

Data Visualization. 9 - Case Studies

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Code Horizons

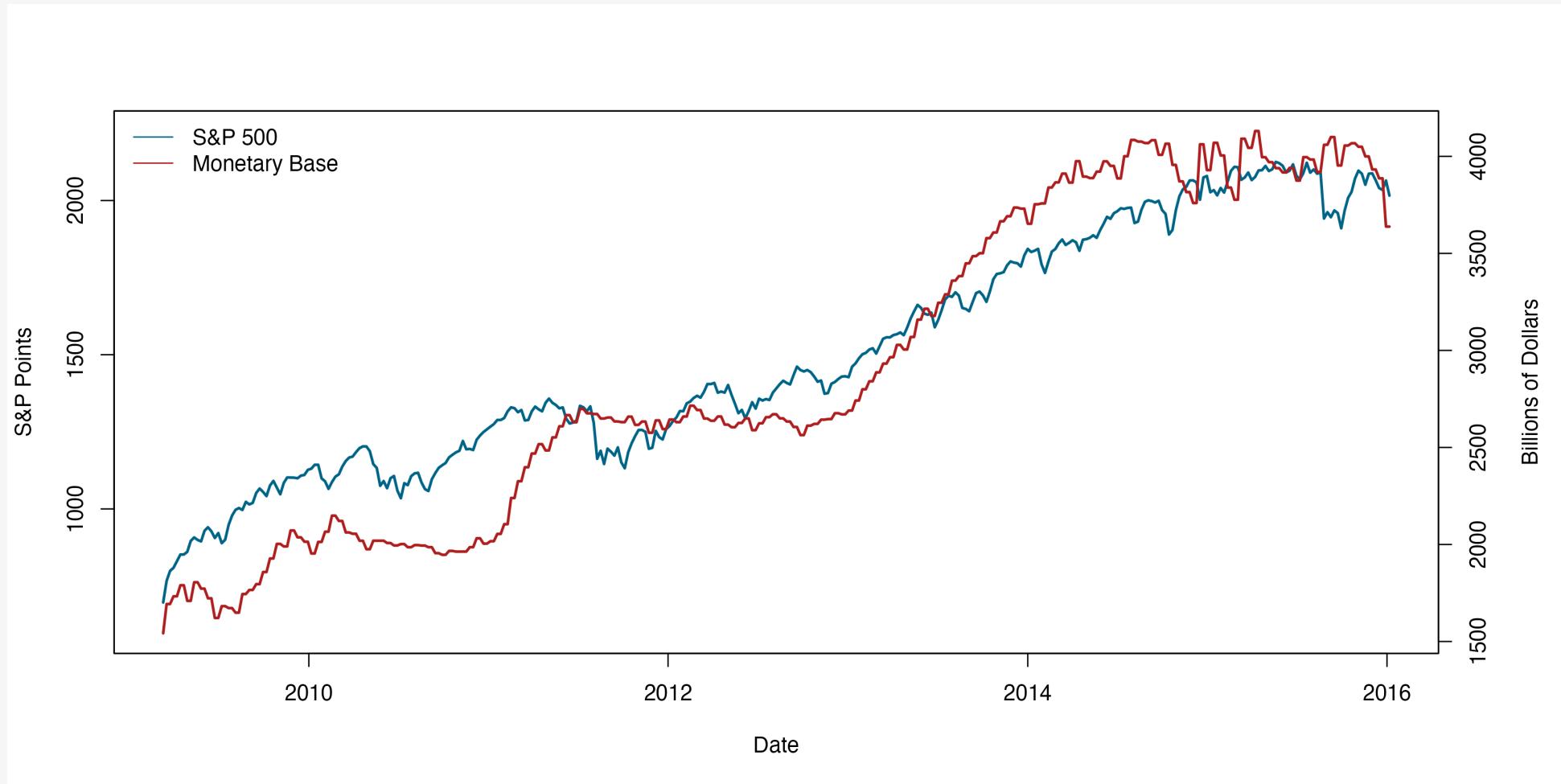
October 6, 2024

Some Case Studies

Load our packages

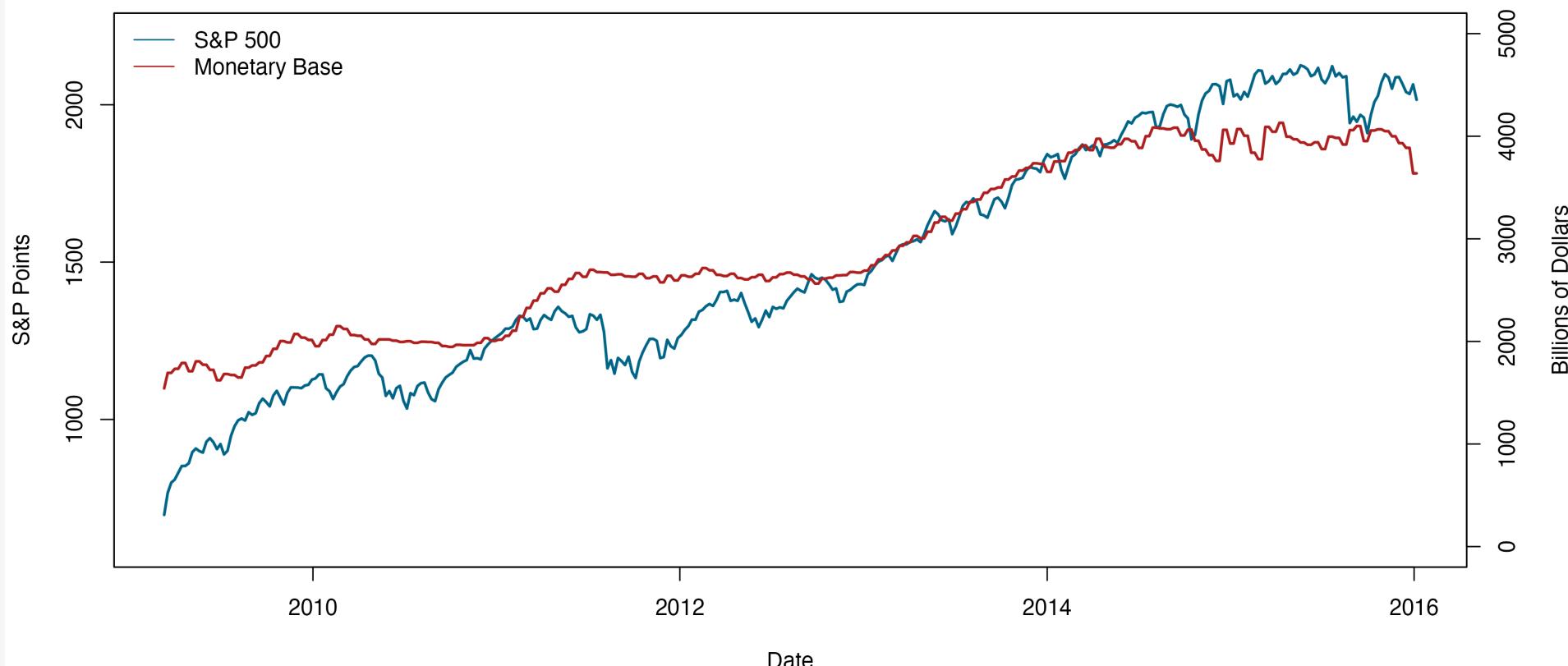
```
library(here)      # manage file paths
library(tidyverse) # your friend and mine
library(cavax)     # california vaccination exemption data
library(colorspace) # luminance-balanced palettes
library(demog)      # demographic data for a graph
library(ggforce)    # useful enhancements to ggplot
library(ggrepel)    # Text and labels
library(gssr)       # the gss packaged for r
library(patchwork)  # compose multiple plots
library(scales)     # scale adjustments and enhancements
library(socviz)     # data and some useful functions
```

