CA LAB-XII (B) Lab on Microsoft .Net Technologies

Assignment 1) Creation of Virtual Directory, Home directory, Home page, hosting of website

Assignment 2) Demonstrate Page Life Cycle of ASP.NET. Use important page events for your demonstration.

- 1. File-New Website
- 2. Take 1 Label and 1 Button
- 3. Write Following Code

```
using System;
using System.Configuration;
using System.Data;
using System.Linq;
using System. Web;
using System. Web. Security;
using System.Web.UI;
using System. Web. UI. Html Controls;
using System. Web. UI. WebControls;
using System. Web. UI. WebControls. WebParts;
using System.Xml.Linq;
public partial class Default : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page PreInit(object sender, EventArgs e)
        //Work and It will assign the values to label.
        Label1.Text = Label1.Text + "<br/>' + "PreInit";
    protected void Page Init (object sender, EventArgs e)
        //Work and It will assign the values to label.
        Label1.Text = Label1.Text + "<br/>" + "Init";
    protected void Page InitComplete(object sender, EventArgs e)
        //Work and It will assign the values to label.
        Label1.Text = Label1.Text + "<br/>" + "InitComplete";
    protected override void OnPreLoad(EventArgs e)
        //Work and It will assign the values to label.
        //If the page is post back, then label contrl values will be loaded
from view state.
        //E.g: If you string str = Label1.Text, then str will contain
viewstate values.
       Label1.Text = Label1.Text + "<br/>" + "PreLoad";
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
```

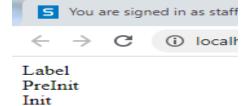
```
//Work and It will assign the values to label.
       Label1.Text = Label1.Text + "<br/>' + "Load";
   protected void Button1 Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       //Work and It will assign the values to label.
       Label1.Text = Label1.Text + "<br/>" + "btnSubmit Click";
   protected void Page LoadComplete (object sender, EventArgs e)
       //Work and It will assign the values to label.
       protected override void OnPreRender(EventArgs e)
       //Work and It will assign the values to label.
       Label1.Text = Label1.Text + "<br/>" + "PreRender";
    }
   protected override void OnSaveStateComplete(EventArgs e)
       //Work and It will assign the values to label.
       //But "SaveStateComplete" values will not be available during post
back. i.e. View state.
       Label1.Text = Label1.Text + "<br/>" + "SaveStateComplete";
   protected void Page UnLoad(object sender, EventArgs e)
       //Work and it will not effect label contrl, view stae and post back
data.
       Label1.Text = Label1.Text + "<br/>" + "UnLoad";
}
```

4. Run

OUTPUT:-

Before Button Click

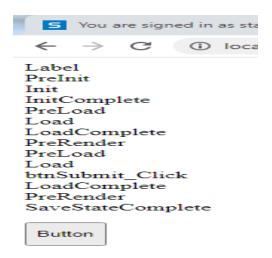
InitComplete



PreLoad Load LoadComplete PreRender SaveStateComplete

Button

After Button Click



Assignment 3) Write VB.Net/C# console applications to demonstrate: OO concepts: polymorphism, encapsulation, inheritance, interface inheritance, abstract classes/methods, overloading, overriding, collection classes, properties

