

ECE 3334 Group 4

Interim Presentation



PowerPlus

Kenneth Cody

Computer Engineer

Justin Price

Computer Engineer

Juan Torres

Electrical Engineer

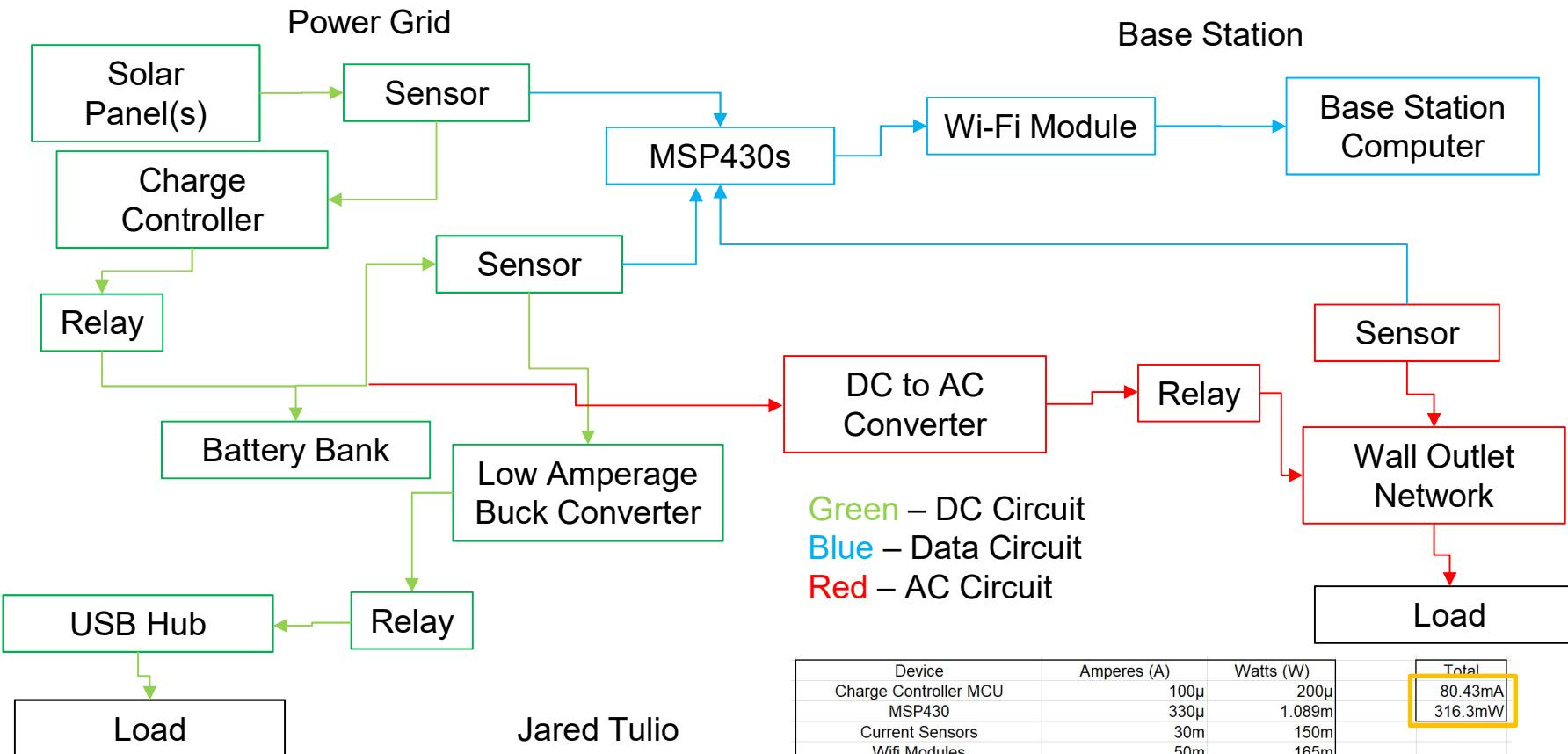
Jared Tulio

Electrical Engineer – Team Lead

March 8, 2018



Hardware Flowchart



System Description



- This project utilizes a solar panel in order to power a microgrid containing both DC and AC power components.
- The system is monitored using sensors communicating with MSP430G microcontrollers.
- The data collected by the sensors is transmitted to a base station PC using XBee Wi-Fi modules to be displayed to the user via a GUI.

