AtlasScientific Environmental Robotics

V 2.9 Revised 4/22

EZO-PMPTM Embedded Dosing Pump

Flow rate Accuracy Viscocity Modes of operation

Connector

Calibration

Tubing size

Data protocol

Default I²C address

Operating voltage

Pump head

Data format

Food Safe

Written by Jordan Press Designed by Noah Press 0.5ml to 105ml/min +/- 1%

0.1-2,000 cP

Continuous dispensing Volume dispensing Dose over time Constant flow rate Dispense at startup

5 lead data cable

Single point

Any 5mm O.D. tubing

UART & I²C

103 (0x67)

3.3V-5V (logic) 12V-24V (motor)

8.1 meters (26.5')

ASCII

Yes



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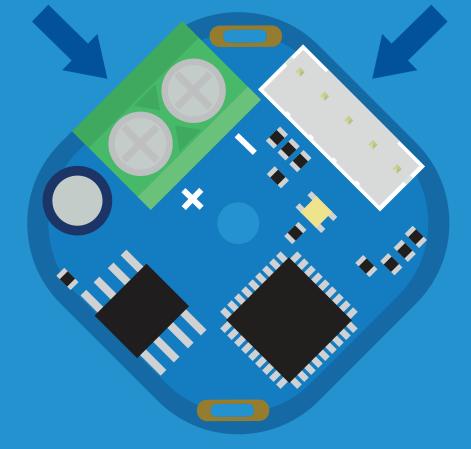
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Attention

The EZO-PMP[™] Embedded Dosing Pump requires two power supplies to operate.

12V - 24V to drive the motor

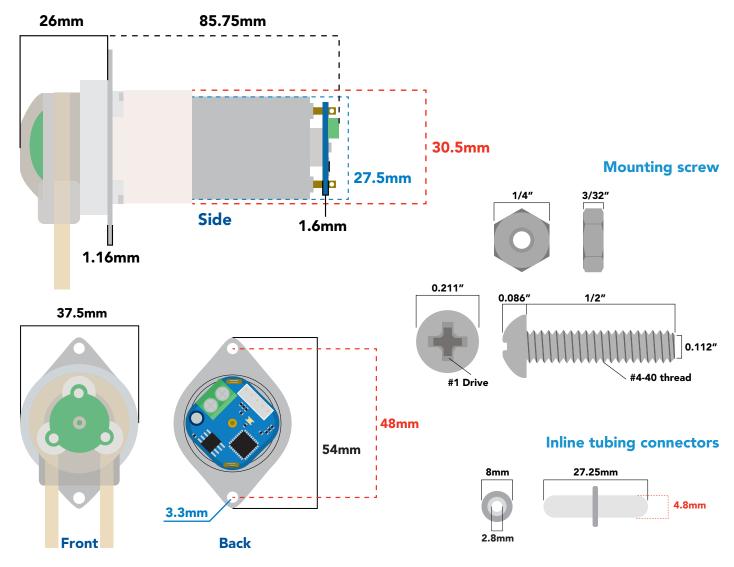
3.3V - 5.5V for the control system



Control system (Back side of dosing pump)



EZO-PMP[™] dimensions



	LED	MAX	K	STAND	BY	SLEEP
5V	ON	13.7	mA	13.4 m/	Д	0.415 mA
	OFF	13.1	mA	12.8 m	Д	
3.3V	ON	12.5	mA	12.4 m/	Д	0.13 mA
	OFF	12.3	mA	12.2 m	Д	
Motor	or 12V = ~400m			24V = -	~200	mA
Tubing life span		+1,0	00 hrs.			
Casse	Cassette life span		1 50	0 hrs		

5,000 hrs.

Motor life span

Power consumption Absolute max ratings

Parameter	MIN	ТҮР	MAX
Storage temperature (EZO-PMP™)	-65 °C		125 °C
Operational temperature (EZO-PMP™)	-40 °C	25 °C	85 °C
VCC	3.3V	5V	5.5V
Motor	10.8V	12V	24V
Max input / output pressure			80 kPa

EZO-PMP[™] tubing

Tan tubing Saint-Gobain[™] PharMed[™] BPT tubing Length: 15.24cm Outer diameter: 5mm Inner diameter: 3mm

This tubing is highly chemically resistant and has 30X more resistant to mechanical wear than silicone tubing.



Inline tubing connectors HDPE Length: 2.54cm Outer diameter: 8mm Inner diameter: 2.8mm

Food safe 🗸

Blue tubing

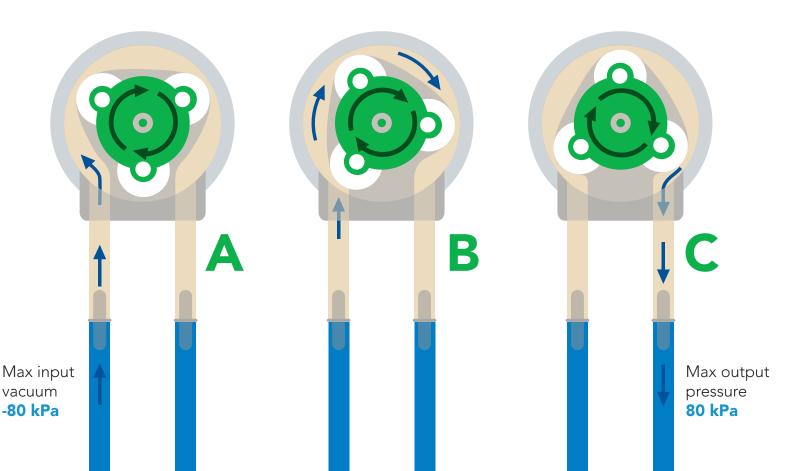
Silicone Length: 2x 30.48cm Outer diameter: 5mm Inner diameter: 3mm Bend radius: 15mm Temperature -67°C to 200°C Max pressure: 69 kPa (10 PSI)





Operating principle

Self-primingRun dry



Operating modes

The EZO-PMP[™] can operate in four different modes.

Continuous dispensing

Run the pump continuously 105 ml/min ∞ (with supplied tubing)

Volume dispensing

Pump a specific volume (Smallest possible volume is 0.5 ml)

Volume is always in ml.

Dose over time Pump a specific volume over a set time

Constant flow rate

Pump a specific volume per minute

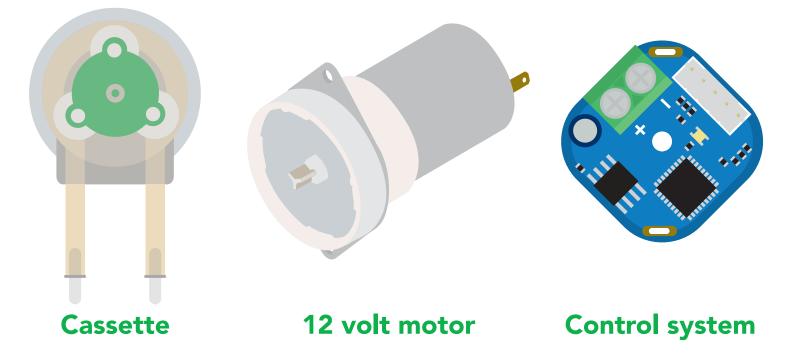
Dispense at startup

- Dispense a specific volume at startup
- Continuous dispensing at startup
- Dose over time at startup



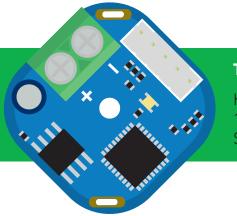
This device requires two power supplies 3.3V–5.5V for the control system 12V–24V to drive the motor

The Atlas Scientific EZO-PMP[™] consists of three main components.



The actual peristaltic pumping is done within the cassette. It has been designed to be easily detached from the motor and disassembled.

The 12 volt motor and control system have been soldered together. Both components are designed to operate as one single unit.



The control system has three main components

Keyed data and power connector 12–24 volt power input Status indicator LED

	White – RX/SCL Green – TX/SDA
Data and power cable pinout	Black – GND
	Red – VCC
	Blue – INT





1²C

X Unavailable data protocols SPI Analog RS-485 Mod Bus 4–20mA

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Default state

UARI mode

Baud

Readings

Speed

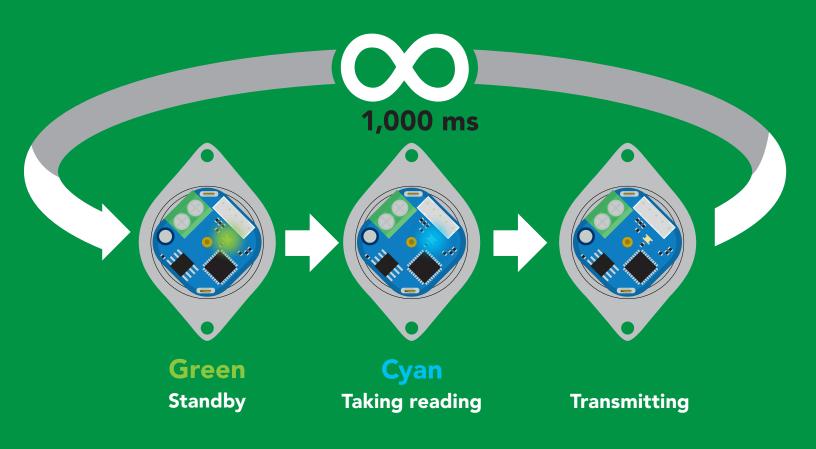
LED

9,600

continuous

1 reading per second

on



UART mode

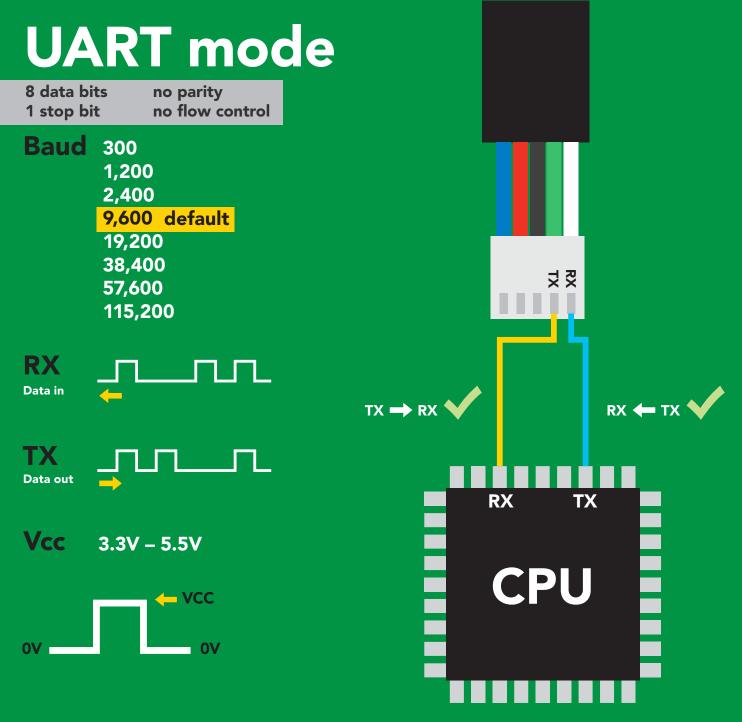
Settings that are retained if power is cut

Baud rate Calibration Continuous mode Device name Enable/disable parameters Enable/disable response codes Hardware switch to I²C mode Invert LED control Protocol lock Software switch to I²C mode