Two y-axes



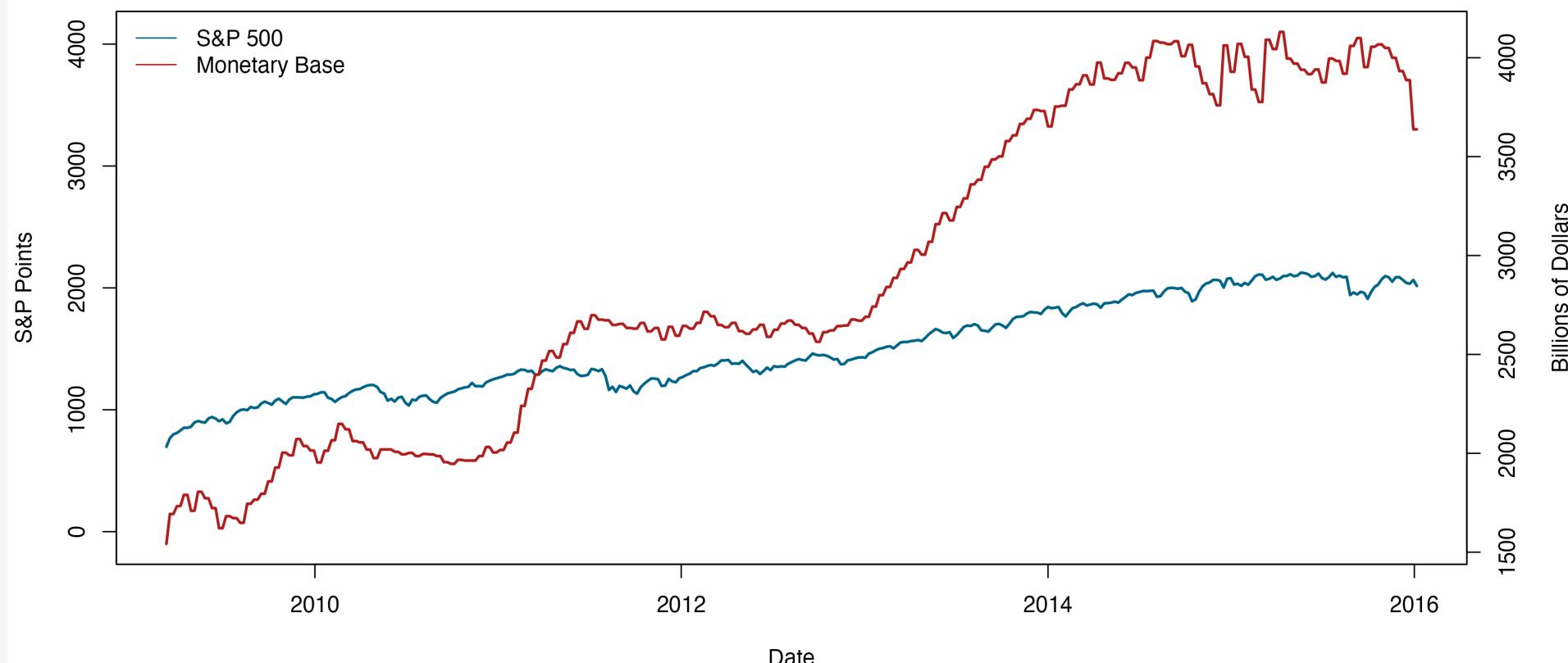
Have we found the secret key to the stock market?

Start y2 at Zero



No. No we have not.

Start y1 at Zero; Max both at Max y2



What to do instead?

```
fredts ← as_tibble(fredts)
fredts

# A tibble: 357 × 5
  date      sp500 monbase sp500_i monbase_i
  <date>    <dbl>   <int>   <dbl>     <dbl>
1 2009-03-11  697. 1542228    100      100
2 2009-03-18  767. 1693133    110.     110.
3 2009-03-25  799. 1693133    115.     110.
4 2009-04-01  809. 1733017    116.     112.
5 2009-04-08  831. 1733017    119.     112.
6 2009-04-15  852. 1789878    122.     116.
7 2009-04-22  852. 1789878    122.     116.
8 2009-04-29  861. 1709369    124.     111.
9 2009-05-06  896. 1709369    129.     111.
10 2009-05-13 908. 1805373    130.     117.
# i 347 more rows
```

Pivot the data

```
fredts
```

```
# A tibble: 357 × 5
  date      sp500 monbase sp500_i monbase_i
  <date>    <dbl>   <int>   <dbl>     <dbl>
1 2009-03-11  697.  1542228    100      100
2 2009-03-18  767.  1693133    110.     110.
3 2009-03-25  799.  1693133    115.     110.
4 2009-04-01  809.  1733017    116.     112.
5 2009-04-08  831.  1733017    119.     112.
6 2009-04-15  852.  1789878    122.     116.
7 2009-04-22  852.  1789878    122.     116.
8 2009-04-29  861.  1709369    124.     111.
9 2009-05-06  896.  1709369    129.     111.
10 2009-05-13  908.  1805373   130.     117.
# i 347 more rows
```

Pivot the data

```
fredts >  
  select(date, sp500_i, monbase_i)
```

```
# A tibble: 357 × 3  
  date      sp500_i monbase_i  
  <date>     <dbl>    <dbl>  
1 2009-03-11     100     100  
2 2009-03-18     110.    110.  
3 2009-03-25     115.    110.  
4 2009-04-01     116.    112.  
5 2009-04-08     119.    112.  
6 2009-04-15     122.    116.  
7 2009-04-22     122.    116.  
8 2009-04-29     124.    111.  
9 2009-05-06     129.    111.  
10 2009-05-13    130.    117.  
# i 347 more rows
```

Pivot the data

```
fredts %>  
  select(date, sp500_i, monbase_i) %>  
  pivot_longer(sp500_i:monbase_i,  
              names_to = "series",  
              values_to = "score")
```

```
# A tibble: 714 × 3  
  date      series    score  
  <date>    <chr>     <dbl>  
1 2009-03-11 sp500_i    100  
2 2009-03-11 monbase_i  100  
3 2009-03-18 sp500_i    110.  
4 2009-03-18 monbase_i  110.  
5 2009-03-25 sp500_i    115.  
6 2009-03-25 monbase_i  110.  
7 2009-04-01 sp500_i    116.  
8 2009-04-01 monbase_i  112.  
9 2009-04-08 sp500_i    119.  
10 2009-04-08 monbase_i 112.  
# i 704 more rows
```

Pivot the data

```
fredts %>  
  select(date, sp500_i, monbase_i) %>  
  pivot_longer(sp500_i:monbase_i,  
              names_to = "series",  
              values_to = "score") %>  
  fredts_m
```

Pivot the data

```
fredts %>  
  select(date, sp500_i, monbase_i) %>  
  pivot_longer(sp500_i:monbase_i,  
              names_to = "series",  
              values_to = "score") %>  
  fredts_m
```

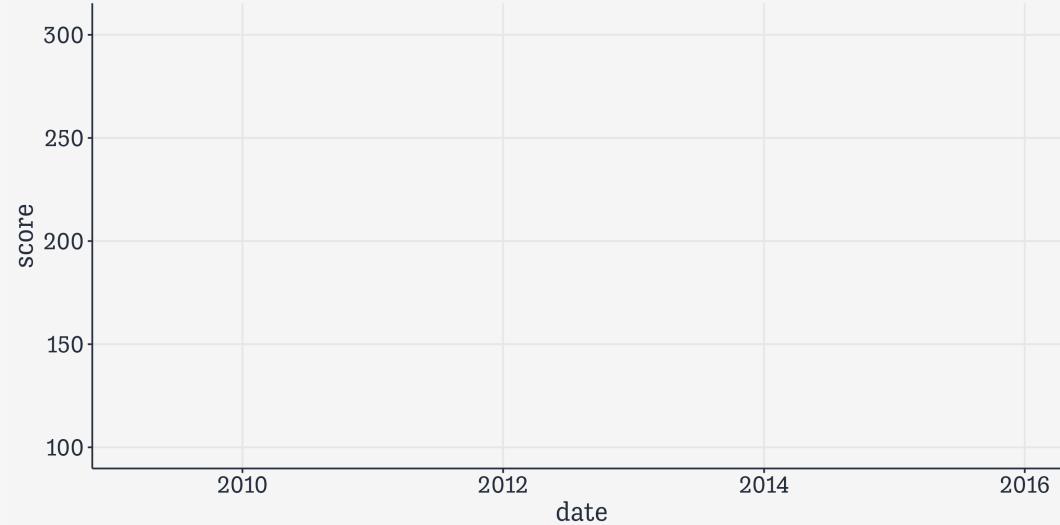
Make two plots

```
fredts_m
```

```
# A tibble: 714 × 3
  date      series    score
  <date>    <chr>     <dbl>
1 2009-03-11 sp500_i    100
2 2009-03-11 monbase_i  100
3 2009-03-18 sp500_i    110.
4 2009-03-18 monbase_i  110.
5 2009-03-25 sp500_i    115.
6 2009-03-25 monbase_i  110.
7 2009-04-01 sp500_i    116.
8 2009-04-01 monbase_i  112.
9 2009-04-08 sp500_i    119.
10 2009-04-08 monbase_i 112.
# i 704 more rows
```

Make two plots

```
fredts_m >  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(x = date,  
        y = score,  
        color = series))
```



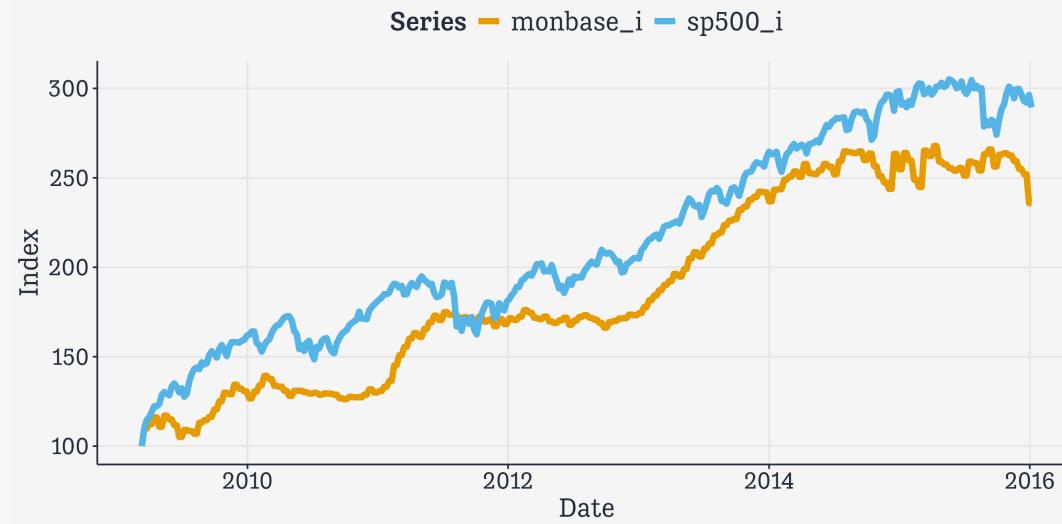
Make two plots

```
fredts_m >  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(x = date,  
        y = score,  
        color = series)) +  
  geom_line(linewidth = 2)
```