- 1. File-New Project-Console Application
- 2. Write Following Code

```
using System;
using System.Collections;
   //Function Overloading
    /*class Program
        public void add(int a, int b)
            Console.WriteLine(a + b);
        public void add(float x, float y)
            Console.WriteLine(x + y);
        public void add(string s1, string s2)
            Console.WriteLine(s1 + s2);
        static void Main(string[] args)
            Program obj = new Program();
            obj.add(10, 20);
            obj.add(10.5f, 20.5f);
            obj.add("pranaya", "kumar");
            Console.WriteLine("Press any key to exist.");
            Console.ReadKey();
    //Function Overriding
    /*class Class1
        {
            public virtual void show()
                Console. WriteLine ("Super class show method");
      class Class2 : Class1
            public override void show()
                Console.WriteLine("Sub class override show method");
        class Program
            static void Main(string[] args)
                Class2 obj = new Class2();
```

```
obj.show();
            Console.ReadKey();
    } * /
//Function Hiding
/*class Class1
    public void display()
        Console.WriteLine("Super class display method");
}
class Class2 : Class1
   public new void display()
        Console.WriteLine("Sub class display method");
}
class Program
    static void Main(string[] args)
        Class2 obj = new Class2();
        obj.display();
        Console.ReadKey();
} * /
//Encapsulation
/*public class Bank
    //hiding class data by declaring the variable as private
    private double balance;
    //creating public setter and getter methods
    public double getBalance()
        //add validation logic if needed
        return balance;
    public void setBalance(double balance)
        // add validation logic to check whether data is correct or not
        this.balance = balance;
class BankUser
   public static void Main()
        Bank SBI = new Bank();
        SBI.setBalance(500);
        Console.WriteLine(SBI.getBalance());
        Console.WriteLine("Press any key to exist.");
        Console.ReadKey();
} * /
//inheritance
```

```
/*class Branch
    int BranchCode;
    string BranchName, BranchAddress;
    public void GetBranchData()
        Console.WriteLine("ENTER BRANCH DETAILS:");
        Console.WriteLine("ENTER BRANCH CODE");
        BranchCode = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
        Console.WriteLine("ENTER BRANCH NAME");
        BranchName = Console.ReadLine();
        Console.WriteLine("ENTER BRANCH ADDRESS");
        BranchAddress = Console.ReadLine();
    public void DisplayBranchData()
        Console.WriteLine("BRANCH CODE IS : " + BranchCode);
        Console.WriteLine("BRANCH NAME IS : " + BranchName);
        Console.WriteLine("BRANCH ADDRESS IS : " + BranchAddress);
class Employee : Branch
    int EmployeeId, EmployeeAge;
    string EmployeeName, EmployeeAddress;
    public void GetEmployeeData()
        Console.WriteLine("ENTER EMPLYEE DETAILS:");
        Console.WriteLine("ENTER EMPLOYEE ID");
        EmployeeId = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
        Console.WriteLine("ENTER EMPLOYEE AGE");
        EmployeeAge = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
        Console.WriteLine("ENTER EMPLOYEE NAME");
        EmployeeName = Console.ReadLine();
        Console.WriteLine("ENTER EMPLOYEE ADDRESS");
        EmployeeAddress = Console.ReadLine();
    public void DisplayEmployeeData()
        Console.WriteLine("EMPLOYEE ID IS : " + EmployeeId);
        Console.WriteLine("EMPLOYEE NAME IS: " + EmployeeName);
        Console.WriteLine("EMPLOYEE ADDRESS IS : " + EmployeeAddress);
        Console.WriteLine("EMPLOYEE AGE IS : " + EmployeeAge);
class Program
    static void Main(string[] args)
        Employee obj1 = new Employee();
        obj1.GetBranchData();
        obj1.GetEmployeeData();
        obj1.DisplayBranchData();
        obj1.DisplayEmployeeData();
        Console.WriteLine("Press any key to exist.");
        Console.ReadKey();
```

```
} * /
//interface inheritance
/*public interface A
    void method1();
   void method2();
interface B : A
   void method3();
class MyClass : B
    public void method1()
        Console.WriteLine("implement method1");
    public void method2()
        Console.WriteLine("implement method2");
    public void method3()
        Console.WriteLine("implement method3");
class Program
    static void Main(string[] args)
        MyClass obj = new MyClass();
        obj.method1();
        obj.method2();
        obj.method3();
        Console.WriteLine("Press any key to exist.");
        Console.ReadKey();
} * /
//Abstract classes/methods
/*public abstract class MyClass
   public abstract void calculate(double x);
   public void show()
        Console.WriteLine("Show");
}
class Sub1 : MyClass
    public override void calculate(double x)
        Console.WriteLine("SQUARE ROOT IS " + Math.Sqrt(x));
class Test
    static void Main(string[] args)
```

```
Sub1 obj1 = new Sub1();
            obj1.calculate(9);
            obj1.show();
            Console.ReadKey();
    } * /
//Collection Classes Stack, Queue, LinkedList, SortedList, ArrayList,
HashTable, etc.
/*class Program
   static void Main(string[] args)
        //Createing ArrayList collection using default constructor
       ArrayList al = new ArrayList();
       Console.WriteLine("Initial Capacity: " + al.Capacity);
        al.Add(10);
        Console.WriteLine("Capacity after adding first item: " +
al.Capacity);
        al.Add("hello");
        al.Add(true);
        al.Add(3.14f);
        Console.WriteLine("Capacity after adding fourth item: " +
al.Capacity);
        al.Add('A');
        Console.WriteLine("Capacity after adding 5th element: " +
        //Printing the ArrayList elements using for loop
        for (int i = 0; i < al.Count; i++)
           Console.Write(al[i] + " ");
        Console.WriteLine();
        //Removing the values from the middle of the array list
        //here we are removing by value
        al.Remove(true);
        //You can also remove element by using index position
        // al.RemoveAt(2);
        //Printing the ArrayList elements using foreach loop after
        // removing an element from the collection
        foreach (object obj in al)
            Console.Write(obj + " ");
        Console.WriteLine();
        //inserting values into the middle of the array list collection
        al.Insert(2, false);
        // Printing the values of the collection using foreach loop after
        // inserting an element into the middle of the collection
        foreach (object obj in al)
            Console.Write(obj + " ");
        Console.WriteLine();
        // creating new ArrayList collection by passing the old
        // array list as parameter
        ArrayList coll = new ArrayList(al);
```

```
Console.WriteLine("Initial capacity of new array list collection:" +
coll.Capacity);
        // Printing the values of the new array list collection using
foreach loop
        foreach (object obj in coll)
            Console.Write(obj + " ");
        Console.ReadKey();
} * /
//Properties
public class Example
    private int _empid, _eage;
private string _ename, _eaddress;
    public int empid
        set
        {
            _empid = value;
        }
        get
           return _empid;
    public int eage
        set
        {
            _eage = value;
        }
        get
            return _eage;
    public string ename
        set
        {
            _ename = value;
        }
        get
            return _ename;
    }
    public string eaddress
        set
            _eaddress = value;
        }
        get
```

```
return eaddress;
        }
}
class Program
   static void Main(string[] args)
        Example obj1 = new Example();
        obj1.empid = 101;
        obj1.ename = "abc";
        obj1.eage = 27;
        obj1.eaddress = "shirpur";
        Console.WriteLine("Employee details are:");
        Console.WriteLine("employee id:" + obj1.empid);
        Console.WriteLine("employee name:" + obj1.ename);
        Console.WriteLine("employee age:" + obj1.eage);
        Console.WriteLine("employee address:" + obj1.eaddress);
        Console.ReadKey();
    }
}
```

3. Run

Assignment 4) Demonstrate concept of postback and viewstate using web form server controls of ASP.NET

- 1. File-New Website
- 2. Take 2 DropDownList2, 2nd having property EnableViewState="false"
- 3. Write Following Code

```
using System;
using System.Configuration;
using System.Data;
using System.Ling;
using System. Web;
using System. Web. Security;
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.HtmlControls;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
using System. Web. UI. WebControls. WebParts;
using System.Xml.Linq;
public partial class Default : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
        bind1();
        bind2();
    public void bind1()
        ListItem 11 = new ListItem("India");
        ListItem 12 = new ListItem("US");
        ListItem 13 = new ListItem("Japan");
        DropDownList1.Items.Add(11);
        DropDownList1.Items.Add(12);
        DropDownList1.Items.Add(13);
    }
    public void bind2()
        ListItem 11 = new ListItem("India");
        ListItem 12 = new ListItem("US");
        ListItem 13 = new ListItem("Japan");
        DropDownList2.Items.Add(11);
        DropDownList2.Items.Add(12);
        DropDownList2.Items.Add(13);
    protected void Button1 Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
```

4. Run

OUTPUT:-



Assignment 5) Demonstrate various Web form server controls using sample data entry screen form for registering for a service on website. Also use validation controls to validate input data.

