## High-dimensional Mixed Linear Regression

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- Problem Setting
- 2 Algorithm
- Simulation
  - Symmetric case
  - Different Proportion
  - Low-dimensional case
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# Problem Setting : High-dimensional Mixed Linear Regression

- $y_i = \langle x_i, \beta_1^{\star} \rangle z_i + \langle x_i, \beta_2^{\star} \rangle (1 z_i) + w_i$  for  $i = 1, \dots, n$
- $x_i, \beta_i^{\star} \in \mathbb{R}^d, z_i \in \{0, 1\}, w_i \stackrel{iid}{\sim} \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2)$
- $d \gg n, \beta_k^{\star}$  is sparse
- **Goal**: infer  $\beta_1^{\star}$ ,  $\beta_2^{\star}$  given  $\{(x_i, y_i)\}$

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## Algorithm

#### **Algorithm 1:** Fixed Threshold

```
Input: \{(x_i, y_i)\}_{i=1,2,...,n}, \beta^{(0)}, T, G, s, \alpha(< 0.5), \eta
```

- 1: for t = 1 to T do
- 2: *J* ← ∅
- 3:  $J \leftarrow \text{ the smallest } (\alpha n) \text{ index of } |y_i \langle x_i, \beta^{(t)} \rangle|$
- 4:  $\beta^{(t+1)} \leftarrow \text{Update}(X, Y, \beta^{(t)}, J, \eta, s, G)$
- 5: end for

#### **Algorithm 2:** Reduced Threshold

**Input**: 
$$\{(x_i, y_i)\}_{i=1,2,...,n}, \beta^{(0)}, T, G, s, \alpha(< 0.5), \eta, K$$

- 1: **for** t = 1 to T **do**
- 2:  $J \leftarrow \emptyset$
- 3:  $J \leftarrow \text{ the smallest } \max\{(n-(t-1)K), n\alpha\} \text{ index of } |y_i \langle x_i, \beta^{(t)} \rangle|$
- 4:  $\beta^{(t+1)} \leftarrow \text{Update}(X, Y, \hat{\beta}^{(t)}, \hat{J}, \eta, s, G)$
- 5: end for

## Algorithm

#### Algorithm 3: Reduced Threshold for Mixed Linear Regression

**Input**:Initial  $\beta^{(0)}$ , T, G, s, C,  $\{(x_i, y_i)\}_{i=1,2,...,n}$ 

1:  $\beta_1, S_1 \leftarrow \text{Threshold } (X, Y, \beta^{(0)}, T, G, s, \alpha, \eta, K)$ 

2:  $\beta_2, S_2 \leftarrow \text{Robust Regression } (X, Y, \beta^{(0)}, [n] \setminus S_1)$ 

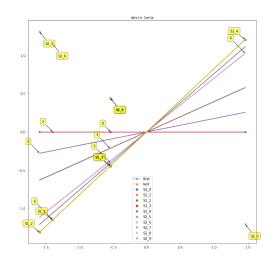
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## Symmetric case - x symmetric

$$y_1 = X\beta + e_1, y_2 = -X\beta + e_2$$

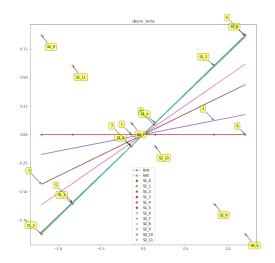


$(n, d, \sigma)$	(10,1,0)
Fixed	(5.551e-17 0.05205)
Reduced	,
	(2.776e-17, 4.636e-17)
EM-init	(2.775e-17, 4.635e-17)
EM-rand	(5.551e-17, 0.03268)

**Table:** (median,mean) over 100 trials(MLR)

## Symmetric case - xy symmetric

$$y_1 = X\beta + e_1, y_2 = -X\beta + e_2$$



$(n, d, \sigma)$	(10,1,0)
Fixed	(5.551e-17, 03604)
Reduced	(2.775e-17, 4.561e-17)
EM-init	(2.775e-17, 4.561e-17)
EM-rand	(1.110e-16, 0.03049)

