

Overview

This article describes the ConnectWise Automate® Script Math script function. The Script Math function performs basic math on the values entered in the Value parameters and stores the result in %MathResult% and the named variable. This function runs on the server.

Script Math

Parameters

- **Value:** First numeric value to use. A variable can be entered with or without the @.
- **Operator:** Select the operator from the drop-down. Available options are: +, *, /, div, mod, pow, abs, max, min.
- **Value:** Second numeric value to use. A variable can be entered with or without the @ (abs does not need a second value).
- **Variable:** Enter the variable name to store the result in, with or without the @.

Examples

Example #1: Example of the addition operator (+). Returns the sum of the two values.

Example #1A: Addition of two constants

Parameters

- **Value:** 7
- **Operator:** +
- **Value:** 5
- **Variable:** Output1

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script:

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter 7 into the **Value** field.
4. Select + from the **Operator** drop-down.
5. Enter 5 into the **Value** field.
6. Enter **Output1** into the **Variable** field.
7. Click **Save Step** to save this step and close the window.



Example #1B: Addition of two variables

- **Value:** @Input1
- **Operator:** +
- **Value:** @Input2
- **Variable:** Output2

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 1B

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter @Input1 into the **Value** field.
4. Select + from the **Operator** drop-down.
5. Enter @Input2 into the **Value** field.
6. Enter **Output2** into the **Variable** field.
7. Click **Save Step** to save this step and close the window.



Example #1C: Unary addition. This example assumes you have created an Input3 variable with the parameter of 1 using the Variable Set function.

Parameters

- **Value:** @Input3
- **Operator:** +
- **Value:** 1
- **Variable:** Output3

Using the function example in a new or existing script: Example 1C

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter @Input3 into the **Value** field.
4. Select + from the **Operator** drop-down.
5. Enter 1 into the **Value** field.
6. Enter **Output3** into the **Variable** field.
7. Click **Save Step** to save this step and close the window.



Example #2: Example of the subtraction operator (-). Returns the difference between the two values. This function assumes you have created Input1 and Input2 variables using the Variable Set function.

Example #2A: Subtraction of two constants

- **Value:** 7
- **Operator:** -
- **Value:** 5
- **Variable:** Output1

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 2A

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter 7 into the **Value** field.

4. Select - from the **Operator** drop-down.
5. Enter 5 into the **Value** field.
6. Enter **Output1** into the **Variable** field.
7. Click **Save Step** to save this step and close the window.



Example #2B: Subtraction of two variables

- **Value:** @Input1
- **Operator:** -
- **Value:** @Input2
- **Variable:** Output2

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 2B

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter @Input1 into the **Value** field.
4. Select - from the **Operator** drop-down.
5. Enter @Input2 into the **Value** field.
6. Enter **Output2** into the **Variable** field.
7. Click **Save Step** to save this step and close the window.



Example #3: Unary subtraction. This function example assumes you have created an Input3 variable with a parameter of 2 using the Variable Set function.

Parameters

- **Value:** @Input3
- **Operator:** -
- **Value:** 1
- **Variable:** @Input3

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 3C

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter @Input3 into the **Value** field.
4. Select - from the **Operator** drop-down.
5. Enter 1 into the **Value** field.
6. Enter **Output1** into the **Variable** field.
7. Click **Save Step** to save this step and close the window.



Example #3: Example of the multiplication operator (*). Returns the product of the two values.

Example #3A: Multiplication of two constants

Parameters

- **Value:** 7
- **Operator:** *
- **Value:** 5
- **Variable:** Output1

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 3A

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter 7 into the **Value** field.
4. Select * from the **Operator** drop-down.
5. Enter 5 into the **Value** field.
6. Enter **Output1** into the **Variable** field.
7. Click **Save Step** to save this step and close the window.

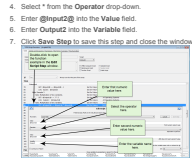


Example #3B: Multiplication of two variables

- **Value:** @Input1
- **Operator:** *
- **Value:** @Input2
- **Variable:** Output2

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 3B

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter @Input1 into the **Value** field.



Example #3C: Unary multiplication. This function example assumes you have created an Input3 variable with a parameter of 5 using the Variable Set function.

- **Value:** @Input3
- **Operator:** *
- **Value:** 2
- **Variable:** Input3

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 3C

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter @Input3 into the **Value** field.
4. Select * from the **Operator** drop-down.
5. Enter 2 into the **Value** field.
6. Enter **Output3** into the **Variable** field.
7. Click **Save Step** to save this step and close the window.



Example #3D: Integer division of two variables

- **Value:** @Input1
- **Operator:** div
- **Value:** @Input2
- **Variable:** Output2

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 3D

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter @Input1 into the **Value** field.
4. Select div from the **Operator** drop-down.
5. Enter @Input2 into the **Value** field.
6. Enter **Output2** into the **Variable** field.
7. Click **Save Step** to save this step and close the window.



Example #3E: Unary integer division. This function example assumes you have created an Input3 variable with a parameter of 7 using the Variable Set function.

Example #4B: Division of two variables

Parameters

- **Value:** @Input1
- **Operator:** /
- **Value:** @Input2
- **Variable:** Output2

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 4B

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter @Input1 into the **Value** field.
4. Select / from the **Operator** drop-down.
5. Enter @Input2 into the **Value** field.
6. Enter **Output2** into the **Variable** field.
7. Click **Save Step** to save this step and close the window.



Example #4C: Example of the integer division operator (div). The quotient is rounded down to the nearest whole number.