- 1. File-New Website
- 2. Write Following Code

```
using System;
using System.Configuration;
using System.Data;
using System.Linq;
using System. Web;
using System.Web.Security;
using System. Web. UI;
using System.Web.UI.HtmlControls;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
using System. Web. UI. WebControls. WebParts;
using System.Xml.Linq;
public partial class Default : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
    protected void CustomValidator1 ServerValidate(object source,
ServerValidateEventArgs args)
    {
        try
            int num = int.Parse(args.Value);
            args.IsValid = ((num % 5) == 0);
        catch (Exception ex)
            args.IsValid = false;
    }
    protected void Button1 Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        Label1.Text = "Name :- " + TextBox8.Text;
        Label1. Visible = true;
Label2.Text = "Password :- " + TextBox10.Text;
Label2. Visible = true;
Label3.Text = "Confirm Password :- " + TextBox11.Text;
Label3.Visible = true;
Label4.Text = "Age :- " + TextBox12.Text;
Label4. Visible = true;
Label5.Text = "Salary :- " + TextBox13.Text;
Label5. Visible = true;
Label6.Text = "Email :- " + TextBox6.Text;
Label6. Visible = true;
Label7.Text = "Address :- " + TextBox9.Text;
Label7. Visible = true;
if (RadioButton1.Checked)
Label8.Text = " Gender :- Male";
Label8. Visible = true;
else
Label8.Text = " Gender :- Female";
Label8. Visible = true;
```

```
if (CheckBox1.Checked)
{
    Label9.Visible = true;
    Label9.Text = "Known Language :- " + CheckBox1.Text;
}
if (CheckBox2.Checked)
{
    Label9.Visible = true;
    Label9.Text += "," + CheckBox2.Text;
}
string msg = "";
foreach (ListItem li in ListBox1.Items)
{
    if (li.Selected == true)
    {
        msg += "<BR>" + li.Text + " is selected.";
    }
}
Label10.Text = msg;
}
```

3. Run

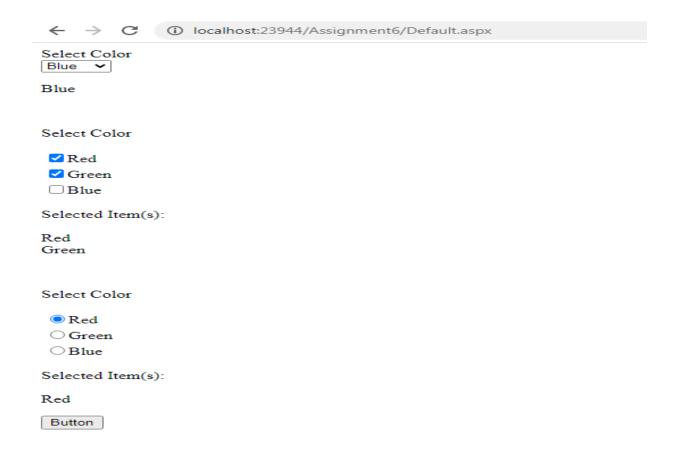
| ← → C (i) localhost:1904/WebSite2/Default.aspx | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Name | | | | | |
| Password | | | | | |
| Confirm Password | | | | | |
| Age 35 | | | | | |
| Salary 50000 | | | | | |
| Email abc@gmail.com | | | | | |
| Shirpur | | | | | |
| Address | | | | | |
| Gender Male Female | | | | | |
| Language Known ✓ Marathi ✓ Hindi | | | | | |
| Favorite Color Red Green Blue | | | | | |
| Custom Validation | | | | | |
| 55 | | | | | |
| Button | | | | | |
| Name :- abc | | | | | |
| Password :- pqr | | | | | |
| Confirm Password :- pqr | | | | | |
| Age :- 35 | | | | | |
| Salary :- 50000 | | | | | |

Assignment 6) Demonstrate DropDownList box, CheckButtonList, RadioButtonList controls.

- 1. File-New Website
- 2. Write Following Code

```
using System;
using System.Configuration;
using System.Data;
using System.Linq;
using System. Web;
using System. Web. Security;
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.HtmlControls;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
using System. Web. UI. WebControls. WebParts;
using System.Xml.Linq;
public partial class Default : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    }
    protected void Button1 Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        Label1.Text = DropDownList1.SelectedValue.ToString();
        Label2.Text = "Selected Item(s): <br />";
        for (int i = 0; i < CheckBoxList2.Items.Count; i++)</pre>
            if (CheckBoxList2.Items[i].Selected)
            {
                Label2.Text += CheckBoxList2.Items[i].Text + "<br />";
            }
        }
        Label3.Text = "Selected Item(s):<br />";
        for (int i = 0; i < RadioButtonList1.Items.Count; i++)</pre>
            if (RadioButtonList1.Items[i].Selected)
            {
                Label3.Text += RadioButtonList1.Items[i].Text + "<br />";
            }
3. Run
OUTPUT:-
```

15

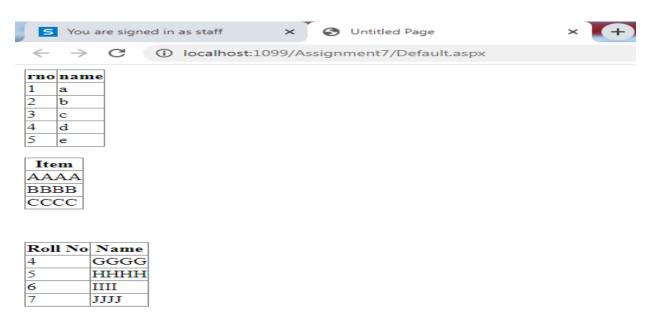


Assignment 7) Demonstrate Databinding using Hashtable, ArraryList, DataTable data sources.

