THIS IS THE EDITED VERSION UMass BookShare

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Software Design Specification

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CSRocks Inc.

Version	Primary Author(s)	Description of Version	Date Completed
1	UMass BookShare	First Draft	2/16/2015
2	Peter, Piers	Changes after Sunday Meeting	2/22/2015
3	UMass BookShare	Final Draft before submission	2/24/2015
4	UMass BookShare	Updates before Beta Release	3/31/2015
5	Peter	Updates before 1.0 Release	4/30/2015

System Architecture

1. Introduction

UMass BookShare is a web application that will serve as an online marketplace for UMass Amherst students to buy, sell, lend, and borrow textbooks. It aims to provide a more convenient and sustainable way for students to gain access to the books they need. Users can post books they have and are willing to share with others. They can also search for a book and view listings of which students have it and how they are willing to share it (sell, rent, lend). Additionally, the application has a wishlist feature that notifies a user when a book on his or her wishlist has been posted by a seller. The buyer and seller will negotiate a meeting place and payment details through a third-party communication channel.

Our system follows the Model-View-Controller style and Client-Server style. In our system, the "model" is the PostgreSQL database that will store information on users, listings, history, and more. The "controller" is the server which handles requests by the user and manipulates or queries the database accordingly. The server will be implemented utilizing Node.js and Express. The "view" is the User Interface that the user will interact with when using UMass BookShare. We selected to use the Model-View-Controller style for the high-level architecture because it decouples different aspects of the system - processing the data, manipulating the data, and viewing the data are all isolated (*see Figure 1*). This design, a standard practice in industry, provides greater flexibility because the different parts can be modified without greatly affecting the functionality of the others. After discussing the requirements of our system, we were able to design a class diagram to illustrate the various classes that will be necessary, as well as the interactions and associations between them (*see Figure 2*).

This System Design Specification and Planning Document describes the software architecture of UMass BookShare, as well as some key design decisions that were made. Additionally, this document details how the team will proceed in carrying out this project and what risks we may face. The Test Plan and Documentation Plan are also described here

2. System Architecture

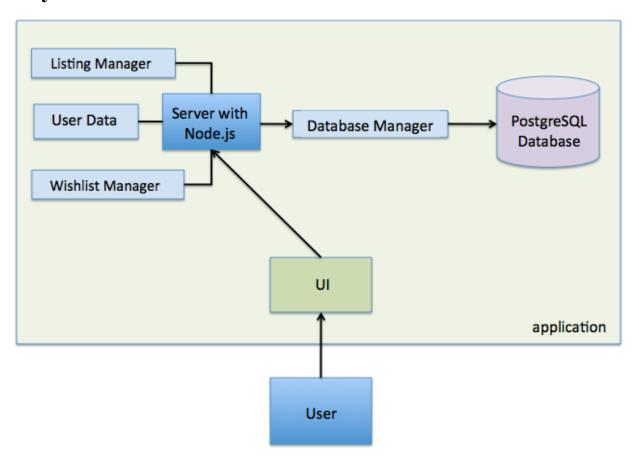


Figure 1: This diagram is the high-level software architecture view. The architecture style is Model-View-Controller. The user "views" using the UI and "controls" by making requests of the server. The "model" is the PostgreSQL database that contains all listing data, user data, etc.

3. Design View

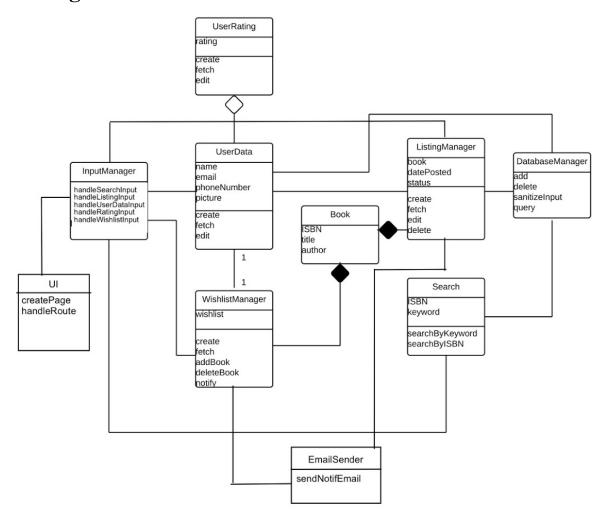


Figure 2: This *UML Class Diagram* illustrates the various classes we will use to implement the application.

