

### UI/UX Workshop

INTRO TO USER EXPERIENCE DESIGN & RESEARCH

#### **Meet Your Instructors**



Anna Saraceno
Senior Interaction Designer
Salesforce Marketing Cloud



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#### **Meet Your Classmates**

- Name
- What do you do? (Professionally and/or for fun!)
- Why are you here?
- Name something you think has a particularly good or bad user experience. It can be anything!
  - A site or app (Facebook, Craigslist, etc.)
  - A place (the BMV, Anthropologie, etc.)
  - A process (getting a passport, going through airport security, etc.)

## What will we do in this workshop?

- Monday (10/24)
  - High-level overview of UX
  - How UX fits into product development
  - Design principles and evaluation criteria
  - Perform a heuristic evaluation of a web page
  - Start thinking about design recommendations

#### Takeaways

- Basic understanding of what UX is
- Intro to heuristic evaluation method
- Experience deriving design insights from heuristic evaluation

#### Items

Completed heuristic evaluation

## What will we do in this workshop?

- Wednesday (10/26)
  - Visualize design recommendations via sketching and paper prototyping
  - Introduce UX research
  - Learn basics for recruiting and interviewing
  - Write a script for testing your prototype

#### Takeaways

- Visualizing design ideas
- Intro to creating interactive prototypes
- Intro to basics of UX research
- Experience in interview script-writing

#### Items

- Low Fidelity Prototype (Sketch)
- Interview Script

## What will we do in this workshop?

- Tuesday (11/1)
  - Conduct user interviews on your designs
  - Draw basic insights and propose design recommendations
  - Wrap up and share resources
- Takeaways
  - Experience in conducting interviews
  - Drawing insights from research findings
  - Translating research insights into design decisions
  - Focus on the value of iteration
  - Experience in explaining design rationale

#### Items

- Analysis Spreadsheet
- Insights/Recommendations Doc

## What WON'T we do in this workshop?

- Learn design tools (Photoshop, Illustrator, Sketch...)
- Gain experience in every research method
- Make high-fidelity interactive prototypes
- How to get a job in UX

# WHAT IS WHAT IS ?

The goal of UX design in business is to "improve customer satisfaction and loyalty through the utility, ease of use, and pleasure provided in the interaction with a product."

OXFORD JOURNAL INTERACTING WITH COMPUTERS

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UX design is a commitment to building products with the customer in mind.

MARIEKE MCCLOSKEY,
DIRECTOR OF RESEARCH AT USERTESTING.com

It's design with an awareness of every touchpoint that makes up the overall experience with your product or service.

JOSHUA PORTER,
ROCKET INSIGHTS & BOKARDO

It's a commitment to developing products and services with **purpose**, **compassion**, and **integrity**.

WHITNEY HESS, EXPERIENCE DESIGN COACH UI/UX Workshop

It's the practice of **meeting people's needs** before, during, and after product development.

ERIK LEVITCH, UX CONSULTANT UX design is about delighting users by anticipating their needs and giving them something they didn't think to ask for.

REED JONES, USER RESEARCHER AT STUBHUB

#### What do all of these UX definitions have in common?

#### Successful UX...



Bases decisions on real user needs and desires.



Leaves users feeling successful and positive.



Requires a process for guiding decisions.

# VS.

UX = User ExperienceUI = User Interface

#### **UI/UX Workshop**

"User Experience (UX) and User Interface (UI) are some of the most confused and misused terms in our field.

