#### MODULE 4 ASSIGNMENT 1

# CREATING RELATIONS IN 3NF FROM AN ENTITY RELATIONSHIP DIAGRAM (ERD)

# **KEVIN JOHNSON**

## 1. Identify all partial dependencies.

• The composite keys INV\_NUMBER and LINE\_NUMBER functionally determine the attributes LINE\_UNITS and LINE\_PRICE, but they are only determined by LINE\_NUMBER. This may produce a partial dependency.

# 2. Identify all transitive dependencies.

- CUS\_CODE functionally determines the attributes CUS\_AREACODE and CUS\_CODE, but these can
  also be candidate keys. This may produce transitive dependencies to other customers. However, these
  will not cause insert/delete/update anomalies.
- INV\_NUMBER functionally determines the attribute CUS\_DATE but CUS\_DATE is also dependent on CUS\_CODE. This may produce a transitive dependency.
- V\_CODE functionally determines V\_AREACODE, V\_PHONE, and V\_CONTACT, but these can also be candidate keys. This may produce transitive dependencies with other VENDOR attributes.

## 3. Create relations in 3NF that represent the given Crow's Foot ERD.

There are five entities that need to be represented by relations (CUSTOMER, INVOICE, LINE, PRODUCT, and VENDOR). There are four relationships that have different cardinalities.

- The CUSTOMER entity has a zero-to-many relationship with INVOICE.
- The INVOICE entity has a zero-to-many relationship with LINE.
- The PRODUCT entity has a zero-to-many relationship with LINE.
- The PRODUCT entity has a zero-to-many relationship with VENDOR.

## 4. List the primary keys and the foreign keys associated with the given relations.

Below are the primary keys (PK) and foreign keys (FK) associated with each relation:

### **CUSTOMER**

PK: CUS\_CODE

#### **INVOICE**

PK: INV\_NUMBER

#### LINE

PK: INV\_NUMBER, LINE\_NUMBER FK: INV\_NUMBER, P\_CODE

# **PRODUCT**

PK: P\_CODE FK: V\_CODE

#### **VENDOR**

PK: V\_CODE