4. Process View

Use Case: Create Listing

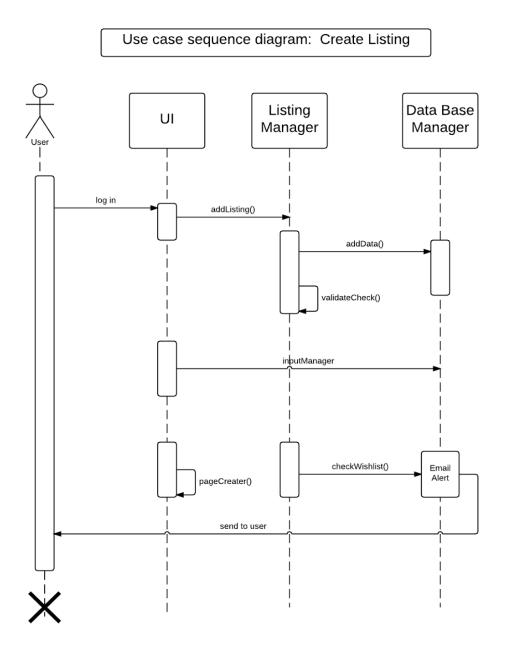


Figure 3: UML Use Case Sequence Diagram for creating a listing

The user logs in from the front page, and adds listings to the Listing manager through the UI. The listing manager checks validation first then adds data to data manager, input manager send message directly to database. Email center is under database, and send message to user once it checked form wishlist.

Use case sequence diagram: Searching

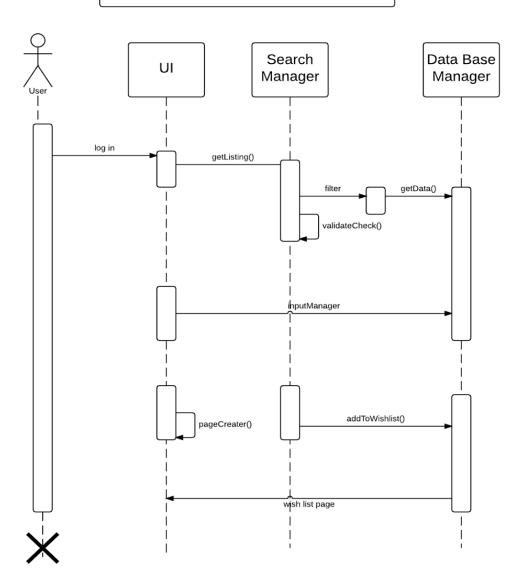


Figure 4: UML Use Case Sequence Diagram for searching

The user login from the front page, and gets listings from the search manager through the UI, the search manager checks validation first then get data from data manager through filter first, input manager send message directly to database. Search manager also creates the wishlist, and sends it to the database.

5. Database Schema

We chose to use a relational database since we can easily index large portions of the system and the entire group has previous experience with similar systems.

Our primary entities are Users, Book, and Listing, which store information about the system's users and books that users wish to either sell, rent out, or lend. Each User has a unique username and each Book has a unique ISBN-10 and ISBN-13 although we only require the ISBN-13. All interactions in the database are dependent on these two sets. Other entities are dependent on User or Book.

