Lab 05

Question 1

```
using System;
namespace ArithmeticOperationsCal
{
  class CalculateValues
 {
    public double Addition(double num1, double num2)
    {
      return num1 + num2;
    }
    public double Subtraction(double num1, double num2)
    {
      return num1 - num2;
    }
    public double Multiplication(double num1, double num2)
    {
      return num1 * num2;
    }
```

```
public double Division(double num1, double num2)
  {
    if (num2 == 0)
    {
      throw new ArgumentException("Cannot divide by zero.");
    }
    return num1 / num2;
  }
}
class Program
{
  static void Main()
  {
    Console.WriteLine("Enter 1 for Addition");
    Console.WriteLine("Enter 2 for Subtraction");
    Console.WriteLine("Enter 3 for Multiplication");
    Console.WriteLine("Enter 4 for Division");
    Console.WriteLine("Enter your choice:");
    int choice = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
    Console.WriteLine("Enter Number 1:");
    double num1 = double.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
```

```
Console.WriteLine("Enter Number 2:");
double num2 = double.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
CalculateValues calculator = new CalculateValues();
switch (choice)
  case 1:
    double additionResult = calculator.Addition(num1, num2);
    Console.WriteLine($"Your Answer is: {additionResult}");
    break;
  case 2:
    double subtractionResult = calculator.Subtraction(num1, num2);
    Console.WriteLine($"Your Answer is: {subtractionResult}");
    break;
  case 3:
    double multiplicationResult = calculator.Multiplication(num1, num2);
    Console.WriteLine($"Your Answer is: {multiplicationResult}");
    break;
  case 4:
    try
    {
      double divisionResult = calculator.Division(num1, num2);
      Console.WriteLine($"Your Answer is: {divisionResult}");
    }
```

```
catch (ArgumentException ex)
{
         Console.WriteLine(ex.Message);
}
break;
default:
         Console.WriteLine("Invalid choice.");
break;
}
}
```

Question 2

```
// hello.cs

using System;

namespace ConsoleApplication
{
   public class Hello
   {
      private void sayHello()
      {
            Console.WriteLine("Hello, World!");
      }
}
```

```
}
    public void SayHello()
    {
      sayHello();
    }
  }
}
// Program.cs
using System;
namespace ConsoleApplication
{
  class Program
    static void Main()
    {
      Hello helloObject = new Hello();
      helloObject.SayHello();
    }
  }
}
```

No, I cannot access the private method directly from the main class or any other class outside the Hello class. The reason for this is that a private method is designed to be accessible only within the class it is defined in.

Question 3

```
using System;
namespace ArrayOperation
{
  class ArrayProcessor
  {
    public static int FindMinimum(int[] arr)
    {
       int min = arr[0];
      for (int i = 1; i < arr.Length; i++)
       {
         if (arr[i] < min)
         {
           min = arr[i];
         }
       }
       return min;
    }
    public static int FindMaximum(int[] arr)
      int max = arr[0];
```

```
for (int i = 1; i < arr.Length; i++)
  {
    if (arr[i] > max)
    {
       max = arr[i];
    }
  return max;
}
public static double FindAverage(int[] arr)
{
  double sum = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < arr.Length; i++)
  {
    sum += arr[i];
  return sum / arr.Length;
}
public static void ReverseArray(int[] arr)
{
  int start = 0;
  int end = arr.Length - 1;
  while (start < end)
  {
```

```
int temp = arr[start];
      arr[start] = arr[end];
      arr[end] = temp;
      start++;
      end--;
    }
  }
}
class Program
{
  static void Main()
    int[] arr = new int[10];
    Console.WriteLine("Enter 10 integer values:");
    for (int i = 0; i < arr.Length; i++)
    {
      arr[i] = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
    }
    int min = ArrayProcessor.FindMinimum(arr);
```

```
int max = ArrayProcessor.FindMaximum(arr);
      double average = ArrayProcessor.FindAverage(arr);
      Console.WriteLine("Minimum value: {min}");
      Console.WriteLine("Maximum value: {max}");
      Console.WriteLine("Average value: {average}");
      ArrayProcessor.ReverseArray(arr);
      Console.WriteLine("Array values in reverse order:");
      foreach (int num in arr)
      {
        Console.Write(num + " ");
      }
    }
  }
}
```