Settings that are **NOT** retained if power is cut

Absolute total volume Find Sleep mode Total volume





Data format

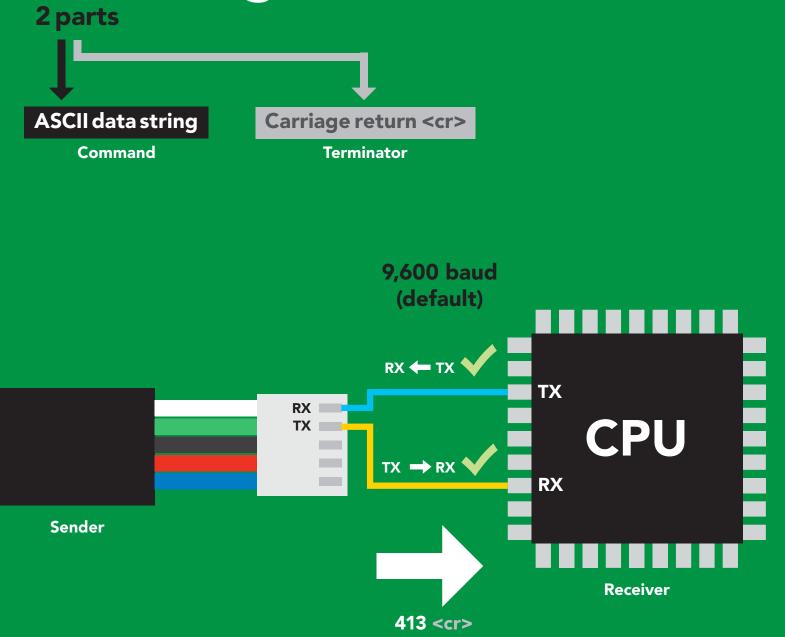
Output	volume
Units	ml
Encoding	ASCII
Format	string

Terminator Data type **Decimal places** 2 Smallest string 3 characters Largest string

carriage return floating point **39 characters**







Advanced

ASCII:	4	1	3	<cr></cr>
Hex:	34	31	33	0D
Dec:	52	49	51	13



Sending commands to device

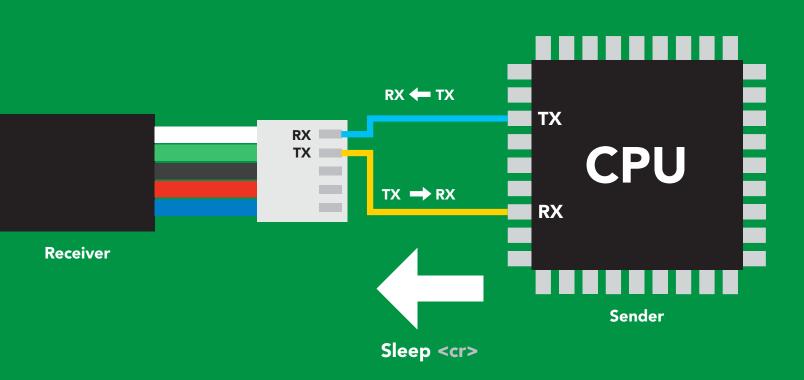
2 parts

Command (not case sensitive)

Carriage return <cr>

ASCII data string

Terminator



Advanced

ASCII:	S		е	е	р	<cr></cr>
Hex:	53	6C	65	65	70	0D
Dec:	83	108	101	101	112	13



LED color definition



UART standby



Cyan Taking reading



Purple Changing baud rate



Command not understood



5V	LED ON +2.5 mA
3.3V	+1 mA

Atlas Scientific

UART mode command quick reference

All commands are ASCII strings or single ASCII characters.

Command	Function	Default state
Baud	change baud rate	pg. 39 9,600
С	enable/disable continuous mode	pg. 18 enabled
Cal	performs calibration	pg. 31 n/a
D	dispense modes	pg. 20 – 26 n/a
Factory	enable factory reset	pg. 41 n/a
Find	finds device with blinking white LED	pg. 17 n/a
i	device information	pg. 35 n/a
Invert	invert dispensing direction	pg. 29 n/a
I2C	change to I ² C mode	pg. 42 not set
L	enable/disable LED	pg. 16 enabled
Name	set/show name of device	pg. 34 not set
0	enable/disable parameters	pg. 32 all enabled
Р	pause dispensing	pg. 27 n/a
Plock	enable/disable protocol lock	pg. 40 disabled
Pv	check pump voltage	pg. 33 n/a
R	returns a single reading	pg. 19 n/a
Sleep	enter sleep mode/low power	pg. 38 n/a
Status	retrieve status information	pg. 37 enable
Тv	total volume dispensed	pg. 30 n/a
X	stop dispensing	pg. 28 n/a
*OK	enable/disable response codes	pg. 36 enable

LED control

Command syntax

L,1	<cr></cr>	LED on	default

- L,0 <cr>> LED off
- L,? <cr>> LED state on/off?

Example	Response
L,1 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>
L,0 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>
L,? <cr></cr>	?L,1 <cr> or ?L,0 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr></cr>





L,0

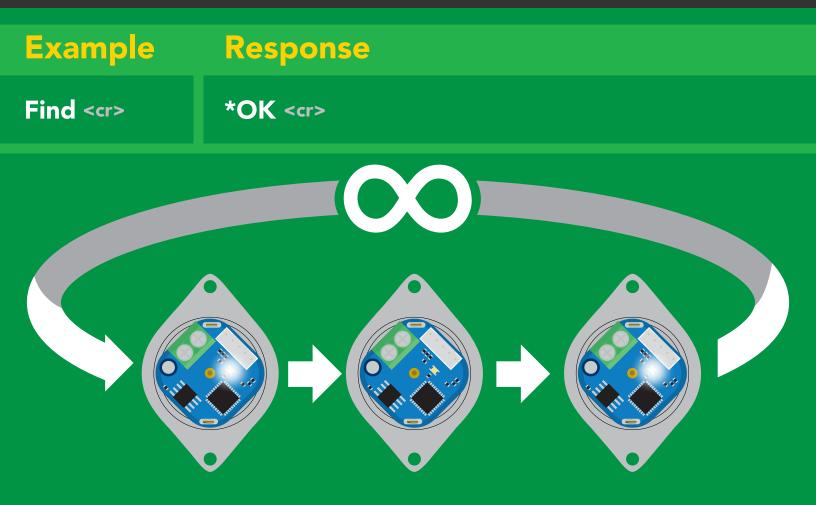




Command syntax

This command will disable continuous mode Send any character or command to terminate find.

Find <cr> LED rapidly blinks white, used to help find device





Continuous mode

Command syntax

C,* < <r> continuously reports volume once per second c</r>	lefault
C,1 <cr> continuously reports volume only when pumping</cr>	9
C,0 <cr> disable continuous reporting</cr>	
C,? < <r> continuous reporting mode on/off?</r>	

Example	Response
dispense 3ml C,* <cr></cr>	1.2 <cr> 3.0 <cr> *Done,3.00 <cr> 3.0 <cr> 3.0 <cr> 3.0 <cr> 3.0 <cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr>
C,1 <cr></cr>	1.2 <cr> 3.0 <cr> *Done,3.00 <cr></cr></cr></cr>
C,0 <cr></cr>	*Done,3.00 <cr></cr>
C,? <cr></cr>	?C,1 <cr> or ?C,0 <cr> or ?C,* <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr></cr></cr>



Single reading mode

Command syntax

R <cr> returns a single value showing dispensed volume

Example	Response	
R <cr></cr>	2.50 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr>	(If issued half way through dispensing 5ml)
	5.00 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr>	(If issued once dispensing has stopped)



Continuous dispensing

Pump on/pump off

Command syntax

After running in continuous mode for 20 days the EZO-PMP[™] will reset.

- D,* <cr> dispense until the stop command is given
- D,-* <cr> dispense in reverse until the stop command is given
- D,? <cr> dispense status

Example	Response	
D,* <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> pump will continuously run at ~105ml/min</cr> (with supplied tubing)	
D,-* <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> pump will continuously run in reverse at ~105ml/min (with supplied tubing)</cr>	
D,? <cr></cr>	?D,*,1 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr>	

Response breakdown



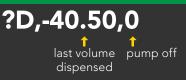


Volume dispensing

Pump a specific volume

Command s	yntax	where [ml] is any volume in millimeters >= 0.5
D,[ml] <cr>dispense [this specific volume]D,[-ml]<cr>dispense [in reverse this specific volume]D,?<cr>dispense status</cr></cr></cr>		
Example	Response	
D,15 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> 15 ml v</cr>	vill be dispensed
D,-40.5 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> 40.5 m</cr>	l will be dispensed <i>in reverse</i>
D,? <cr></cr>	?D,-40.50,0 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr>	

Response breakdown





Dose over time

Pump a fixed volume over a fixed time

Command syntax

D,[ml],[min] <cr> Dispense [this volume], [over this many minutes]

Example	Response
D,85,10 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> Dispense 85ml over 10 minutes</cr>



Constant flow rate

Maintain a constant flow rate

Command syntax

DC,? <cr>

After running in continuous mode for 20 days the EZO-PMP[™] will reset.

DC,[ml/min],[min or *] <cr> [maintain this rate],[for this much time]

reports maximum possible flow rate

[ml/min] = a single number (int or float) representing the desired flow rate [min or *] = the number of minutes to run or (*) indefinitely A negative value for ml/min = reverse

Example	Response
DC,25,40 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> Dispense 25ml per minute for 40 minutes</cr>
DC,? <cr></cr>	?MAXRATE,58.5 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr>
	ate is determined after calibration. ed is too fast the EZO-PMP [™] will send an error.
If the nowrate enter	ed is too fast the EZO-FIMP will send an error.
*TOOFAST <cr> *ER <cr></cr></cr>	1111
	evaporation rate = 1ml/min
flow rate = 1ml/r	nin 🙆
23 Copyright © Atlas Scientific	LLC Atlas Scientific

Dispense at startup

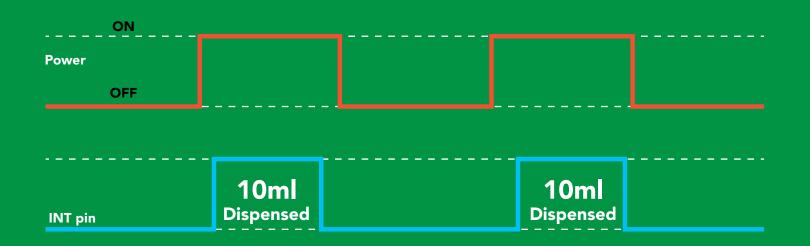
Pump a specific volume at startup and then stop

Use this command to make a simple fixed-volume pump

Command syntax

Dstart,[ml]	<cr></cr>	dispense [this specific volume] at startup
Dstart,off	<cr></cr>	disables dispense at startup mode
Dstart,?	<cr></cr>	startup dispense status

Example	Response
Dstart,10 < <r></r>	*OK <cr></cr>
Dstart,off < <r></r>	*OK <cr></cr>
Dstart,? <cr></cr>	?Dstart,10 <cr> or ?Dstart,0 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr></cr>

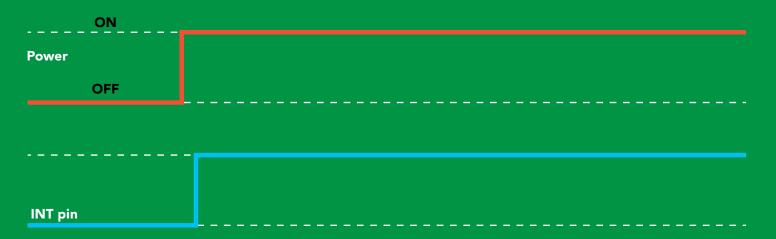




Continuous dispensing at startup

Pump on & continuously dispense

Command syntax		After running in continuous mode for 20 days the EZO-PMP™ will reset.	
Dstart,* <cr>dispense at startup until the stop command is givenDstart,-*<cr>dispense in reverse at startup until the stop command is givenDstart,?<cr>startup dispense status</cr></cr></cr>			
Example	Respon	Se	
Dstart,* <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>		up and continuously run at th supplied tubing)
Dstart,-* <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>	Pump will startup and continuously run in reverse at ~105ml/min (with supplied tubing)	
Dstart,? <cr></cr>	?Dstart,*	<cr></cr>	





Dose Over time at startup

Pump a fixed volume over a fixed time at startup

Command syntax

D,[ml],[min] < <r></r>	Dispense [this volume], [over this many minutes] at startup		
Example	Response		
Dstart,85,10 <cr></cr>	*OK < <r><hr/><h>*OK <<r><hr/><hr/><hr/><hr/><hr/><hr/><hr/><hr/><hr/></r></h></r>		
Dstart,? <cr></cr>	?Dstart,85.00,10.00 <cr></cr>		