Make two plots

```
fredts_m >  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(x = date,  
        y = score,  
        color = series)) +  
  geom_line(linewidth = 2) +  
  labs(x = "Date", y = "Index",  
       color = "Series")
```



Make two plots

```
fredts_m >  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(x = date,  
        y = score,  
        color = series)) +  
  geom_line(linewidth = 2) +  
  labs(x = "Date", y = "Index",  
       color = "Series") +  
  theme(axis.title.x = element_blank(),  
        axis.text.x = element_blank(),  
        axis.ticks.x = element_blank())
```



Make two plots

```
fredts_m >
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(x = date,
        y = score,
        color = series)) +
  geom_line(linewidth = 2) +
  labs(x = "Date", y = "Index",
       color = "Series") +
  theme(axis.title.x = element_blank(),
        axis.text.x = element_blank(),
        axis.ticks.x = element_blank()) ->
  p1
```

Make two plots

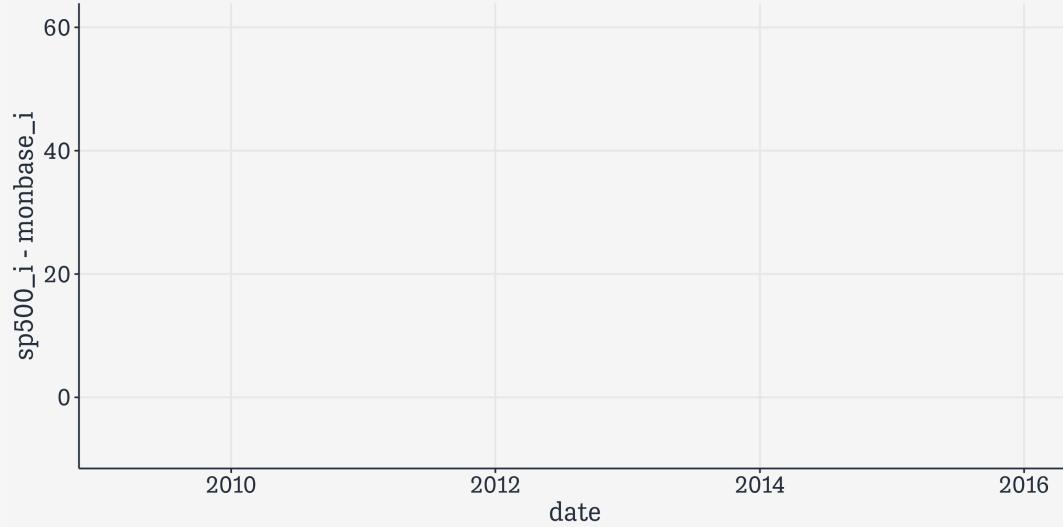
```
fredts_m ▷  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(x = date,  
        y = score,  
        color = series)) +  
  geom_line(linewidth = 2) +  
  labs(x = "Date", y = "Index",  
       color = "Series") +  
  theme(axis.title.x = element_blank(),  
        axis.text.x = element_blank(),  
        axis.ticks.x = element_blank()) →  
  p1  
  
# The original df  
fredts
```

```
# A tibble: 357 × 5  
  date      sp500 monbase sp500_i monbase_i  
  <date>     <dbl>   <int>    <dbl>     <dbl>  
1 2009-03-11  697.  1542228    100      100  
2 2009-03-18  767.  1693133    110.     110.  
3 2009-03-25  799.  1693133    115.     110.  
4 2009-04-01  809.  1733017    116.     112.  
5 2009-04-08  831.  1733017    119.     112.  
6 2009-04-15  852.  1789878    122.     116.  
7 2009-04-22  852.  1789878    122.     116.  
8 2009-04-29  861.  1709369    124.     111.  
9 2009-05-06  896.  1709369    129.     111.  
10 2009-05-13  908.  1805373   130.     117.  
# i 347 more rows
```

Make two plots

```
fredts_m >
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(x = date,
        y = score,
        color = series)) +
  geom_line(linewidth = 2) +
  labs(x = "Date", y = "Index",
       color = "Series") +
  theme(axis.title.x = element_blank(),
        axis.text.x = element_blank(),
        axis.ticks.x = element_blank()) ->
  p1

# The original df
fredts >
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(x = date,
        y = sp500_i - monbase_i))
```



Make two plots

```
fredts_m >
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(x = date,
        y = score,
        color = series)) +
  geom_line(linewidth = 2) +
  labs(x = "Date", y = "Index",
       color = "Series") +
  theme(axis.title.x = element_blank(),
        axis.text.x = element_blank(),
        axis.ticks.x = element_blank()) ->
  p1

# The original df
fredts >
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(x = date,
        y = sp500_i - monbase_i)) +
  geom_line(linewidth = 1.5)
```



Make two plots

```
fredts_m >
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(x = date,
        y = score,
        color = series)) +
  geom_line(linewidth = 2) +
  labs(x = "Date", y = "Index",
       color = "Series") +
  theme(axis.title.x = element_blank(),
        axis.text.x = element_blank(),
        axis.ticks.x = element_blank()) ->
  p1

# The original df
fredts >
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(x = date,
        y = sp500_i - monbase_i)) +
  geom_line(linewidth = 1.5) +
  labs(x = "Date", y = "Difference")
```



Make two plots

```
fredts_m >
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(x = date,
        y = score,
        color = series)) +
  geom_line(linewidth = 2) +
  labs(x = "Date", y = "Index",
       color = "Series") +
  theme(axis.title.x = element_blank(),
        axis.text.x = element_blank(),
        axis.ticks.x = element_blank()) →
  p1

# The original df
fredts >
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(x = date,
        y = sp500_i - monbase_i)) +
  geom_line(linewidth = 1.5) +
  labs(x = "Date", y = "Difference") →
  p2
```

Make two plots

```
fredts_m >
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(x = date,
        y = score,
        color = series)) +
  geom_line(linewidth = 2) +
  labs(x = "Date", y = "Index",
       color = "Series") +
  theme(axis.title.x = element_blank(),
        axis.text.x = element_blank(),
        axis.ticks.x = element_blank()) →
  p1

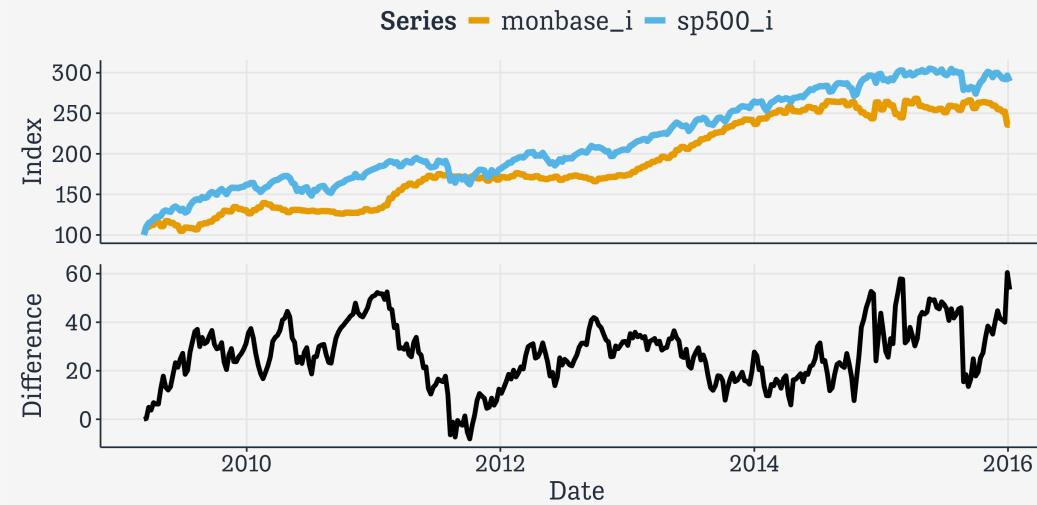
# The original df
fredts >
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(x = date,
        y = sp500_i - monbase_i)) +
  geom_line(linewidth = 1.5) +
  labs(x = "Date", y = "Difference") →
  p2
```

Combine with patchwork

```
library(patchwork)
```

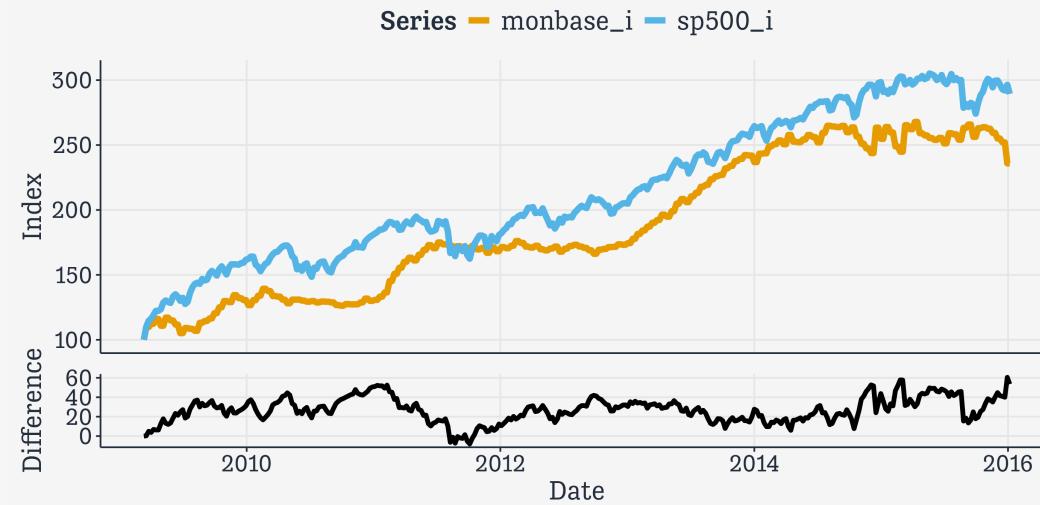
Combine with patchwork

```
library(patchwork)  
(p1 / p2)
```