Safety



- Make sure to have a high voltage sign when working with high voltage.
- Lead-Acid Batteries are made up of sulfuric acid and water solution. Lead-acid batteries also produce Hydrogen gas when charged. Careful for hydrogen is flammable in nature.
- Sulfuric Acid has a PH lower than two. Therefore it is corrosive material and will burn your eyes and skin.
- Never open battery caps with your face over the battery.
- Even disconnected batteries can be dangerous for some are capable of discharging extremely high rates of current.
- Make sure to remove jewelry before working near batteries.
- There is an emergency stop button in the lab do not forget to use it if you need to.
- Emergency Stop Button on hardware and software

Division of Labor



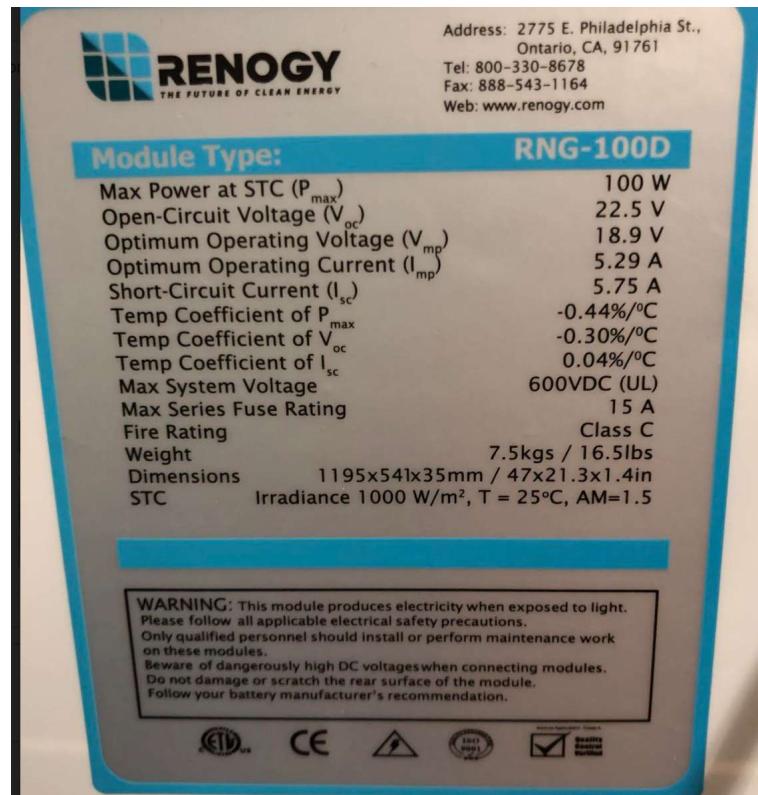
Base Station Software and UI: Kenneth

Microgrid Sensors and Communication: Justin

Battery and Power: Juan

Power Conversion and Grid Construction: Jared

Renogy 100W Solar Panel



[1]

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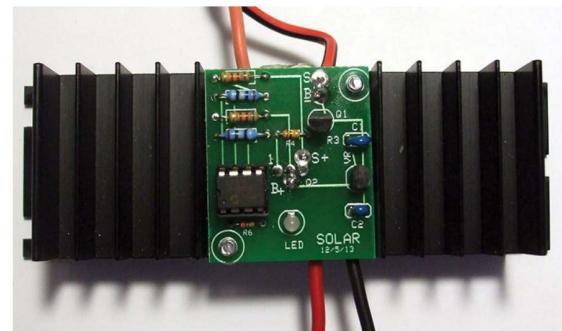
Charge Controller Microcontroller

 MICROCHIP
PIC12F675-I/P



[11]

- Standby Current:
 - 1 nA @ 2.0V, typical
- Operating Current:
 - 8.5 μ A @ 32 kHz, 2.0V, typical
 - 100 μ A @ 1 MHz, 2.0V, typical



[2]

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Relay



G5LE
PCB Power Relay

Cubic, Single-pole 10A Power Relay



Relay Type	General Purpose
Coil Type	Non Latching
Coil Current	16.7mA
Coil Voltage	24VDC
Contact Form	SPST-NO (1 Form A)
Contact Rating (Current)	10A
Switching Voltage	250VAC, 125VDC - Max
Turn On Voltage (Max)	18 VDC
Turn Off Voltage (Min)	2.4 VDC
Operate Time	10ms
Release Time	5ms
Features	Insulation - Class B, Sealed - Fully
Mounting Type	Through Hole
Termination Style	PC Pin
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C
Contact Material	Silver Tin Oxide (AgSnO)
Coil Power	400 mW
Coil Resistance	1.44 kOhms

[3]