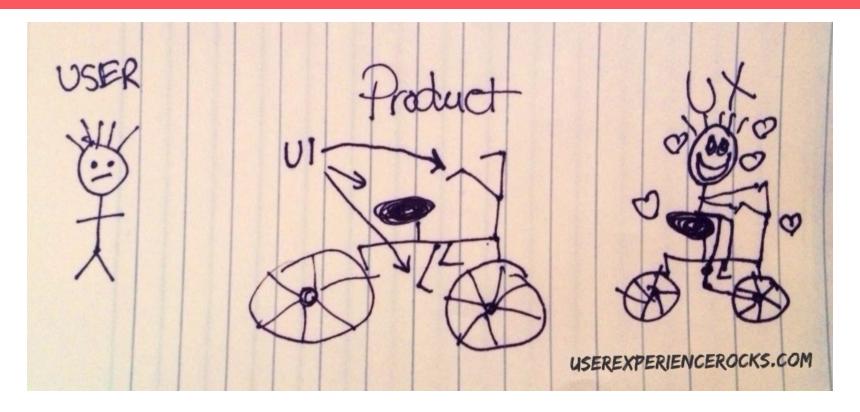
A UI without UX is like a painter slapping paint onto canvas without thought.

UX without UI is like the frame of a sculpture with no paper mache on it.

A great product experience starts with UX followed by UI. Both are essential for the product's success."

RAHUL VARSHNEY, CO-CREATOR OF FOSTER.FM

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JENNIFER ALDRICH

@JMA245

HTTP://USEREXPERIENCEROCKS.COM

**UI designer**: "What color should the button be so the user will see it immediately?"

**UX designer**: "Do we even need this button in the first place?"

EMILY POTTS
CREATIVELIVE BLOG

**HOW DOES** UX FIT INTO PRODUCT **DEVELOPMENT?** 

Product Owner \* Lead Developer \* Lead UX Designer

**Product Owner** ★ Lead Developer ★ Lead UX Designer

- Key project stakeholder
- Owns the vision and roadmap for a product
- Conveys vision to the team
- Responsible for strategic and tactical decisions

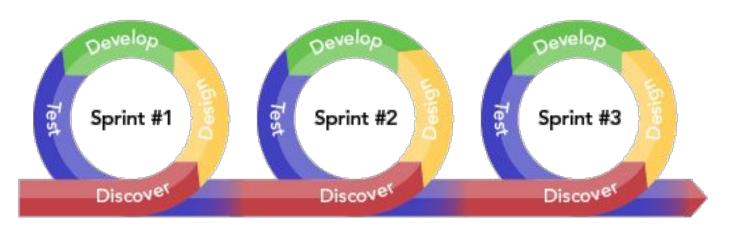
Product Owner ★ Lead Developer ★ Lead UX Designer

- Responsible for underlying architecture of product
- Own development plans and delegate dev work
- Bridge between dev team and PO

Product Owner ★ Lead Developer ★ Lead UX Designer

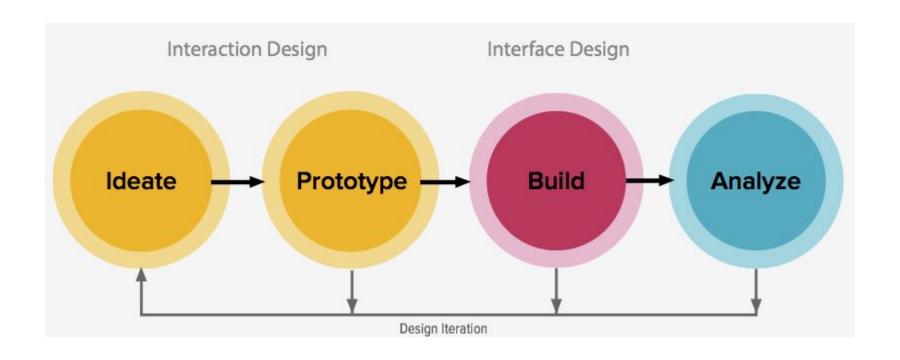
- Responsible for helping define the "how" of PO's vision
- Learn about and advocate for users throughout design and development
- Bridge between UX team and PO

#### Working in Cycles



Agile Method

#### Iteration is key!



# How do we evaluate if something has a good user experience?

#### Self Evaluation (Heuristic)

- PROS: Quick and simple. Doesn't require recruiting.
- CONS: Doesn't take into consideration actual users. Doesn't help with understanding real use cases.

