

Neural Network Deep Learning

Assignment – 4

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Github Link : <https://github.com/kishorreyansh/Neural-Network-Deep-Learning/tree/main/Assignment-4>

1. Data Manipulation

- a. Read the provided CSV file 'data.csv'.
- b. <https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1h8C3mLsso-R-sIOLsvoYwPLzy2fJ4IOF?usp=sharing>
- c. Show the basic statistical description about the data.
- d. Check if the data has null values.
 - i. Replace the null values with the mean
- e. Select at least two columns and aggregate the data using: min, max, count, mean.
- f. Filter the dataframe to select the rows with calories values between 500 and 1000.
- g. Filter the dataframe to select the rows with calories values > 500 and pulse < 100 .
- h. Create a new "df_modified" dataframe that contains all the columns from df except for "Maxpulse".
- i. Delete the "Maxpulse" column from the main df dataframe
- j. Convert the datatype of Calories column to int datatype.
- k. Using pandas create a scatter plot for the two columns (Duration and Calories).

In the below code snippet, we are doing data manipulation using Pandas:

Reading the provided CSV file 'data.csv' using the read_csv function, assigning a variable df_dataframe to it, and showing the statistical description of the dataframe using the description() function. Replacing the null values in all the columns with the mean. Selecting two columns (duration and pulse) and aggregating the data using the.agg() function and using separate variables to filter the dataframe to select the rows with calorie values between 500 and 1000 and to select the rows with calorie values > 500 and pulse <100. Next, create a new "df_modified" dataframe that contains all the columns from the dataframe except for "Maxpulse" and delete the "Maxpulse" column from the main df_dataframe dataframe. Converting the datatype of the Calories column to an int datatype using the.astype() function and finally using Pandas to create a scatter plot for the two columns (Duration and Calories).

```
datamanipulation.py X linearregression.py U
Assignments > Assignment 4 > datamanipulation.py > ...
1  # 1. Data Manipulation
2  # a. Read the provided CSV file 'data.csv'.
3  # b. https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1h8C3mLsso-R-sIOLsvoYwPLzy2fJ4IOF?usp=sharing
4  # c. Show the basic statistical description about the data.
5  # d. Check if the data has null values.
6  # i. Replace the null values with the mean
7  # e. Select at least two columns and aggregate the data using: min, max, count, mean.
8  # f. Filter the dataframe to select the rows with calories values between 500 and 1000.
9  # g. Filter the dataframe to select the rows with calories values > 500 and pulse < 100.
10 # h. Create a new "df_modified" dataframe that contains all the columns from df except for "Maxpulse".
11 # i. Delete the "Maxpulse" column from the main df dataframe
12 # j. Convert the datatype of Calories column to int datatype.
13 # k. Using pandas create a scatter plot for the two columns (Duration and Calories).
14
15 import numpy as np
16 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
17 import pandas as pd # pip install pandas
18
19 # Importing the datasets from data.csv
20 df_dataframe = pd.read_csv('data.csv')
21
22 # Show the basic statistical description about the data.
23 statistical_description = df_dataframe.describe()
24 print("***** STATISTICAL DESCRIPTION *****")
25 print(statistical_description)
26 print(" ")
27
```

```

datamanipulation.py U × linearregression.py U
Assignments > Assignment 4 > datamanipulation.py > ...

28 # Applying Only on variables with NaN values
29 # Check if the data has null values. Replace the null values with the mean
30 for i in df_dataframe.columns[df_dataframe.isnull().any(axis=0)]:
31     df_dataframe[i].fillna(df_dataframe[i].mean(),inplace=True)
32 print(df_dataframe)
33 print(" ")
34
35 # Select at least two columns and aggregate the data using: min, max, count, mean
36 selected_columns = ['Duration', 'Pulse']
37 aggregated_data = df_dataframe[selected_columns].agg(['min', 'max', 'count', 'mean'])
38 print(" ***** AGGREGATED DATA ***** ")
39 print(aggregated_data)
40
41 # Filter the dataframe to select the rows with calories values between 500 and 1000
42 filtered_df1 = df_dataframe[(df_dataframe['Calories'] >= 500) & (df_dataframe['Calories'] <= 1000)]
43
44 # Filter the dataframe to select the rows with calories values > 500 and pulse < 100
45 filtered_df2 = df_dataframe[(df_dataframe['Calories'] > 500) & (df_dataframe['Pulse'] < 100)]
46
47 # Create a new "df_modified" dataframe that contains all the columns from df except for "Maxpulse".
48 df_modified = df_dataframe.drop(columns='Maxpulse')
49
50 # Delete the "Maxpulse" column from the main df dataframe
51 df_dataframe.drop(columns='Maxpulse',inplace=True)
52