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Battery



ExpertPower EXP12200 12 Volt 20 Ah Rechargeable Battery With Threaded Terminals



12.13 lbs
5.50 kg

12 Volt
1200 Watt

20 AH
20 HR

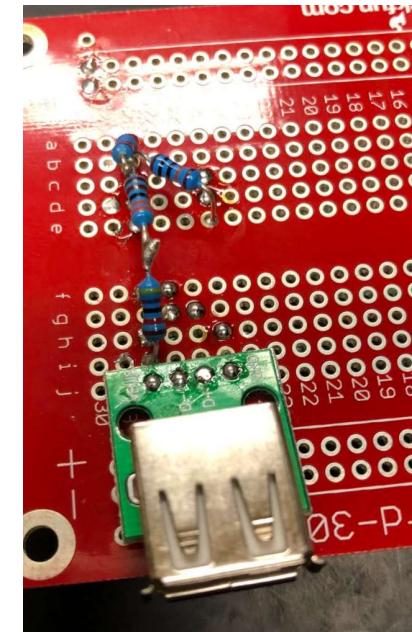
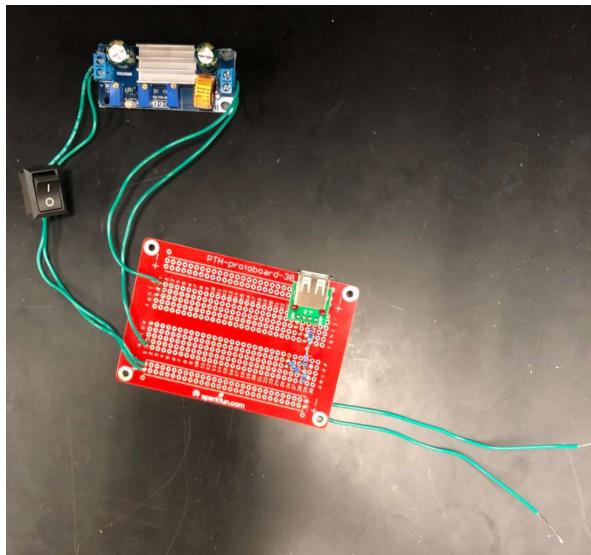
B1 Type
Terminal

[4]

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USB Charging Circuit



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USB Charging Video



Video

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DC to AC Inverter

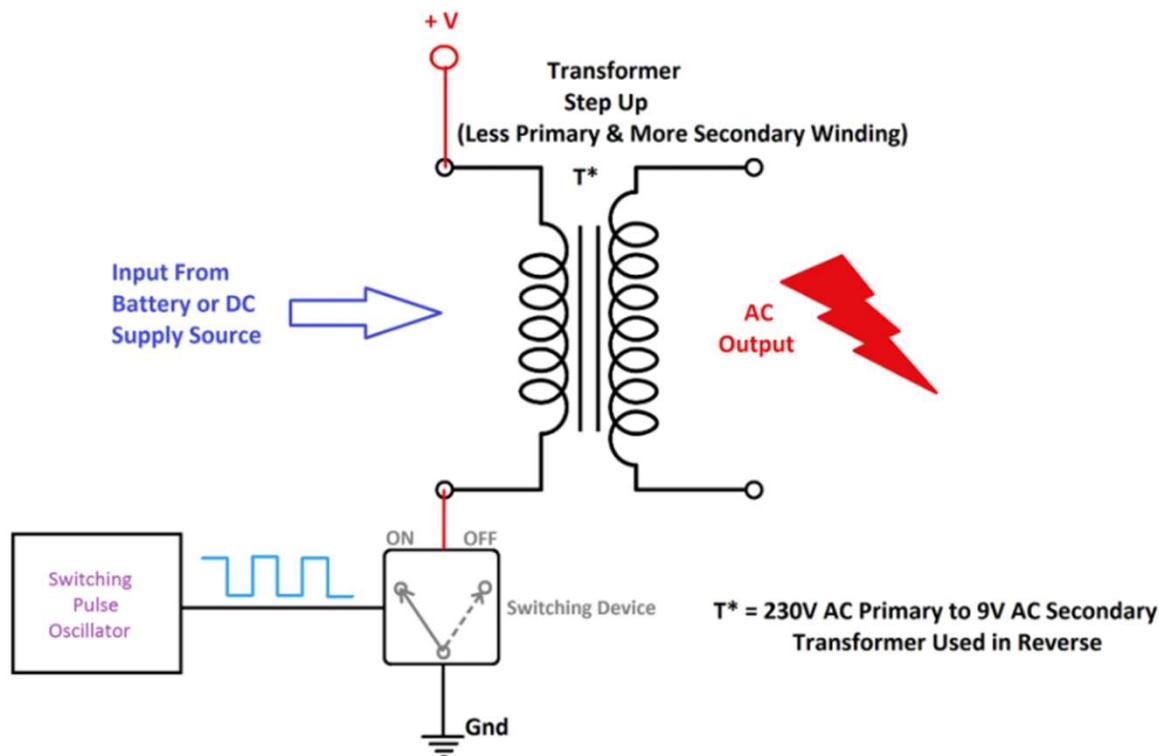


Figure 2: How a switching inverter works[5]
Juan Torres

DC to AC Inverter



- Inverter circuits are useful for portable power sources. When the load connected to the inverter circuit is very small there is no need for a perfect sine wave. Instead a much more simple inverter circuit can be utilized to power low power devices.
- The circuit I created is made up of three parts: a 60Hz Oscillator, two power mosfet transistors to amplify the signal and a transformer.
- The transformer is 120V primary to 12V secondary connected in reverse, so that it can react as a step up transformer.
- By applying a +12v DC bias to this circuit a 120V AC output is acquired with 60Hz frequency however output is a pulsated AC