Some specific fields to make note of are sex, books, and cover photos. We store sex as a CHAR since it is equivalent in size to a BOOLEAN and it is more obvious what "m" and "f" mean. Books are stored locally after being accessed once from the OpenLib DB because it is very likely the books will be accessed again and this allows for faster processing. Cover photos are also stored in the table if they are available.

```
create table Users(
   username CHAR(20),
   password CHAR(20),
   age INTEGER,
   firstName CHAR(30),
   lastName CHAR(30),
   sex CHAR(1),
    email CHAR(50),
    phone CHAR(12),
    institution CHAR(60),
    PRIMARY KEY(username)
);
create table Book(
    title VCHAR(255),
    author CHAR(60),
   isbn10 CHAR(10),
    isbn13 CHAR(13),
    publicationDate DATE,
   version BYTE,
    cover BLOB,
    PRIMARY KEY(isbn13)
);
create table Wishlist(
    username CHAR(20),
    isbn13 CHAR(13),
   wishDate DATE,
   PRIMARY KEY(username, isbn13),
    FOREIGN KEY(username) REFERENCES User,
    FOREIGN KEY(isbn13) REFERENCES Book
);
create table Listing(
    listID CHAR(32),
    username CHAR(20),
    isbn13 CHAR(13),
    forRent BOOLEAN,
    forSale BOOLEAN,
```

```
forBorrow BOOLEAN,
    available BOOLEAN,
    listDate DATETIME,
    price NUMERIC,
    PRIMARY KEY(listID),
    FOREIGN KEY(username) REFERENCES User,
    FOREIGN KEY(isbn13) REFERENCES Book
);
create table Rating(
   ratedUser CHAR(20),
    ratingUser CHAR(20),
    rating INTEGER,
    PRIMARY KEY(ratedUser),
    FOREIGN KEY(ratedUser) REFERENCES User(username),
    FOREIGN KEY(ratingUser) REFERENCES User(username)
);
create table Users(
       username CHAR(20),
       password CHAR(128),
       firstName CHAR(30),
       lastName CHAR(30),
       email CHAR(50),
       phone CHAR(12),
       institution CHAR(60),
       age INTEGER,
       sex CHAR(1),
       profilepic VARCHAR(255),
       PRIMARY KEY(username)
);
create table Book(
       title VARCHAR(255),
       author CHAR(60),
       isbn10 CHAR(10),
       isbn13 CHAR(13),
       publicationDate DATE,
       version SMALLINT,
       cover VARCHAR(255),
       PRIMARY KEY(isbn13)
);
create table Wishlist(
       username CHAR(20),
       isbn13 CHAR(13),
       wishDate DATE,
       PRIMARY KEY(username, isbn13),
       FOREIGN KEY(username) REFERENCES Users,
       FOREIGN KEY(isbn13) REFERENCES Book
);
create table Listing(
       listID CHAR(32),
       username CHAR(20),
       isbn13 CHAR(13),
       forRent BOOLEAN,
       rentPrice CHAR(10),
       forSale BOOLEAN,
       sellPrice CHAR(10),
       forBorrow BOOLEAN,
```

```
available BOOLEAN,
listDate TIMESTAMP,
description CHAR(500),
PRIMARY KEY(listID),
FOREIGN KEY(username) REFERENCES Users,
FOREIGN KEY(isbn13) REFERENCES Book
);

create table Rating(
    ratedUser CHAR(20),
    ratingUser CHAR(20),
    rating INTEGER,
    PRIMARY KEY(ratedUser, ratingUser),
    FOREIGN KEY(ratedUser) REFERENCES Users(username),
    FOREIGN KEY(ratingUser) REFERENCES Users(username));
```

6. Design Alternatives and Assumptions

Chat:

We decided to not include chat or Private Messaging between users. Firstly, we did not wish for communication to be handled by the site as this forces us to spend time securing and possibly moderating chat. It also allows the person with the books to decide how they are contacted and for people looking for a book to mistakenly PM someone who only checks their email. Unfortunately this means users will spend less time using the service since they do not need to regularly login to check messages.

Apache:

One potential alternative designs was to use Apache instead of Node.js. The reason why we discussed potentially using Apache is because the learning curve of PHP could have been easier than learning Javascript. However, because the team collectively wanted to learn Javascript and Node.js we ultimately decided on choosing Node.js based on personal interests.

There were many other options we could have gone with instead of just deciding between Node.js and Apache but we just felt that those two would provide the most documentation and online resources for us to be successful.

Development Plan

1. Team Structure

Structure and Responsibilities

• Project manager: Chris

Organizes meetings, reviews drafts, works with customer.

• Testing - Walter, Peter, Amy. Qiwen

Responsible for developing our test strategy and both our automated and manual tests. Peter will help as he is needed.

• UI - Amy

Responsible for mock-ups, and other User Interface design decisions. She will be involved in Test and System architecture as needed.

• Database - Piers, Peter

Responsible for developing the database schema, as well as ensuring every group member can configure their development environment to work with the database correctly. He is also responsible for handling database interaction in the system architecture.

• System architecture - Bianca, Walter, Peter, Amy
Responsible for the planning and design of system architecture. This will transition to server-side coding as we transition to alpha release.