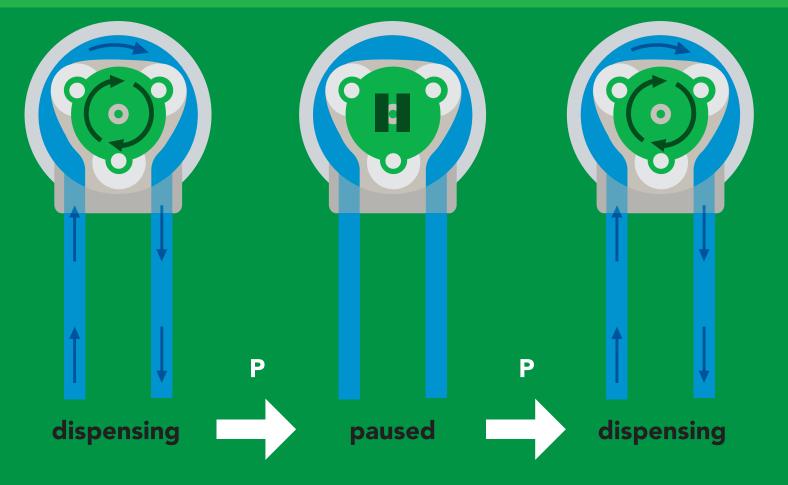
Pause dispensing

Command syntax

Issue the command again to resume dispensing

- P <cr> pauses the pump during dispensing
- P,? <<r> pause status

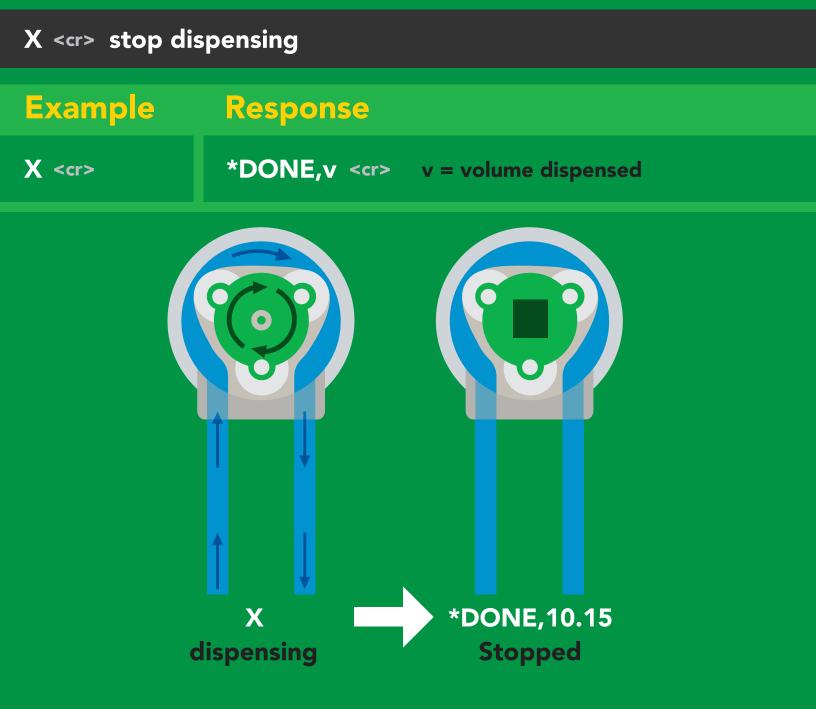
Example	Response
P <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>
P,? <cr></cr>	<pre>?P,1 <cr> or ?P,0 <cr> paused unpaused *OK <cr></cr></cr></cr></pre>





Stop dispensing

Command syntax





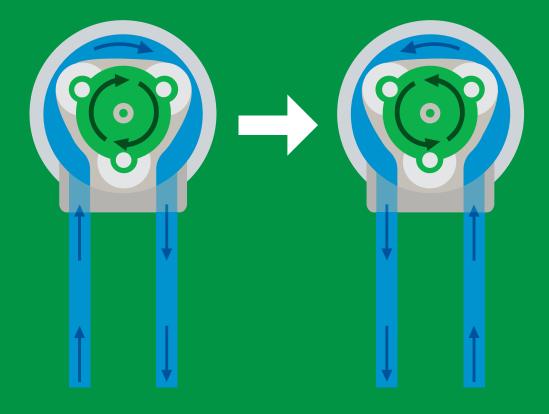
Invert dispensing direction

Command syntax

Invert direction will be retained if power is cut

Invert <cr> changes dispensing direction of pump

Example	Response
Invert < <r></r>	*OK <cr></cr>
Invert,? <cr></cr>	<pre>?Invert,1 <cr> or ?Invert,0 <cr> inverted uninverted *OK <cr></cr></cr></cr></pre>





Total volume dispensed

Command syntax

- TV,? <cr> shows total volume dispensed
- ATV,? <cr> absolute value of the total volume dispensed
- Clear <cr> clears the total dispensed volume

Example	Response
TV,? <cr></cr>	?TV,434.50 <cr></cr>
ATV,? <cr></cr>	?ATV,623.00 <cr></cr>
Clear <cr></cr>	*OK < <r> total now 0.00</r>

This data will be lost if the power is cut.



Calibration

Command syntax

Calibrate to the actual volume dispensed.

Cal,v	<cr></cr>	v = corrected volume
Cal,clear	<cr></cr>	delete all calibration data
Cal,?	<cr></cr>	device calibrated?

This command is used for both, single dose and dose over time calibrations.

Example		Response
Cal,24.01	<cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>
Cal,clear	<cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>
Cal,?	<cr></cr>	<pre>?Cal,1 <cr> or ?Cal,2 <cr> or fixed volume ?Cal,3 <cr> or ?Cal,0 <cr> both *OK <cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></pre>



Enable/disable parameters from output string

Command syntax

O, [parameter],[1,0] <cr> enable or disable output parameter O,? <cr> enabled parameter?</cr></cr>		
Example	Response	
O,V,1 <cr></cr>	*OK < <r>> enable volume being pumped</r>	
O,TV,0 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> disable total volume pumped</cr>	
O,ATV,1 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> enable absolute volume pumped</cr>	
O,? <cr></cr>	?,O,V,TV,ATV < <r> if all three are enabled</r>	



Pump voltage

Command syntax

PV,? <cr> check pump voltage

Example	Response
PV,? <cr></cr>	?PV,13.86 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr>

Response breakdown

?PV, 13.86 ↑ Pump input voltage

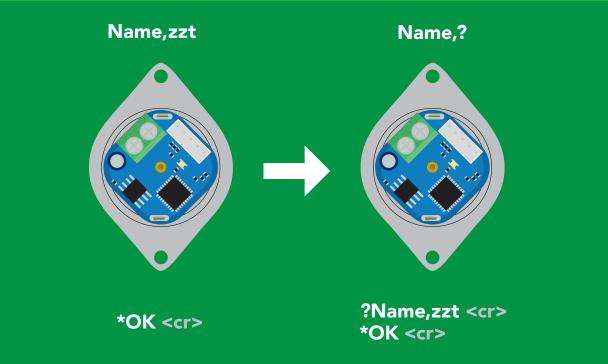


Naming device

Command syntax



Name, <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> name has been cleared</cr>
Name,zzt <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>
Name,? <cr></cr>	?Name,zzt <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr>





Device information

Command syntax

i <cr> device information

ExampleResponsei <cr>?i,PMP,1.1 <cr>

*OK <cr>

Response breakdown





Response codes

Command syntax

- default *OK,1 <cr> enable response
- *OK,0 <cr> disable response
- ***OK**,? <cr> response on/off?

Example	Response
R <cr></cr>	413 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr>
*OK,0 <cr></cr>	no response, *OK disabled
R <cr></cr>	413 <cr> *OK disabled</cr>
*OK,? <cr></cr>	?*OK,1 <cr> or ?*OK,0 <cr></cr></cr>

Other respo	nse codes	
*ER *OV *UV	unknown command over volt (VCC>=5.5V) under volt (VCC<=3.1V)	
*RS *RE *SL *WA *DONE *MINVOL *TOOFAST	reset boot up complete, ready entering sleep mode wake up dispensing complete dispense amount too low ml/min set to fast	These response codes cannot be disabled



Reading device status

Command syntax

Status <cr> voltage at Vcc pin and reason for last restart

Exa	mple	Response
Statu	JS <cr></cr>	?Status,P,5.03 *OK <cr></cr>
Res	ponse bi	reakdown
?Sta	atus, P, t Reason for	t
Restar P S B W	rt codes powered off software res brown out watchdog	

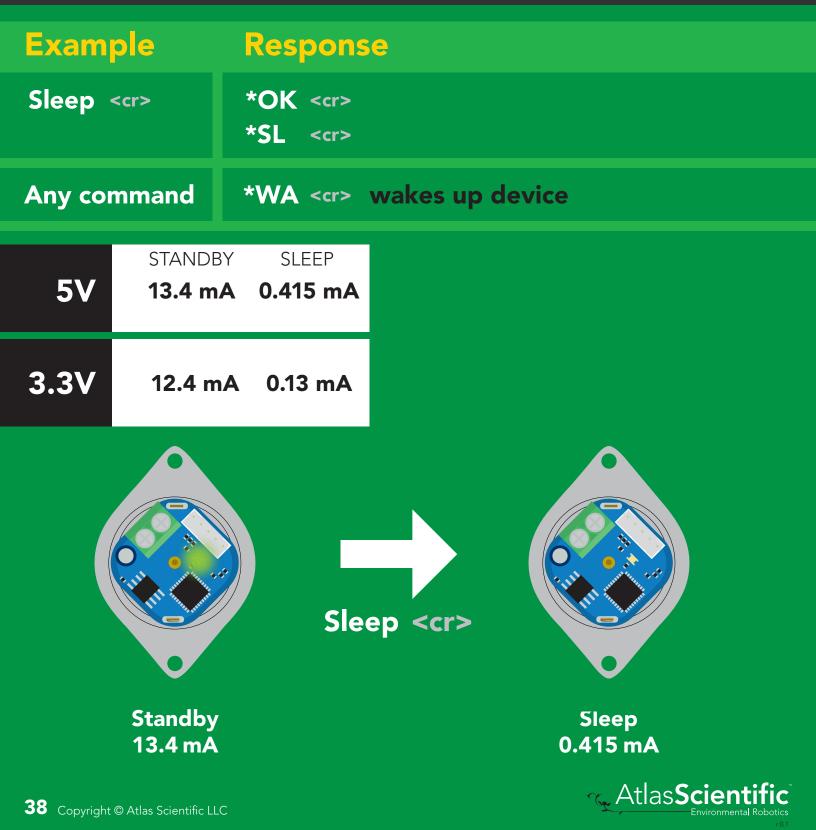


Sleep mode/low power

Command syntax

Send any character or command to awaken device.





Change baud rate

Command syntax

Baud,n <cr> change baud rate

Example	Response	
Baud,38400 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>	
Baud,? <cr></cr>	?Baud,38400 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr>	
n = -	It 400 <cr> Changing baud rate *OK <cr></cr></cr>	(reboot)



Protocol lock

Command syntax

Locks device to UART mode.

