9장. 스프링 Web Security

Security - login



◆ 스프링 시큐리티

일반적인 웹(JSP)에서는 세션이나 쿠키등을 이용하여 로그인을 하는데, 스프링은 인터 셉터(Interceptor)등을 이용한다.

기본 동작 방식은 서블릿의 여러 종류의 필터와 인터셉터를 이용해서 처리된다.

필터는 서블릿의 필터를 의미하고, 인터셉터(Interceptor)는 스프링에서 필터와 유사한 역할을 한다.

인터셉터는 스프링의 빈으로 관리되면서 스프링의 컨텍스트 내에 속한다.

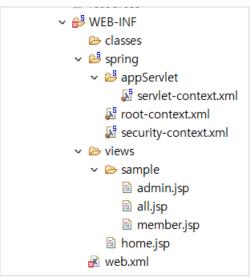


◆ 스프링 AOP pom.xml 에 security 관련 라이브러리 추가

```
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.springframework.security</groupId>
   <artifactId>spring-security-core</artifactId>
   <version>5.2.2.RELEASE
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.springframework.security</groupId>
   <artifactId>spring-security-config</artifactId>
   <version>5.2.2.RELEASE
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.springframework.security</groupId>
   <artifactId>spring-security-web</artifactId>
   <version>5.2.2.RELEASE
</dependency>
```



◆ security-context.mxl 생성



Configuration Bean File로 생성

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
    xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
    xmlns:security="http://www.springframework.org/schema/security"
    xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/security http://www.springhtamework.org/schema/security http://www.springhtamework.org/schema/beans http://www.springframework.org/schema/security</pre>
```



</beans>

◆ web.xml에 등록



◆ security-context.xml 에 등록 및 서버 실행

```
INFO: Initializing Spring DispatcherServlet 'appServlet'
INFO: org.springframework.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet - Initializing
INFO: org.springframework.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet - Completed init
8월 27, 2022 8:08:01 오전 org.apache.coyote.AbstractProtocol start
INFO: 프로토콜 핸들러 ["http-nio-8080"]을(를) 시작합니다.
8월 27, 2022 8:08:01 오전 org.apache.catalina.startup.Catalina start
INFO: Server startup in 4023 ms
INFO: com.spring.controller.HomeController - Welcome home! The client le
```



- /sample/all -> 로그인을 하지 않은 사용자도 접근 가능
- /sample/member -> 로그인한 사용자만 접근 가능
- /sample/admin -> 로그인한 사용자들 중에서 관리자 권한을 가 진 사용자만 접근 가능



```
@Log4j
@RequestMapping("/sample/*")
@Controller
public class SampleController {
    @GetMapping("/all") //localhost:8080/sample/all
    public void doAll() {
         Log.info("do all can access everybody");
    @GetMapping("/member")
                                                       # src/main/java
                                                         > # com.spring.board
    public void doMember() {
                                                         > # com.spring.board.impl
         log.info("logined member");
                                                         > # com.spring.common

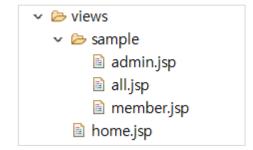
→ 

⊕ com.spring.controller

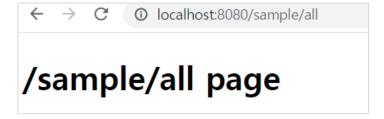
                                                           > 🛂 HomeController.java
    @GetMapping("/admin")
                                                           > La SampleController.java
    public void doAdmin() {
                                                         > # com.spring.user
         Log.info("admin only");
```

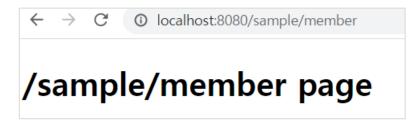