Example #4A: Integer division of two constants

- **Value:** 7
- **Operator:** div
- **Value:** 5
- **Variable:** Output1

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 4A

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter 7 into the **Value** field.
4. Select div from the **Operator** drop-down.
5. Enter 5 into the **Value** field.
6. Enter **Output1** into the **Variable** field.
7. Click **Save Step** to save this step and close the window.



Example #4C: Unary division. This function example assumes you have created an Input3 variable with a parameter of 7 using the Variable Set function.

Parameters

- **Value:** @Input3
- **Operator:** /
- **Value:** 2
- **Variable:** Input3

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 4C

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter @Input3 into the **Value** field.
4. Select / from the **Operator** drop-down.



Example #5B: Module operation using two variables

Parameters

- **Value:** @Input1
- **Operator:** mod
- **Value:** @Input2
- **Variable:** Output2

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 5B

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter @Input1 into the **Value** field.
4. Select mod from the **Operator** drop-down.
5. Enter @Input2 into the **Value** field.
6. Enter **Output2** into the **Variable** field.
7. Click **Save Step** to save this step and close the window.



Example #7: Example of the exponential operator (pow). Raises the first value to the power defined in the second value.

Example #7A: Power operation using two constants

- **Value:** 7
- **Operator:** pow
- **Value:** 5
- **Variable:** Output1

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 7A

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter 7 into the **Value** field.
4. Select pow from the **Operator** drop-down.
5. Enter 5 into the **Value** field.
6. Enter **Output1** into the **Variable** field.
7. Click **Save Step** to save this step and close the window.



Example #7B: Power operation using two constants

Parameters

- **Value:** @Input1
- **Operator:** pow
- **Value:** @Input2
- **Variable:** Output2

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 7B

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter @Input1 into the **Value** field.
4. Select pow from the **Operator** drop-down.
5. Enter @Input2 into the **Value** field.
6. Enter **Output2** into the **Variable** field.
7. Click **Save Step** to save this step and close the window.



Example #7C: Unary power operation. This function example assumes you have created an Input3 variable with a parameter of 2 using the Variable Set function.

- **Value:** @Input3
- **Operator:** pow
- **Value:** 2
- **Variable:** Input3

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 7C

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter @Input3 into the **Value** field.
4. Select pow from the **Operator** drop-down.

Parameters

- **Value:** @Input3
- **Operator:** div
- **Value:** 2
- **Variable:** Input3

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 5C

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter @Input3 into the **Value** field.
4. Select div from the **Operator** drop-down.
5. Enter 2 into the **Value** field.
6. Enter **Output3** into the **Variable** field.
7. Click **Save Step** to save this step and close the window.



Example #6: Examples of the modulus division operator (mod). Returns the remainder of the integer division of the first value divided by the second value.

Example #6A: Module operation using two constants

- **Value:** 7
- **Operator:** mod
- **Value:** 5
- **Variable:** Output1

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 6A

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.

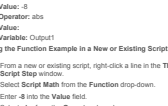


Example #6B: Absolute value of a constant

- **Value:** -8
- **Operator:** abs
- **Value:**
- **Variable:** Output1

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 6A

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter -8 into the **Value** field.
4. Select abs from the **Operator** drop-down.
5. Leave the **Value** field blank.
6. Enter **Output1** into the **Variable** field.
7. Click **Save Step** to save this step and close the window.





Example #8B: Absolute value of a variable. This function example assumes that you have created an Input1 variable with a parameter of -9 using the Variable Set function.

Parameters:

- Value: @Input1@
- Operator: abs
- Variable: Output2

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 8B

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter @Input1@ into the **Value** field.
4. Select **abs** from the **Operator** drop-down.
5. Leave the **Variable** field blank.
6. Enter **Output2** into the **Variable** field.
7. Click **Save Step** to save this step and close the window.



Example #9: Example of the maximum operator (max). Compares the two values and returns the maximum value.

Example #9A: Maximum value of two constants
Parameters:

- Value: 7
- Operator: max
- Value: 5
- Variable: Output1

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 9A

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter 7 into the **Value** field.
4. Select **max** from the **Operator** drop-down.
5. Enter 5 into the **Value** field.
6. Enter **Output1** into the **Variable** field.
7. Click **Save Step** to save this step and close the window.



Example #9B: Maximum value of two variables

Parameters:

- Value: @Input1@
- Operator: max
- Value: @Input2@
- Variable: Output2

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 9B

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter @Input1@ into the **Value** field.

4. Select **max** from the **Operator** drop-down.

5. Enter @Input2@ into the **Value** field.

6. Enter **Output2** into the **Variable** field.

7. Click **Save Step** to save this step and close the window.



Example #10: Example of the minimum operator (min). Compares the two values and returns the minimum value.

Example #10A: Minimum value of two constants

Parameters:

- Value: 7
- Operator: min
- Value: 5
- Variable: Output1

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 10A

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter 7 into the **Value** field.
4. Select **min** from the **Operator** drop-down.
5. Enter 5 into the **Value** field.
6. Enter **Output1** into the **Variable** field.
7. Click **Save Step** to save this step and close the window.



Example #10B: Minimum value of two variables

Parameters:

- Value: @Input1@
- Operator: min
- Value: @Input2@
- Variable: Output2

Using the Function Example in a New or Existing Script: Example 10B

1. From a new or existing script, right-click a line in the **Then** or **Else** section, select **Add** to open the **Edit Script Step** window.
2. Select **Script Math** from the **Function** drop-down.
3. Enter @Input1@ into the **Value** field.
4. Select **min** from the **Operator** drop-down.
5. Enter @Input2@ into the **Value** field.
6. Enter **Output2** into the **Variable** field.
7. Click **Save Step** to save this step and close the window.

