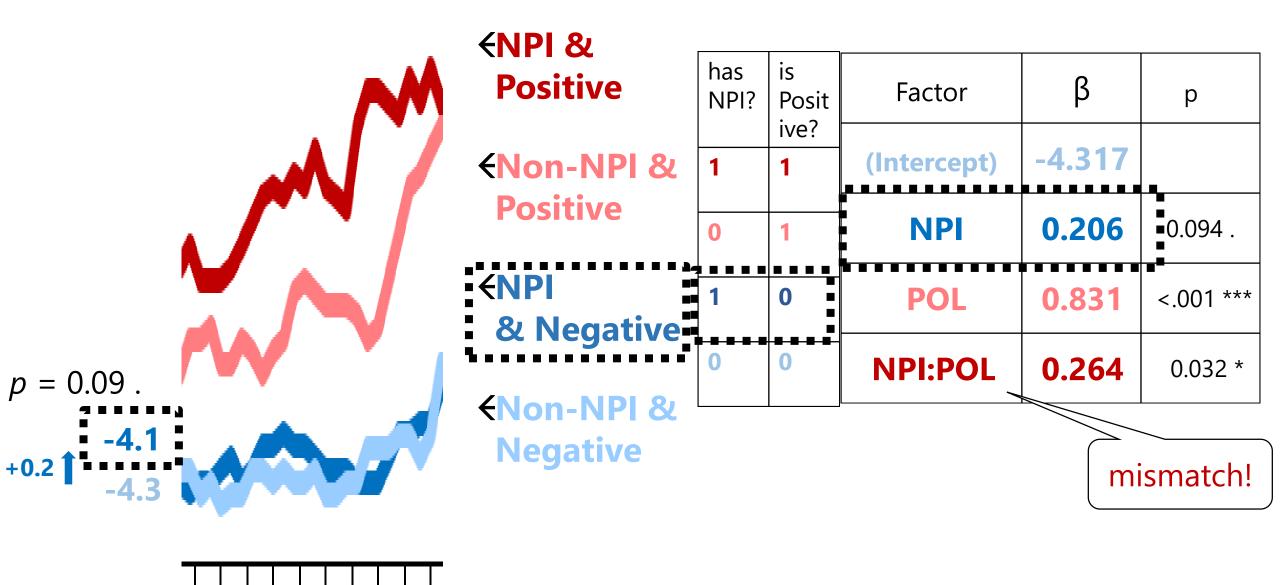
logit ~ npi * aff + (1 | subj) + (1 | item) model summary:

Factor	β	Std.	t	р
(Intercept)	-4.317	0.22	-19.26	
NPI	0.206	0.12	1.66	0.094 .
POL	0.831	0.12	6.70	< .001 ***
NPI:POL	0.264	0.12	2.13	0.032 *

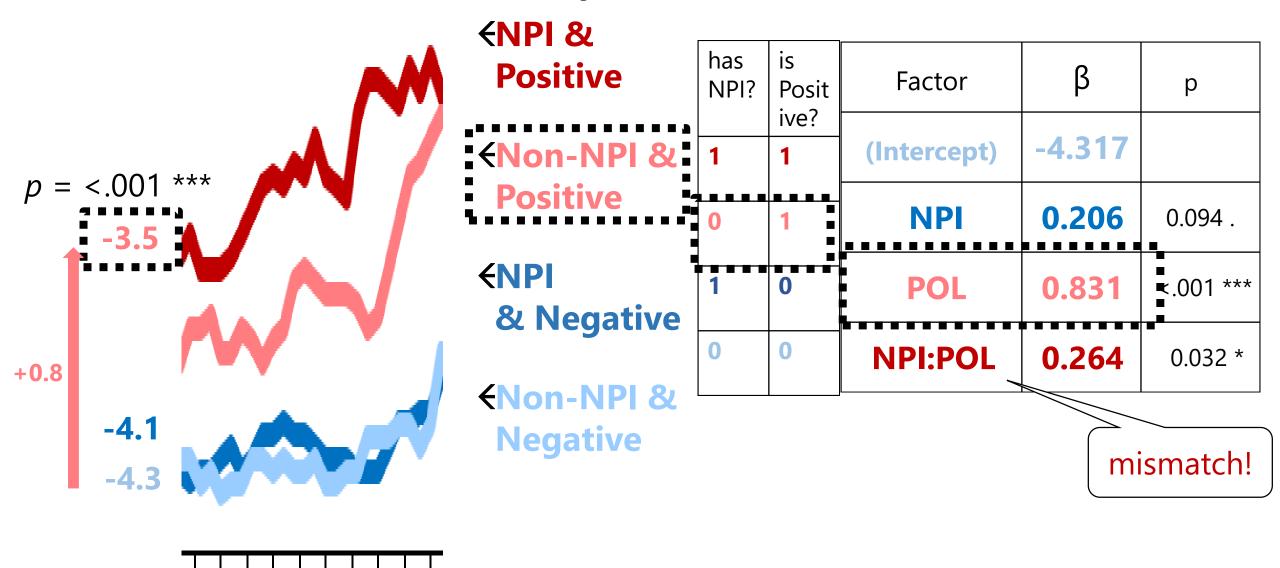
Gaze to RC head(4700ms—5100ms) Intercept(Non-NPI & Negative)