**Table:** (median,mean) over 100 trials(MLR)

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## Simulation Results - Different Proportion

$(n, d, p, \sigma)$	(1000,100,0.1,0)	(1000,100,0.2,0)	(1000,100,0.4,0)
Fixed	(3.968e-12, 4.018e-12)	(4.524e-12,4.510e-12)	(5.911e-12,5.8789e-12)
Reduced	(5.590e-12, 5.643e-12)	(6.675e-12,6.680e-12)	(1.253e-11,1.269e-11)
EM-init	(0.03459,0.05530)	(2.638e-17,0.02041)	(4.579e-16,0.01127)
EM-rand	(0.1154,0.1454)	(0.1347,0.1993)	(0.7476,0.6216)

(median, mean) over 100 trials(MLR) - Grad Descent(noiseless)

(1000,100,0.1,0.1)	(1000,100,0.2,0.1)	(1000,100,0.4,0.1)
(0.03837,0.03855)	(0.04461,0.04458)	(0.06472,0.06469)
(0.08775,0.08739)	(0.09009,0.09031)	(0.09249,0.09317)
(0.09129, 0.1139)	(0.04210,0.06023)	(0.04899,0.06161)
(0.1565, 0.1791)	(0.2497,0.2875)	(0.7080,0.6076)
(1000,100,0.1,0.3)	(1000,100,0.2,0.3)	(1000,100,0.4,0.3)
(0.1267, 0.1267)	(0.1536,0.1548)	(0.3721,0.3881)
(0.2615, 0.2623)	(0.2762,0.2760)	(0.3098, 0.3118)
(0.1930, 0.2186)	(0.1948, 0.2207)	(0.1853, 0.2008)
(0.3327, 0.3537)	(0.5340,0.5139)	(0.8175, 0.7589)
	(0.03837,0.03855) (0.08775,0.08739) (0.09129,0.1139) (0.1565,0.1791) (1000,100,0.1,0.3) (0.1267,0.1267) (0.2615,0.2623) (0.1930,0.2186)	(0.03837,0.03855) (0.04461,0.04458)   (0.08775,0.08739) (0.09009,0.09031)   (0.09129,0.1139) (0.04210,0.06023)   (0.1565,0.1791) (0.2497,0.2875)   (1000,100,0.1,0.3) (1000,100,0.2,0.3)   (0.1267,0.1267) (0.1536,0.1548)   (0.2615,0.2623) (0.2762,0.2760)   (0.1930,0.2186) (0.1948,0.2207)

(median,mean) over 100 trials(MLR) - Grad Descent(noisy)

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## Simulation Results - Low-dimensional case

$$y_i = x_i^T \beta_{z_i} + e_i, \ e_i \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2)$$

$(n, d, \sigma)$	(30,3,0)	(60,3,0)	(90,3,0)
Fixed	(0.0620,0.246)	(5.207e-16,0.133)	(5.17e-16,0.100)
Reduced	(4.48e-16, 0.0242)	(4.80e-16,6.52e-16)	(4.25e-16,6.33e-16)
EM-init	(3.50e-16,0.0527)	(3.38e-16,0.00596)	(3.33e-16,0.0193)
EM-rand	(3.90e-16,0.167)	(3.68e-16,0.0754)	(3.4e-16,0.0648)
$(n, d, s, \sigma)$	(50,5,0)	(100,5,0)	(150,5,0)
Fixed	(0.340,0.347)	(7.15e-16,0.128)	(7.12e-16,0.0308)
Reduced	(7.91e-16,0.0258)	(6.76e-16,9.11e-16)	(6.74e-16,1.02e-15)
EM-init	(6.32e-16,0.0831)	(5.40e-16,0.0184)	(5.13e-16,0.0118)
EM-rand	(6.81e-16,0.190)	(5.43e-16,0.0348)	(5.26e-16,0.0386)
$(n, d, s, \sigma)$	(100,10,0)	(200,10,0)	(300,10,0)
Fixed	(2.79e-15,0.255)	(1.22e-15,0.0532)	(1.10e-15,0.0196)
Reduced	(1.218e-15,0.0138)	(1.13e-15,1.26e-15)	(1.12e-15,1.43e-15)
EM-init	(1.026e-15,0.0453)	(8.93e-16,0.0126)	(9.61e-16,1.09e-15)
EM-rand	(1.32e-15,0.234)	(9.06e-16,0.0555)	(9.74e-16,0.0299)