#### User Research

- PROS: User-centered! Make sure you understand the problem from the right point of view.
- CONS: Recruiting can be difficult. Analysis can be time-consuming (but doesn't have to be!).
- METHODS: Interviews, focus groups, observation, card sorting, contextual inquiry, surveys, etc.

### **Heuristic Evaluation**

Think of heuristics like a rule of thumb, a set of guidelines against which you can measure a design, like a rubric. In a heuristic evaluation, the evaluator will look at the design being assessed and document design elements, functions and flows that break with the heuristic set. The purpose is for the evaluator to uncover usability problems in a design, which can then be fixed.

ARI WEISSMAN, EFFECTIVE UI

#### Heuristic Evaluation Process

- 1. Choose a set of heuristics.
- 2. Use heuristics to identify UX issues.
- 3. Prioritize the issues according to severity.
- 4. Create design and/or research recommendations for each issue.

### Heuristics

RULES PRINCIPLES GUIDELINES Clarity

Efficiency

Consistency

**Beauty** 

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#### **CLARITY**

Eliminate ambiguity. Enable people to see, understand, and act with confidence.

SALESFORCE UX DESIGN PRINCIPLES

Think about clarity in context of:

- Presenting information
- Giving feedback
- Preventing & recovering from errors
- Primary and secondary actions



#### **EFFICIENCY**

Streamline and optimize workflows. Intelligently anticipate needs to help people work better, smarter, and faster

SALESFORCE UX DESIGN PRINCIPLES

Think about efficiency in context of:

- Navigation
- Task completion
- Finding information



#### CONSISTENCY

Create familiarity and strengthen intuition by applying the same solution to the same problem.

#### SALESFORCE UX DESIGN PRINCIPLES

Think about consistency in context of:

- Workflows
- Iconography & visual style
- Terminology
- Menus
- Layouts & hierarchy



### **BEAUTY**

Demonstrate respect for people's time and attention through thoughtful and elegant craftsmanship.

SALESFORCE UX DESIGN PRINCIPLES

Think about beauty in context of:

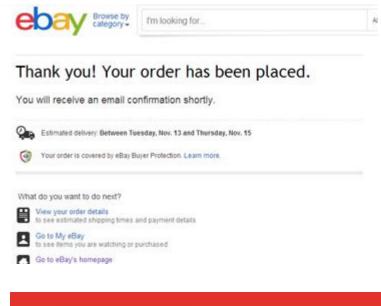
- Color
- Typography
- Layout
- Space
- Emotion



### OFFER INFORMATIVE FEEDBACK

For every user action, there should be system feedback. For frequent and minor actions, the response can be modest, whereas for infrequent and major actions, the response should be more substantial. Visual presentation of the objects of interest provides a convenient environment for showing changes explicitly.

BEN SHNEIDERMAN
THE 8 GOLDEN RULES OF INTERFACE DESIGN

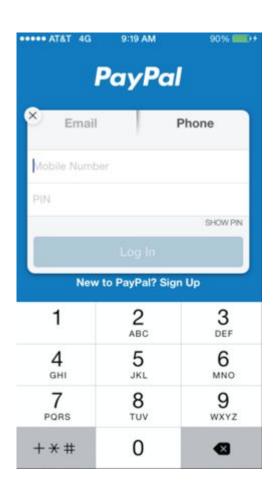




## PREVENT ERRORS

As much as possible, design the system such that users cannot make serious errors; for example, gray out menu items that are not appropriate and do not allow alphabetic characters in numeric entry fields. If a user makes an error, the interface should detect the error and offer simple, constructive, and specific instructions for recovery. For example, users should not have to retype an entire name-address form if they enter an invalid zip code, but rather should be guided to repair only the faulty part. Erroneous actions should leave the system state unchanged, or the interface should give instructions about restoring the state.