```

```

datamanipulation.py U × linearregression.py U
Assignments > Assignment 4 > datamanipulation.py > ...

53 # Convert the datatype of Calories column to int datatype.
54 df_dataframe['Calories'] = df_dataframe['Calories'].astype(int)
55 print(" DATAFRAME Calories Column INT")
56 print(df_dataframe.info())
57 print(" ***** DATA MODIFIED DATA FRAME ***** ")
58 print(df_modified)
59
60 # Using pandas create a scatter plot for the two columns (Duration and Calories)
61 plt.scatter(df_dataframe['Duration'], df_dataframe['Calories'])
62 plt.xlabel('Duration')
63 plt.ylabel('Calories')
64 plt.title('DURATION AND CALORIES GRAPH')
65 plt.show()

```

Output:

```
datamanipulation.py U X linearregression.py U
Assignments > Assignment 4 > datamanipulation.py > ...

53 # Convert the datatype of Calories column to int datatype.
54 df_dataframe['Calories'] = df_dataframe['Calories'].astype(int)
55 print(" DATAFRAME Calories Column INT")
56 print(df_dataframe.info())
57 print(" ***** DATA MODIFIED DATA FRAME ***** ")
58 print(df_modified)
59
60 # Using pandas create a scatter plot for the two columns (Duration and Calories)
61 plt.scatter(df_dataframe['Duration'], df_dataframe['Calories'])
62 plt.xlabel('Duration')
63 plt.ylabel('Calories')
64 plt.title('DURATION AND CALORIES GRAPH')

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS python + - [] {} ... ^ x

PS D:\UCM\Kishor\Neural Network Deep Learning\Assignments\Assignment 4> python .\datamanipulation.py
D:\UCM\Kishor\Neural Network Deep Learning\Assignments\Assignment 4\datamanipulation.py:17: DeprecationWarning:
Pyarrow will become a required dependency of pandas in the next major release of pandas (pandas 3.0),
(to allow more performant data types, such as the Arrow string type, and better interoperability with other libraries)
but was not found to be installed on your system.
If this would cause problems for you,
please provide us feedback at https://github.com/pandas-dev/pandas/issues/54466

import pandas as pd # pip install pandas
***** STATISTICAL DESCRIPTION *****
      Duration      Pulse      Maxpulse      Calories
count  169.000000  169.000000  169.000000  164.000000
mean    63.846154  107.461538  134.047337  375.790244
std     42.299949   14.510259   16.450434   266.379919
min     15.000000   80.000000  100.000000   50.300000
25%     45.000000  100.000000  124.000000  250.925000
50%     60.000000  105.000000  131.000000  318.600000
75%     60.000000  111.000000  141.000000  387.600000