Convert DC to AC

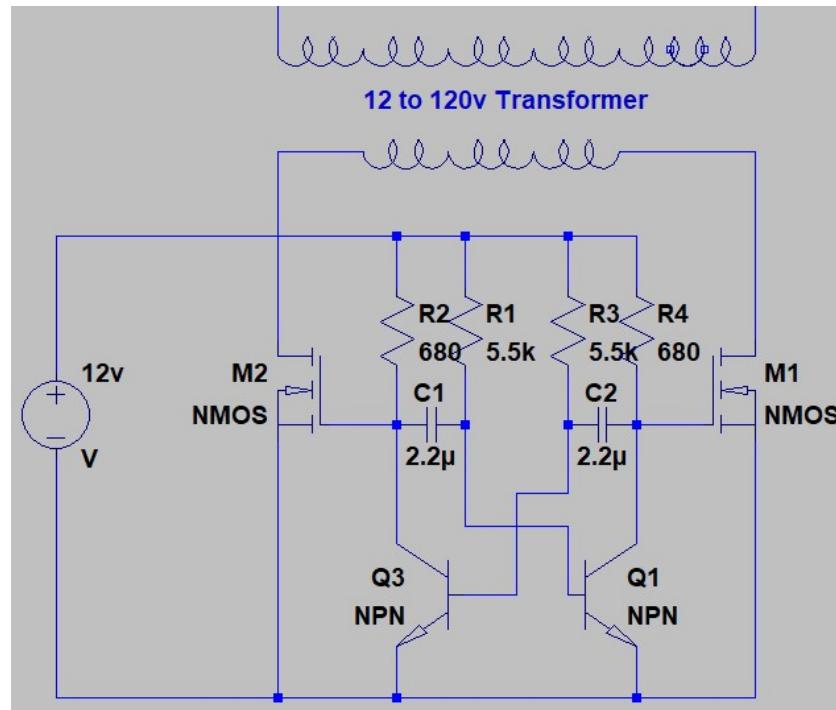


Figure 9: DC to AC Inverter Schematic

Juan Torres

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Convert DC to AC

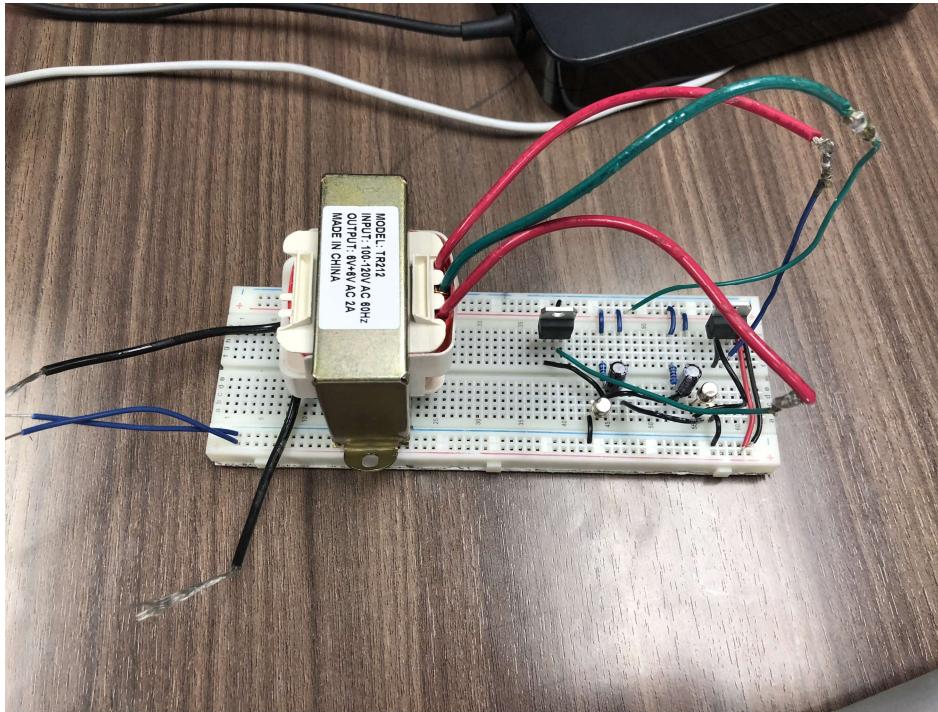


Figure 10: DC to AC Inverter

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DC to AC Inverter

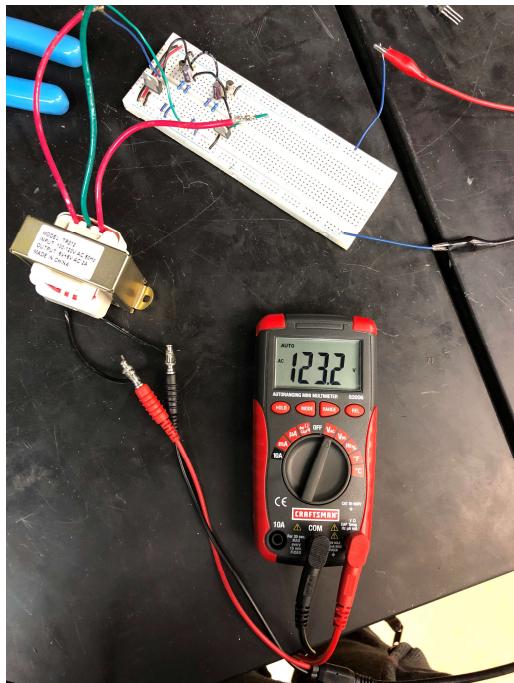


Figure 11: Multimeter of AC Voltage

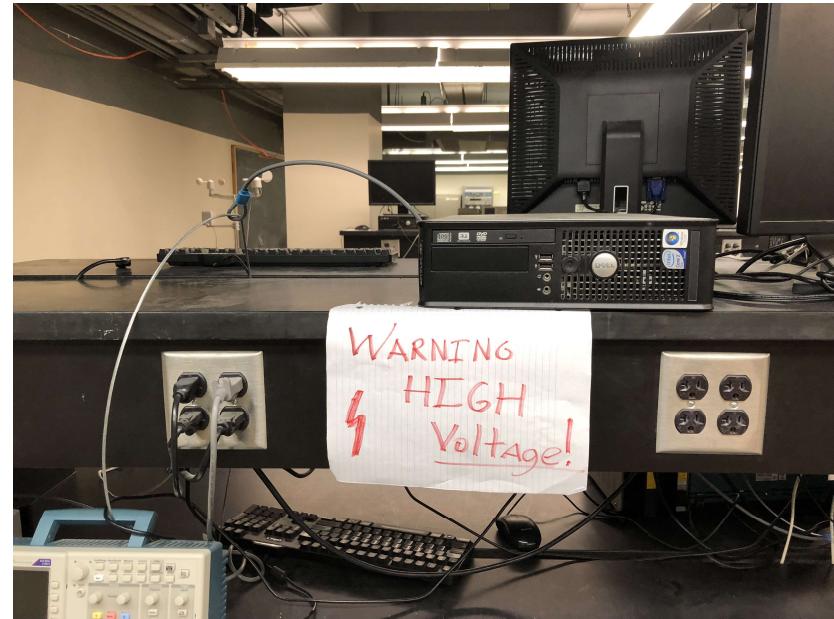


Figure 12: High Voltage Warning Sign

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Video Of DC to AC Inverter



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L07P010S05 Current Sensor

Parameters	Symbol	L07P003S05	L07P005S05	L07P010S05	L07P015S05	L07P020S05	L07P025S05	L07P030S05
Primary nominal current	I_f	3A	5A	10A	15A	20A	25A	30A
Saturation current	$I_{f\max}$				$\geq \pm I_f \times 1.5$			
Rated output voltage	V_o			$V_{of} + 1.250V \pm 0.040V$ (at I_f)				
Offset Voltage ¹	V_{of}			$V_{ref} \pm 0.040V$ (at $I_f = 0A$)				
Output Linearity ² (0A~If)	E_L			$\leq \pm 1\%$ (at I_f)				
Power supply voltage	V_{cc}			$+ 5V \pm 5\%$				

- Using the 5A module (green square)
- 2.5V at 0A input current [6]
- Output voltage range from 0 to 3.5V with input current from 0 to 5A
