# Computerized Control - Polynomial pole placement (RST)

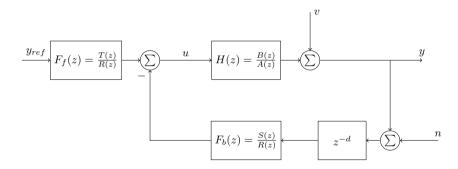
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# Goal of today's lecture

Understand how to design an RST controller

# Two-degree-of-freedom controller



#### Procedure

Given plant model  $H(z) = \frac{B(z)}{A(z)}$  and specifications on the desired closed-loop poles  $A_{cl}(z)$ 

1. Find polynomials R(z) and S(z) with  $n_R \ge n_S$  such that

$$A(z)R(z)z^d + B(z)S(z) = A_{cl}(z)$$

2. Factor the closed-loop polynomials as  $A_{cl}(z) = A_c(z)A_o(z)$ , where  $n_{A_o} \leq n_R$ . Choose

$$T(z)=t_0A_o(z),$$

where  $t_0 = \frac{A_c(1)}{B(1)}$ .

The control law is then

$$R(q)u(k) = T(q)u_c(k) - S(q)y(k).$$

The closed-loop response to the command signal is given by

$$A_c(q)y(k)=t_0B(q)u_c(k).$$



#### Determining the order of the controller

With Diophantine equation

$$A(z)R(z)z^d + B(z)S(z) = A_{cl}(z) \qquad (*)$$

and feedback controller

$$F_b(z) = \frac{S(z)}{R(z)} = \frac{s_0 z^n + s_1 z^{n-1} + \dots + s_n}{z^n + r_1 z^{n-1} + \dots + r_n}$$

How should we choose the order of the controller? Note:

- ▶ the controller has  $n + n + 1 = 2 \deg R + 1$  unknown parameters
- ▶ the LHS of (\*) has degree deg  $(A(z)R(z)z^d + B(z)S(z)) = \deg A + \deg R + d$
- ▶ The diophantine gives as many (nontrivial) equations as the degree of the polynomials on each side when we set the coefficients equal.
  - $\Rightarrow$  Choose deg R so that  $2 \deg R + 1 = \deg A + \deg R + d$



With the plant model

$$H(z) = \frac{B(z)}{A(z)} = \frac{b}{z+a}$$

and d = 0 (no delay), what is the appropriate degree of the controller

$$F_b(z) = \frac{S(z)}{R(z)} = \frac{s_0 z^n + s_1 z^{n-1} + \dots + s_n}{z^n + r_1 z^{n-1} + \dots + r_n}$$

$$A(z)R(z) + B(z)S(z) = A_c(z)A_o(z)?$$

1. 
$$n = 0$$
 2.  $n = 1$ 

3. 
$$n = 2$$
 4.  $n = 3$ 

With the plant model

$$H(z) = \frac{B(z)}{A(z)} = \frac{b}{z+a}$$

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$$A(z)R(z) + B(z)S(z) = A_c(z)A_o(z)$$
?  
1.  $n = 0$  2.  
3. 4.

With the plant model

$$H(z) = \frac{B(z)}{A(z)} = \frac{b_0z + b_1}{z^2 + a_1z + a_2}$$

and d = 2, what is the appropriate degree of the controller

$$F_b(z) = \frac{S(z)}{R(z)} = \frac{s_0 z^n + s_1 z^{n-1} + \dots + s_n}{z^n + r_1 z^{n-1} + \dots + r_n}$$

$$A(z)R(z)z^2 + B(z)S(z) = A_c(z)A_o(z)?$$

1. 
$$n = 1$$
 2.  $n = 2$ 

3. 
$$n = 3$$
 4.  $n = 4$ 

With the plant model

$$H(z) = \frac{B(z)}{A(z)} = \frac{b_0 z + b_1}{z^2 + a_1 z + a_2}$$

and d = 2, what is the appropriate degree of the controller

$$F_b(z) = \frac{S(z)}{R(z)} = \frac{s_0 z^n + s_1 z^{n-1} + \dots + s_n}{z^n + r_1 z^{n-1} + \dots + r_n}$$

$$A(z)R(z)z^{2} + B(z)S(z) = A_{c}(z)A_{o}(z)$$
?

1. 2.
3.  $n = 3$  4.

With the plant model

$$H(z) = \frac{B(z)}{A(z)} = \frac{b_0 z + b_1}{z^2 + a_1 z + a_2}$$

and d=2 the appropriate degree of the controller is 3

$$F_b(z) = \frac{S(z)}{R(z)} = \frac{s_0 z^3 + s_1 z^2 + s_2 z + s_3}{z^3 + r_1 z^2 + r_2 z + r_3}.$$

What are the possible choices of the degree of the observer polynomial  $A_o(z)$  in

$$A(z)R(z)z^2 + B(z)S(z) = A_c(z)A_o(z)?$$

- 1. less than 2 2. less than 3
- 3. higher than 2 4. less than or equal to 3

With the plant model

$$H(z) = \frac{B(z)}{A(z)} = \frac{b_0 z + b_1}{z^2 + a_1 z + a_2}$$

and d=2 the appropriate degree of the controller is 3

$$F_b(z) = rac{S(z)}{R(z)} = rac{s_0 z^3 + s_1 z^2 + s_2 z + s_3}{z^3 + r_1 z^2 + r_2 z + r_3}.$$

What are the possible choices of the degree of the observer polynomial  $A_o(z)$  in

$$A(z)R(z)z^2 + B(z)S(z) = A_c(z)A_o(z)?$$

- 4. less than or equal to 3

# Where to place the closed-loop poles?

