Columnar Transposition Techniques

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Aim:

Exp: 1D

To write a python program implementing columnar transposition techniques.

Algorithm:

- 1. The message is written out in rows of a fixed length, and then read out again column by column, and the columns are chosen in some scrambled order.
- 2. Width of the rows and the permutation of the columns are usually defined by a keyword.
- 3. The permutation is defined by the alphabetical order of the letters in the keyword.
- 4. Any spare spaces are filled with nulls or left blank or placed by a character (Example: _).
- 5. Finally, the message is printed off in columns, in the order specified by the keyword.

Program:

```
import math
def encryptMessage(msg,key):
      cipher = ""
      k indx = 0
      msg_len = float(len(msg))
      msg_lst = list(msg)
      key_lst = sorted(list(key))
      col = len(key)
      row = int(math.ceil(msg len / col))
      fill null = int((row * col) - msg len)
      msg_lst.extend('_' * fill_null)
      matrix = [msg_lst[i: i + col]
                   for i in range(0, len(msg_lst), col)]
      for _ in range(col):
             curr_idx = key.index(key_lst[k_indx])
             cipher += ".join([row[curr_idx]
                                        for row in matrix])
```

```
k_indx += 1
      return cipher
def decryptMessage(cipher,key):
      msg = ""
      k_indx = 0
      msg_indx = 0
      msg_len = float(len(cipher))
      msg_lst = list(cipher)
      col = len(key)
      row = int(math.ceil(msg_len / col))
      key_lst = sorted(list(key))
      dec_cipher = []
      for _ in range(row):
            dec_cipher += [[None] * col]
      for _ in range(col):
            curr_idx = key.index(key_lst[k_indx])
            for j in range(row):
                   dec_cipher[j][curr_idx] = msg_lst[msg_indx]
                   msg_indx += 1
            k_indx += 1
      try:
            msg = ".join(sum(dec_cipher, []))
      except TypeError:
            raise TypeError("This program cannot",
                                      "handle repeating words.")
      null_count = msg.count('_')
      if null_count > 0:
            return msg[: -null_count]
      return msg
msg = input()
key=input()
cipher = encryptMessage(msg,key)
print("Encrypted Message: {}".
                   format(cipher))
print("Decrypted Message: {}".
      format(decryptMessage(cipher,key)))
```

Output:

Result:

Thus the python program for columnar transposition techniques is implemented successfully.