1. Write Following Code in Default.aspx.cs

```
using System.Data;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
using System.Collections;
using System.Collections.Generic;
public partial class Default : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
        SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection("Data
Source=.\\SQLEXPRESS;AttachDbFilename=I:\\2021-22\\Subjects\\CA-305(B)
Microsoft .Net Technologies\\CA-LAB-XII (B) Lab on Microsoft .Net
Technologies\\Assignment7\\App Data\\Database.mdf;Integrated Security=True;User
Instance=True");
        DataTable ds = new DataTable();
        SqlDataAdapter sde = new SqlDataAdapter("select * from student", con);
        sde.Fill(ds);
        GridView1.DataSource = ds;
        GridView1.DataBind();
```

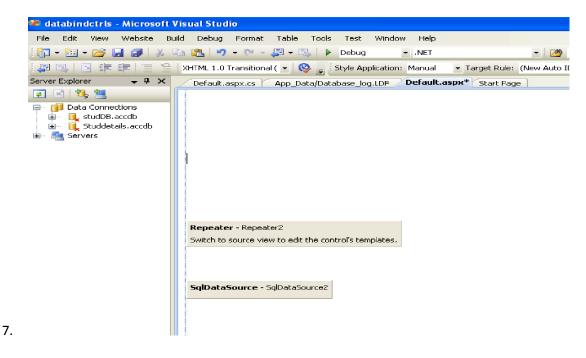
```
ArrayList list = new ArrayList();
        list.Add("AAAA");
        list.Add("BBBB");
        list.Add("CCCC");
        GridView2.DataSource =list;
        GridView2.DataBind();
        Hashtable hashItems = new Hashtable();
        hashItems.Add("4", "GGGG");
        hashItems.Add("5","HHHHH");
        hashItems.Add("6","IIII");
        hashItems.Add("7","JJJJ");
        GridView3.DataSource = hashItems;
        GridView3.DataBind();
}
   2. For Hashtable Write Following Code in Default.aspx
      <asp:GridView ID="GridView3" runat="server"AutoGenerateColumns="false">
          <Columns>
                      <asp:BoundField DataField="key" HeaderText="Roll No" />
                       <asp:BoundField DataField="value" HeaderText="Name" />
           </Columns>
          </asp:GridView>
```



Assignment 8) Demonstrate Repeater control with the help of various templates.

- 1. Right Click on App Data in Solution Explorer
- 2. Add New Item select **SQL Server Database** and give database name

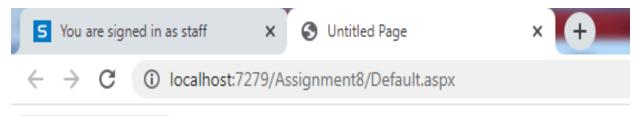
- 3. In Server Explorer right click on Tables, select Add New Table
- 4. Right click on your table and select Show Table Data and insert records
- 5. Take **GridView** from **Data** click on **Choose Data Source**, **Database**, select your database/table/fields
- 6. Click on Test Query and Finish



Add Following code in Source view

```
<asp:Repeater ID="Repeater1" runat="server"
DataSourceID="SqlDataSource1">
<HeaderTemplate >
ROLL NO
```

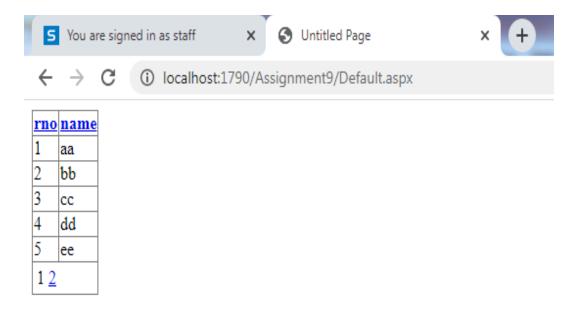
8.Save, BUILT & RUN.



| ROLL NO | NAME |
|---------|------|
| 1 | a |
| 2 | b |
| 3 | с |
| 4 | d |
| 5 | e |

Assignment 9) Demonstrate paging, sorting, filtering of data in asp:DataGrid/DataGridView.

- 1. Right Click on **App_Data** in **Solution Explorer**
- 2. Add New Item select **SQL Server Database** and give database name
- 3. In Server Explorer right click on Tables, select Add New Table
- 4. Right click on your table and select **Show Table Data** and insert records
- 5. Take **GridView** from **Data** click on **Choose Data Source**, **Database**, select your database/table/fields
- 6. Click on Test Query and Finish
- 7. Click on GridView and Tick Enable Paging, Enable Sorting and set PageSize property.
- 8. Save and Run

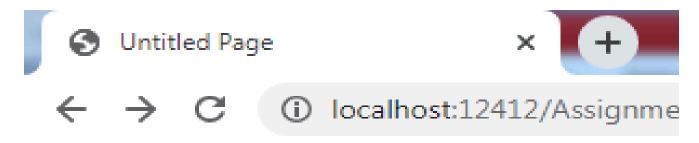


Assignment 10) Demonstrate editing process in DataGrid and DataList controls. Make use of necessary templates for proper visual appearance.