- Will take measurements through a voltage divider

Timer A0 interrupt Code



```
#pragma vector=TIMER0_A0_VECTOR
_interrupt void badprog_timer_a0(void) {
    TACCTL0 = 0; //Disable further interrupts
    if(Channel == 0){ Channel = 6;}
    Channel = Channel - 1; // Decrement the channel
    ADC10CTL0 &= ~ENC; // Stop conversion so the control register can be changed (pg 555 of MSP430 family guide)
    ADC10CTL1 = 0; //Might need if channel still does not change !!!!
    switch(Channel){
        case 0 : { ADC10CTL1 |= INCH_0; break;} //Not needed but included for easy way to see which channels are used
        case 2: { ADC10CTL1 |= INCH_0; Channel = 0; break;} //If on 2, go straight to channel 0 and update Channel variable accordingly
        case 3 : { ADC10CTL1 |= INCH_3; break;} //Set which channel to read on
        case 4 : { ADC10CTL1 |= INCH_4; break;}
        case 5 : { ADC10CTL1 |= INCH_5; break;}
    }
    ADC10CTL0 |= ADC10ON; //Turn on ADC
    ADC10CTL0 |= (ENC | ADC10SC); // Start conversion

}
```

- Change which channel we are reading every time the timer turns off
- Need to turn ENC bit low in order to change any control registers (Black square)

