#### Problem A: Horse race

The solution is to compute the time (in seconds) used by the horse to finish the race and to convert this time in the HH:MM:SS format. In the following formulae,  $\div$  stands for integer division.

 $time = length \ of \ the \ circuit \ \div \ average \ speed$ 

 $hours = time \div 3600 (there are 3600 seconds in one hour)$ 

minutes = remaining time (from above) ÷ 60 (there are 60 seconds in one minute)

seconds = remaining time

### Problem B: Seconds



## Problem C: Sub Triangles

The number of triangles of length 1 that can be seen is just the square of the length of the triangle side.

#### Demonstration

Let l be the length of a side of an equilateral triangle.

Area of triangle = base × height 
$$\div$$
 2 =  $l$  × height  $\div$  2  
Height of triangle =  $l$  ×  $\sqrt{3}$   $\div$  2 (from Pythagore theorem)

Thus the area of an equilateral triangle is

$$Area = l^2 \times \sqrt{3} \div 4$$

We can deduce that the height of an equilateral triangle with side l = 1 is

$$H(1) = \sqrt{3} \div 4$$

Thus the area of an equilateral triangle with side l = 1 is

$$A(1) = \sqrt{3} \div 4$$

So the number of triangles of side l = 1 within another triangle of side l = n is:

$$N = A(n) \div A(1)$$

$$N = (n^2 \times \sqrt{3} \div 4) \div (\sqrt{3} \div 4)$$

$$N = (n^2 \times (\sqrt{3} \div 4)) \div (\sqrt{3} \div 4)$$

$$N = n^2$$

## Problem D: Sums

Remember these formulae?

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i = \frac{n \times (n+1)}{2}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^{2} = \frac{n \times (n+1) \times (n+2)}{6}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^{3} = \left(\frac{n \times (n+1)}{2}\right)^{2}$$

Use them to simplify the compute W(n) and you will end with this:

$$W(n) = \frac{n \times (n+1)}{2} \times \frac{(n \times (n+1) \div 2) + (2 \times n + 1) + 2}{2}$$

This can be improved since the official solution says that:

$$W(n) = \frac{n \times (n+1) \times (n+2) \times (n+3)}{8}$$

# Problem E: Cylinders

Sorry, no solution for this at the moment.

## **Problem F: Base Conversion**

Classic problem about converting a number from a base A to another base B. First convert the number from base A to base 10, then the number from base 10 to base B.