max     300.000000  159.000000  184.000000  1860.400000

D:\UCM\Kishor\Neural Network Deep Learning\Assignments\Assignment 4\datamanipulation.py:31: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assignment using an inplace method.
The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting values always behaves as a copy.

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].method(value) instead, to perform the operation inplace on the original object.
```

```
datamanipulation.py U X linearregression.py U
Assignments > Assignment 4 > datamanipulation.py > ...

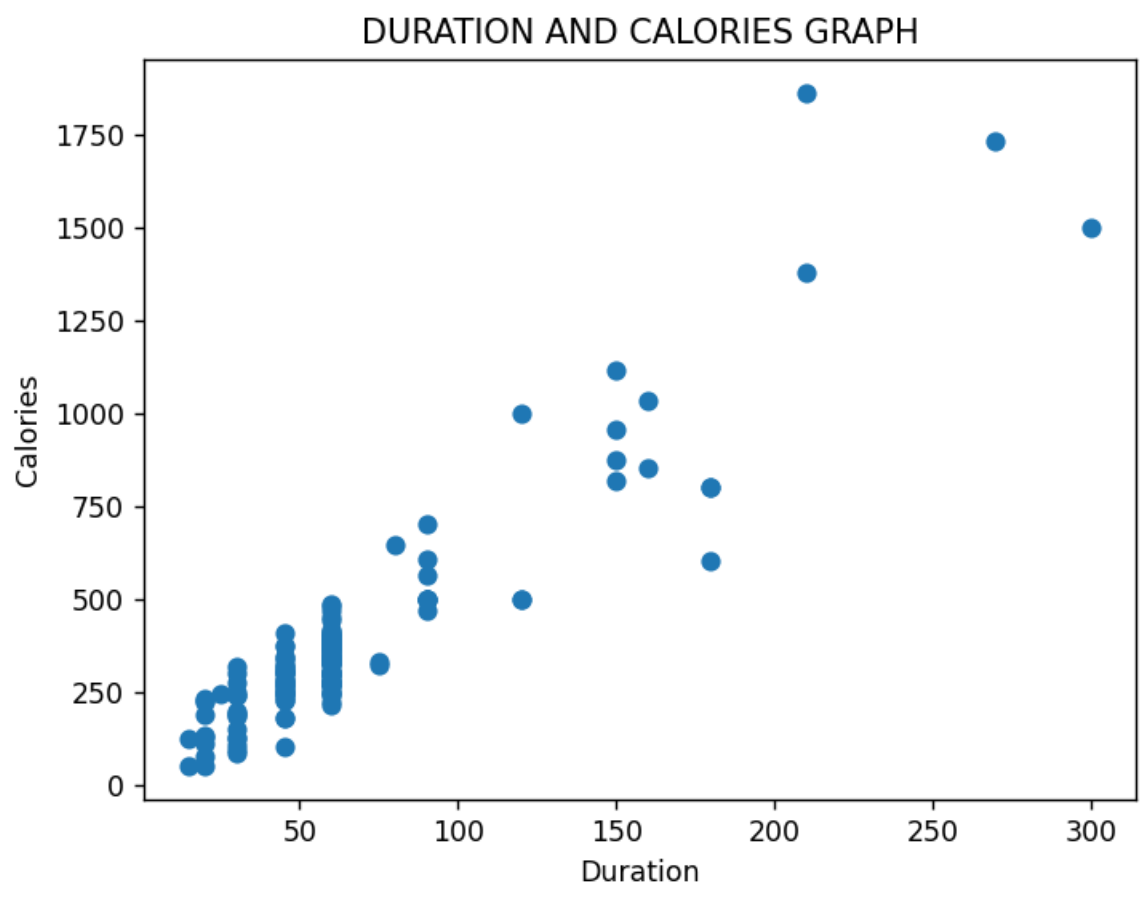
53 # Convert the datatype of Calories column to int datatype.
54 df_dataframe['Calories'] = df_dataframe['Calories'].astype(int)
55 print(" DATAFRAME Calories Column INT")
56 print(df_dataframe.info())
57 print(" ***** DATA MODIFIED DATA FRAME ***** ")

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS python + - [] {} ...

df_dataframe[i].fillna(df_dataframe[i].mean(),inplace=True)
      Duration      Pulse      Maxpulse      Calories
0         60        110         130        409.1
1         60        117         145        479.0
2         60        103         135        340.0
3         45        109         175        282.4
4         45        117         148        406.0
..      ...      ...      ...      ...
164        60        105         140        290.8
165        60        110         145        300.0
166        60        115         145        310.2
167        75        120         150        320.4
168        75        125         150        330.4

[169 rows x 4 columns]

***** AGGREGATED DATA *****
      Duration      Pulse
min    15.000000   80.000000
max    300.000000  159.000000
count  169.000000  169.000000
mean    63.846154  107.461538
DATAFRAME Calories column INT
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 169 entries, 0 to 168
Data columns (total 3 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  ---      -
0   Duration    169 non-null    int64
1   Pulse       169 non-null    int64
2   Calories    169 non-null    int32
dtypes: int32(1), int64(2)
memory usage: 3.4 KB
```



2. Linear Regression

- a) Import the given “Salary_Data.csv”
- b) Split the data in train_test partitions, such that 1/3 of the data is reserved as test subset.
- c) Train and predict the model.
- d) Calculate the mean_squared error
- e) Visualize both train and test data using scatter plot