ADC Test Video



Justin Price

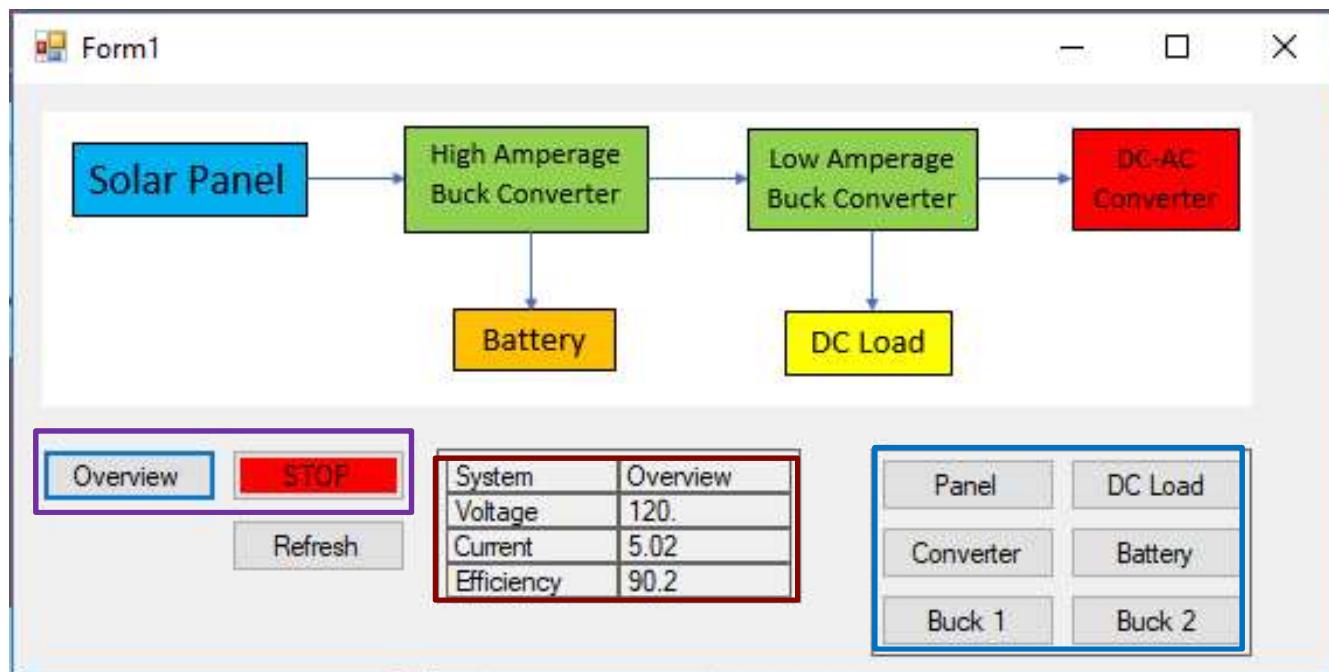
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Xbee module plans



- Use a USB to TTL converter to communicate the module to the Base Station
- Communicate with the MSP430 over UART (8-N-1) 9600 baud rate
- Will configure the modules network address, channel, and destination address to non-default values
- Range testing to see if the module communicates over the distance we need

GUI



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GUI Video



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GUI Code Sample



```
private void button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    serialPort1.Open();
    serialPort1.WriteLine("1");
    string data = serialPort1.ReadLine();

    this.label1.Text = "System";
    this.label2.Text = "Voltage";
    this.label3.Text = "Current";
    this.label4.Text = "Efficiency";

    this.label5.Text = "Panel";
    this.label6.Text = data.Substring(0, 4);
    this.label7.Text = data.Substring(4, 4);
    this.label8.Text = data.Substring(8, 4);
    serialPort1.Close();
}

incommingByte=Serial.read();
if(incommingByte=='1')
{
    Serial.println("12.42.3385.0");
        // wait for a second
    digitalWrite(LED, LOW);    // turn the LED off by making the voltage LOW
    delay(500);
    digitalWrite(LED, HIGH);
}
```

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GUI Development Plans



- Switch to TTL to USB cable
- Improve GUI System Diagram
- Swap MSP430G2553LP for XBee Wi-Fi module