```
<title>인증</title>
</head>
<body>
        <h1>/sample/all page</h1>
</body>
</html>
```













◆ 인증과 권한 부여

인증이란?.

권한이란?



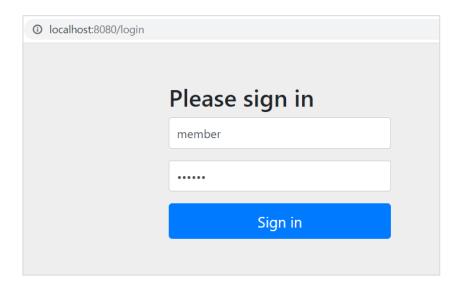
◆ 로그인과 로그아웃

권한 설정 - security-context.mxl

```
<!-- 기본 서비스 -->
<security:http>
    <security:intercept-url pattern="/sample/all" access="permitAll" />
    <security:intercept-url pattern="/sample/member" access="hasRole('ROLE MEMBER')" />
    <security:intercept-url pattern="/sample/admin" access="hasRole('ROLE ADMIN')" />
    <security:form-login/>
    <security:logout/>
</security:http>
<!-- 인증 및 권한 설정 -->
<security:authentication-manager>
    <security:authentication-provider>
        <security:user-service>
            <security:user name="member" password="{noop}member"</pre>
                           authorities="ROLE MEMBER"/>
            <security:user name="admin" password="{noop}admin"</pre>
                           authorities="ROLE MEMBER, ROLE ADMIN"/>
        </security:user-service>
    </security:authentication-provider>
</security:authentication-manager>
```



- ◆ 로그인과 로그아웃
 - /sample/member로 요청(username- member, password-member)



PasswordEncoder 클래스가 없어서 에러발생

SEVERE: 경로가 []인 컨텍스트의 서블릿 [appServlet]을(를) 위한 Servlet.service() 호출이 예외를 발생.
java.lang.IllegalArgumentException: There is no PasswordEncoder mapped for the id "nu
at org.springframework.security.crypto.password.DelegatingPasswordEncoder\$Unn
at org.springframework.security.crypto.password.DelegatingPasswordEncoder.mat



- ◆ 로그인과 로그아웃
 - 비밀번호앞에 {noop}를 붙이면 에러 해결됨

- 로그인후 '/' 경로로 이동함





- ◆ 로그인과 로그아웃
 - admin 사용자는 /sample/member, /sample/admin 모두 접근 가능
 - member 사용자는 /sample/member 에만 접근 가능
 - ✓ member사용자가 admin에 접근하면 에러 발생





◆ 접근 에러 처리 1

```
@Log4j
@Controller
public class CommonController {

    @GetMapping("/accessError")
    public void accessDenied(Authentication auth, Model model) {
        Log.info("access Denied : " + auth);
        model.addAttribute("msg", "Access Denied");
    }
}
```



- ◆ 접근 에러 처리 2
 - AccessDeniedHandler 인터페이스를 구현하는 경우

```
@Log4j
public class CustomAccessDeniedHandler implements AccessDeniedHandler{
    @Override
    public void handle(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response,
              AccessDeniedException accessDeniedException) throws IOException, Serv
         Log.error("AccessDeniedHandler");
         Log.error("Redirect....");

→ 

⊕ com.spring.controller

         response.sendRedirect("/accessError");
                                                             > La CommonController.java
                                                             > <a> HomeController.java</a>
                                                             SampleController.java

    # com.spring.security

                                                             > La CustomAccessDeniedHandler.java

    CustomLoginSuccessHandler.java
```



- ◆ 접근 에러 처리 2
 - CustomAccessDeniedHandler를 빈으로 등록

```
<!-- CustomAccessDeniedHandler를 빈으로 등록 -->
<bean id="customAccessDenied" class="com.spring.security.CustomAccessDeniedHandler"/>
<!-- 기본 서비스 -->
<security:http>
    <security:intercept-url pattern="/sample/all" access="permitAll" />
    <security:intercept-url pattern="/sample/member" access="hasRole('ROLE MEMBER')" />
    <security:intercept-url pattern="/sample/admin" access="hasRole('ROLE_ADMIN')" />
   <security:form-login/>
   <!-- 에러 처리 -->
   <!-- <security:access-denied-handler error-page="/accessError" /> -->
    <security:access-denied-handler ref="customAccessDenied" />
</security:http>
```



◆ 접근 에러 처리 2





◆ 커스텀 로그인 페이지

스프링에서 제공하는 로그인 폼을 사용하지 않고 직접 로그인 폼을 제작해서 사용하기

