

# Block-diagram algebra

Kjartan Halvorsen

June 6, 2022

# The model of the Hummer EV

## ODE

$$\begin{aligned}m\dot{y} &= -2kv_0y + u, \\ \dot{y} + \frac{2 \cdot 1.44 \cdot 22}{5000}y &= \frac{1}{5000}u, \\ \dot{y} + 0.013y &= 0.0002u, \\ 78.9\dot{y} + y &= 0.016u.\end{aligned}$$

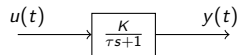
## Laplace transform

$$(78.9s + 1)Y(s) = 0.016U(s)$$

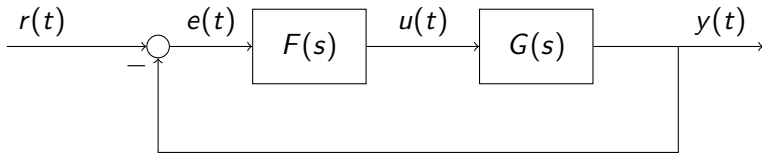
## Transfer function

$$Y(s) = \underbrace{\frac{\overbrace{0.016}^K}{\underbrace{78.9s + 1}_{\tau}}}_{G(s)} U(s)$$

## Block diagram



## Feedback control



# Block-diagram algebra

Transfer function from  $r(t)$  to  $y(t)$ :

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G(s)}{1 + G(s)}$$

# Block-diagram algebra

Transfer function from  $r(t)$  to  $y(t)$ :

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G(s)}{1 + G(s)}$$

**Mason's** gain formula for simple systems with one loop only:

$$G_c(s) = \frac{\text{Forward path gain}}{1 + \text{Loop gain}}$$

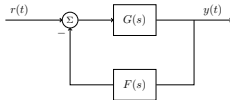
# Block diagram algebra

**Activity** Pair the block-diagram with the correct closed-loop transfer function!

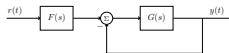
A



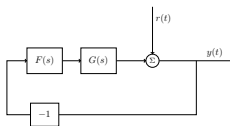
B



C



D



I

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G(s)F(s)}{1+G(s)}$$

II

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G(s)}{1+G(s)F(s)}$$

III

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{1}{1+G(s)F(s)}$$

IV

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G(s)F(s)}{1+G(s)F(s)}$$