compared with -> than

unlikely->less likely

more severe->severer

studies with ~~ were made *experimentally* -> experimental studies with ~~ were made

no difference was observed *significantly* -> no significant difference was observed

when visual field defects are *severely* observed -> when severe visual field defects are observed

*mildly* bloody mucus -> slightly bloody mucus

midly elevated->slightly elevated

greatly affected->severely affected

severely controlled->strictly controlled

largely enhanced->greatly enhanced

relatively arbitrary distinction -> somewhat

easily detectable->readily detectable

greatly has reduced->has greatly reduced

usually are->are usually

rifampin may even->even rifampin may

extreme low dose->extremely

significant more->significantly more

transient coupled->transiently couples

radiation dose was ranged->ranged

was consisted->consisted

be developed->develop

be increased->increase

was worsened->worsened

was abated->abated

were recurred->recurred

were occurred->occurred

have been subsided->have subsided

is appeared->appears

are happened->happen

are originated->originate

다른연구자의 통계적분석결과와 결론은 현재시제, 단순결과는 과거시제

Will eventually result->eventually results

Few studies recently assessed->have recently assessed

Cardiomyopathy leading to congestive heart failure manifested in ~ who received -> had received

The virus was endemic ~ and spread to~ ->has spread

The histologic findings in ~ were shown in table 3. -> are shown

CXR *resulted in* ~ -> revealed

To *study* the practicability of the system->to assess the practicability

The supernatant fluid *was determined* by atomic absorption spectrometry->was analyzed

Correction of these abnormalities *improves* dysfunction -> eliminates

Breakpoint *influence* oncogene -> affect

No rationale *is present* -> exists

Helps *preventing* injury -> prevent

Serum transferrin level *showed* 250 mg/dL -> was

Patients with carcinoma *showed* positive scans -> had

An increase *show* greater increase -> produce

Serum uric acid value is *effected* by various factors -> affected

Patient who *received* aortic repair -> underwent

No adverse reactions were *obtained* -> noted or encountered or seen

Several other agents were *studies* to -> reported

Disease *give* damage to liver -> cause

Diagnostic studies can also be *effected* by ->affected

Several growth factors *showed* toxic -> were found to be

Animals were assigned ->were assigned to

~ is injected via proximal port on the catheter *in* ->into

Measured *by* -> with

Splitting the DNA *to* small -> into

Classified *to* -> into

Symptoms were assessed *by* scale -> with or on

Divided *to* -> into

Retrobulbar anesthesia is the standard procedure *of* surgery -> for

*10-12 %* of decrease -> 10%-20%

Serum was diluted *by* *10 times* -> 10 times

Groups who have *attended to* clinics -> attended

Rifampin is administered *10 mg/kg/day* -> at 10 mg/kg/day

Cases was collected from 18 *institutes->* institutions

We demonstrated by radioimmunoassay the *existence* of leptin -> presence

*Immature* infant -> premature

*Lack* of smooth muscle -> absence

Sleep *customs* -> habits

20% of blood *amount* -> volume

Recurrence rate of 50% over 5-year *duration* -> period

Determine the *mistake* in measurement -> error

Spironolactone has a dual *activity* of -> action

Previous investigations have been limited by the *absence* of a technique -> lack

DM in *human* -> humans

Patients with anosmia were tested with *serial solution* of -> a graded series of

*Character* and amount of saliva -> type

In cases *with* glioma -> of

2 mLs -> 2mL

One or more of the following complications *was* ->were

More than one attack of biliary colic *is* -> are

There *was a significant difference* in type and amount -> were significant differences

The committee *agrees* -> agree

The genetics of color blindness *were* discussed -> was

Only a limited number of cases *is* analyzed -> are

A series of mathematical models *were* analyzed -> was

The number of blood vessels *were* compared -> was

Two thirds of the compound *were* -> was

Many informations -> much information

~ is one of the antibiotics which *is* -> are

The amount of collected materials *were* -> was

Investigator ~ how he/she -> investigators ~ how they

HIV is the prototypical member of the lentiviruses subfamily or retroviruses, whose members characteristically cause indolent infections in their animal hosts. *These* -> these lenviruses

Helper T cells *that* produce lymphokines play a -> ~,which~, play

Microbes are confronted by specific cellular and humoral responses *that* -> microbes that ~ are confronted by

*Subjects which* suggests that the subjects were included who had disease -> subjects. This~