Communication

The team communicates mainly through Slack, group emails, and Trello. We post documentation and other group resources on our Slack page where they are accessible at any time, and communicate for planning purposes via email. We have weekly meetings in our discussion section on Wednesday and also meet on Thursday or Friday in the USpace (depending on team members' changing schedules). We utilize a shared Google Docs folder to collaborate on documents and presentations. As we transition to alpha, beta and final releases we will utilize github.com for source control, and maintain communication on the Slack platform.

2. Project Schedule

Task/Milestone	Estimated time	Date due	Resource(s)
Set up initial db	1 day	Mar 2	Piers
Set up server	3 days	Mar 6	Qiwen
Define site structure w/	2 day	Mar 6	Amy

navigation flow			
Alpha Release		Mar 9	
Design and implement initial GUI for web app	4 days	Mar 14	Amy
Implement Create Account	1 day	Mar 17	Peter
Implement Create Listing	1 day	Mar 17	Bianca Walter
Implement Search Function	2 days	Mar 20	Peter Bianca
Implement Display Listing	1 day	Mar 20	Walter, Amy, Peter, Bianca
GUI talks to db	2 days	Mar 25	Piers, Amy, Walter, Peter, Bianca
Customer Testing	1 hour	Mar 31	all
Beta Release		Apr 1	
Continued GUI development	4 days	Apr 13	Amy
Filter	1 day	Apr 16	Peter, Amy, Bianca, Walter
Wish-list	1 day	Apr 16	Peter, Amy, Piers, Bianca, Walter, Qiwen
View/Edit Profile	1 day	Apr 16	Peter, Amy, Bianca, Walter
Edit/Delete Post	te Post 1 day		Peter, Amy, Bianca, Walter
User History	t ory 1 day		Piers, Peter, Amy, Bianca, Walter
Display Recent Listing	1 day	Apr 21	Peter, Amy, Bianca, Walter

Notifications	1 day	Apr 21	Peter, Amy, Bianca, Walter, Qiwen
Rate Users	1 day	Apr 21	Peter, Amy, Bianca, Walter
Testing/Debugging GUI and feature functions	4 days	Apr 25	Piers, Qiwen, Amy, Peter, Walter
Customer Testing	1 hour	Apr 27	all
1.0 Release		Apr 29	

3. Risk Assessment

Risk	Chance of occurring (H, M, L)	Impact if it occurs (H, M, L)	Steps taken to increase chance it won't occur	Mitigation plan should it occur
Project schedule inaccuracy	High	Med	- Divide work into manageable pieces - Overestimate time required	Work more than usual, plan more meetings Divide work into discrete tasks. Prioritize which tasks are essential and then work to complete these first.
Learning curve for skills	High	Med	- Ask for help - Study/tutorials - Start tasks early	Study/tutorials We will study tutorials in order to understand the basics. We will also pair up so that inexperienced team members can code with more experienced team members.
Communication	Med	Low-Med	- More meetings	Discuss other ways to

with team members			- Use different communication methods (email, chat, discussion)	communicate effectively based on team members' specific needs
Permissions from institution or other applicable sources	Med	Med	- Request permission if necessary	Change project where applicable
Customer satisfaction	Med	Med	- Reach customer requirements - Meet with customer frequently to hear their opinions.	Seek customer's opinion frequently and make changes to enhance customer satisfaction

Test and Documentation Plan

1. Test Plan

Unit Test Strategy

- Connection Test:
 - o server connection
 - get status code from http.get function
 - check if status code equals 200
 - return done
 - home page connected
 - get status code from http.get function
 - check if status code equals 302
 - return done
 - o sign up page connected
 - get status code from http.get function
 - check if status code equals 200
 - return done
 - o profile page connected
 - get status code from http.get function
 - check if status code equals 302
 - return done
 - wishlist page connected
 - get status code from http.get function
 - check if status code equals 302