		Locks device to UART mode.
Plock,1 <cr> e Plock,0 <cr> c Plock,? <cr> f</cr></cr></cr>	lisable Plock <mark>default</mark>	
Example	Response	
Plock,1 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>	
Plock,0 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>	
Plock,? <cr></cr>	?Plock,1 <cr> or ?Plock,0 <cr< td=""><td>></td></cr<></cr>	>
Plock,1	I2C,100	

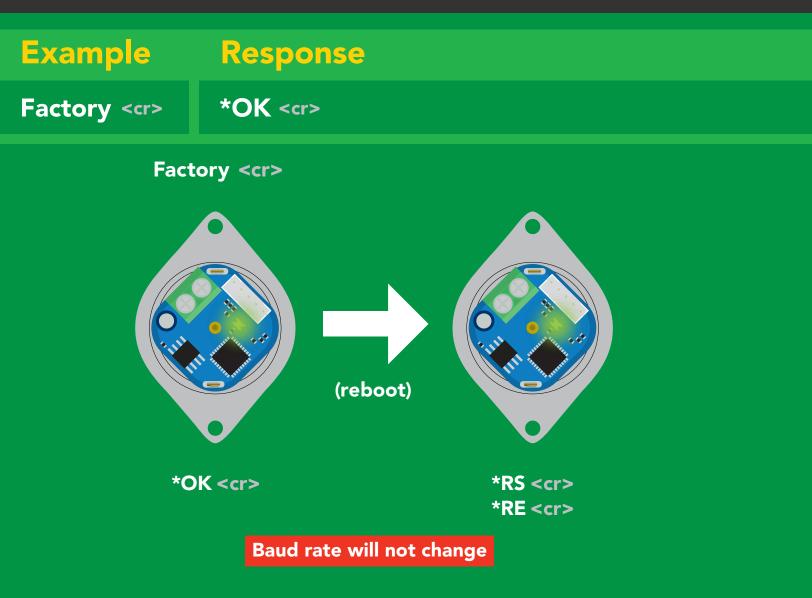


Factory reset

Command syntax

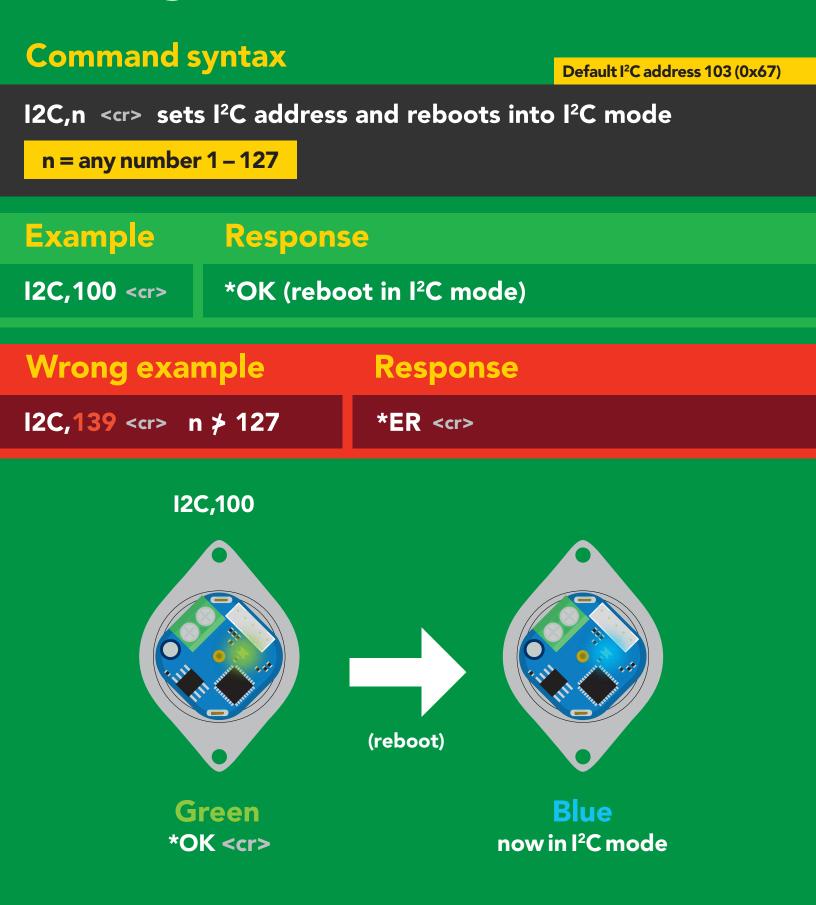
Factory <cr> enable factory reset

Clears calibration LED on "*OK" enabled





Change to I²C mode





Manual switching to I²C

- Disconnect ground (power off)
- Disconnect TX and RX
- Connect TX to INT
- Confirm RX is disconnected
- Connect ground (power on)
- Wait for LED to change from Green to Blue
- Disconnect ground (power off)
- Reconnect all data and power

Manually switching to I²C will set the I²C address to 103 (0x67)



12C mode

The I²C protocol is **considerably more complex** than the UART (RS-232) protocol. Atlas Scientific assumes the embedded systems engineer understands this protocol.

To set your EZO-PMP[™] into I²C mode click here

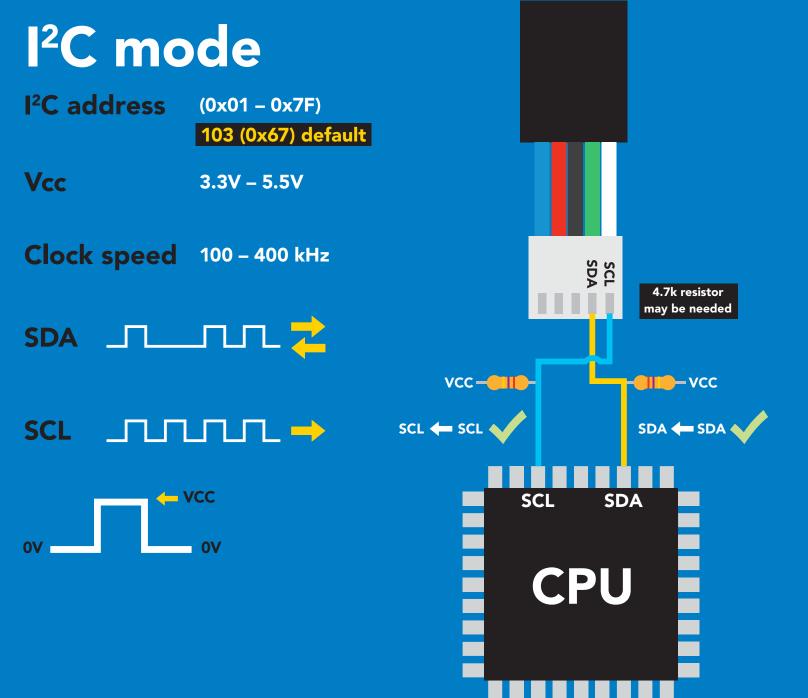
Settings that are retained if power is cut

Calibration Change I²C address Enable/disable parameters Hardware switch to UART mode Invert LED control Protocol lock Software switch to UART mode

Settings that are **NOT** retained if power is cut

Absolute total volume Find Sleep mode Total volume





Data format

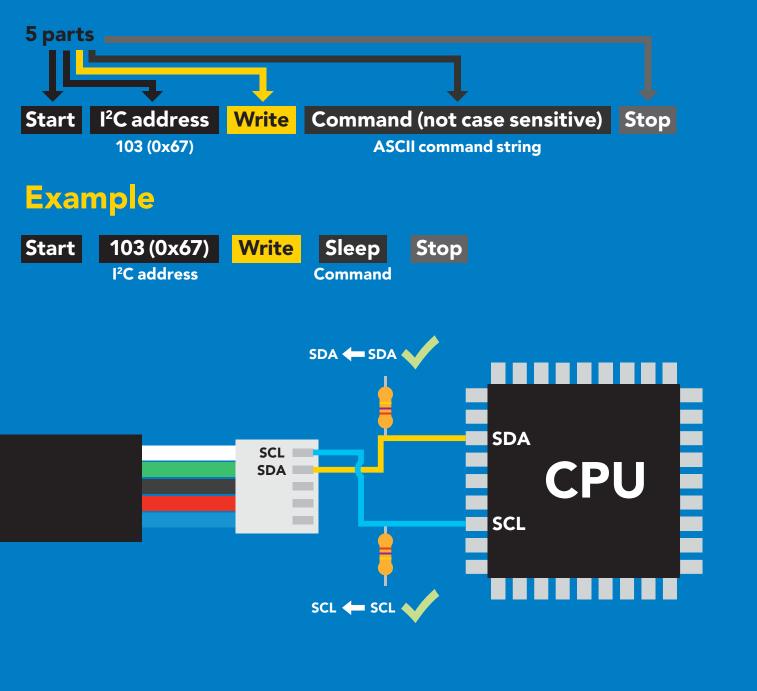
Reading	volume
Units	ml
Encoding	ASCII
Format	string

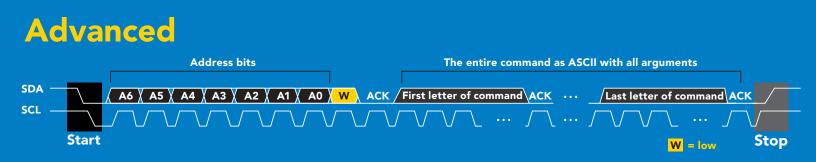
Data type Decimal places 2 **Smallest string 3 characters** Largest string 39 characters

floating point



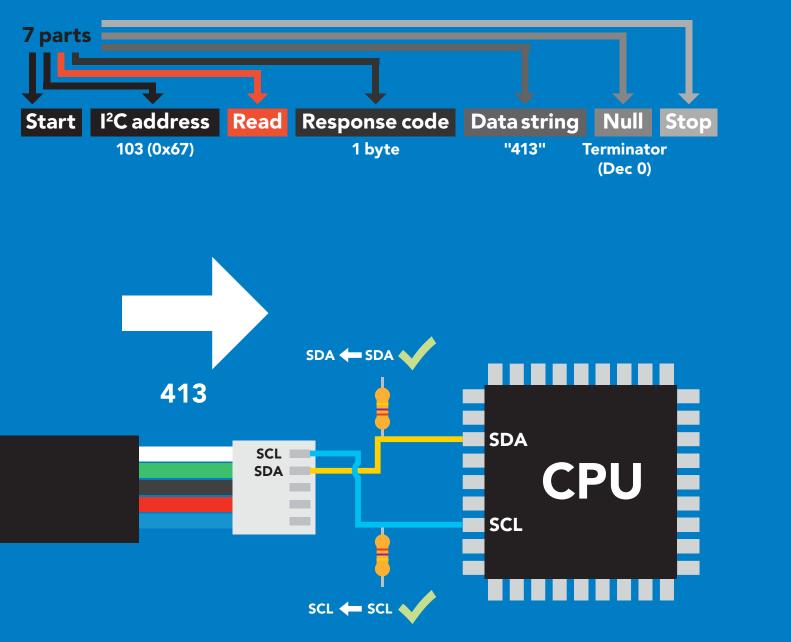
Sending commands to device



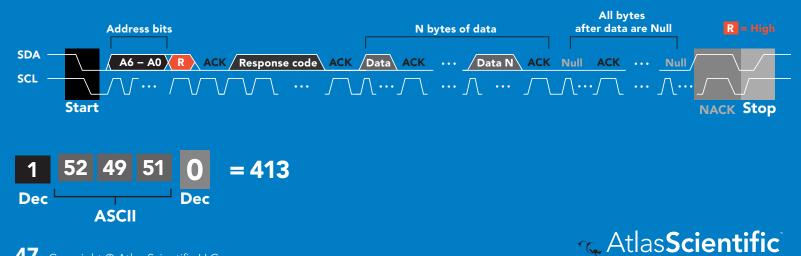




Requesting data from device



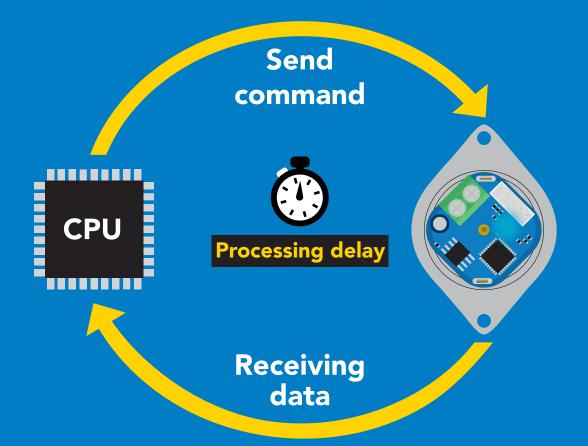
Advanced



Response codes

After a command has been issued, a 1 byte response code can be read in order to confirm that the command was processed successfully.

Reading back the response code is completely optional, and is not required for normal operation.



Example

I2C_start; I2C_address; I2C_write(EZO_command); I2C_stop;

delay(300);



I2C_start; I2C_address; Char[] = I2C_read; I2C_stop; If there is no processing delay or the processing delay is too short, the response code will always be 254.

Response codes Single byte, not string

- 255 no data to send
- 254 still processing, not ready
- 2 syntax error
- 1 successful request



LED color definition





Blue Green I²C standby Taking reading



Purple Changing I²C address



Red Command not understood



White Find

5V	LED ON +2.5 mA
3.3V	+1 mA



I²C mode command quick reference

All commands are ASCII strings or single ASCII characters.