A case in *whom* ~ -> which

Most these studies -> most of these studies

They all -> all subjects

,that -> x

Based on *life-table method* -> the life-table method

Of *the* statistical software packages SAS -> of statistical

*Behavioral means* of treating urinary incontinence is efficacious in *selected disabled population*

-> a behavioral means, a selected disabled population

A recent study found *4.5% prevalence rate* -> a 4.5% prevalence rate

35 percent increase -> a 35 percent increase

Decreased synthesis may be caused by *decrease* -> a decrease

MRI has *distinct advantage* -> a or the distinct advantage

Compensatory reduction -> a compensatory reduction

Similarly transient reduction -> a similarly transient reduction

Abnormally severe and protracted attentional blink -> an abnormally severe and protracted

The new type of drug -> A new type of drug

The typical CSF findings in acute bacterial meningitis consist of elevated opening pressure and ~

-> an elevated opening pressure

The adaptations in the handling of water by disease kidney -> the diseased kidney

Standard technique -> the standard technique

The bronchoscopic cytology brush -> a bronchoscopic cytology brush

The colony forming unit was *the lowest* in group 3 -> lowest

SN indicating the length of the anterior cranial base also showed no differences ~ -> showed no differences ~ either.

30 male patients were grouped with respect to the severity of snoring and were evaluated in terms of the noise of *snoring sound* -> the snoring sound

Subepithelial thickening was significantly less severe *in myoma group* than that *in fibroma group*.

-> in the myoma group

So x

During embryonic development, the ovaries migrate to the pelvis from the level of the renal hilus., *accordingly* ovarian lymphatic channels -> consequently

Diuretics may be initially useful but may lose their effectiveness with continuous administration: *consequently*, they should -> accordingly

We fully recognize -> fully삭제

Very severe hemophilia -> very 삭제

~ was developed fairly recently -> fairly 삭제

*It is shown in Fig. 8* that the drug gives higher and prolonged levels in blood -> Fig.8 shopws

The end result of the experiment -> end 삭제

Fig.5 demonstrates the results of the serum -> the results of 삭제

A precipitate forms in the test tube *that is* left undisturbed overnight -> that is 삭제

The suggestions has been made that platelet ~-> it has been suggested that ~

Many colored snakes *have the action to produce* -> produce

Tumor that had a high malignancy -> highly malignant tumor

In our sudy, it was revealed -> our study revealed

*It would thus appear that* codeine ~ -> Apparently, ~

At th epresent moment -> now

The 3 relative survival rates of these patients were ~%,~%,~%, *respectively*. ->respectively삭제 (respectively 는 1:1대응관계가 있을때만 사용)

~ is usually suspected *on the basis of* the ~ findings. -> from

The following schematic pattern *adds proof to* this statement. -> corroborates

It is obvious that -> obviously

This study *is an excellent analysis of* ~ -> excellently analyzes

A blood donation that is seropositive for anti-HIV is sent to the national reference laboratory and a confirmatory Western blot is done. -> ~ reference laboratory, and ~. (두개의 완전한 문장은 comma로 분리시킨다.)

Laboratories sometimes design their own internal proficiency testing programs, and evaluate the date derived form them. -> programs뒤 comma삭제 (뒷문장은 주어가 없는 불완전한 문장이므로 comma로 분리 불가능)

의학용어의 acronym에는 period를 생략

“bubbles.” (period는 인용부호안쪽에 넣음)

Immunosuppressants, requiring long-term use and which are gives in the therapy of transplantation and autoimmune disease, are important mainly important~. -> immunosuppressnats, which require long-term use and which are given in the therapy of transplantation and autoimmune disease, are important ~.

In hybridoma technology, two different cells are fused within a single membrane, whereas two genes from different organisms combining is known as recombinant DNA technology. -> whereas in recombinant DNA technology two genes from different organisms are combined. (병렬배치는 비슷한 구조로)

After visually confirming that the sinus was free of any disease, the natural ostium was closed by -> after ~, we closed the natural ostium ~. (종속절과 주절의 주어 일치)

Urine and blood samples -> samples of urine and blood

Bacterial surface -> bacterial surface

Renal failure progression -> progression of renal failure

Blood clearance and organ distribution -> blood clearance from blood and its distribution in organ

Blood vessels invasion -> invasion of the blood vessels

Achieve 90% *of* cure rates -> of 삭제

Total 24-hours urinary excretion -> 24-hour

The test for the Australian antigen became the test for the hepatitis associated antigen. Now it is called the test for the HBsAg.-> the test for the Australian antigen, which became the test for ~, is now called the test for the HBsAg.