- return done
- o trying to connect to a non-existent link
 - get status code from http.get function
 - if status code equal to 404, you should be redirected to a 404 error page
 - return done
- Form entries:
 - Username
 - *Username is available* Prevents users from having identical names
 - *Username is not blank* Make sure user actually has an identifiable name
 - *Username is appropriate* Discourages offensive and immature usernames
 - Testing:
 - All elements in username will be tested manually
 - Tests will check if the proper system response to the user is given
 - This will be tested early during the beta release developmental stages
 - Does not need to be tested often
 - Password
 - *Minimum character length* Strengthens security
 - Cannot be the same as your username Strengthens security
 - Testing:
 - The elements in password will be tested manually
 - Tests will check if the proper system response to the user is given
 - Will be tested during the early stages of the beta release development
 - Does not need to be tested often
 - o Email
 - Correct format Prevents some typos and makes it easier for database input
 - *Not blank* Must be valid email for account creation and verification
 - Email not taken An email cannot be tied to more than one account
 - Testing:
 - Elements in email will be tested manually
 - Tests will check to see if the user is given useful feedback for their errors
 - Will be tested during the early stages of beta release development
 - Does not need to be tested often
- Post Listing
 - o Correct format Keeps the site clean, makes it easier for users to view a post
 - Not blank No empty listings allowed to prevent flooding of posts
 - Provides sufficient information Allows users to find a way to communicate with each other and to see what the post is actually for
 - o Testing:
 - All elements in post listing will be tested manually
 - Tests will check to see if user is given useful feedback for their errors

- Will be tested during all stages of development
- Tested often because it is the main focus of the web app

Wishlist

- User added items will appear on their wish-list Make sure the wish-list is actually working
 - Will be tested manually by checking to see if the 'wished' item actually shows up on a user's wish-list
 - Testing will be done lightly during the 1.0 developmental stages
- o *If a matching item is posted, send notification* Allows users to be notified that an item they want is available and saves the user time
 - Will be tested manually by adding pseudo listings matching items on a wish-list. Will mainly be checking for an email to be sent to the user who is searching for the item.
 - Testing done during the 1.0 developmental stages
 - Will be tested often because of the connections it has with other elements of the web app.

addUser

- Checks if new user is stored in the database
- Added addUserbasic function to add a new user ('testuser',0000,null,'qiwen''wang',555-5555) should correctly store user "testuser" in database, and can be found by getUser function.
- o If found, return done. If not, return error.

getUser

- o getUser will get user from database by username
- o after addUser, user "testuser" should be found by db.getUser('testuser')
- o if found, return done. If not, return error.

verifyUser

- o verifyUser is used to verify if the username matches the user password
- o Calling verify('testuser',0000) should return true if the username and password match
- After user is verified, call checkUser function from DB_interface to check if user information can be found.

addBookbyISBN

- o addBook will add book using the ISBN13 number only
- Adds a book to testuser by calling function: db.addBookbyISBN('978478914401','testuser')
- o It should return done if book is successfully added and should return error if not.

searchBook

- searchBook can search books in database by term phrases
- o Adds a test book first by db.addBookbyISBN('978478914401', 'testuser')
- Creates two variables searchBytermA and serchBytermB
- Calls db.search to search two above terms for the added book
- Assert if both of these are getting same book

- Return done if it's the same, return error if not.
- This test has a render error to be fixed, but we are not sure of the cause yet. However, the test passed properly. Due to the time constraint, we cannot fix this issue before the 1.0 release.

addBookWish

- o addBookWish can add a book to user's wish list by ISBN number
- o Call function testbook.addBookWish('testuser',978478914401)
- Should add the book in wishlist table in database
- o return done if added, return error if not

addBookCover

- o add book cover use Node.js module node-isbn
- o covers are added by input isbn number, and server will search book cover from Google and return the link for image thumbnail.
- o call function addBookCover(9784789014401,imgpath)
- o imppath is a variable assigned to the path ../public/images
- o return done if image found, return error if not.

viewListing

- o return books user have listed, and post on profile page
- o call function db.postBookListing(9784789014401,res) to call database
- o return done if the books are returned, return error if not

getListing

- This function is used to find a user listing.
- o call function getListing(id,res)
- It will return the Listing for the user.

deleteListing

- Delete listing can delete a book you added, and remove it from the view of your profile page.
- o call function db.deleteListing(listid, res,req)
- It should return done, if nothing goes wrong.

Integration Test Strategy

- use case simulation test
 - o simulate a process of user use on website
 - Use case user login, create listing, check in profile, and log out
 - User login
 - call function loginUser, input: username = cute, and password = 000

Create listing

- call function addBookByISBN using ISBN number 9784789014401
- check added book in profile
 - simulate user going back to profile page to check if the book he just listed is displayed
- user log out
 - call function req.session.reset()
 - simulate user log out

Return done if every step passed, return error if not

System Test Strategy

- Button functionality
 - Submit Buttons
 - Required for completed of events
 - Search Button
 - Required to search for items
 - Elements in button functionality will be tested manually
 - Testing to see if the buttons actually do what they were originally required to.
 - Testing to see if the server actually receives the request of each button
 - Testing done during the beta development stages
 - Needs to be tested often to see if the buttons work well with other aspects of the web app.