Command	Function	
Baud	switch back to UART mode	рд. 75
Cal	performs calibration	pg. 65
D	dispense modes	pg. 54 – 60
Factory	enable factory reset	pg. 74
Find	finds device with blinking white LED	pg. 52
i	device information	pg. 69
Invert	invert dispensing direction	pg. 63
12C	change I ² C address	pg. 73
L	enable/disable LED	pg. 51
Name	set/show name of device	pg. 68
0	enable/disable parameters	pg. 66
Ρ	pauses the pump during dispensing	pg. 61
Plock	enable/disable protocol lock	pg. 72
Pv	check pump voltage	pg. 67
R	returns a single reading	pg. 53
Sleep	enter sleep mode/low power	pg. 71
Status	retrieve status information	pg. 70
Тv	total volume dispensed	pg. 64
x	stop dispensing	pg. 62



LED control

Command syntax

L,1 LED on default

- L,0 LED off
- LED state on/off? L,?

300ms 🕐 processing delay



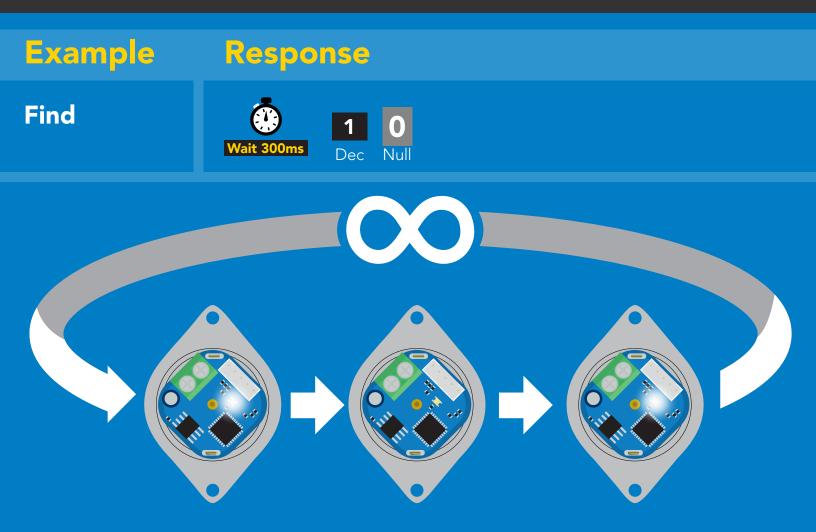
Find

300ms 🕐 processing delay

Command syntax

This command will disable continuous mode Send any character or command to terminate find.

Find LED rapidly blinks white, used to help find device





Single report mode

Command syntax

300ms 💮 processing delay

R returns a single value showing dispensed volume







Continuous dispensing

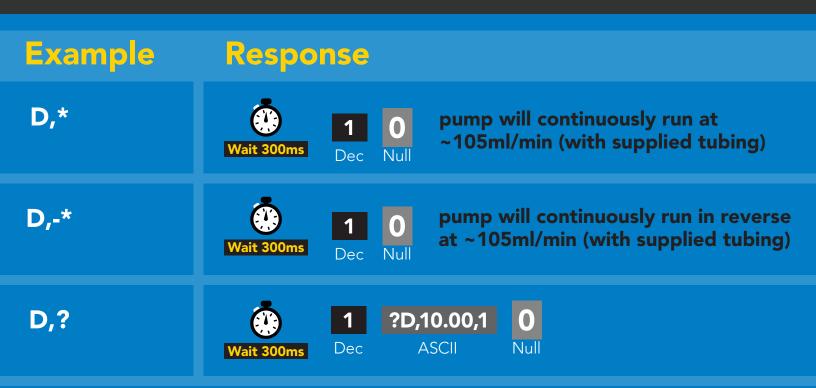
Pump on/pump off

300ms 🕐 processing delay

Command syntax

After running in continuous mode for 20 days the EZO-PMP[™] will reset.

- D,* dispense until the stop command is given
- D,-* dispense in reverse until the stop command is given
- D,? dispense status



Response breakdown





Volume dispensing

Pump a specific volume

300ms 💮 processing delay

Command syntax

where [ml] is any volume in millimeters >= 0.5

- D,[ml] dispense [this specific volume] D,[-ml] dispense [*in reverse* this specific volume]
- D,? dispense status

Example Response D,15 15 ml will be dispensed Wait 300ms Dec Nul 40.5 ml will be dispensed D,-40.5 0 1 in reverse Wait 300ms Null Dec ?D,-40.50,0 0 **D**,? ASCII Dec

Response breakdown

?D,-40.50,0 ↑ ↑ last volume pump off dispensed



Dose over time

Pump a fixed volume over a fixed time

Command syntax

300ms 💮 processing delay

D,[ml],[min] Dispense [this volume], [over this many minutes]

Example Response D,85,10 **Dispense 85ml over 10 mins** Dec



Constant flow rate

Maintain a constant flow rate

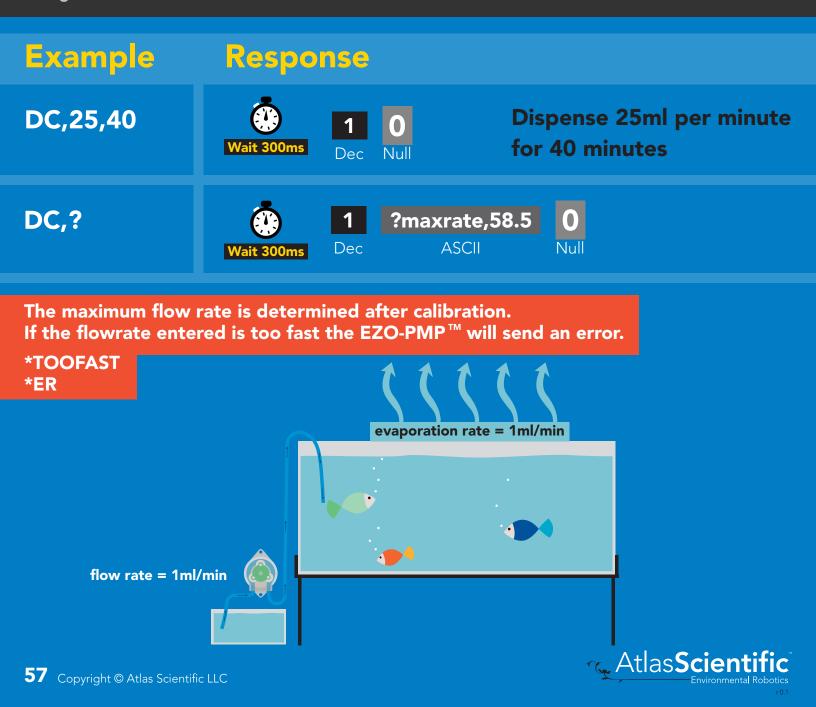
300ms 💮 processing delay

Command syntax

After running in continuous mode for 20 days the EZO-PMP[™] will reset.

DC,[ml/min], [min or *][maintain this rate], [for this much time]DC,?reports maximum possible flow rate

[ml/min] = a single number (int or float) representing the desired flow rate [min or *] = the number of minutes to run or (*) indefinitely A negative value for ml/min = reverse



Dispense at startup

Pump a specific volume at startup and then stop

Use this command to make a simple fixed-volume pump

Command syntax

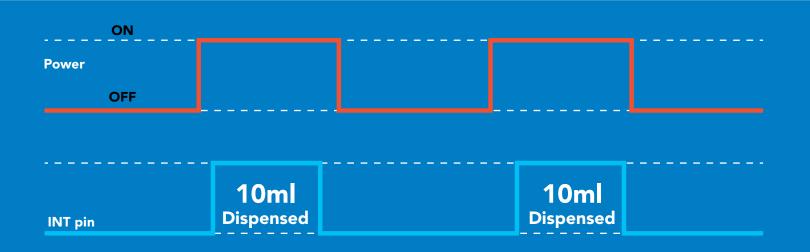


- Dstart,[ml] dispense [this specific volume] at startup
- Dstart, off disables dispense at startup mode
- Dstart,? startup dispense status

Example

Response





Continuous dispensing at startup

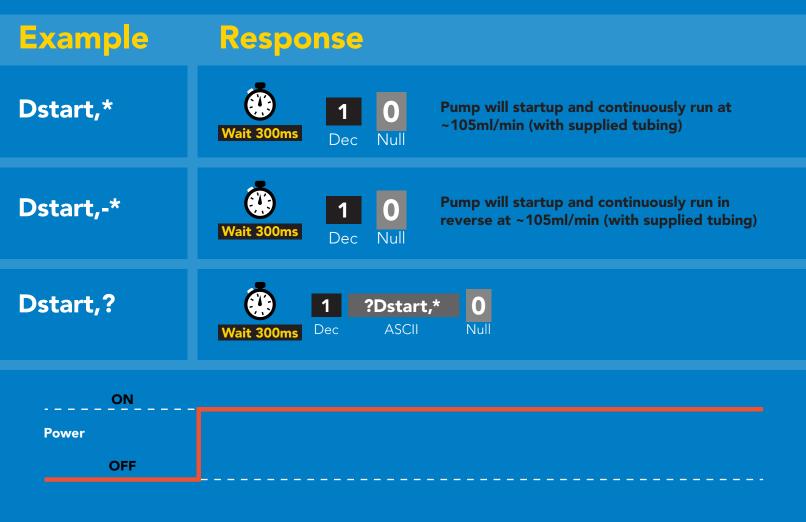
Pump on & continuously dispense

300ms 💮 processing delay

Command syntax

After running in continuous mode for 20 days the EZO-PMP™ will reset.

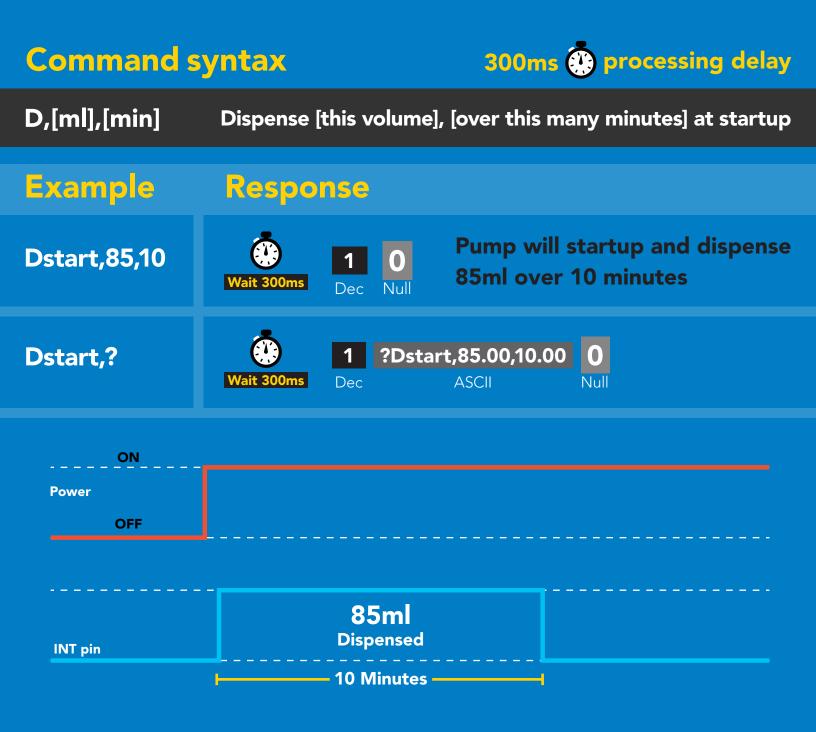
- Dstart,* dispense at startup until the stop command is given
- **Dstart,-*** dispense in reverse at startup until the stop command is given
- Dstart,? startup dispense status