There are other factors adversely affecting the absorption of fat.-> other factors adversely affect the ~.

There was gastric distension -> the stomach was distended.

This procedure resulted in complete relief of pain -> pain was completely relieved by this procedure.

*The equal* number of men and women took part ~ -> an equal

The total number of fractures studied was 6500 -> A total of 6500 fractures were studied.

There is justification for side effects in patients with a diastolic pressure exceeding 110 mmHg. ->side effects in patients with a diastolic pressure exceeding 110 mmHg is justified.

Histologic changes in the gastric mucosa were observed in groups 2 and 3, which included edema, epithelial thinning, and epithelial desquamation. -> histologic changes including edema, epithelial thinning in the gastric mucosa were observed in groups 2 and 3.

The 3 specimens were taken from the oral cavity. -> the specimen was taken at 3 different sites of the oral cavity.

We used a DNA sequence analysis computer program. -> we used a computer program that analyses DNA sequences.

The intention of our investigation of several nucleoside analogue applications is the development of drugs that interfere with viral DNA synthesis. -> we intend to investigate several nucleoside analogues to develop drugs.

Should not forger -> should remember 가급적 부정문보다 긍정문으로

A few years later the Dand particle was discovered. Then experiments showed that ~. -> ~discovered, and experiments 연결된 문장은 and로 연결시킨다.

To logically solve problems -> to solve problems logically.

After repeated ultracentrifugation, the apolipoprotein A-I content of high density lipoproteins was reduced to about 65% of the original serum value, bute no A-II was lost. This suggests that ~.->

This selective reduction ~

We made at least two analyses on ~ -> we analysed each specimen at least twice.

Didn’t -> did not

Remained x ->remain

On the contrary (다른사람의 의견이나 과거에 기술된 사실에 찬동하지 않을 때 주관적으로 씀)-> in contrast (현저히 다르거나 반대되는 주장을 객관적으로 기술할 때 쓰며 의학논문에서 주로 이것을 사용)

복수형x: evidence, literature, information, percent, ascites, research, damage, leukorrhea, childhood, fish, audience, percent, permission, knowledge, damage, loss

Figure 1, Figure 3 and Figure 8 -> Figures 1,3 and 8

Exact evaluation of mechanism of ~ -> evaluation of exact mechanism ~

부사는 짦은단어가 앞으로, 장소, 방법, 빈도, 시간의 순으로 나열

확률부사 Probably (80%~90%), most likely (70%), more likely (60%), likely (50%), less likely (40%), least likely (30%), possibly=perhaps (10%~20%)

빈도부사 always (100%), almost always (90%), usually (70%), often (50%), frequently (30%), sometimes=occasionally (20%), seldom (10%), never (0%)

결과제시시 강한 제시의 정도: prove>demonstrate, document> show, indicate, find> suggest, imply, speculate, suppose, assume, extrapolate, infer, inspire, presume, postulate

발생확률표현: can(90%)> will> would> should> may(50%)> could> might

Fast reaction <-> slow reaction

Profuse discharge <-> scanty discharge

Great (high) possibility <-> little possibility

Strong intensity, activity, significance <-> weak intensity, activity, significance

High rate, prevalence, incidence, dose <-> low rate, prevalence, incidence, dose

And,but 은 문장앞에 x: and->in addition,furthermore,additionally, but-> however

9이하의 서수는 단어로 표시 the first ~the ninth

모든 정수와 10이상의 서수는 숫자로 표기 1,2,3,4 the 10th ~the 25th

10의 -9승은 ten to the minus ninth power

서수가 여러 개일때는 간결하게 표기: the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 13th and 24th

긴문장에서는 동사를 끝에 놓지 않음. Measurement of thickened mucosa in the maxillary sinus was done -> thickened mucosa was measured in ~.