Combine with patchwork

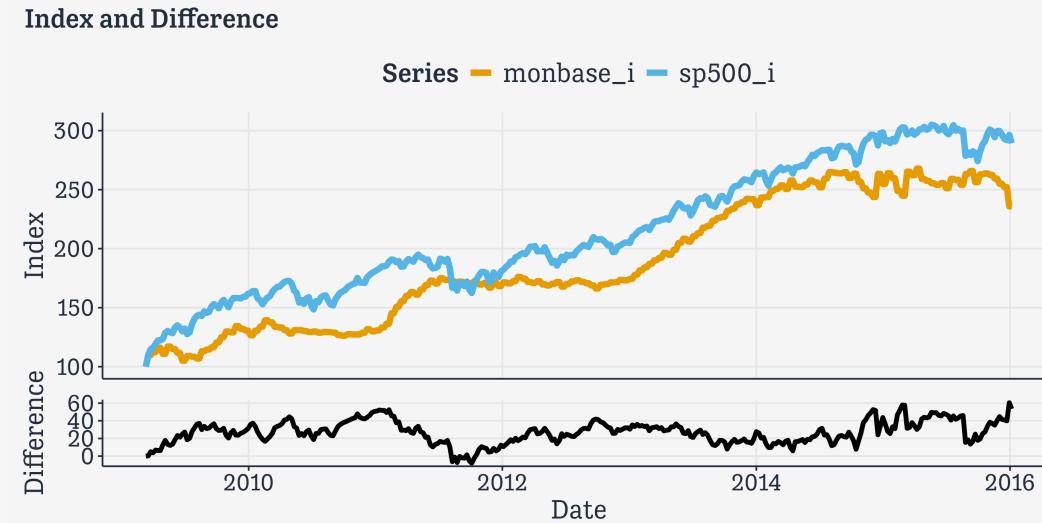
```
library(patchwork)  
  
(p1 / p2) +  
  plot_layout(heights = c(4, 1))
```



Combine with patchwork

```
library(patchwork)

(p1 / p2) +
  plot_layout(heights = c(4, 1)) +
  plot_annotation(title = "Index and Difference")
```

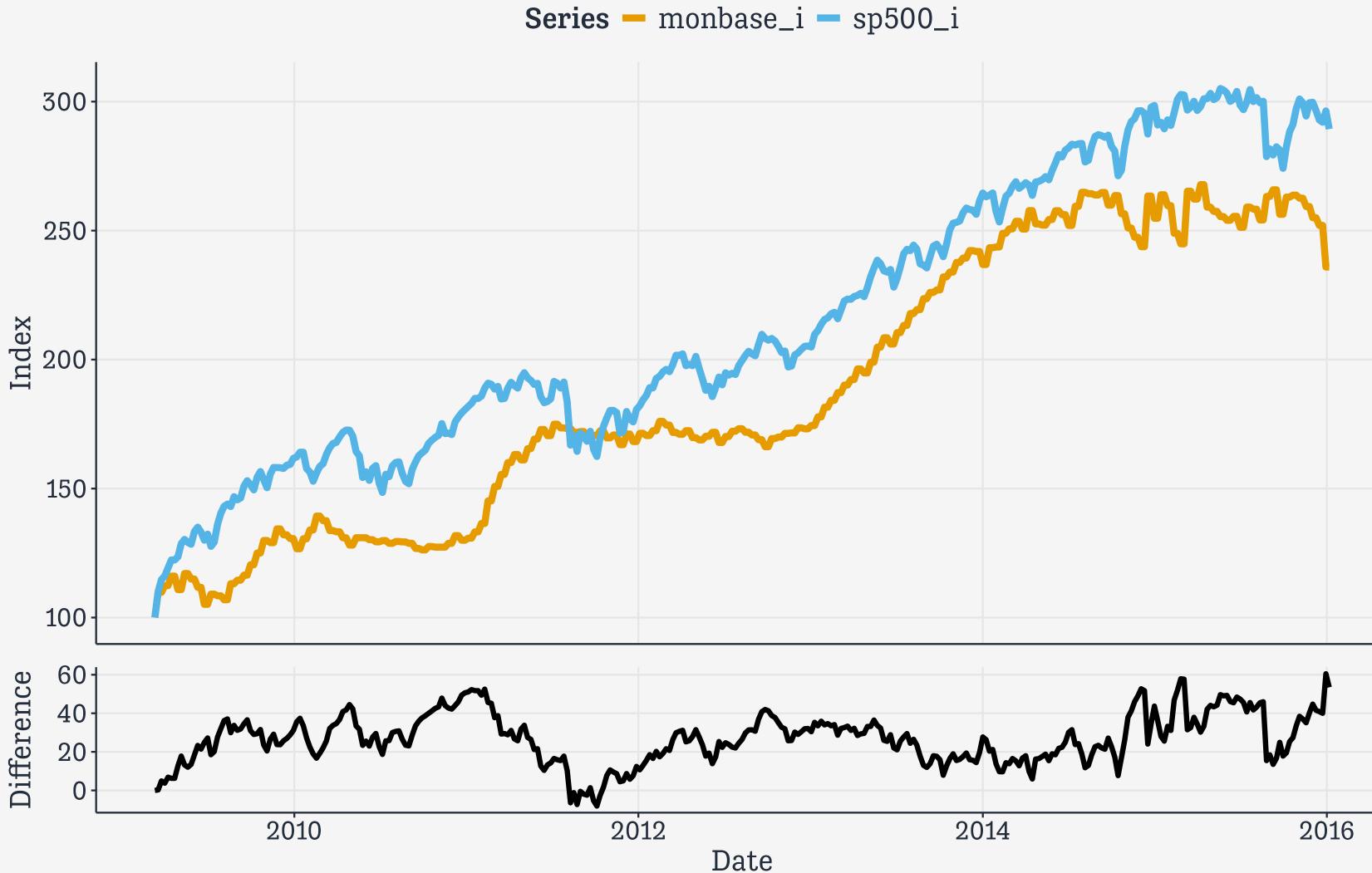


Combine with patchwork

```
library(patchwork)

(p1 / p2) +
  plot_layout(heights = c(4, 1)) +
  plot_annotation(title = "Index and Difference") ->
  p_patch
```

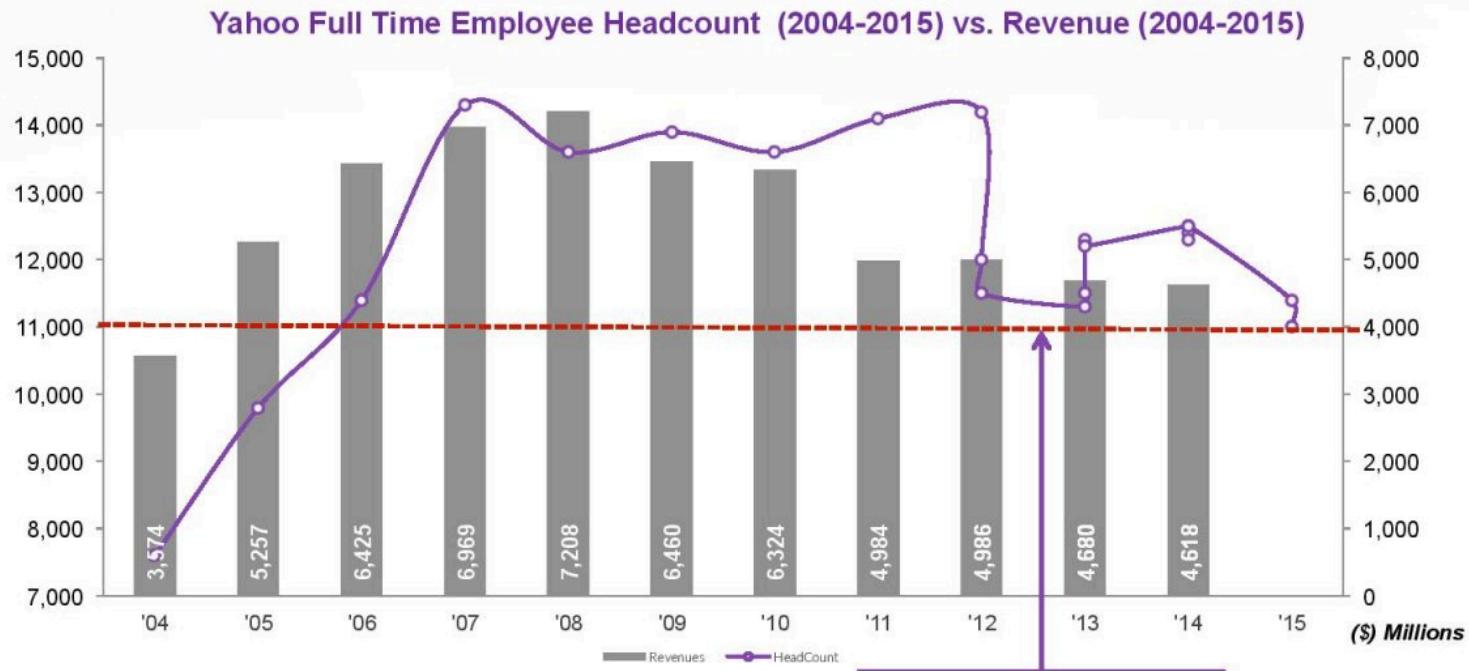
Index and Difference



Patchwork plot.