(median,mean) over 100 trials(MLR) - Full Correct

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#### Simulation Results - Low-dimensional case

$$y_i = x_i^T \beta_{z_i} + e_i, \ e_i \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2)$$

$(n, d, \sigma)$	(1000,100,0)	(500,100,0)	(2000,100,0)
Fixed	(0.7326,0.7225)	(0.7975,0.7929)	(3.977e-12,0.2660)
Reduced	(6.9652e-12,0.006843)	(0.6181, 0.4955)	(3.568e-12,3.644e-12)
EM-init	(2.0896e-12,0.006398)	(0.6010, 0.5323)	(1.810e-12,1.7538e-12)
EM-rand	(0.8138,0.6981)	(1.044,1.0391)	(1.998e-12,0.1267)

(median, mean) over 100 trials(MLR) - Grad Descent(noiseless)

$(n, d, \sigma)$	(1000,100,0.05)	(1000,100,0.1)	(1000,100,0.3)
Fixed	(0.7482,0.7141)	(0.7357,0.7140)	(0.7687,0.7720)
Reduced	(0.03332,0.03346)	(0.07626,0.07683)	(0.3488, 0.4067)
EM-init	(0.02516,0.02520)	(0.05192,0.05894)	(0.1986, 0.2239)
EM-rand	(0.8242,0.6745)	(0.8156,0.7188)	(0.8694,0.8076)

(median, mean) over 100 trials(MLR) - Grad Descent(noisy)

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## Simulation Results - High-dimensional case

$(n, d, s, \sigma)$	(200,1000,5,0)	(200,2000,5,0)	(200,2000,10,0)
Fixed	(0.6309, 0.5142)	(0.5656,0.4758)	(0.8294,0.7917)
Reduced	(2.606e-12,0.2329)	(1.9967e-12,0.1903)	(0.7854,0.6780)
EM-rand	(0.7059,0.6198)	(0.8598, 0.7714)	(0.9547,0.9660)

(median, mean) over 100 trials(MLR) - noiseless case

$(n, d, s, \sigma)$	(200,1000,5,0.05)	(200,1000,5,0.1)	(200,1000,5,0.3)
Fixed	(0.5302,0.4897)	(0.6341,0.5486)	(0.6648, 0.6391)
Reduced	(0.02214,0.2270)	(0.05273,0.2802)	(0.3885,0.4501)
EM-rand	(0.6560,0.5450)	(0.7205,0.5980)	(0.7945,0.7487)

(median,mean) over 100 trials(MLR) - noisy case

## Simulation Results - High-dimensional case

$(n, d, s, \sigma)$	(500,5000,10,0)	(1000,5000,20,0)
Fixed	(0.4928, 0.4285)	(0.7590,0.5964)
Reduced	(2.536e-13,0.02019)	(1.003e-13,0.02243)
EM-rand	(0.6856, 0.5507)	(0.3469,0.5763)

(median,mean) over 100 trials(MLR) - noiseless case

$(n, d, s, \sigma)$	(500,5000,10,0.05)	(500,5000,10,0.1)	(500,5000,10,0.3)
Fixed	(0.5699,0.4531)	(0.6228, 0.5427)	(0.7077,0.6685)
Reduced	(0.01544,0.09110)	(0.03920,0.1083)	(0.3301,0.4112)
EM-rand	(0.8323, 0.6422)	(0.7902,0.6005)	(0.9053, 0.7963)

(median,mean) over 100 trials(MLR) - noisy case

#### References



Bhatia, Kush and Jain, Prateek and Kar, Purushottam(2015) Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems 15, 721–729

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