Culture, specific test는 positive, negative로 결과표시, CT,x-ray등 image와 EEG,ECG는 normal/abnormal로 표시

Chronic heroin users -> long-term heroin users

Acute administration of penicillin -> immediate administration of penicillin

Acute, chronic은 질병의 상태,증상에서 기간을 표현할 때 사용

Percent, %기호는 앞에 숫자가 있을때만 사용. Small percent->small percentage

다음은 사족: *advance* planning, outside *of*, red *in color*, *true* fact, 2 *out of* 12, younger than 50 years *of age*, brief *in* duration, combine *together*, estimated at *about*, fewer *in number*, soft *in consistency*, *careful* monitoring

관용어구: blood sugar -> blood glucose, emergency room -> emergency department, exam -> examination, lab -> laboratory, do -> perform/undertake/conduct/carry out, medical doctor -> clinician/physician/surgeon, get->obtain, a lot of -> many/numerous, can’t -> cannot, maybe -> probably, possibly, perhaps

병렬구문은 명사끼리 연결하거나 구끼리 연결

The text was written to educate residents and interns and to help them reach their students.

There was a long delay between the purchase of a magnetic resonance imager and its widespread use.

Three patients took their medication either incorrectly or not at all.

이탤릭체 사용: 동물이나 식물 학명, 잡지명(*laryngoscope, archives of surgery*), 라틴어(*et al., e.g., i.e., in vivo, in vitro*), 통계학 용어(*P* value, multiple partial *F* test, student’s *t* distribution)

Continual: 어떤 interval을 가지고 반복될 때 VS continuous: 중단없이 계속 될 때

Including: 모든예를 포함할 때 VS such as: 일부의 예만 포함할 때

Affect: 유해한 영향을 미칠 때 VS effect: 일으킨다는 뜻

Dose: 1회분의 투여량 또는 치료기간 중의 총 투여량 VS dosage: 약물용법을 의미

The patient received an initial dose of 50 mg. thereafter, his dosage was 25 mg 3 times a day.

Dilation: dilating하는 action 의미 VS dilatation: stretched or expanded된 상태를 의미

The patient was treated by dilation and curettage. After 4 hours of labor, the dilatation of the cervix was 3 cm.

Following=after, use=utilize, begin=initiate, initial=first

Due to= caused by(adjectival), owing to=because of(adverbial)

Assess: 사람과 사물의 특성이나 성질의 내용을 평가, evaluate: 사람과 사물의 가치나 효과를 평가, rate: 어떤 정해진 척도에 의해 평가하거나 점수를 매길 때

Assess the safety of cefprozil, evaluate the effect, rated on 5-point scale.

Treatment: 일반적인 치료나 처치, therapy: 어떤 방법에 의한 구체적 치료법

Symptomatic treatment, prophylactic treatment

Anticoagulant therapy, radiation therapy

From~to~: to 다음의 기간은 포함x, from~through~:through다음의 기간 포함

Study: 어떤 현상, 과정, 의문점에 대한 탐구

Experiment: 가설을 검증하기 위해 시행한 검사

Series: 두개이상의 연관된 experiments

Group: 동일하게 취급되었거나 비슷한 속성을 가진 실험동물이나 대상환자의 묶음

5세이상의 소아들: children aged 5 years or older/children of 5 years or upward/ children from 5 years old or over

More than(초과) less than(미만)

12개월동안: during(over) a(the) 12-month period/period of 12 months, over 12 months,

12개월동안의 추적관찰에서: during 12 months of follow-up, at 12-month follow-up, at 12months’ follow-up, during(after) a(the) follow-up period of 12months/12-month follow-up period

3개월째에: in the third month, at 3 months

3주째에: at the third week, at 3 weeks

3시간째에: at the third hour, at 3 hours

3일째에: on the third day, on day 3, at 3 days

A(여러 종류가 있지만 그중 어느 하나를 언급할 때), a나 the를 붙이지않으면(여러가지 종류가 있으나 그중 어느 한가지를 한정하지 않을 때), the(주지의 어떤 종류를 뜻하며 어느 한정된 종류를 뜻함)

31 (50%) of the patients, 31 of 62 patients (50%), 50% of (21 of 42) the patients, 50% of 31 patients, 50% of patients

Figures 1 represents/summarizes/illustrates/sets forth/depicts

Table 1 gives/list/includes/outlines/represents

For or to 형용사: adequate, appropriate, dangerous, difficult, disagreeable, easy, essential, important, inadequate, interesting, necessary, significant, suitable, useful

To 형용사: acceptable, advantageous, artificial, beneficial, comprehensive, fatal, foreign, favorable, harmful, fateful, helpful, hostile, hurtful, injurious, intelligible, offensive, perceptible, painful, sensitive, surprising, vital

For 형용사: enough, ideal, requisite, responsible, sufficient

Case 는 사물, case of, patient는 사람, patient with

Cases are reported=patients(cases) are described

Cases are followed=patients are followed up(observed)

The sample is collected and *stored* in a sterile container -> and then stored

Individuals were selected and interviewed by phone. -> after being selected, individuals were interviewed~

The grapes are harvested. The grapes are crushed to release the pulp and seeds. The grapes are fermented for three weeks. -> after being harvested, the grapes are crushed to ~ and then fermented for three weeks.