Editing process in DataGrid

- 1. Right Click on App Data in Solution Explorer
- 2. Add New Item select **SQL Server Database** and give database name
- 3. In Server Explorer right click on Tables, select Add New Table
- 4. Right click on your table and select **Show Table Data** and insert records
- 5. Take **GridView** from **Data** click on **Choose Data Source**, **Database**, select your database/table/fields
- 6. Click on **Test Query** and **Finish**
- 7. Click on **GridView** and set **AutoGenerateDeleteButton="True"**, **AutoGenerateEditButton="True"**
- 8. Write Following Code in Default.aspx
- 10. SelectCommand="SELECT * FROM [stud]"
- 11. UpdateCommand="update [stud] set [name]=@name where [rno]=@rno" DeleteCommand="delete from [stud] where [rno]=@rno">
- 12. </asp:SqlDataSource>

OUTPUT:-

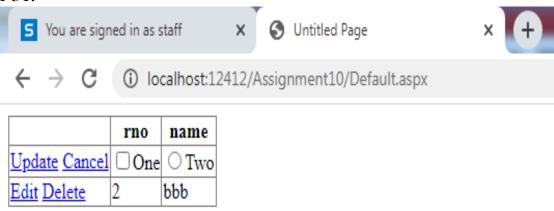


| | Rno | Name |
|-------------|-----|------|
| Edit Delete | 1 | aaa |
| Edit Delete | 2 | bbb |

Use of Templates

- 1. Click on GridView and Edit Columns
- 2. Select field and click on Convert this field into a TemplateField and observe the code.
- **3.** Click on **GridView** and **Edit Templates** and select template that you want to change (Example:- change **EditItemTemplate** of rollnumber to **CheckBox**(Set its Properties), change **EditItemTemplate** of name to **RadioButton**(Set its Properties)).
- 4. Save and Run

OUTPUT:-



DataList:-



| | rno | name |
|-------------|-----|------|
| Edit Delete | 1 | aaa |
| Edit Delete | 2 | bbb |

name: aaa rno: 2 name: bbb

rno: 1

Assignment 11) Demonstrate State Management features of ASP.NET using sample shopping cart application

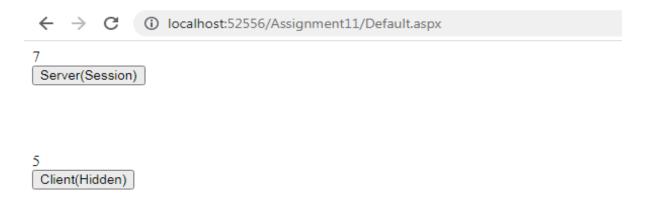
- 1.Start->Programs->Visual studio 2008
- 2.Create new web site.
- 3. Take Label1, Button1
- 4. Write following code

- 5. Take Label2, Button2, HiddentField1, Set HiddentField1.Value=0
- 6. Write following code

```
protected void Button2_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    if (HiddenField1.Value != null)
    {
        try
        {
            int val = Convert.ToInt32(HiddenField1.Value) + 1;
            HiddenField1.Value = val.ToString();
            Label2.Text = val.ToString();
        }
        catch (Exception exc)
        {
            Response.Write(exc);
        }
}
```

}

OUTPUT:-



Assignment 12) Create sample website for demonstrating use of Profiles/Themes using skin files.

Profiles

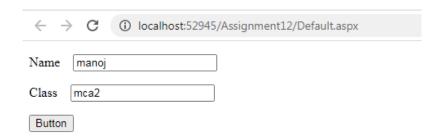
1. Add the profile details in the web.config file within the <system.web> element.

- 2. Add 2 labels and 2 text boxes to take the user input as defined in the profile and add a button for submitting the data.
- 3. Update Page_load to display profile information and Write the following handler for the Submit button, for saving the user data into the profile:

```
using System;
using System.Configuration;
using System.Data;
using System.Linq;
using System.Web;
using System.Web.Security;
using System.Web.UI;
```

```
using System.Web.UI.HtmlControls;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
using System. Web. UI. WebControls. WebParts;
using System.Xml.Ling;
public partial class Default : System.Web.UI.Page
protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
 if (!this.IsPostBack)
      ProfileCommon pc = this.Profile.GetProfile(Profile.UserName);
      if (pc != null)
      {
          this.TextBox1.Text = pc.Name;
          this.TextBox2.Text = pc.Class;
  }
protected void Button1 Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
 ProfileCommon pc = this.Profile.GetProfile(Profile.UserName);
 if (pc != null)
     pc.Name = this.TextBox1.Text;
     pc.Class= this.TextBox2.Text;
    pc.Save();
```

4. When the page is executed for the first time, the user needs to enter the information. However, next time the user details would be automatically loaded.



Themes/Skins

- 1.Start->Programs->Visual studio 2008
- 2. Create new web site.
- 3. Add one Theme Folder in your Website.
- i) Right Click > Add New ASP.NET Folder > Choose Theme folder.
- 4. Add one Skin File in your Website.
- ii)Right Click > Add New Item > Skin file.
- 5. Write a following code in Skin File.

```
<asp:Label runat="server" ForeColor="orange"></asp:Label>

<asp:TextBox runat="server" BackColor="orange" ForeColor="black"
BorderColor="Red" BorderStyle="Solid"></asp:TextBox>

<asp:RadioButton runat="server" BackColor="orange"
ForeColor="black" BorderColor="Red"
BorderStyle="Solid"></asp:RadioButton>

<asp:Button runat="server" BackColor="orange" ForeColor="black"
BorderColor="Red" BorderStyle="Solid"></asp:Button>

<asp:TextBox runat="server" skinID="s1" BackColor="Red"
ForeColor="black" BorderColor="Red"
BorderStyle="Solid"></asp:TextBox></asp:TextBox></asp:TextBox></a>
```

6. Apply this skin file in thoruh out the website then **Goto web.config** file and set the Page attribute value give the theme name.

```
<pages theme="Theme1">
```