Database

- Search
 - Automated testing using queries to check if database can match the query
 - Will be tested often throughout the release as more features are added
- \circ Entry
 - Manual testing will be checking to see if an input is actually inserted into database
 - Will be tested often throughout the release as more features are added

• Email notification

- Item added matches wish list
 - Manual tests will check to see if a user is notified via email that a posting matches an item on their wish-list
 - Will be tested often during the 1.0 developmental stages
- Verification of account creation
 - Manual tests will check to see if a user is notified via email that their account has been created successfully and that they can verify their account
 - Will be tested lightly during the beta developmental stage

Usability Test Strategy

- Browser compatibility / Organization
 - o CSS
 - Manually test if everything scales properly depending on window sizes of the accessing device.
 - Will be tested often throughout the developmental stages
 - Mobile
 - Manually test if everything scales properly on mobile devices
 - Will be tested during the 1.0 developmental stage

Navigation

- Test links
 - Manually test that all links will work by simply clicking them and seeing if the user will be redirected to the correct pages
 - Will be tested often from beta to 1.0 release

• Error messages

- Page does not exist
 - Manually test to see if the correct page is shown if a user inputs or clicks a nonexistent link
 - Will be tested lightly during beta developmental stages
- o Form submit fail
 - Manually test if the correct error message shows up if a user fails to provide sufficient information
 - Will be tested lightly during beta developmental stages
- Search found no matches
 - Manually test by inputting a search that will result in no results
 - Mainly checking for the correct feedback to be sent to users
 - Will be tested often from beta developmental stages and onward.

Easy to use

- User friendly
 - Manually test by bringing in different people to act as users to see how easily they navigate the app
 - Will be tested lightly during 1.0 developmental stage

• Aesthetically pleasing

- Manually test by collecting feedback from group members and outside opinions on web app
- Lightly test during 1.0 developmental stage

• Feedback time

- Testing will be both manual and automated
 - Will navigate the site to see how quickly it loads
- Test the run time of the database queries and will optimize if necessary

• Will be tested often during 1.0 developmental stage

Adequacy of test strategy

- Github Issue Tracker
 - Has version control so we can check back at states of the project
 - Allows teammates to collaborate together easily
 - o Can check to see changes other teammates made
- Trac
 - o Track, report, and fix bugs and issues
 - Allows us to stay updated on project progress and changes
 - Write and use reports by ourselves and other members
 - o Can provide a system to allow people to give detailed information on issues
 - Can create tickets to see what bugs and issues the web app has

Instruction for new test developers:

- platform structure
 - Using Mocha as main test framework
 - Oue to a version issue, install mocha as global before running test
 - sudo npm install mocha -g
 - all test file stored at bookapp/test, adding new test can easily create .js file under /test
- modules used
 - supertest
 - o chai
 - o should
 - expect
- latest test result
 - o latest test result can be find
- procedure of test
 - o connection test will only pass when server is running on localhost:3000
 - o run npm start and open another terminal run mocha
 - API for mocha, should expect can be find in
 - http://mochajs.org/
 - https://github.com/Automattic/expect.js
 - https://github.com/tj/should.js

2. Documentation Plan

<u>User Guide w/ Pictures in Web App</u>

- How to Login
 - where to login with username and password

- New User Registration Steps
 - o how to create account with required fields (name, email, institution)
- Forget Password Help
 - o password recovery and reset
- Update User Profile
 - o make changes in profile form
- Create/Edit/Delete Posting
 - o makes changes in a posting form
- Add/Remove items from to WishList
 - o make changes in the wishlist form
- Search/Filter/View Postings
 - o how to search/filter/view postings
- Rate Users
 - how to rate and comment on users

Admin Guide

- Overview of System
 - Classes/Components
- Installation/Compile
 - o Instructions to compile code in Github

Help Menu in Web App

- Contact Us
 - o contains email to contact or a little message box that will send email
- FAQ
 - o for the most common issues