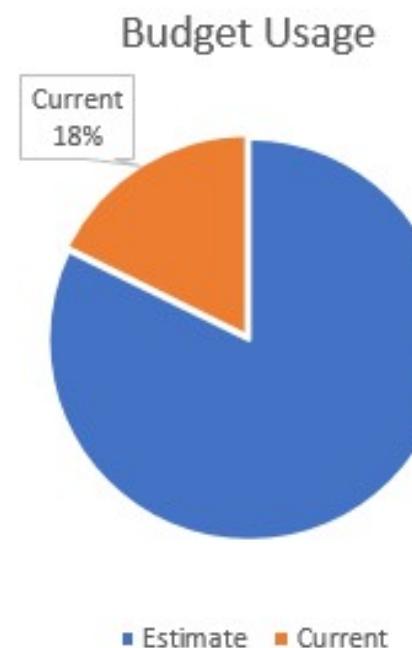


Total Budget

Lab 3 - Group 4		Running Total			Total Estimate			Start Date	2/1/2018
		Rate/Hr	Hrs		Rate/Hr	Hrs		Today	3/8/2018
Direct Labor:									
Category or individual:									
Kenneth	18	55	\$990.00		18	215	\$3,870.00	End Date	5/5/2018
Jared	18	50	\$900.00		18	215	\$3,870.00	Days Past	35
Justin	18	53	\$954.00		18	215	\$3,870.00	Total Days	93
Juan	18	48	\$864.00		18	215	\$3,870.00	Days Left	58
DL Subtotal (DL)		Subtotal:	\$3,708.00		Subtotal:	\$15,480.00			
Labor Overhead	rate:	100%	\$3,708.00	rate:	100%	\$15,480.00			
Total Direct Labor (TDL)			\$7,416.00			\$30,960.00			
Contract Labor:									
Lab 1 Help	\$15	0	\$0.00		\$15	0	\$0.00		
Lab 2 Help	\$18	0	\$0.00		\$18	0	\$0.00		
Lab 3 Help	\$18	0	\$0.00		\$18	10	\$180.00		
Lab 4 Help	\$18	0	\$0.00		\$18	15	\$270.00		
Lab 5 Help	\$25	0	\$0.00		\$25	10	\$250.00		
Tutors	\$40	0	\$0.00		\$40	15	\$600.00		
Lab Assistants	\$40	0	\$0.00		\$40	15	\$600.00		
Woodcock	\$100	0	\$0.00		\$100	5	\$500.00		
Prof. Ray	\$200	2	\$400.00		\$200	20	\$4,000.00		
Total Contract Labor (TCL)			\$400.00			\$6,400.00			
Direct Material Costs:			\$120.00			\$650.00			
(from Material Cost worksheet)									
Total Direct Material Costs: (TDM)			\$120.00			\$650.00			
Equipment Rental Costs:	Value	Rental Rate		Value	Rental Rate		Date begin	Date end (or today)	
Oscilloscope	\$5,300.00	0.20%		\$371.00	0.20%	\$985.80	2/1/2018	5/5/2018	
Function Generator	\$500.00	0.20%		\$35.00	0.20%	\$93.00	2/1/2018	5/5/2018	
DMM	\$958.00	0.20%		\$67.06	0.20%	\$178.19	2/1/2018	5/5/2018	
Power Supply	\$1,700.00	0.20%		\$119.00	0.20%	\$316.20	2/1/2018	5/5/2018	
Soldering Station	\$100	0.20%		\$7.00	0.20%	\$18.60	2/1/2018	5/5/2018	
Total Rental Costs: (TRM)			\$592.06			\$1,573.19			
Total TDL+TCL+TDM+TRM			\$8,528.06			\$39,583.19			
Business overhead	100%		\$8,528.06		100%	\$39,583.19			
Total Cost:	Current		\$17,056.12		Estimate	\$79,166.38			