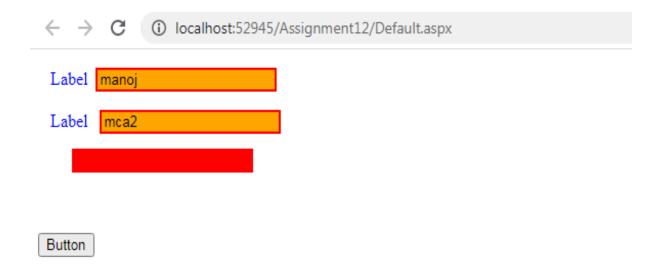
7. Apply this skin file on page level controls then Goto Source Code set the Page attribute value give the theme name.

```
<%@ Page Theme="Theme1" Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true"
CodeFile="Default.aspx.cs" Inherits=" Default" %>
```

8. Apply this skin on Particular Control level then Goto Source Code set the skinID.

```
<asp:TextBox ID="TextBox3" runat="server"
SkinID="s1"></asp:TextBox>
```

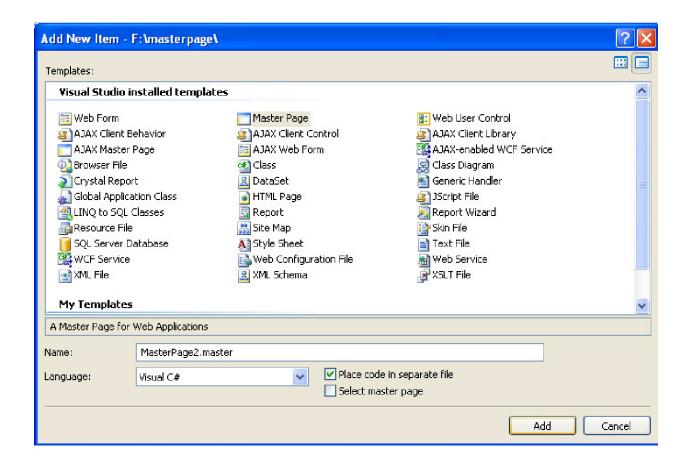
OUTPUT:-



Assignment 13) Demonstrate Master Pages and website navigation controls (sitemap path, treeview, menu) using SiteMap file.

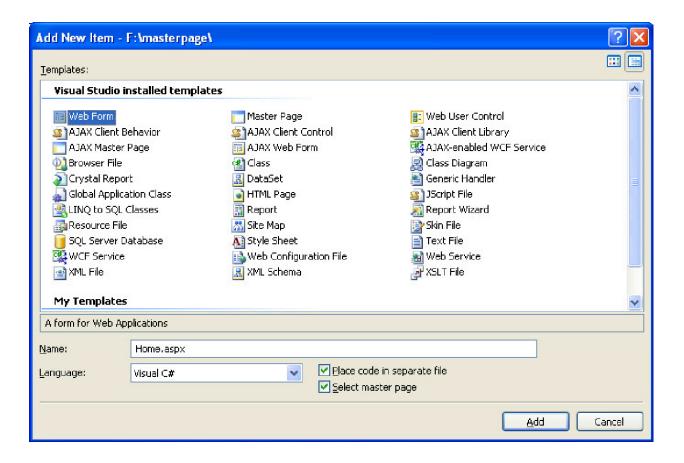
Assignment 14) Demonstrate Properties of website navigation controls.

- 1.Start->Programs->Visual studio 2008
- 2.Create new web site.
- 3.Right click on solution Explorer->Add New Items ->Select MasterPage and add MasterPage.master



- 4.Add Html Table in Master Page.
- 5. Drag and Drop ContentPlaceHolder into Middle Table Cell.
- 6. .Right click on solution Explorer->Add New Items ->Select Web Form and Add Home.aspx

Do not forget to Check Select Master Page CheckBox.



- 7. Similarly add Two More Content Pages Aboutus.aspx and Contactus.aspx
- 8. Add Menu Control in Top Most Cell of Table & Click on Smart tag -> Edit Menu Items and Add 3 menu items(Home, AboutUs, ContactUs). And set the Text and Navigate Url Properties of Menu Items.
- 9. Drag SiteMapDataSource Control from ToolBox and Drop it on Master Page.
- 10. Drag TreeView Control from ToolBox and Drop it on Master Page.
- 11. Write a following Code in SiteMapDataSource Control file.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<siteMap xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/AspNet/SiteMap-File-1.0" >
<siteMapNode url="" title="" description="">
<siteMapNode url="home.aspx" title="HOME" description="" />
<siteMapNode url="aboutus.aspx" title="ABOUT US" description="" />
<siteMapNode url="contact.aspx" title="CONTACT US" description="" />
</siteMapNode>
</siteMapNode></siteMap>
```

- 12. Click on SmartTag on TreeView Control and Choose the DataSource->SiteMapDataSource1
- 13 . Drag SiteMapPath Control from ToolBox and Drop it on Master Page.
- 14. Save Built and Run.

OUTPUT:-



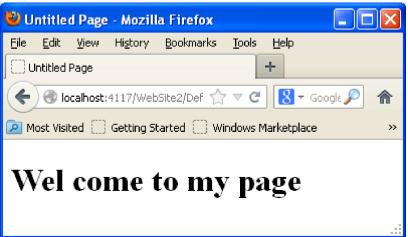
Assignment 15) Demonstrate Authorization/Authentication using Login controls and Roles/Membership/AccessRules

```
1) Create Microsoft Visual Studio 2008
2) Select File->New->WebSite
3) Select ASP.NET Web site template from the Templates pane and name it "UserRoleDemo"
<form id="form1" runat="server">
<div>
     