Dose Over time at startup

Pump a fixed volume over a fixed time at startup





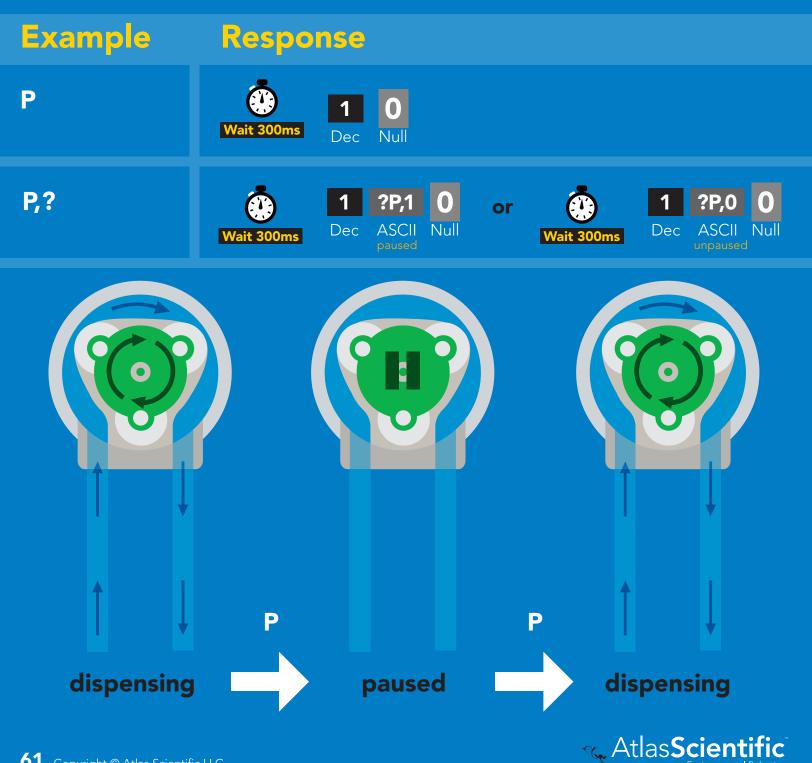
Pause dispensing

Command syntax

Issue the command again to resume dispensing

300ms 🕐 processing delay

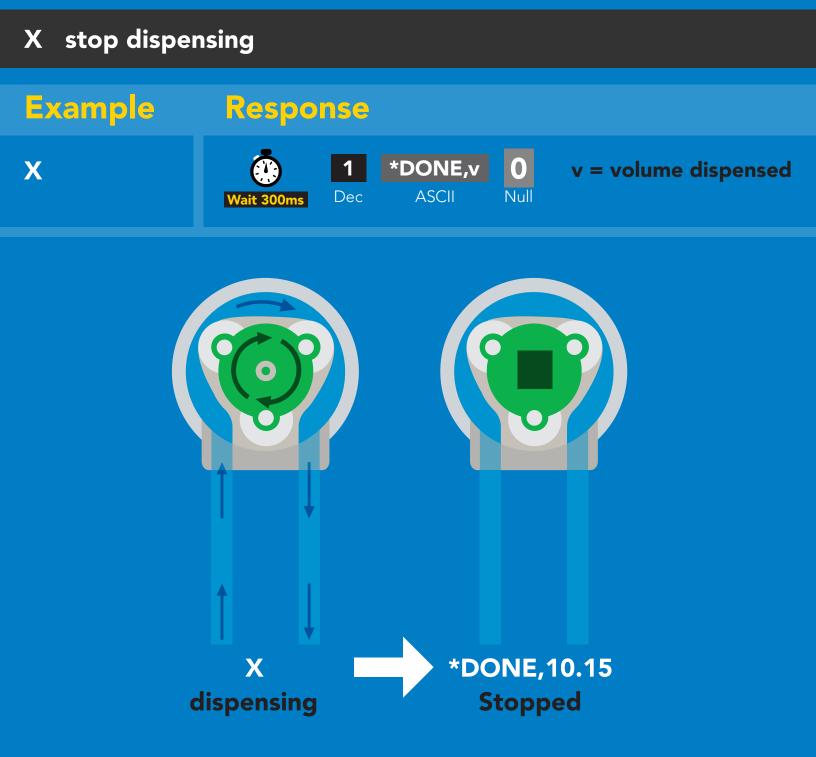
- pauses the pump during dispensing Ρ
- pause status **P**,?



Stop dispensing

Command syntax

300ms 🕐 processing delay





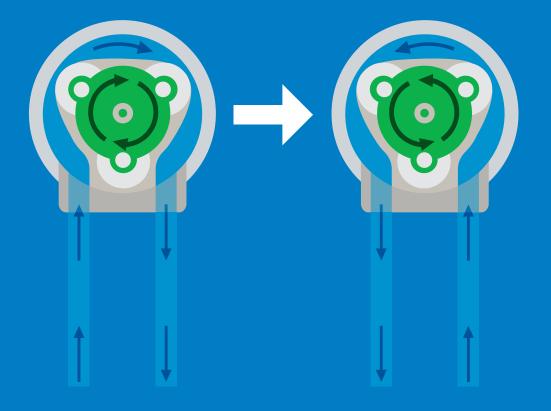
Invert dispensing direction

300ms 🕐 processing delay

Command syntax

Invert direction will be retained if power is cut

changes dispensing direction of pump Invert Example Response Invert Wait 300ms Dec ?Invert,1 $\mathbf{0}$ or ?Invert,0 Invert,? Null Dec ASCII ASCI Null Dec



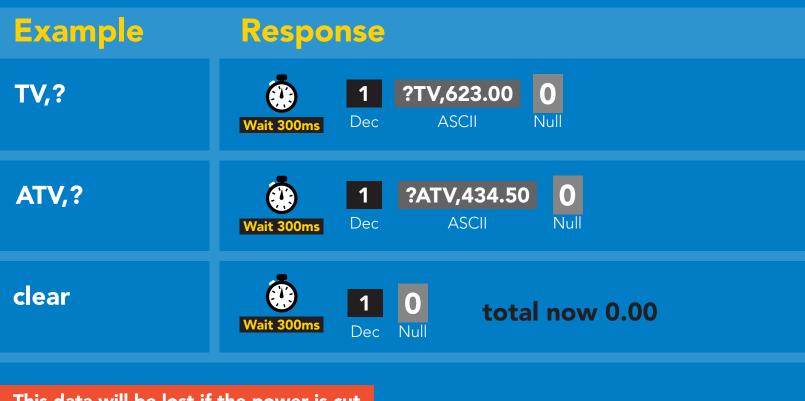


Total volume dispensed

Command syntax

300ms 🕐 processing delay

- TV,? shows total volume dispensed
- ATV,? absolute value of the total volume dispensed
- Clear clears the total dispensed volume



This data will be lost if the power is cut.



Calibration

Command syntax

300ms or processing delay

Cal,vv = corrected volumeCal,cleardelete calibration dataCal,?device calibrated?





Enable/disable parameters from output string

Command syntax

300ms 🕐 processing delay

O, [parameter],[1,0]	enable or disable output parameter
О,?	enabled parameter?



Pump voltage

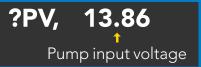
Command syntax

300ms 🕐 processing delay

PV,? check pump voltage



Response breakdown





Naming device

Command syntax

300ms 🕐 processing delay

Do not use spaces in the name

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· · · · ·	ame $n =$ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 s name Up to 16 ASCII characters r name
Example	Response
Name,	Wait 300ms le lo Null name has been cleared
Name,zzt	Image: Wait 300msImage: DecImage: Dec
Name,?	Image: Name,zztImage: Name,zztImage: Name,zztWait 300msDecASCIINull
Nai	me,zzt Name,?
1	0 1 ?Name,zzt 0

Device information

Command syntax

300ms 🕐 processing delay

i device information



Response breakdown



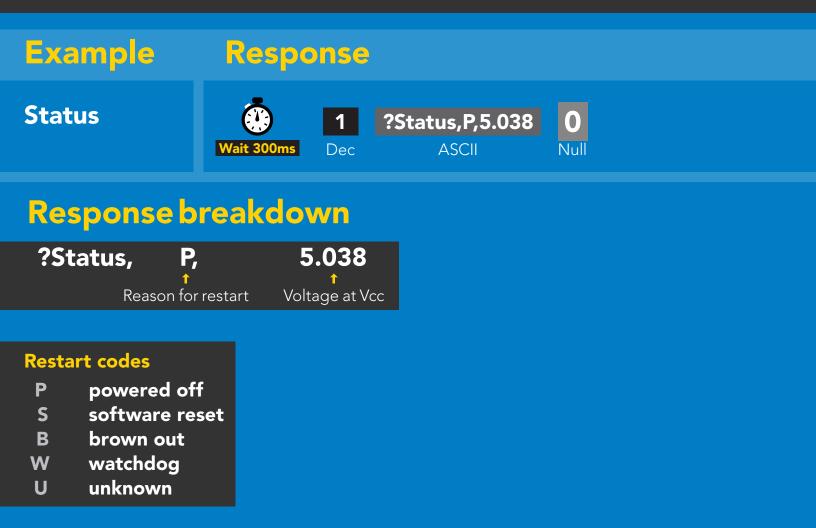


Reading device status

Command syntax

300ms 💮 processing delay

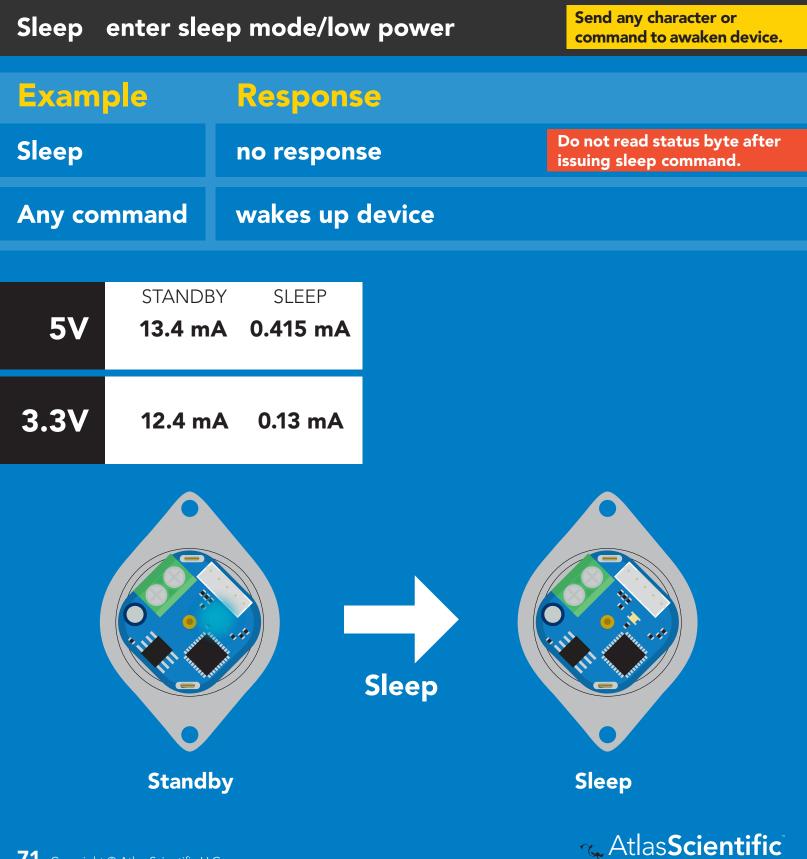
Status voltage at Vcc pin and reason for last restart