Redrawing a bad slide

Yahoo's Headcount Still Excessively High Given Revenues:



Source: Company Filings (10K), Analyst calls



Confidential | For Discussion Purposes Only | 13

What can one say, really

The data

yahoo

```
# A tibble: 12 × 4
  Year Revenue Employees Mayer
  <dbl>    <dbl>      <dbl> <chr>
1 2004     3574       7600 No
2 2005     5257       9800 No
3 2006     6425      11400 No
4 2007     6969      14300 No
5 2008     7208      13600 No
6 2009     6460      13900 No
7 2010     6324      13600 No
8 2011     4984      14100 No
9 2012     4986      12000 No
10 2012    4986      11500 Yes
11 2013     4680      12200 Yes
12 2014     4618      12500 Yes
```

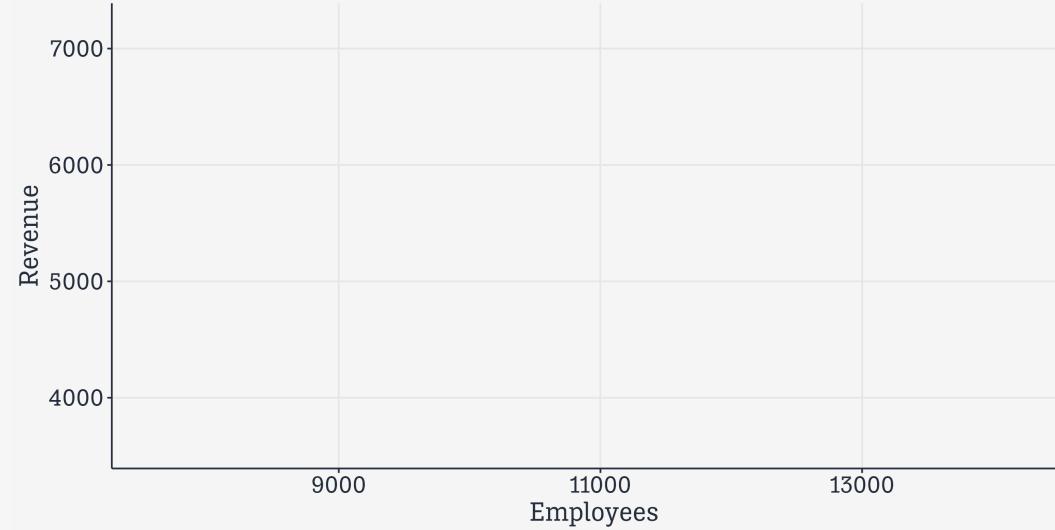
Option 1

```
yahoo
```

```
# A tibble: 12 × 4
  Year Revenue Employees Mayer
  <dbl>    <dbl>      <dbl> <chr>
1 2004     3574      7600  No
2 2005     5257      9800  No
3 2006     6425     11400  No
4 2007     6969     14300  No
5 2008     7208     13600  No
6 2009     6460     13900  No
7 2010     6324     13600  No
8 2011     4984     14100  No
9 2012     4986     12000  No
10 2012    4986     11500  Yes
11 2013     4680     12200  Yes
12 2014     4618     12500  Yes
```

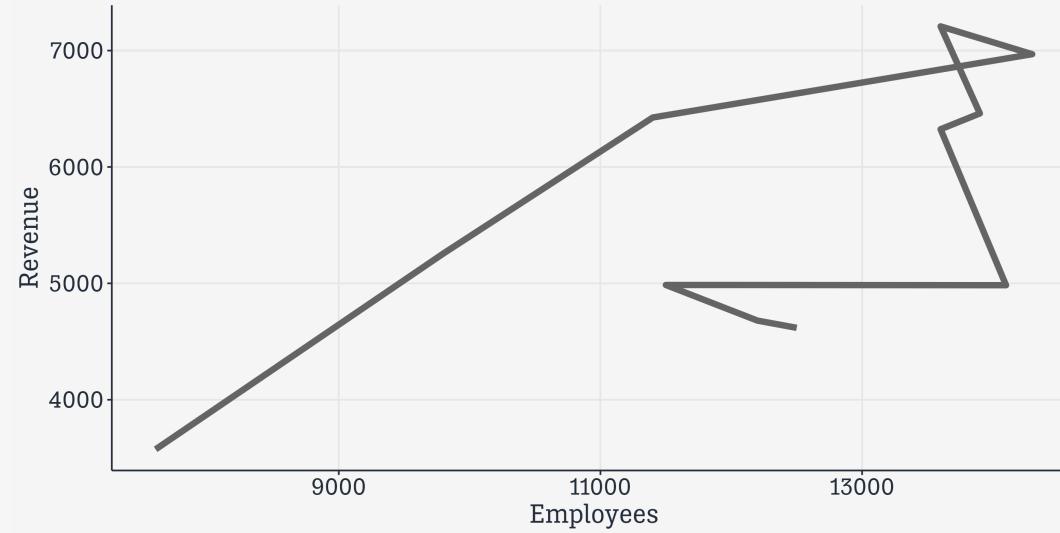
Option 1

```
yahoo >  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(x = Employees,  
        y = Revenue))
```



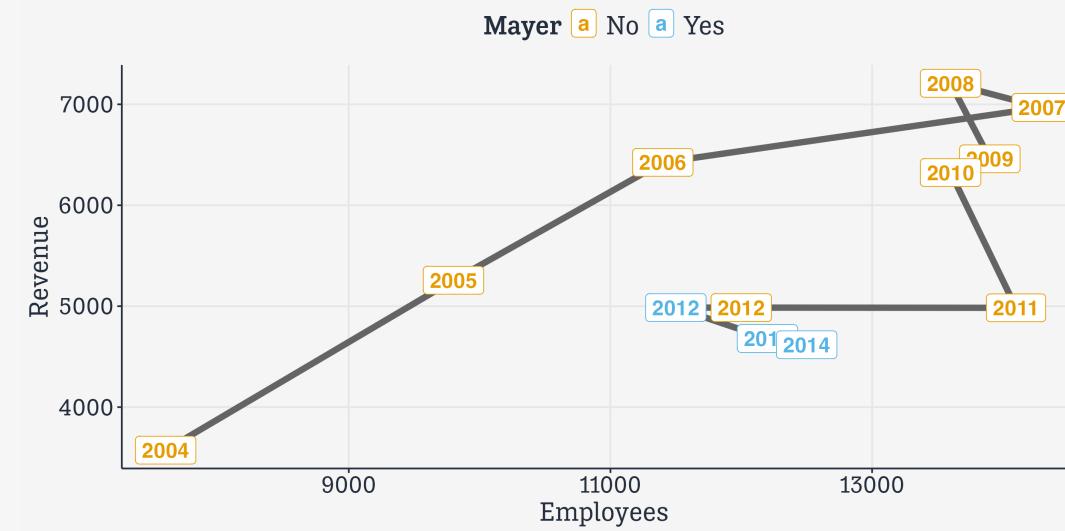
Option 1

```
yahoo >  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(x = Employees,  
        y = Revenue)) +  
  geom_path(color = "gray40",  
            linewidth = rel(2))
```



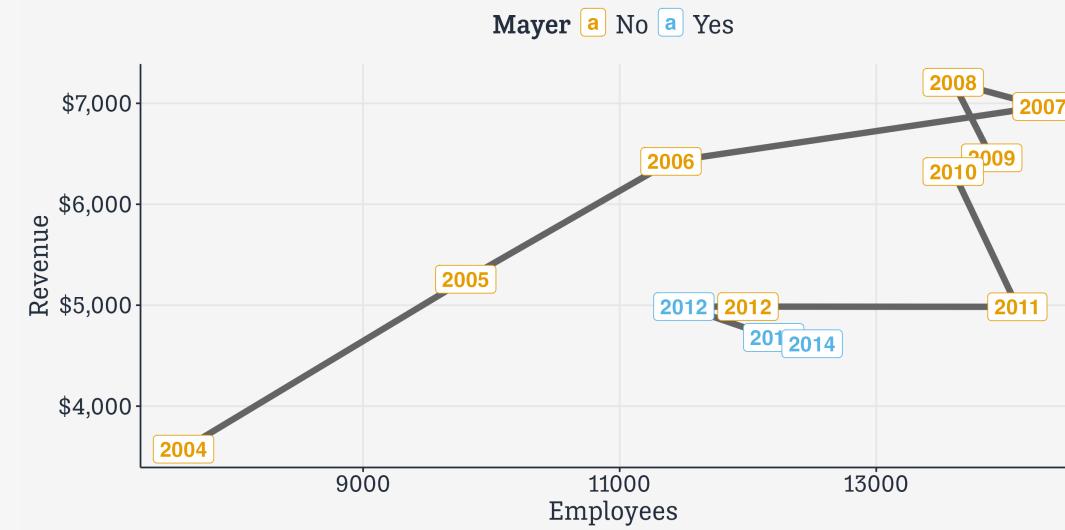
Option 1

```
yahoo >  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(x = Employees,  
        y = Revenue)) +  
  geom_path(color = "gray40",  
            linewidth = rel(2)) +  
  geom_label(aes(color = Mayer,  
                 label = Year),  
             size = rel(5),  
             fontface = "bold")
```