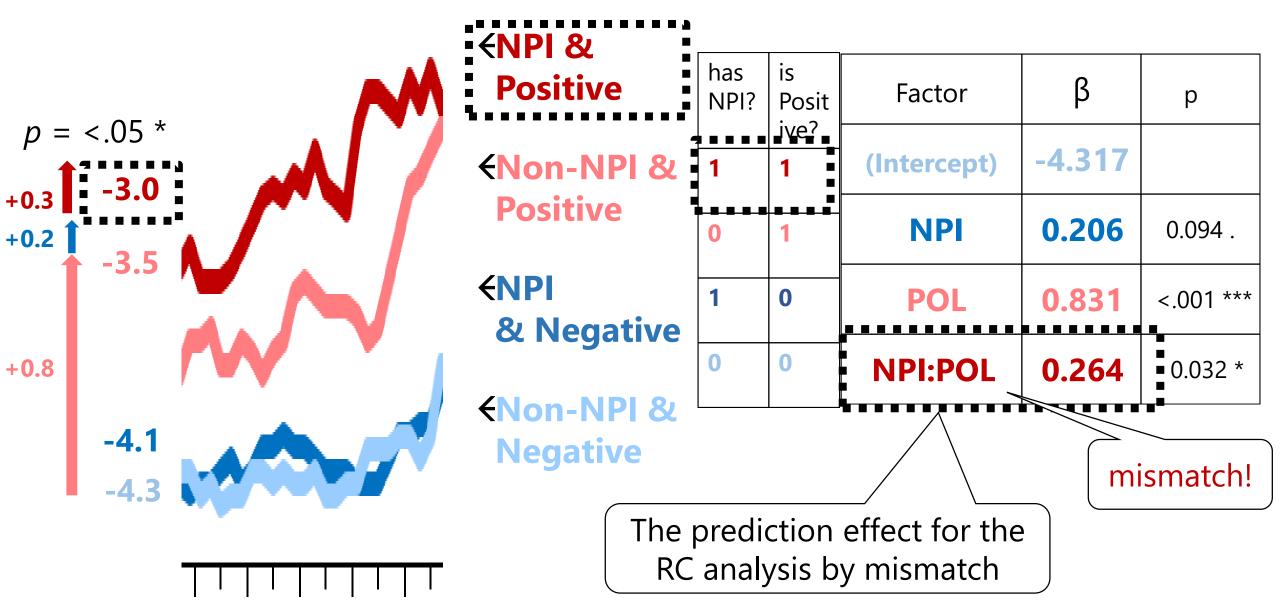
Gaze to RC head (4700ms—5100ms) Main effect of NPI