     
<br />
<span class="style1">Wel-Come to Login From</span><br />
<asp:CreateUserWizard ID="CreateUserWizard1" runat="server"</pre>
OnContinueButtonClick="CreateUserWizard1 ContinueButtonClick">
<WizardSteps>
<asp:CreateUserWizardStep runat="server" />
<asp:CompleteWizardStep runat="server" />
</WizardSteps>
</asp:CreateUserWizard>
<br />
</div>
</form>
protected void CreateUserWizard1 ContinueButtonClick(object sender, EventArgs
e)
```

{
Response.Redirect("Default2.aspx");
}

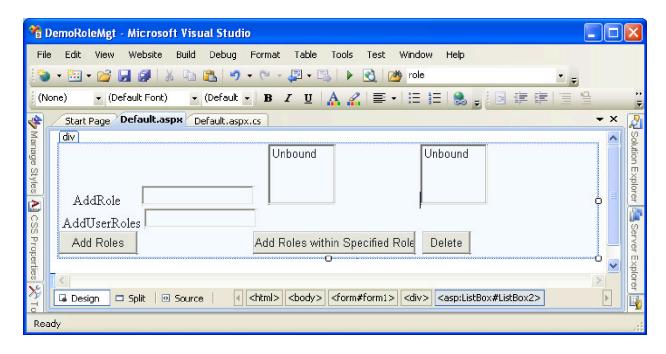






Role Management:-

- 7) Create Microsoft Visual Studio 2008
- 8) Select **File->New->WebSite**
- 9) Select ASP.NET Web site template from the Templates pane and name it "UserRoleDemo"
- 10) Select Website from Menu -> ASP.NET configuration
- 11) Go into web browser of ASP.NET configuration & select security & enable it.
- 12) Switch to the Web.Config click on "Ok" Role are enable in your appliction
- 13) Select Default.aspx add following control

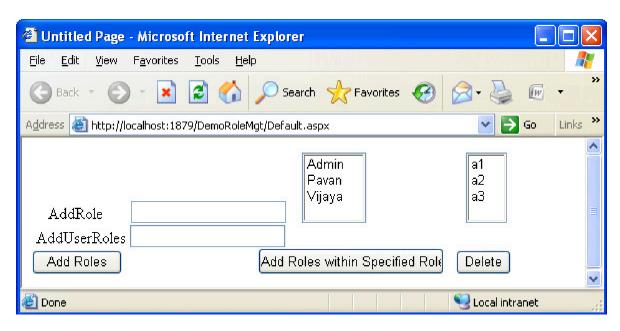


14) Write following code on Page_load & buttons click

```
public partial class Default : System.Web.UI.Page
public string str;
protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
ListBox1.DataSource = Roles.GetAllRoles();
ListDataBind();
ListBox2.DataSource = Roles.GetUsersInRole("Admin");
ListBox2.DataBind();
protected void Button1 Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
Roles.CreateRole(TextBox1.Text);
ListDataBind();
protected void ListDataBind()
ListBox1.DataSource = Roles.GetAllRoles();
ListBox1.DataBind();
ListBox2.DataSource = Roles.GetUsersInRole("Admin");
ListBox2.DataBind();
protected void Button2 Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
Roles.AddUserToRole(TextBox2.Text, TextBox1.Text);
ListBox2.Items.Add(TextBox2.Text);
ListDataBind();
protected void Button3 Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
Roles.RemoveUserFromRole(TextBox2.Text, TextBox1.Text);
```

```
Response.Write("Role is deleted");
37
}
}
```

15) Save the program run it.

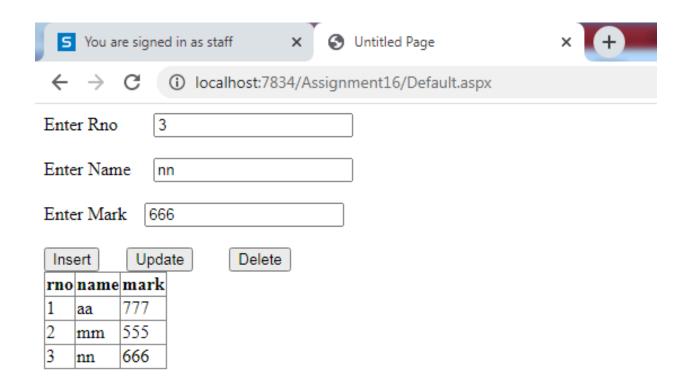


Assignment 16) Demonstrate creation of simple/complex DataReader/DataSet Objects.

- 1. Right Click on App Data in Solution Explorer
- 2. Add New Item select SQL Server Database and give database name
- 3. In Server Explorer right click on Tables, select Add New Table
- 4. Right click on your table and select **Show Table Data** and insert records
- 5. Add 3 TextBoxes , 3 Buttons(INSERT,UPDATE,DELETE) & 1 GridView control to Default.aspx Page
- 6. Add Following Code

```
SqlDataReader dr;
      protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
17.
18.
      {
19.
          if (!IsPostBack)
20.
              getdata();
21.
      }
22.
      void getdata()
23.
          SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("select * from student", con);
24.
25.
          con.Open();
26.
          dr = cmd.ExecuteReader();
27.
          GridView1.DataSource = dr;
28.
          GridView1.DataBind();
29.
          con.Close();
30.
     }
31.
     protected void Button1 Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
33.
34.
          SqlCommand cmd1 = new SqlCommand("insert into student values(" +
   Convert
35..ToInt32(TextBox1.Text) + ",'" + TextBox2.Text + "'," + Convert
36..ToInt32(TextBox3.Text) + ")", con);
37. con.Open();
38.
          cmd1.ExecuteNonOuerv();
39.
         con.Close();
          getdata();
40.
41.
     }
42.
     protected void Button2 Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
43.
          SqlCommand cmd2 = new SqlCommand("Update student set name='" +
44.
   TextBox2.Text + "',mark=" +
45.Convert.ToInt32(TextBox3.Text) + "where rno=" +
   Convert.ToInt32(TextBox1.Text), con);
46.
         con.Open();
         cmd2.ExecuteNonQuery();
47.
48.
          con.Close();
49.
          getdata();
50.
     }
51.
52.
      protected void Button3 Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
53.
      {
          SqlCommand cmd3 = new SqlCommand("Delete from student Where rno="
55.Convert.ToInt32(TextBox1.Text), con);
          con.Open();
57.
          cmd3.ExecuteNonQuery();
58.
         con.Close();
59.
          getdata();
60.
     }
61.}
```

OUTPUT:-



DataSet:-