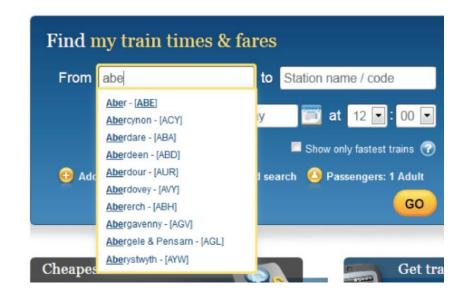
BEN SHNEIDERMAN
THE 8 GOLDEN RULES OF INTERFACE DESIGN



### RECOGNITION OVER RECALL

Minimize the user's memory load by making objects, actions, and options visible. The user should not have to remember information from one part of the dialogue to another. Instructions for use of the system should be visible or easily retrievable whenever appropriate.

JAKOB NIELSEN
10 USABILITY HEURISTICS



# AESTHETIC AND MINIMALIST DESIGN

Dialogues should not contain information which is irrelevant or rarely needed. Every extra unit of information in a dialogue competes with the relevant units of information and diminishes their relative visibility.

JAKOB NIELSEN
10 USABILITY HEURISTICS

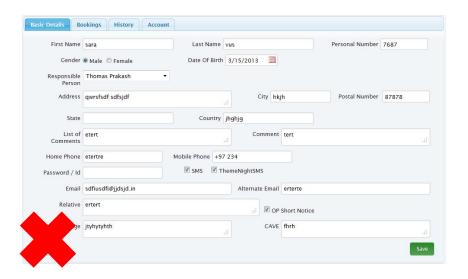


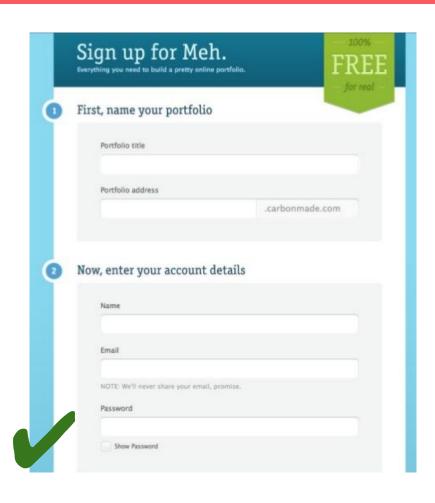
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### MAKE FUNCTIONAL FORMS

- Clearly validate user input.
- Use a top-down layout and make sure fields are in sequential order.
- Align labels above fields for easier readability.
- Make sure error messages are clear.





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DESIGN	PRIN	CIPLE	S

#### JAKOB NIELSEN'S 10 HEURISTICS

### SHNEIDERMAN'S 8 GOLDEN RULES

#### DIETER RAMS'S 10 PRINCIPLES

### Clarity

Eliminate ambiguity. Enable people to see, understand, and act with confidence.

### Efficiency

Streamline and optimize workflows. Intelligently anticipate needs to help people work better, smarter, and faster.

### Consistency

Create familiarity and strengthen intuition by applying the same solution to the same problem.

### Beauty

Demonstrate respect for people's time and attention through thoughtful and elegant craftsmanship.

- 1. Visibility of system status
- 2. Match between system and real world
- 3. User control and freedom
- 4. Help and documentation
- 5. Error prevention
- 6. Recognition rather than recall
- 7. Flexibility and efficiency of use
- Help users recognize, diagnose, and recover from errors
- 9. Consistency and standards

10. Aesthetic and minimalist design

- 1. Feedback
- 2. Design dialog to yield closure
- 3. Shortcuts
- 4. Simple error handling
- 5. Reversible actions
- 6. Put user in control
- 7. Reduce short-term memory load
- 8. Consistency

- Good design makes a product understandable
- 2. Good design is honest
- 3. Good design makes a product useful
- 4. Good design is unobtrusive
- Good design is long-lasting
- Good design is environmentallyfriendly
- Good design is thorough down to the last detail
- 8. Good design is innovative
- 9. Good design is aesthetic
- Good design is as little design as possible

# Let's look at an example...

### Efficiency

Search isn't prominent, and it can be difficult to find/navigate around different areas.