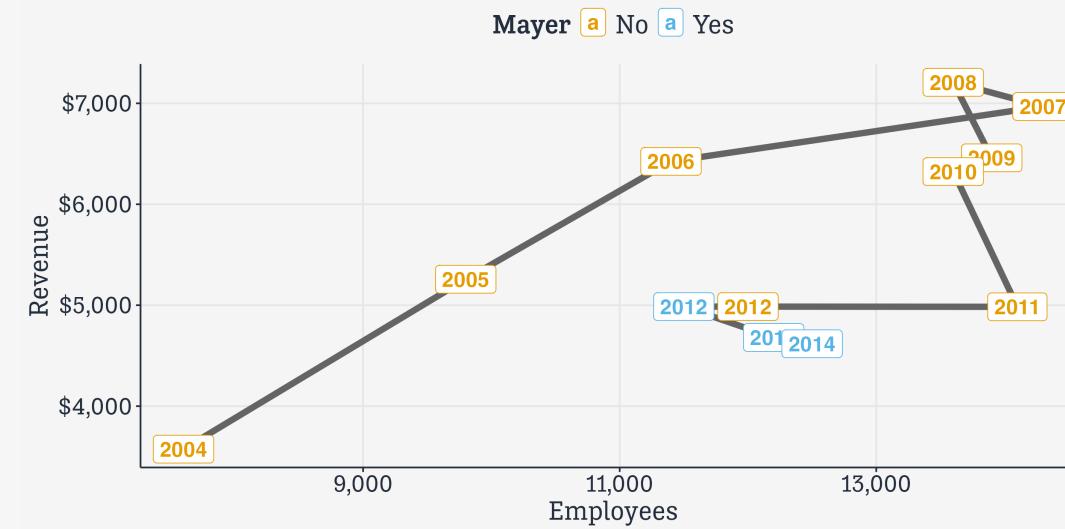
Option 1

```
yahoo >  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(x = Employees,  
        y = Revenue)) +  
  geom_path(color = "gray40",  
            linewidth = rel(2)) +  
  geom_label(aes(color = Mayer,  
                 label = Year),  
             size = rel(5),  
             fontface = "bold") +  
  scale_y_continuous(labels = label_dollar())
```



Option 1

```
yahoo >  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(x = Employees,  
        y = Revenue)) +  
  geom_path(color = "gray40",  
            linewidth = rel(2)) +  
  geom_label(aes(color = Mayer,  
                 label = Year),  
             size = rel(5),  
             fontface = "bold") +  
  scale_y_continuous(labels = label_dollar()) +  
  scale_x_continuous(labels = label_comma())
```



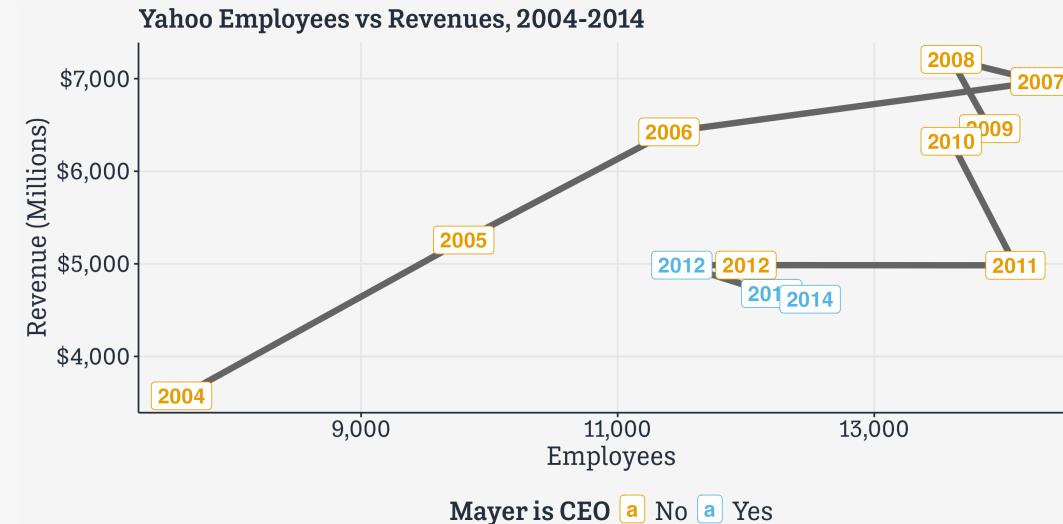
Option 1

```
yahoo >  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(x = Employees,  
        y = Revenue)) +  
  geom_path(color = "gray40",  
            linewidth = rel(2)) +  
  geom_label(aes(color = Mayer,  
                 label = Year),  
             size = rel(5),  
             fontface = "bold") +  
  scale_y_continuous(labels = label_dollar()) +  
  scale_x_continuous(labels = label_comma()) +  
  theme(legend.position = "bottom")
```



Option 1

```
yahoo >
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(x = Employees,
        y = Revenue)) +
  geom_path(color = "gray40",
            linewidth = rel(2)) +
  geom_label(aes(color = Mayer,
                 label = Year),
             size = rel(5),
             fontface = "bold") +
  scale_y_continuous(labels = label_dollar()) +
  scale_x_continuous(labels = label_comma()) +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom") +
  labs(color = "Mayer is CEO",
       x = "Employees", y = "Revenue (Millions)",
       title = "Yahoo Employees vs Revenues, 2004-2014")
```



Option 1

```
yahoo >
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(x = Employees,
        y = Revenue)) +
  geom_path(color = "gray40",
            linewidth = rel(2)) +
  geom_label(aes(color = Mayer,
                 label = Year),
             size = rel(5),
             fontface = "bold") +
  scale_y_continuous(labels = label_dollar()) +
  scale_x_continuous(labels = label_comma()) +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom") +
  labs(color = "Mayer is CEO",
       x = "Employees", y = "Revenue (Millions)",
       title = "Yahoo Employees vs Revenues, 2004-2011")
yahoo1
```

Option 1

```
yahoo >
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(x = Employees,
        y = Revenue)) +
  geom_path(color = "gray40",
            linewidth = rel(2)) +
  geom_label(aes(color = Mayer,
                 label = Year),
             size = rel(5),
             fontface = "bold") +
  scale_y_continuous(labels = label_dollar()) +
  scale_x_continuous(labels = label_comma()) +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom") +
  labs(color = "Mayer is CEO",
       x = "Employees", y = "Revenue (Millions)",
       title = "Yahoo Employees vs Revenues, 2004-2011")
yahoo1
```

Yahoo Employees vs Revenues, 2004-2014



Redrawn with `geom_path()`

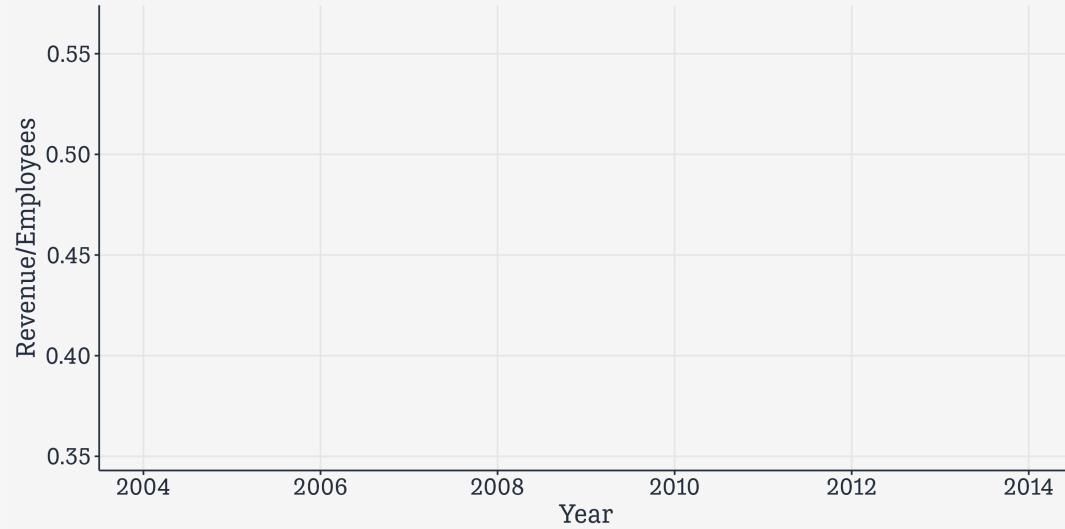
Alternatively ...

```
yahoo
```

```
# A tibble: 12 × 4
  Year Revenue Employees Mayer
  <dbl>    <dbl>      <dbl> <chr>
1 2004     3574      7600  No
2 2005     5257      9800  No
3 2006     6425     11400  No
4 2007     6969     14300  No
5 2008     7208     13600  No
6 2009     6460     13900  No
7 2010     6324     13600  No
8 2011     4984     14100  No
9 2012     4986     12000  No
10 2012    4986     11500  Yes
11 2013    4680     12200  Yes
12 2014    4618     12500  Yes
```