Patients were randomly assigned to receive X drug or matching placebo for four weeks, after which the dose of X drug ***was increased***(용량을 의도적으로 늘린 것이므로)

Blood pressure increased

As can be seen in the figure, the two curves are very similar/noticeably different.

As can be seen in Fig. 1, the effect occurred ***in 18%*** of cases -> in as many as or in only 18% of cases.

Moveing up from 40% to 44% is a ***4 percentage points(퍼센트의 절대적 차이)*** increase but is an actual ***10 percent increase(이전과 비교할때의 비율적 차이)***

Smith (2017) found X -> 연구자를 강조, X occurs (Smith 2017) -> finding을 강조

제목에 results of, a study of, investigation, report of, approach, consideration, analysis, observation on, effect of, impact of, incidence of, predictors of 는 앞부분에 쓰지 않음.

Lyme disease is an inflammatory disorder caused by the spirochete Borrelia burgdorferi. Lyme disease is the most common parasitic infection in the United States. -> Lyme disease, being caused by the spirochete Borrelia burgdorferi, is the most ~

문장의 끝에 중요한 부분이 들어가도록. This study examined the relationship between A and B.

문장을 연결할 때 전문장의 끝과 뒷문장의 시작부분이 비슷하게 되도록. Younghee spends her Saturday nights at Sweet Bakery. The bakery is owned by Mr.Kim. He opened ~.

In recent years, technology ***reach*** a level -> has reached

OCT ***is used*** to analyze DME. -> has been used

We investigate ~ -> investigated

A questionnaire ***is*** mailed in April. A follow-up questionnaire ***is*** sent 2months later to the dentists who ***do not rep***ly to the initial mailing. -> was mailed, was sent, had not replied

Genomics ***provide*** crucial information -> provides

Table 1 above ***demonstrate*** the ~ -> demonstrates

Fig. 2 ***show*** methyulation -> shows

Our recent study ***talked about*** -> addressed the issue of

A lot of people agreed that this was likely ~ -> there was a wide/broad agreement of

지나치게 화려한 표현 x: fabricate-> make, terminate -> end, endeavor -> try, commence -> start

To get cancer is most ~ -> to be diagnosed with

He got injury -> sustained

He get arthritis -> developed

He get malaria -> contract

There was an increase in the quality of nursing care, as well as decrease in patient mortality -> the quality of nursing care improved, and patient mortality

There appears to be a demonstration -> ~ demonstrated

Physician/patient relationship -> physician-patient relationship

6 months old infant -> 6-month-old

Dose related response -> dose-related

Short term ~ -> short-term

Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) -> magnetic resonance imaging

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) 대문자 그대로 유지

Containing verb, reciprocal action, intransitive verb는 항상 능동태로(consist, support, become)

항상 수동태로 사용: bear(be born), discharge (be discharged), hospitalize (be hospitalized), transfer (be transferred)

형용사 순서: 관사-수(number, many, several)-observation(beautiful, detailed)-크기(small,big)-나이-모양-색깔-유래-재료-목적

문장 처음에 숫자나 기호 사용 x

문장 중간에는 숫자를 사용

A, B, C, and D

Try to는 시도하였으나 실패했다는 의미내포, 실패했다는 의미 제외하려면 investigate

%,℃,° 는 숫자에 붙여서 사용, 띄어쓰는 단위는 끝에 한번만 쓰고 붙여쓰는 단위는 매번 씀

;은 쉼표와 구분하는 큰 쉼표로 사용 control 157 ± 22 g; group 1 160 ± 12g

모든 기호는 앞뒤로 한칸씩 띄우나 /(slash), range, ratio는 앞뒤를 모두 붙임. 1-2, 1/2, 2/day, 1:2

P < 0.1, 120 ± 0.1

동물은 sex로서 male or female이 맞고 사람은 gender로서 man or woman, boy or girl, masculine or feminine으로 표현

Radiography -> radiogram

All of the biochemical tests were unremarkable -> all results of the biochemical tests were