### Offer informative feedback

It's unclear how many postings are in each section.

### Aesthetic and Minimalist Design

Many rows and columns of text. Most text and links are styled the same so everything blends together.



### Efficiency

Search isn't prominent, and it can be difficult to find/navigate around different areas.

Make search more prominent.Decrease the number of options on the main page.

### Offer informative feedback

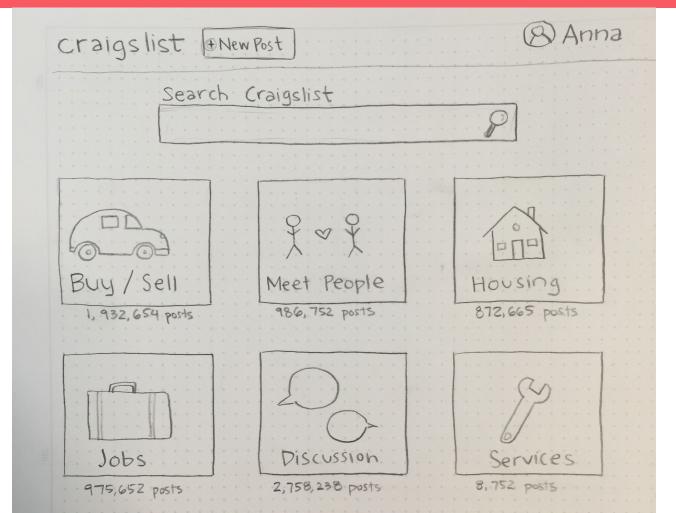
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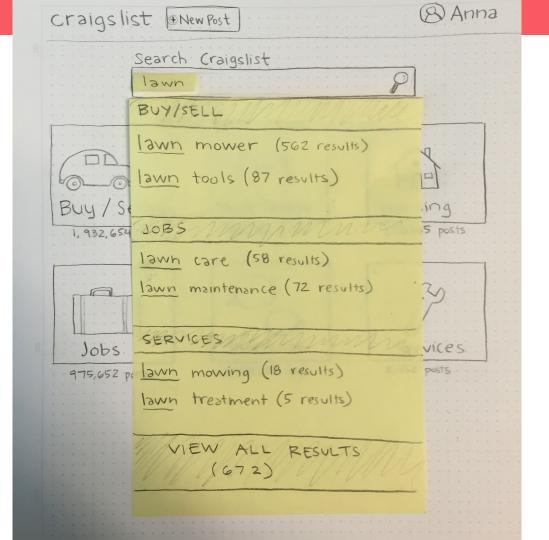
Show how many postings to expect in each area or search results. Implement a type-ahead search.

### Aesthetic and Minimalist Design

Many rows and columns of text. Most text and links are styled the same so everything blends together.

Decrease the amount of text and links on the main page. Vary styles to emphasize the most important/common tasks. Evaluate information hierarchy





# **Heuristic Evaluation Activity**

In teams of 2, choose 3-4 heuristics to evaluate your assigned web page.

- 1. Interact with the page.
  - Read through content. Fill out and submit forms in different ways (leave some fields blank, try different types of data, etc.). View the page in different browser widths, etc.
- 2. Choose 3-4 heuristics.
- 3. Evaluate the page using chosen heuristics.
- 4. Make recommendations based on heuristic evaluation.





http://gdi-conf.herokuapp.com/signup1/





http://gdi-conf.herokuapp.com/signup2/

## Heuristics

Clarity

**Efficiency** 

Consistency

**Beauty** 

Offer informative feedback

**Prevent errors** 

Recognition over recall

Aesthetic and minimalist design

Make functional forms