```
<security:form-login/>
<!-- 로그인 페이지 직접 제작 -->
<security:form-login login-page="/customLogin" />
<security:logout logout-url="/customLogout" invalidate-session="true" />
```



◆ 로그인 페이지 만들기 – CommonController.java

```
//로그인

@GetMapping("/customLogin")

public void login(String error, String logout, Model model) {

    Log.info("error: " + error);

    Log.info("logout:" + logout);

    if(error != null) {

        model.addAttribute("error", "Login Error Check Your Account");

    }

    if(logout != null) {

        model.addAttribute("logout", "LogOut!!");

    }

}
```



◆ 로그인 페이지 만들기 – customLogin.jsp

```
<h1>Custom Login Page</h1>
<h2><c:out value="${error}" /></h2>
<h2><c:out value="${logout}" /> </h2>
<form method="post" action="/login">
    <div>
        <input type="text" name="username" value="admin">
    </div>
    <div>
        <input type="password" name="password" value="admin">
    </div>
    <div>
        <input type="submit" value="로コピ">
    </div>
    <input type="hidden" name="${ csrf.parameterName}" value="${ csrf.token}" />
</form>
```



◆ 로그인 - /sample/admin으로 요청





◆ CSRF(Cross-site request forgery) 공격과 토큰



◆ 로그인 성공과 AuthenticationSuccessHandler



◆ 로그인 성공과 AuthenticationSuccessHandler

```
Log.warn("ROLE NAMES: " + roleNames);

if(roleNames.contains("ROLE_ADMIN")) {
    response.sendRedirect("/sample/admin"); //admin.jsp로 이동
    return;
}

if(roleNames.contains("ROLE_MEMBER")) {
    response.sendRedirect("/sample/member"); //member.jsp로 이동
    return;
}

response.sendRedirect("/"); //index.jsp로 이동
}
```

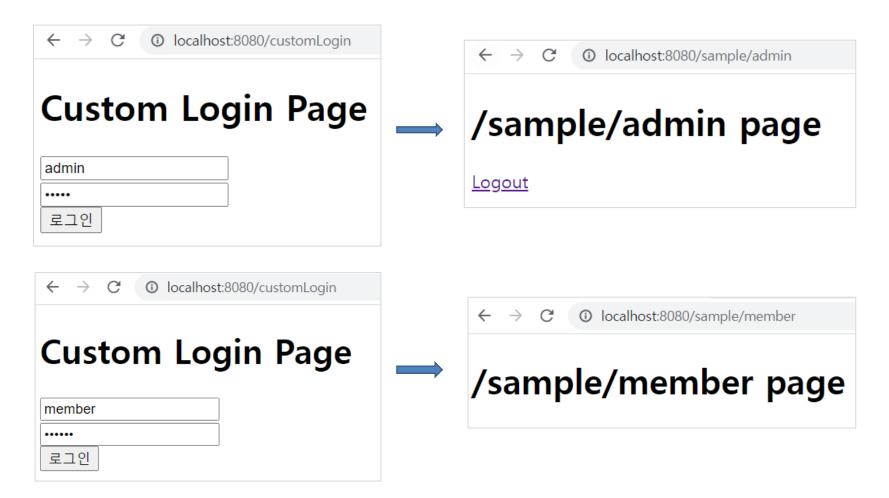


◆ 로그인 성공과 AuthenticationSuccessHandler