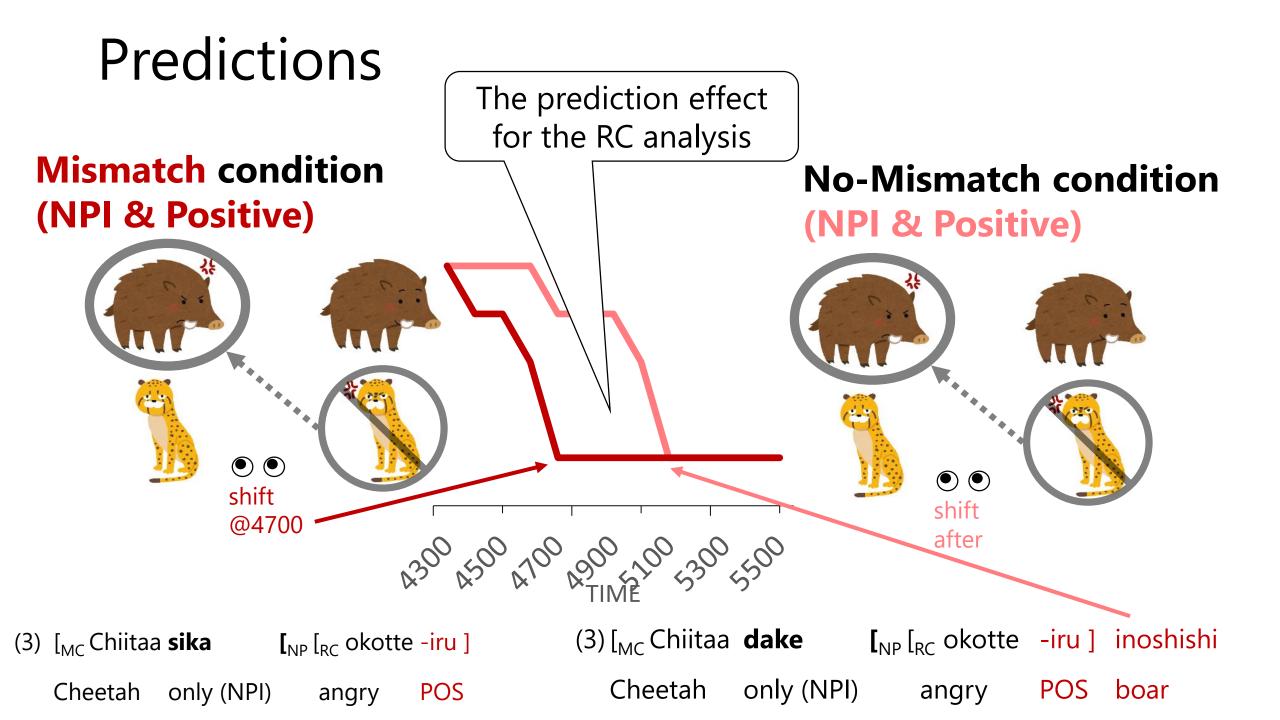


Gaze to RC head (4700ms—5100ms) Main effect of Polarity (Positive)

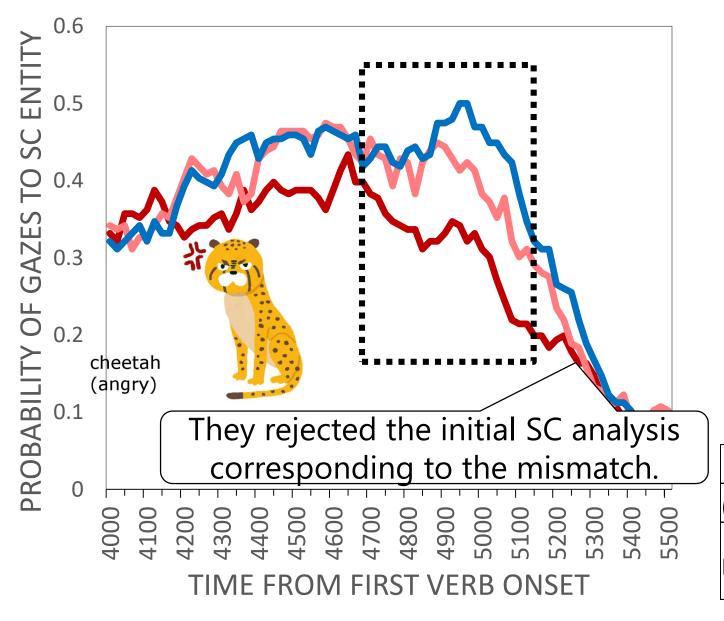


Gaze to RC head (4700ms—5100ms) Interaction of NPI and Positive





gaze to single clause subject entity



NPI & Positive

Non-NPI & Positive

NPI & Negative

Mismatch	
1	
0	
0	

	β	Std.	<u>t</u>	р
(Intercept)	-0.037	0.316	-0.119	
mismatch	-0.723	0.183	-3.944	<.01 ***

Conclusion

- Agreement mismatches lead structural predictions.
 - The parsers make a prediction that goes beyond what is confirmed by the linguistic evidence
 - ... if it is contextually supported by the presence of visual objects hinting that there might be other entities involved in the situation.

What can we do next?

- Some effects should be reduced in (4a) compared to other conditions.
 - The processing load of NEG at the matrix level
 - The garden path effect corresponding to the second noun phrase
- We conduct the analysis of pupil-dilation which indicates the processing cost.