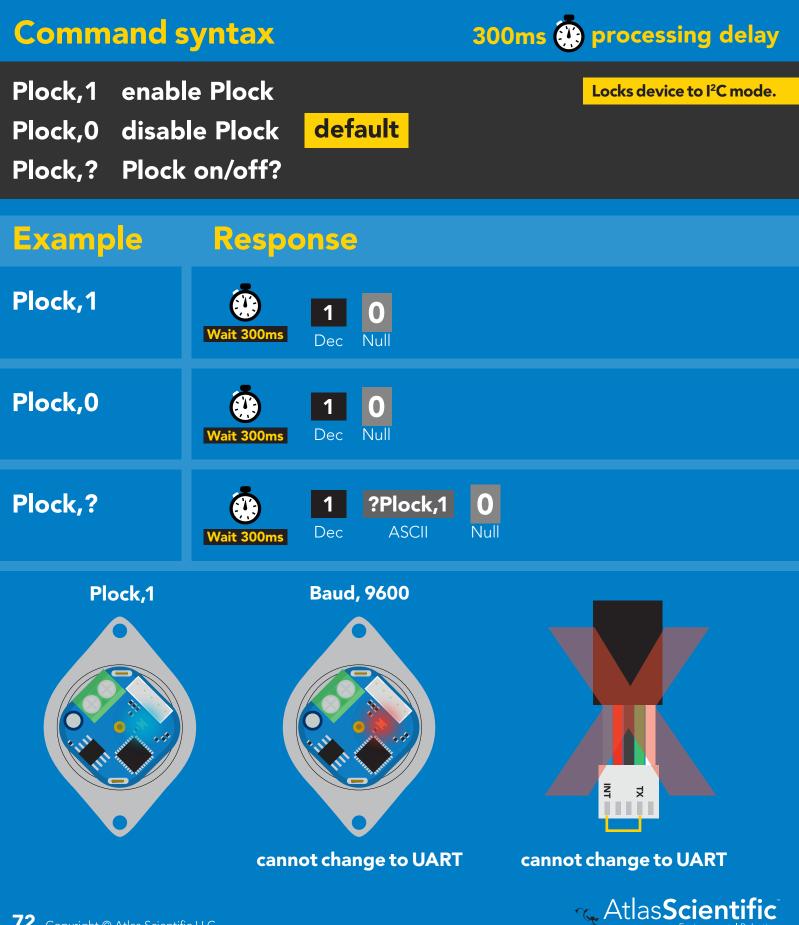
Sleep mode/low power

Command syntax



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Protocol lock

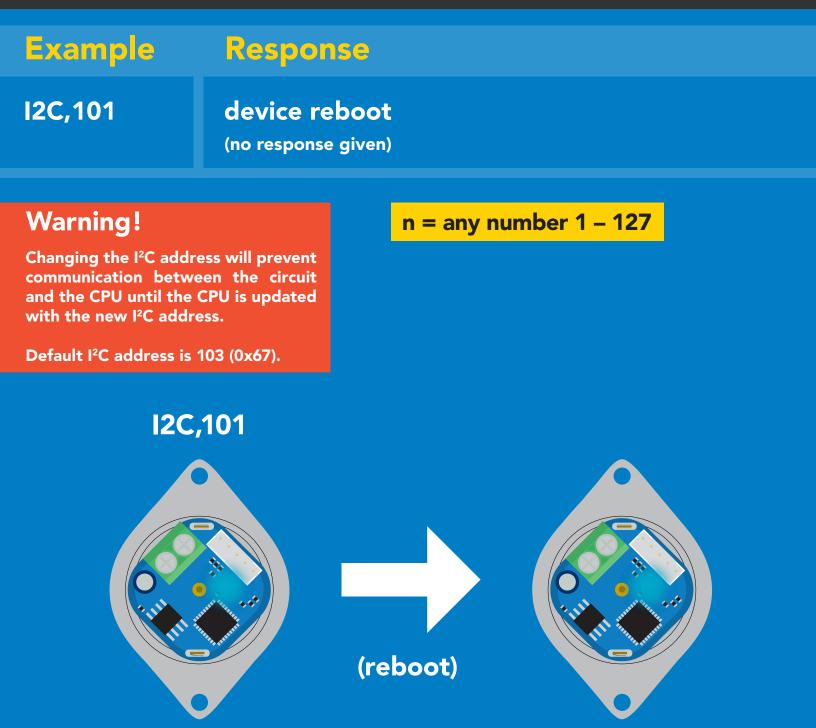


I²C address change

Command syntax

300ms 💮 processing delay

I2C, n sets I²C address and reboots into I²C mode





Factory reset

Command syntax Factory reset will not take the device out of I²C mode. Factory enable factory reset I²C address will not change Example Response device reboot Factory (no response given) **Clears** calibration LED on **Response codes enabled** Factory (reboot)



Change to UART mode

Command syntax

Baud,n switch from I²C to UART

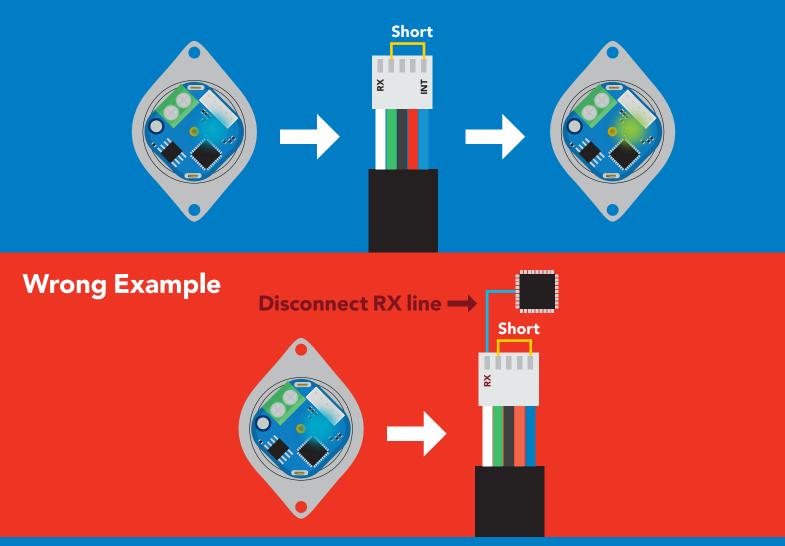
Example Response Baud,9600 reboot in UART mode (no response given) 300 1200 2400 9600 19200 38400 57600 115200 Baud,9600 (reboot) Changing to **UART** mode



Manual switching to UART

- Disconnect ground (power off)
- Disconnect TX and RX
- Connect TX to INT
- Confirm RX is disconnected
- Connect ground (power on)
- Wait for LED to change from Blue to Green
- Disconnect ground (power off)
- Reconnect all data and power

Example

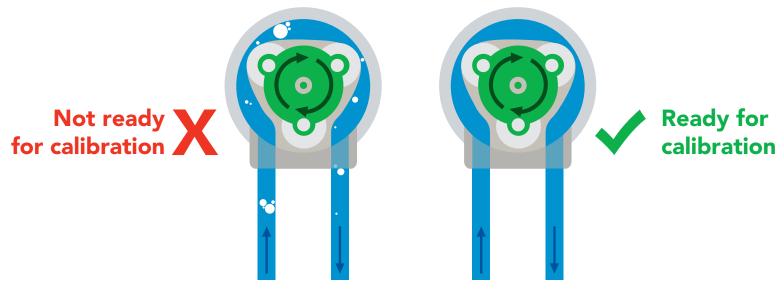




Calibration theory

Uncalibrated accuracy +/- 5% Calibrated accuracy +/- 1%

Before calibration is attempted all the air bubbles should be removed from the tubing. This is done by running the pump while tapping the tubing. If air bubbles are not removed from the tubing they will slowly group together into larger air bubbles. Over time this will lead to accuracy issues.



Calibration types

Volume calibration Volume over time calibration

Calibration is optional. Both types of calibration are independent of each other and can be done at any time. Calibration can be done at any volume however; Atlas Scientific recommends using volumes above 5ml.

Equipment needed for calibration



An accurate graduated cylinder of at least 10ml.



1 gram of water = 1ml 23.56 grams of water = 23.56ml

Or An accurate scale with a resolution of at least 0.1 grams



Calibration procedure

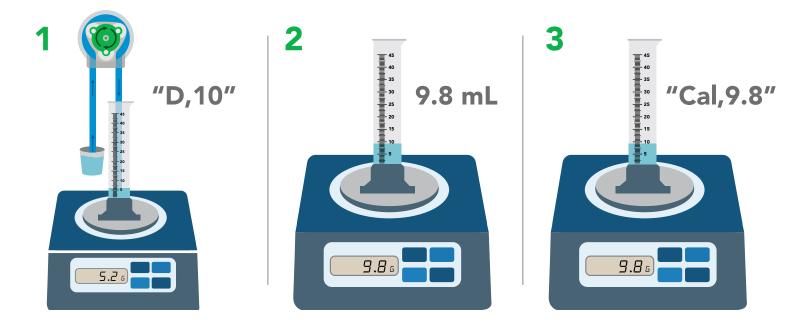
Calibration should be done with water and not a chemical

Make sure the tubing is full of water and has no bubbles before calibrating.

- **1.** Instruct the pump to dispense a volume of water.
- 2. Measure the dispensed amount to determine how much water was actually dispensed.
- **3.** Calibrate the pump by sending it the volume of liquid you have measured.

Example

Calibrate the pump by dispensing 10ml



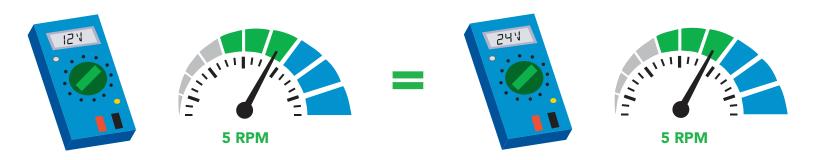
- 1. Instruct the pump to dispense 10ml into a graduated cylinder or beaker on a scale.
- 2. Measure the amount of liquid that was actually dispensed.
- 3. Inform the pump how much liquid was actually dispensed.
- 4. Calibration is now complete.

Once the pump has been calibrated, it will accurately dispense any volume of liquid. Use the same procedure to perform a volume over time calibration.



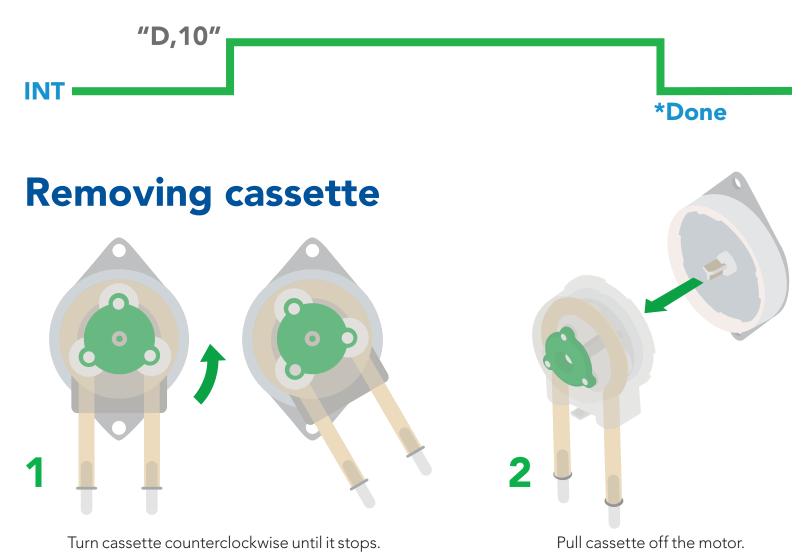
Pump speed vs. voltage

There is no change in pump speed at different voltages.



Interrupt pin

When the pump is dispensing the interrupt pin goes high.

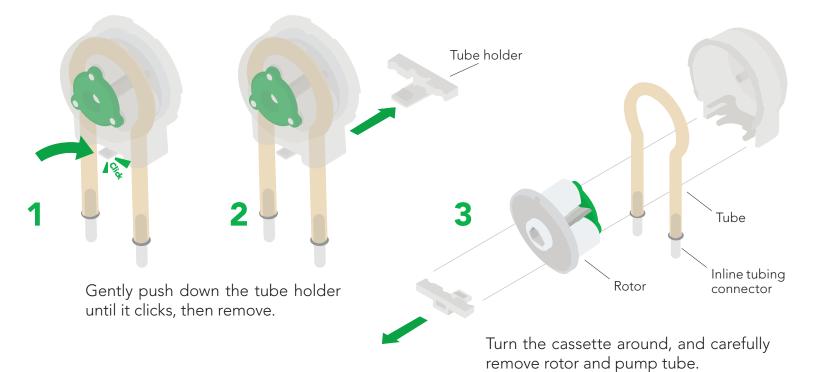


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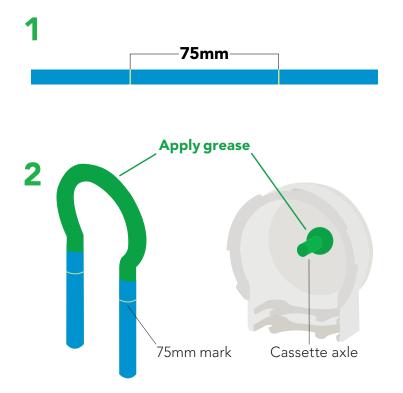
nvironmental Robotics

Removing tube assembly

The inner workings of the cassette are fragile and must be dismantled by hand. Using tools can damage or break the cassette.