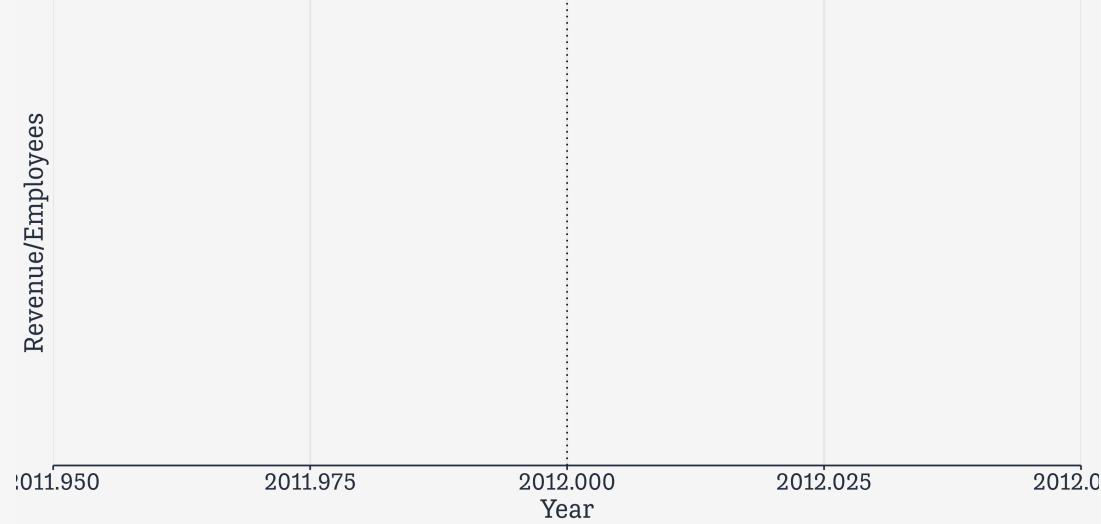
Alternatively ...

```
yahoo %>  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(x = Year,  
        y = Revenue/Employees))
```



Alternatively ...

```
yahoo >  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(x = Year,  
        y = Revenue/Employees)) +  
  geom_vline(xintercept = 2012,  
             linewidth = rel(0.5),  
             linetype = "dotted")
```



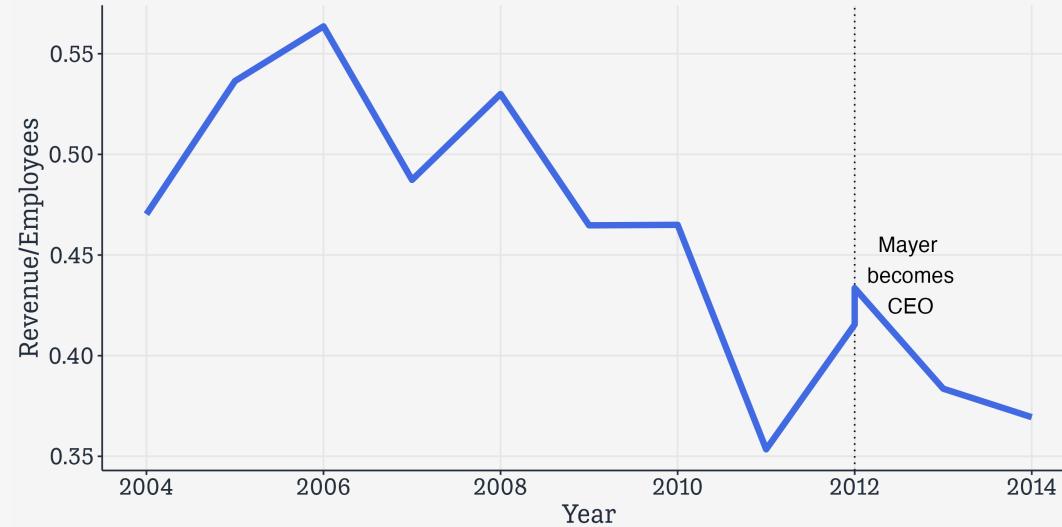
Alternatively ...

```
yahoo >  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(x = Year,  
        y = Revenue/Employees)) +  
  geom_vline(xintercept = 2012,  
             linewidth = rel(0.5),  
             linetype = "dotted") +  
  geom_line(color = "royalblue", linewidth = rel(2))
```



Alternatively ...

```
yahoo >  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(x = Year,  
        y = Revenue/Employees)) +  
  geom_vline(xintercept = 2012,  
             linewidth = rel(0.5),  
             linetype = "dotted") +  
  geom_line(color = "royalblue", linewidth = rel(2))  
  annotate("text", x = 2012.6, y = 0.44,  
          label = "Mayer\n becomes\n CEO", size = re
```



Alternatively ...

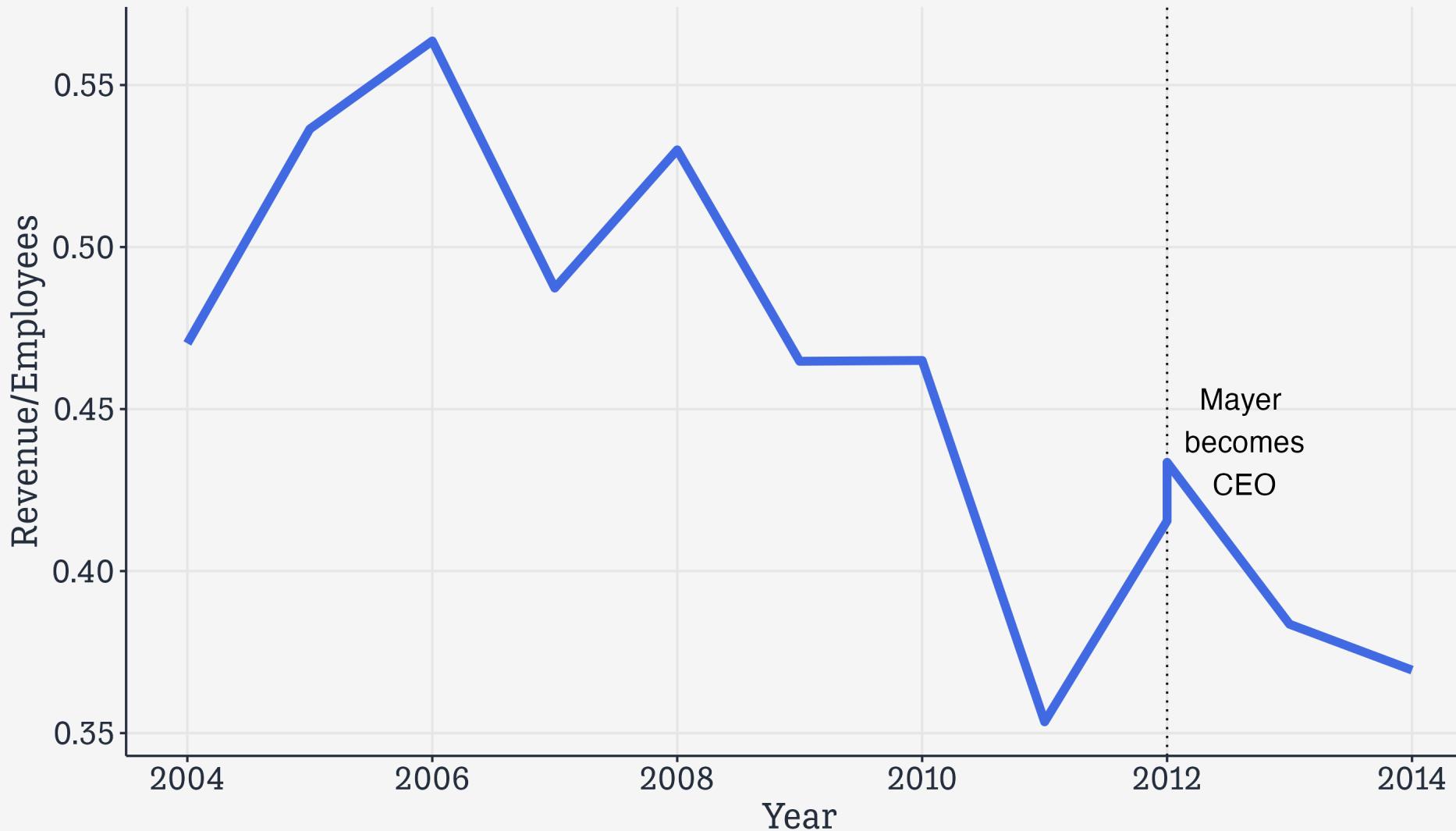
```
yahoo >
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(x = Year,
        y = Revenue/Employees)) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 2012,
             linewidth = rel(0.5),
             linetype = "dotted") +
  geom_line(color = "royalblue", linewidth = rel(2))
  annotate("text", x = 2012.6, y = 0.44,
           label = "Mayer\n becomes\n CEO", size = 12)
  labs(title = "Yahoo Revenue to Employee Ratio, 2004-2014",
       x = "Year",
       y = "Revenue/Employees")
```



Alternatively ...

```
yahoo >
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(x = Year,
        y = Revenue/Employees)) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 2012,
             linewidth = rel(0.5),
             linetype = "dotted") +
  geom_line(color = "royalblue", linewidth = rel(2))
  annotate("text", x = 2012.6, y = 0.44,
           label = "Mayer\n becomes\n CEO", size = rel(3))
  labs(title = "Yahoo Revenue to Employee Ratio, 2004-2012",
       x = "Year",
       y = "Revenue/Employees") -->
yahoo2
```