```
<!-- CustomAccessDeniedHandler를 빈으로 등록 -->
<bean id="customAccessDenied" class="com.spring.security.CustomAccessDeniedHandler" />
<bean id="customLoginSuccess" class="com.spring.security.CustomLoginSuccessHandler" />
<!-- 기본 서비스 -->
<security:http>
    <security:intercept-url pattern="/sample/all" access="permitAll" />
    <security:intercept-url pattern="/sample/member" access="hasRole('ROLE_MEMBER')" />
    <security:intercept-url pattern="/sample/admin" access="hasRole('ROLE ADMIN')" />
   <!-- <security:form-login/> -->
   <!-- 로그인 페이지 직접 제작 -->
    <security:form-login login-page="/customLogin"</pre>
                         authentication-success-handler-ref="customLoginSuccess" />
    <security:logout logout-url="/customLogout" invalidate-session="true" />
```



◆ /customLogin으로 직접 요청

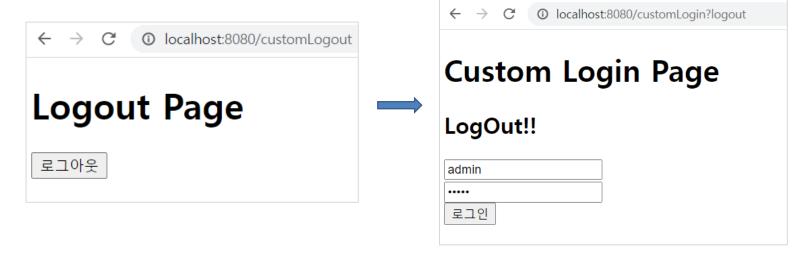




◆ 로그 아웃



◆ 로그 아웃





```
-- Spring security
□ CREATE TABLE users (
     username VARCHAR2 (50) NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
     password VARCHAR2 (50) NOT NULL,
    enabled CHAR(1) DEFAULT '1'
 );
□ CREATE TABLE authorities (
     username VARCHAR2 (50) NOT NULL,
     authority VARCHAR2 (50) NOT NULL,
     CONSTRAINT fk authorities users FOREIGN KEY (username)
     REFERENCES users (username)
 -- index 생성
 CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ix auth username ON authorities (username, authority);
```



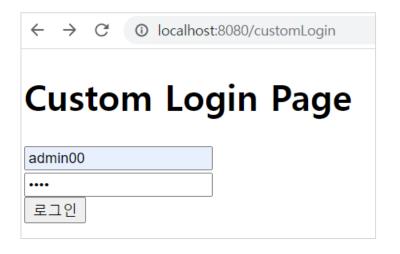
```
-- users 추가
INSERT INTO users(username, password) VALUES ('user00', 'pw00');
INSERT INTO users(username, password) VALUES ('member00', 'pw00');
INSERT INTO users(username, password) VALUES ('admin00', 'pw00');

-- 권한 추가
INSERT INTO authorities(username, authority) VALUES ('user00', 'ROLE_USER');
INSERT INTO authorities(username, authority) VALUES ('member00', 'ROLE_MEMBER');
INSERT INTO authorities(username, authority) VALUES ('admin00', 'ROLE_MEMBER');
INSERT INTO authorities(username, authority) VALUES ('admin00', 'ROLE_ADMIN');
```













```
@Log4j
public class CustomNoOpPasswordEncoder implements PasswordEncoder{

@Override
   public String encode(CharSequence rawPassword) {
        Log.warn("before encode :" + rawPassword);
        return rawPassword.toString();
   }

@Override
   public boolean matches(CharSequence rawPassword, String encodedPassword) {
        Log.warn("matches: " + rawPassword + ":" + encodedPassword);
        return rawPassword.toString().equals(encodedPassword);
   }
}
```



◆ 인증/권한을 위한 테이블 설계