Installing new tube assembly



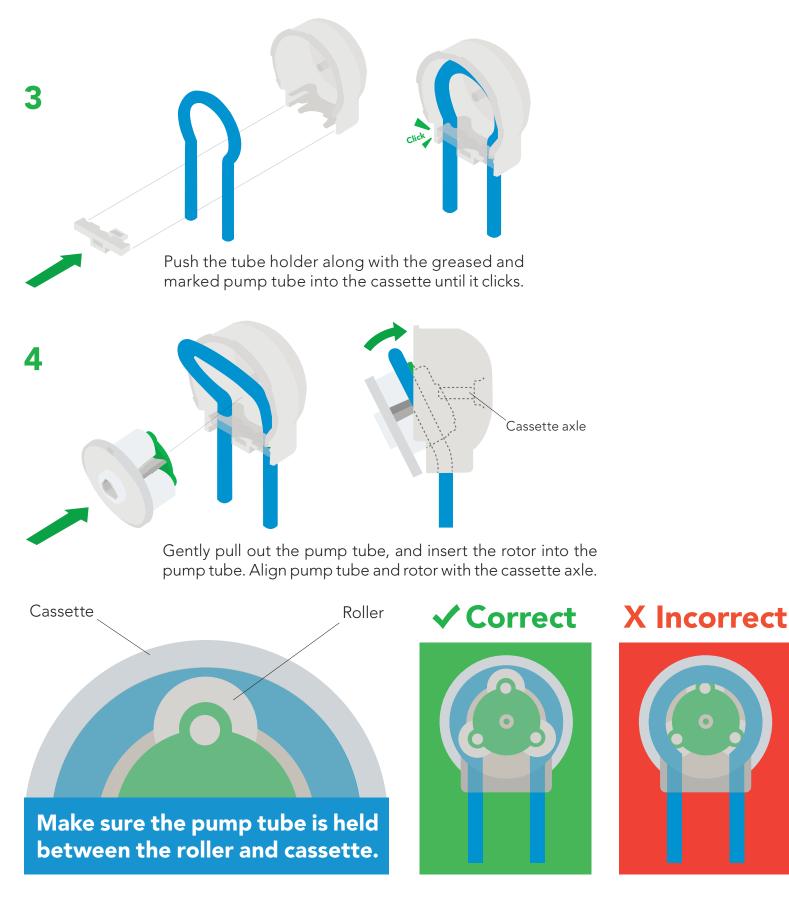
Measure 75mm of pump tubing, and mark both ends with a soft-tip pen or marker.

Apply silicone lubricating grease to the marked areas on both the tubing and cassette axle.

Do not operate this device without lubrication!

Atlas Scientific recommends using **Super Lube** silicone lubricating grease.





Once the tubing has been replaced, run the pump for 3–5 minutes to break in the new tubing. **Remember, this pump can be run dry and does not need to pump liquid for the 3–5 minute break in period.**

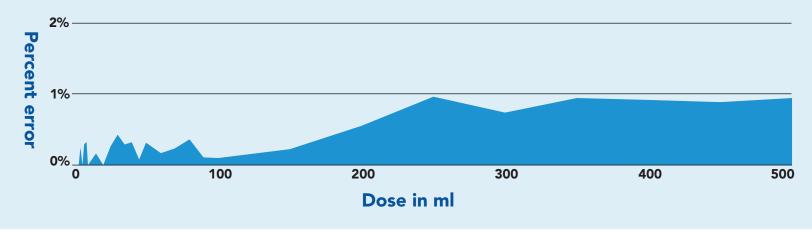




Uncalibrated accuracy +/- 5% Calibrated accuracy +/- 1%

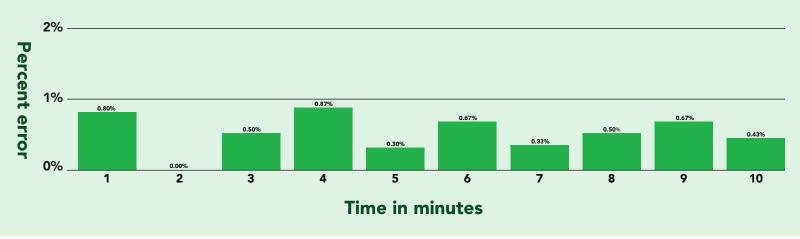
Volume dispensing mode

calibrated at 10ml



Dose over time mode

calibrated at 10ml over 90 seconds



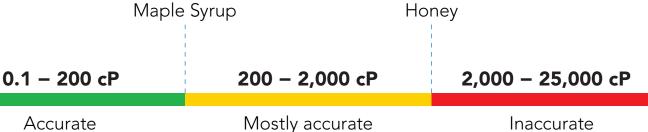


Viscosity

The EZO-PMP[™] is capable of pumping liquids within a viscosity range of **0.1 – 2,000 cP**.

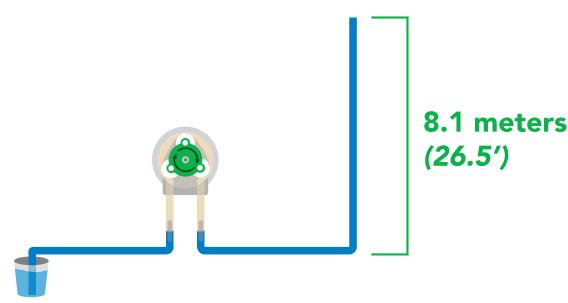
0.6	Acetone
1	Water
10	Kerosene
100	Corn Syrup
200	Maple Syrup
2,000	Honey
10,000	Hershey Chocolate Syrup





Pump head

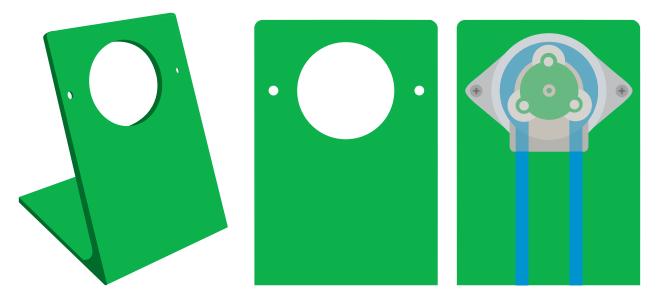
Pump head refers to the maximum vertical height a pump can dispense. The EZO-PMP^m has a pump head of 8.1 meters (26.5').



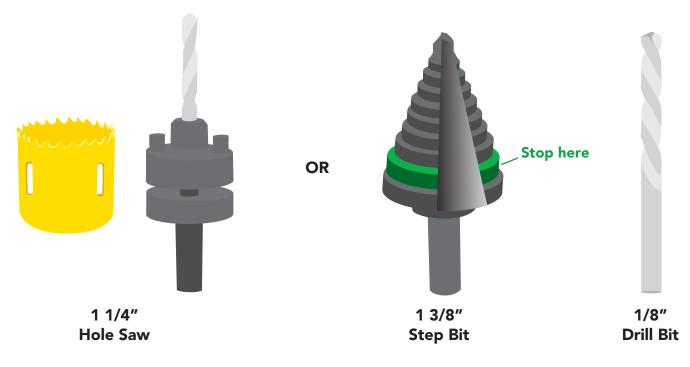


Mounting the EZO-PMP[™]

There are a many different ways to mount the EZO-PMP[™] Embedded Dosing Pump. If you have a 3D printer you can use the dosing pump stand we created, by clicking <u>here</u>. The dosing pump stand has been measured to perfectly fit the EZO-PMP[™] and even has screw holes in place for you to help mount the dosing pump to the stand. Feel free to modify this stand design as needed.



However, if you would like to mount the EZO-PMP[™] Embedded Dosing Pump into other materials, you will need the following tools:



Either are fine to make the larger hole.

Perfect for screw holes.



Datasheet change log

Datasheet V 2.9

Revised table of contents and added invert dispensing direction command on pages 29 & 63.

Datasheet V 2.8

Revised naming device info on pages 38 & 69.

Datasheet V 2.7 Revised pump head information on pg 14.

Datasheet V 2.6 Revised settings that remain when power is cut on pages 17 & 48.

Datasheet V 2.5

Revised Total Volume Dispensed commands on pages 34 & 65.

Datasheet V 2.4

Added new dispensing mode: "Dispense at startup" see pages 31 (UART) & 62 (I²C).

Datasheet V 2.3

Added motor life span on pg 4.

Datasheet V 2.2

Added page explaining the power supply needs of the EZO-PMP on pg 3.

Datasheet V 2.1

Moved Default state to pg 14.

Datasheet V 2.0

Revised response for the sleep command in UART mode on pg 40.

Datasheet V 1.9

Added section on viscosity on page 13.

Datasheet V 1.8

Added Find command on pages 22 & 53.

Datasheet V 1.7

Added information on pump tubing on pg 4.



Datasheet change log

Datasheet V 1.6

Added life span of tubing and cassette on pg 3.

Datasheet V 1.5

Added max input / output pressure info to pg 3 and pg 4.

Datasheet V 1.4

Revised definition of response codes on pg 47.

Datasheet V 1.3 Revised art and added pump head information on pg 11.

Datasheet V 1.2 Revised Plock pages to show default value.

Datasheet V 1.1

Added mounting information on pg 70.

Firmware updates

V1.0 – Initial release (April 28, 2017)

V1.01 – (May 9, 2017)
Fixed bug where the circuit wakes up on I2C commands sent to other addresses

V1.02 – (July 28, 2017) • Fixed undervolt output typo

V1.03 – (June 26, 2020)
Added command dstart, which lets the pump automatically dispense a dose on startup

V1.04 – (March 2, 2021)Added commands for ease of manufacturing

V1.05 (April 5, 2022)

• Expands dstart command with * and dispense over time

Warranty

Atlas Scientific[™] Warranties the EZO-PMP[™] Embedded Dosing Pump to be free of defect during the debugging phase of device implementation, or 30 days after receiving the EZO-PMP[™] Embedded Dosing Pump(which ever comes first).

The debugging phase

The debugging phase as defined by Atlas Scientific[™] is the time period when the EZO-PMP[™] Embedded Dosing Pump is inserted into a bread board, or shield. If the EZO-PMP[™] Embedded Dosing Pump is being debugged in a bread board, the bread board must be devoid of other components. If the EZO-PMP[™] Embedded Dosing Pump is being connected to a microcontroller, the microcontroller must be running code that has been designed to drive the EZO-PMP[™] Embedded Dosing Pump exclusively and output the EZO-PMP[™] Embedded Dosing Pump data as a serial string.

It is important for the embedded systems engineer to keep in mind that the following activities will void the EZO-PMP[™] Embedded Dosing Pump warranty:

- Soldering any part of the EZO-PMP[™] Embedded Dosing Pump.
- Running any code, that does not exclusively drive the EZO-PMP[™] Embedded Dosing Pump and output its data in a serial string.
- Embedding the EZO-PMP[™] Embedded Dosing Pump into a custom made device.
- Removing any potting compound.



Reasoning behind this warranty

Because Atlas Scientific[™] does not sell consumer electronics; once the device has been embedded into a custom made system, Atlas Scientific[™] cannot possibly warranty the EZO-PMP[™] Embedded Dosing Pump, against the thousands of possible variables that may cause the EZO-PMP[™] Embedded Dosing Pump to no longer function properly.

Please keep this in mind:

- 1. All Atlas Scientific[™] devices have been designed to be embedded into a custom made system by you, the embedded systems engineer.
- 2. All Atlas Scientific[™] devices have been designed to run indefinitely without failure in the field.
- 3. All Atlas Scientific[™] devices can be soldered into place, however you do so at your own risk.

Atlas Scientific[™] is simply stating that once the device is being used in your application, Atlas Scientific can no longer take responsibility for the EZO-PMP[™] Embedded Dosing Pumps continued operation. This is because that would be equivalent to Atlas Scientific[™] taking responsibility over the correct operation of your entire device.