```
using System.Data;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
public partial class _Default : System.Web.UI.Page
    SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection("Data
Source=.\\SQLEXPRESS;AttachDbFilename=I:\\2021-22\\Subjects\\CA-305(B)
Microsoft .Net Technologies \\CA-LAB-XII (B) Lab on Microsoft .Net
Technologies\\Assignment16A\\App Data\\Database.mdf;Integrated
Security=True;User Instance=True");
   protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
        if (!IsPostBack)
            getdata();
   void getdata()
       DataSet ds = new DataSet();
       SqlDataAdapter sde = new SqlDataAdapter("select * from student", con);
               sde.Fill(ds);
                GridView1.DataSource = ds;
                GridView1.DataBind();
```

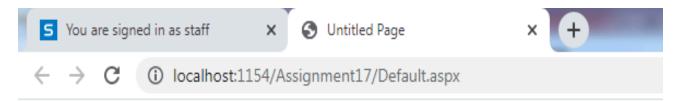
}

Assignment 17) Demonstrate editing in DataTable objects.

```
using System;
using System.Configuration;
using System.Data;
using System.Ling;
using System. Web;
using System. Web. Security;
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.HtmlControls;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls.WebParts;
using System.Xml.Linq;
public partial class Default : System.Web.UI.Page
   protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
        // Initializes a new instance of the System.Data.DataTable class with
the specified table name.
            DataTable tempTable = new DataTable();
           // Add columns in DataTable
            tempTable.Columns.Add("ID");
           tempTable.Columns.Add("NAME");
           // Add New Row in dataTable
         DataRow newrow = tempTable.NewRow();
          newrow[0] = 0;
           newrow[1] = "Avinash";
           tempTable.Rows.Add(newrow);
          // Add Another New Row in dataTable
           newrow = tempTable.NewRow();
            newrow[0] = 1;
           newrow[1] = "Kavita";
           tempTable.Rows.Add(newrow);
           //Now table is ready
           Response.Write("Original Table"+"<br>");
        for (int i = 0; i < tempTable.Rows.Count; i++)</pre>
                Response.Write(tempTable.Rows[i][0].ToString() + "--->" +
tempTable.Rows[i][1].ToString()+"<br>");
            // if you want edit data from DataTable
        Response.Write("Modified Table" + "<br>");
            for (int i = 0; i < tempTable.Rows.Count; i++)</pre>
          if (tempTable.Rows[i][1].ToString() == "Kavita")
                {
                    tempTable.Rows[i][1] = "Ganesh";
          Response.Write(tempTable.Rows[i][0].ToString() + "--->" +
tempTable.Rows[i][1].ToString() + "<br>");
```

```
// if you want delete row from DataTable
    Response.Write("After Deleting row from Table" + "<br/>
    for (int i = 0; i < tempTable.Rows.Count; i++)
{
        if (tempTable.Rows[i][1].ToString() == "Ganesh")
        {
            tempTable.Rows[i].Delete();
        }
        for (int i = 0; i < tempTable.Rows.Count; i++)
        {
            Response.Write(tempTable.Rows[i][0].ToString() + "--->" + tempTable.Rows[i][1].ToString() + "<br/>        }
    }
}
```

OUTPUT-



Original Table

0--->Avinash

1--->Kavita

Modified Table

0--->Avinash

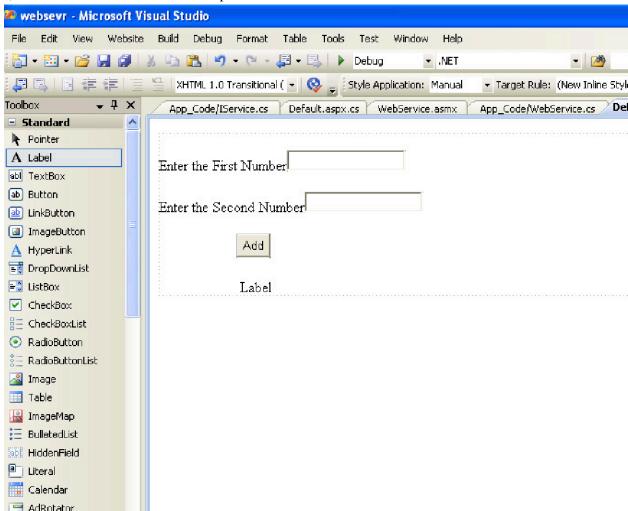
1--->Ganesh

After Deleting row from Table

0--->Avinash

Assignment 18) Demonstrate Web Service hosting, access in ASP.NET

- 1) Create Microsoft Visual Studio 2008
- 2) Select File->New->WebSite
- 3) Now, Add Controls in Default.aspx i.e.2 TextBox & 1 Button, 1 Label.



- 5) Right-click web application's name in the Solution Explorer window and then select the Add New Item option from the context menu
- 6) Select **Web Service** template from the Templates pane and click the Add button.
- 7) Now Code for add() in WebService.cs is as below

```
[WebMethod]
public int add(int a,int b)
{
return a+b;
}
```

- 8) Go to Build Menu, Select Build Web Site and then run this code and test in Browser.
- 9) Right-click web application's name in the Solution Explorer window and then select the Add

Web Reference option from the context menu.

- 10) Select **Web Services in this Solution**, Give Web Reference name and then Add Reference.
- 11) Give **ws** name as reference.
- 12) Below Code write on Button Click in Default.aspx Page is protected void Button1 Click1(object sender, EventArgs e)

```
protected void Button1_Clickl(object sender, EventArgs e,
{
  int a = Convert.ToInt32(TextBox1.Text);
  int b = Convert.ToInt32(TextBox2.Text);
  ws.WebService w = new ws.WebService();
  int c= w.add(a, b);
  Label1.Text = c.ToString();
}
```

13) Save the program and run it.