```
-- Security 회원 테이블과 권한 테이블
ECREATE TABLE tbl member (
     userid VARCHAR2 (50) PRIMARY KEY,
     userpw VARCHAR2 (100) NOT NULL,
     username VARCHAR2 (100) NOT NULL,
     regdate DATE DEFAULT SYSDATE,
     updatedate DATE DEFAULT SYSDATE,
     enabled CHAR(1) DEFAULT '1'
);
CREATE TABLE tbl member auth(
     auth VARCHAR2 (50) NOT NULL,
     userid VARCHAR2 (50) NOT NULL,
     CONSTRAINT fk member auth FOREIGN KEY (userid)
     REFERENCES tbl member (userid)
);
```



◆ BcryptPasswordEncoder 빈 설정

```
<!-- 암호화 -->
<security:password-encoder ref="bcryptPasswordEncoder" />
```



◆ 사용자 입력 및 권한 주기

```
@RunWith(SpringJUnit4ClassRunner.class)
@ContextConfiguration("file:src/main/webapp/WEB-INF/spring/security-context.xml")
public class MemberTests {
    @Autowired
    private PasswordEncoder pwencoder;
    @Autowired
    private DataSource ds;
    //회원 가입 - 100명
    @Test
    public void testInsertMember() {
        String sql = "INSERT INTO tbl member(userid, userpw, username) VALUES(?,?,?)";
        for(int i=0; i<100; i++) {</pre>
            Connection conn = null;
            PreparedStatement pstmt = null;
```



```
try {
    conn = ds.getConnection();
    pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(sql);
    pstmt.setString(2, pwencoder.encode("pw" + i));
    if(i < 80) {
        pstmt.setString(1, "user" + i);
        pstmt.setString(3, "일반사용자" + i);
    }else if(i < 90) {
        pstmt.setString(1, "member" + i);
        pstmt.setString(3, "회원" + i);
    }else {
        pstmt.setString(1, "admin" + i);
        pstmt.setString(3, "관리자" + i);
    pstmt.executeUpdate(); //실행
} catch (Exception e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
} finally {
    if(pstmt != null) {
        try {
            pstmt.close();
        } catch (SQLException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
```



	⊕ USERPW	REGDATE ⊕ UPDATEDATE	:
1 user0	\$2a\$10\$aWCBpmidaNp99rz3Wkk9EuIouYGt0nGse5hoiGjCo6XCAP6x.LzB6 일반사용자0	22/08/27 22/08/27	1
2 user1	\$2a\$10\$GVYIJfc0r1bvAPPsKJbnQ./pafFX9V6b4f0BlCMKrZu9Zz72WqYZi 일반사용자1	22/08/27 22/08/27	1
3user2	\$2a\$10\$26DeW8Pp6GelZKmMyCG1kOKgZC0oIYbzxhYdtdCzHVVbaDdXwJ3BG 일반사용자2	22/08/27 22/08/27	1
4 user3	\$2a\$10\$46z/EohunFxjwJLYaybPC.DAKlt7yBsRJ5iBkcRSWs9apfL/dNBdO 일반사용자3	22/08/27 22/08/27	1
5user4	\$2a\$10\$w7/8YpeF2FluOKxYHWInKOBVk0Qos7cgc3OlfZvjB./ynvON.caOK 일반사용자4	22/08/27 22/08/27	1
6 user5	\$2a\$10\$40QfPWj9Ms2R9sgP3fchR.NK5Uskd5s.iF8x72TkgqOjDObf4RE1s 일반사용자5	22/08/27 22/08/27	1
7user6	\$2a\$10\$PbWIAcnnC5SMzkfSCZpILu9yBjUPHQPDb7pxkJxK/NMM.gp/GvWAm 일반사용자6	22/08/27 22/08/27	1
8 user7	\$2a\$10\$dWJPulzT/cIHpPXkIQnLPOLQLE15hgWiCHxF/XZ1yiNATDB2JwBpu 일반사용자7	22/08/27 22/08/27	1
9 user8	\$2a\$10\$1tEX8xmlQrA1Rt/HI/TXfejxLY0jmUl9m1hINaZyfP0qXNUIibyVK 일반사용자8	22/08/27 22/08/27	1

85 member 84	\$2a\$10\$v.RIlD331Q6lo3igRCfNrug1LYTEYwTh/qCfaJWXl1y9GWWT/XqRK회원84	22/08/27 22/08/27	1
86 member85	\$2a\$10\$he9izvrYBHdWoutmv8EFFO6NAsmbE42yvQj02ka2em0.Uq0cSVSNu회원85	22/08/27 22/08/27	1
87 member86	\$2a\$10\$UmuRA8oChiJVV/Hq9v38feogqw7gGfSvzbysWlTjXwMwyaXzW2L4y 회원86	22/08/27 22/08/27	1
88 member 87	\$2a\$10\$CfTa2VOEghHg0AV4uMx5JermwBlPtjaY4dRe.al7.JZlJk04HelDa 회원87	22/08/27 22/08/27	1
89 member88	\$2a\$10\$N7oSoRU6gVY8AYzj41y84uoDtNKmH2.2E.Kbtg9zdPg/o/9YwRqUy회원88	22/08/27 22/08/27	1
90 member89	\$2a\$10\$uBunowakGrLvxSgcfLpaEehquvdVgi1SWsIhMRPpZnm9gWW0csNpS회원89	22/08/27 22/08/27	1
91 admin90	\$2a\$10\$SeN/MdY1ISSJHJrENHN.KuwoyqjQHEr7fotn3VH9aeW9fAJ438kaK관리자90	22/08/27 22/08/27	1
92 admin91	\$2a\$10\$bd8XRKk4.GNG09wTqPOu2NCPa4/1rnd6D56a6qe4YKDca8S8myq관리자91	22/08/27 22/08/27	1
93 admin92	\$2a\$10\$N43m5raiMc1IEzCnu9uVLeAb79CQ0NDczOTrpY/wSbRAAJLs94qtK관리자92	22/08/27 22/08/27	1
94 admin93	\$2a\$10\$m/p1HHAyup8Q1WZQe2VTR.XQ95E/DM/L56oti8KvKLW62pEvHhqiG관리자93	22/08/27 22/08/27	1
95 admin94	\$2a\$10\$BujmpDbEk8QPzNzzUt2OIOQjLnumRK8JhXMJk7IfhcfXrbTEV3xU6관리자94	22/08/27 22/08/27	1
96 admin95	\$2a\$10\$rG5CaOqrY6AHBVB/ZbX6Zui/mWumCXEAHnrqSzd52rCLPJpkNeq.G 관리자95	22/08/27 22/08/27	1