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Gantt Chart

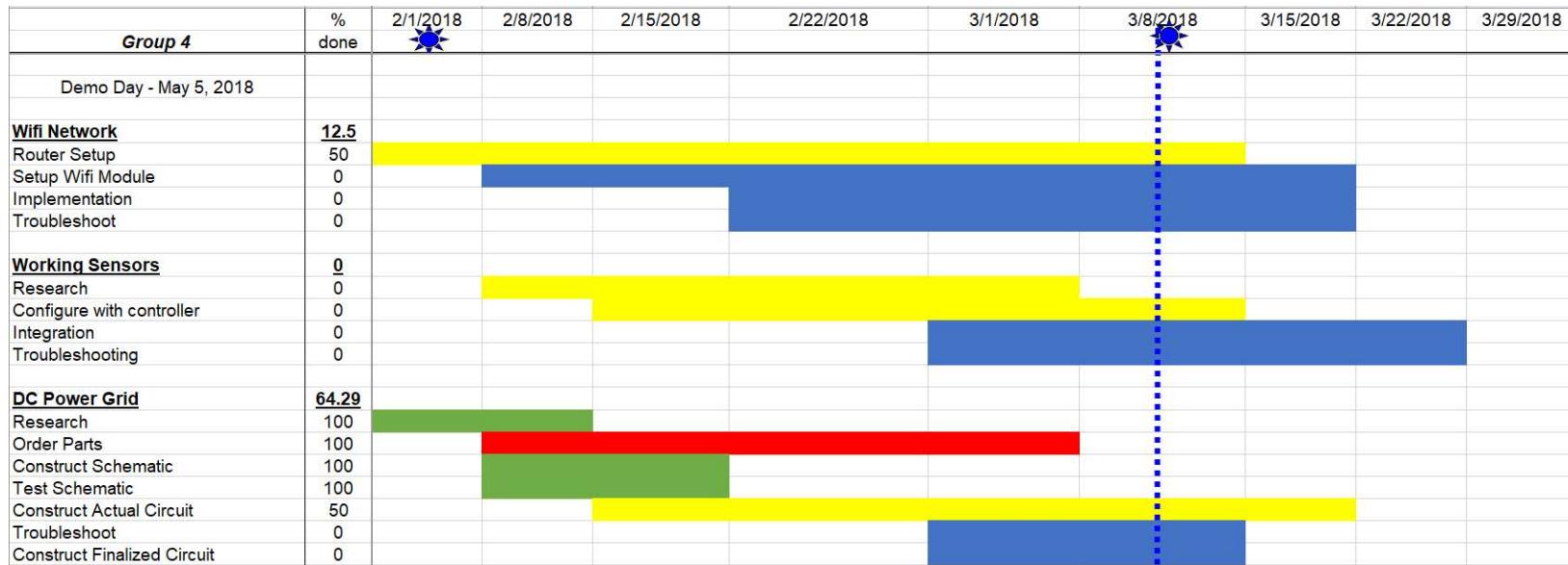


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Gantt Chart



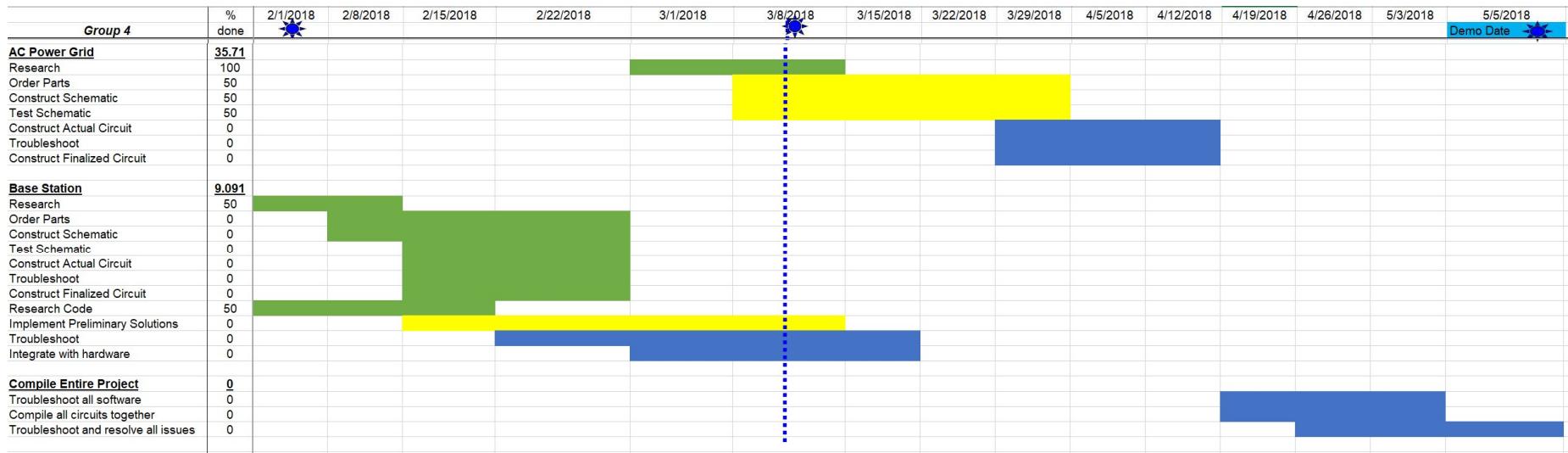
Key
Completed
In Progress
Haven't Started Yet
Completed, with delays

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Milestones	Date
Wifi Network	3/15/2018
Working Sensors	3/22/2018
DC Power	3/15/2018
AC Power	4/12/2018
Base Station	3/22/2018
Combining Everything	5/3/2018



Gantt Chart Cont'd



Key	
Completed	Green
In Progress	Yellow
Haven't Started Yet	Light Blue
Completed, with delays	Red

Milestones	Date
Wife Network	3/15/2018
Working Sensors	3/22/2018
DC Power	3/15/2018
AC Power	4/12/2018
Base Station	3/22/2018
Combining Everything	5/3/2018

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Future Task Division



Kenneth Cody

- Complete GUI Development
- Move to assisting Justin with XBee Module Communication

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- Completing DC power construction
- Move to Grid Construction

Juan Torres

- Complete DCAC converter
- Move to Grid Construction

Justin Price

- XBee module communications
- Implement Sensors

Justin Price

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References



- [1] https://www.renogy.com/renogy-100-watt-12-volt-monocrystalline-solar-panel/#tab_prd-specs
- [2] <https://www.digikey.com/product-detail/en/omron-electronics-inc-emc-div/G5LE-1A4-DC24/Z2254-ND/369017>
- [3] https://www.amazon.com/gp/product/B00KC39BE6/ref=oh_aui_detailpage_o01_s01?ie=UTF8&th=1
- [4] http://www.nutsvolts.com/index.php?/magazine/article/March2014_Newton
- [5] <http://www.theorycircuit.com/simple-inverter-circuit-using-ic-555/>
- [6] <http://www.mouser.com/ds/2/397/L07PXXXS05-467715.pdf>



Questions?