In the below code snippet, we are training data using linear regression:

Importing the given “Salary_Data.csv” into a variable called df_dataframe. Splitting the data using the train_test_split() function, such that 1/3 of the data is reserved as a test subset. Train the model using the LinearRegression() function, predict the values using the predict() function, calculate the mean squared error of the predicted set, and use Pandas to visualize both the train and test data using a scatter plot.

```
datamanipulation.py U  linearregression.py U X
Assignments > Assignment 4 > linearregression.py > ...
1  # 2. Linear Regression
2      # a) Import the given "Salary_Data.csv"
3      # b) Split the data in train_test partitions, such that 1/3 of the data is reserved as test subset.
4      # c) Train and predict the model.
5      # d) Calculate the mean_squared error
6      # e) Visualize both train and test data using scatter plot
7
8  import numpy as np
9  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
10 import pandas as pd
11
12 # pip install -U scikit-learn
13 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
14 # Importing a library
15 from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
16
17 # Mean Squared Error using scikit-learn
18 from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
19
20 # Importing the datasets from data.csv
21 df_dataframe = pd.read_csv('Salary_Data.csv')
22
23 X = df_dataframe[['YearsExperience']]
24 Y = df_dataframe[['Salary']]
25
26 print(" ")
27 X_Train, X_Test, Y_Train, Y_Test = train_test_split(X,Y,test_size=1/3, random_state = 0)
```

```
datamanipulation.py U linearregression.py U X
Assignments > Assignment 4 > linearregression.py > ...
29 # Fitting Simple Linear Regression to the training set
30 # Creating an instance of a model i.e., LinearRegression
31 regressor = LinearRegression()
32
33 # Training the Model
34 regressor.fit(X_Train,Y_Train)
35
36 # Predicting the Test set result
37 Y_Pred = regressor.predict(X_Test)
38
39 # Calculate the mean squared error or Mean Squared Deviation
40 mse = mean_squared_error(Y_Test,Y_Pred)
41 print("MEAN SQUARED ERROR: ",mse)
42
43 # Visualize both train and test data using scatter plot
44 plt.scatter(X_Train, Y_Train, label="Training Data")
45 plt.scatter(X_Test, Y_Test, label="Test Data")
46 plt.plot(X_Test, Y_Pred, label="Linear Regression")
47 plt.xlabel("Years of Experience")
48 plt.ylabel("Salary")
49 plt.legend()
50 plt.title("Linear Regression: Salary vs Years of Experience")
51 plt.show()
52
53
```

Output:

```
datamanipulation.py U linearregression.py U X
Assignments > Assignment 4 > linearregression.py > ...
29 # Fitting Simple Linear Regression to the training set
30 # Creating an instance of a model i.e., LinearRegression
31 regressor = LinearRegression()
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33 # Training the Model
34 regressor.fit(X_Train,Y_Train)
35
36 # Predicting the Test set result
37 Y_Pred = regressor.predict(X_Test)
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41 print("MEAN SQUARED ERROR: ",mse)
42
43 # Visualize both train and test data using scatter plot
44 plt.scatter(X_Train, Y_Train, label="Training Data")
45 plt.scatter(X_Test, Y_Test, label="Test Data")
46 plt.plot(X_Test, Y_Pred, label="Linear Regression")
47 plt.xlabel("Years of Experience")
48 plt.ylabel("Salary")
49 plt.legend()
50 plt.title("Linear Regression: Salary vs Years of Experience")
51 plt.show()
52
53
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

PS D:\UCM\Kishor\Neural Network Deep Learning\Assignments\Assignment 4> python .\linearregression.py
D:\UCM\Kishor\Neural Network Deep Learning\Assignments\Assignment 4\linearregression.py:10: DeprecationWarning:
Pyarrow will become a required dependency of pandas in the next major release of pandas (pandas 3.0),
(to allow more performant data types, such as the Arrow string type, and better interoperability with other libraries)
but was not found to be installed on your system.
If this would cause problems for you,
please provide us feedback at <https://github.com/pandas-dev/pandas/issues/54466>

```
import pandas as pd

MEAN SQUARED ERROR: 21026037.329511296
[]
```