```
//회원 권한 입력
@Test
public void testInsertAuth() {
    String sql = "INSERT INTO tbl member auth(userid, auth) VALUES(?,?)";
    for(int i=0; i<100; i++) {</pre>
        Connection conn = null;
        PreparedStatement pstmt = null;
        try {
            conn = ds.getConnection();
            pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(sql);
            if(i < 80) {
                pstmt.setString(1, "user"+i);
                pstmt.setString(2, "ROLE USER");
            }else if(i < 90) {
                pstmt.setString(1, "member"+i);
                pstmt.setString(2, "ROLE MEMBER");
            }else {
                pstmt.setString(1, "admin"+i);
                pstmt.setString(2, "ROLE_ADMIN");
            pstmt.executeUpdate();
```



76 ROLE_USER	user75
77 ROLE USER	user76
78 ROLE USER	user77
79 ROLE USER	user78
80 ROLE USER	user79
81 ROLE MEMBER	member80
82 ROLE MEMBER	member81
83 ROLE MEMBER	member82
84 ROLE MEMBER	member83
85 ROLE MEMBER	member84
86 ROLE MEMBER	member85
87 ROLE MEMBER	member86
88 ROLE_MEMBER	member87
89 ROLE MEMBER	member88
90 ROLE_MEMBER	member89
91 ROLE_ADMIN	admin90
92 ROLE ADMIN	admin91
93 ROLE ADMIN	admin92
94 ROLE ADMIN	admin93
95 ROLE_ADMIN	admin94



◆ 쿼리를 이용하는 인증



◆ Member87/pw87로 인증