Yahoo Revenue to Employee Ratio, 2004-2014



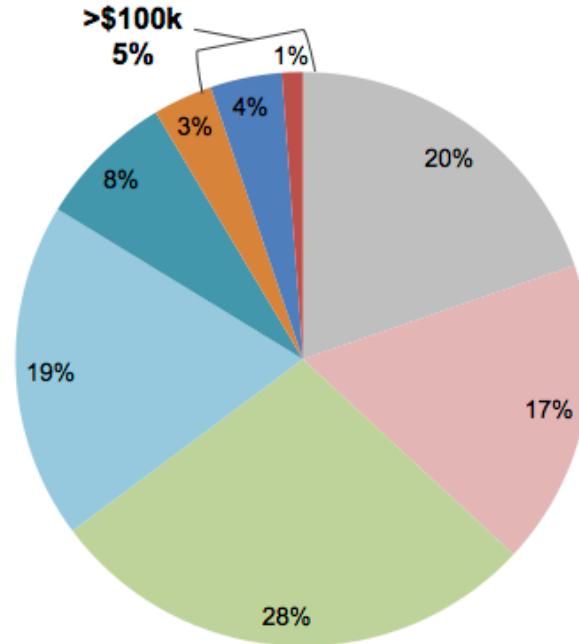
If you're interested in the ratio, just show the ratio.

Say no to pie

Pie charts are easy to mess up

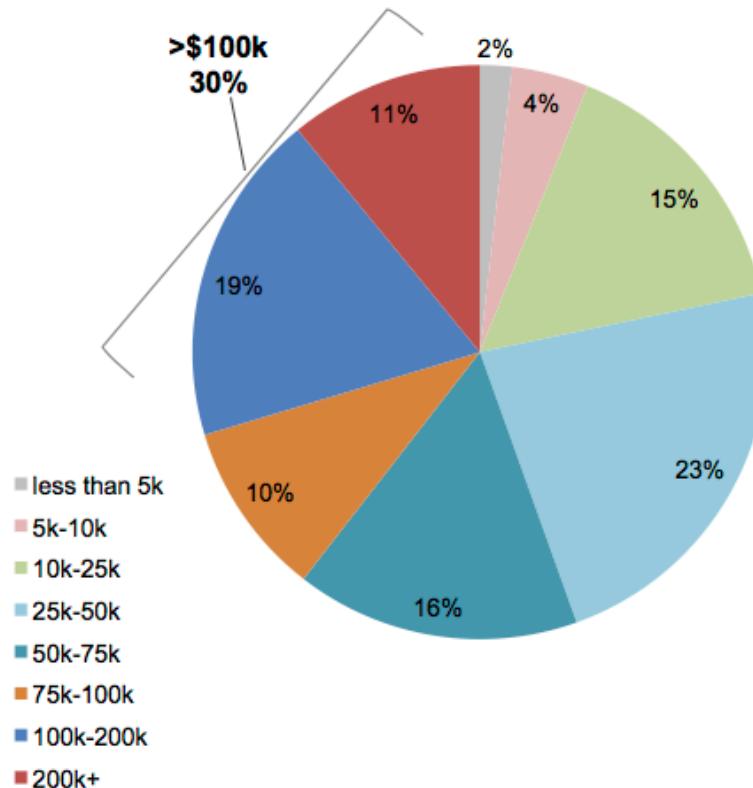
Borrower Distribution by Outstanding Balance

out of 44 million borrowers in 2016



Debt Distribution by Outstanding Balance

out of \$1.3 trillion in 2016



The data

```
studebt
```

```
# A tibble: 16 × 4
  Debt      type      pct Debtrc
  <ord>     <fct>    <int> <ord>
  1 Under $5 Borrowers 20 Under $5
  2 $5-$10  Borrowers 17 $5-$10
  3 $10-$25 Borrowers 28 $10-$25
  4 $25-$50 Borrowers 19 $25-$50
  5 $50-$75 Borrowers  8 $50-$75
  6 $75-$100 Borrowers  3 $75-$100
  7 $100-$200 Borrowers  4 $100-$200
  8 Over $200 Borrowers  1 Over $200
  9 Under $5 Balances  2 Under $5
 10 $5-$10  Balances  4 $5-$10
 11 $10-$25 Balances 15 $10-$25
 12 $25-$50 Balances 23 $25-$50
 13 $50-$75 Balances 16 $50-$75
 14 $75-$100 Balances 10 $75-$100
 15 $100-$200 Balances 19 $100-$200
 16 Over $200 Balances 11 Over $200
```

Debt and Debtrc are both ordered factors.

A little prep work

```
p_ylab ← "Amount Owed, in thousands of Dollars"
p_title ← "Outstanding Student Loans"
p_subtitle ← "44 million borrowers owe a total of $1.3 trillion"
p_caption ← "Source: FRB NY"

studebt ← studebt ▷
  mutate(type_label = recode(type, "Borrowers" = "Percent of all Borrowers",
                             "Balances" = "Percent of all Balances"))

studebt
```

#	Debt	type	pct Debtrc	type_label
	<ord>	<fct>	<int>	<ord>
1	Under \$5	Borrowers	20	Under \$5
2	\$5-\$10	Borrowers	17	\$5-\$10
3	\$10-\$25	Borrowers	28	\$10-\$25
4	\$25-\$50	Borrowers	19	\$25-\$50
5	\$50-\$75	Borrowers	8	\$50-\$75
6	\$75-\$100	Borrowers	3	\$75-\$100
7	\$100-\$200	Borrowers	4	\$100-\$200
8	Over \$200	Borrowers	1	Over \$200
9	Under \$5	Balances	2	Under \$5
10	\$5-\$10	Balances	4	\$5-\$10
11	\$10-\$25	Balances	15	\$10-\$25
12	\$25-\$50	Balances	23	\$25-\$50
13	\$50-\$75	Balances	16	\$50-\$75
14	\$75-\$100	Balances	10	\$75-\$100
15	\$100-\$200	Balances	19	\$100-\$200
16	Over \$200	Balances	11	Over \$200

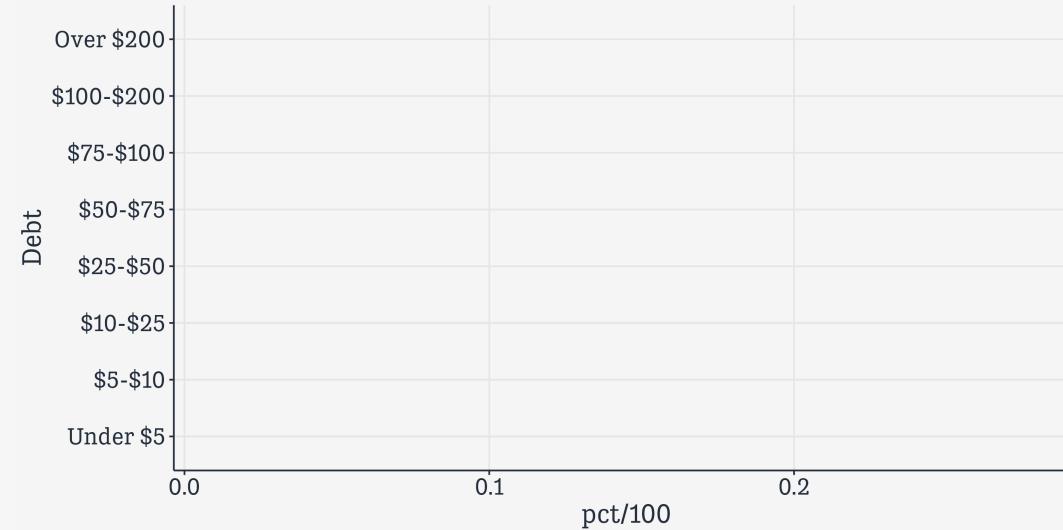
Debt Plot 1

```
studebt
```

#	Debt	type	pct	Debtrc	type_label
	<ord>	<fct>	<int>	<ord>	<fct>
1	Under \$5	Borrowers	20	Under \$5	Percent of all Borrowers
2	\$5-\$10	Borrowers	17	\$5-\$10	Percent of all Borrowers
3	\$10-\$25	Borrowers	28	\$10-\$25	Percent of all Borrowers
4	\$25-\$50	Borrowers	19	\$25-\$50	Percent of all Borrowers
5	\$50-\$75	Borrowers	8	\$50-\$75	Percent of all Borrowers
6	\$75-\$100	Borrowers	3	\$75-\$100	Percent of all Borrowers
7	\$100-\$200	Borrowers	4	\$100-\$200	Percent of all Borrowers
8	Over \$200	Borrowers	1	Over \$200	Percent of all Borrowers
9	Under \$5	Balances	2	Under \$5	Percent of all Balances
10	\$5-\$10	Balances	4	\$5-\$10	Percent of all Balances
11	\$10-\$25	Balances	15	\$10-\$25	Percent of all Balances
12	\$25-\$50	Balances	23	\$25-\$50	Percent of all Balances
13	\$50-\$75	Balances	16	\$50-\$75	Percent of all Balances
14	\$75-\$100	Balances	10	\$75-\$100	Percent of all Balances
15	\$100-\$200	Balances	19	\$100-\$200	Percent of all Balances
16	Over \$200	Balances	11	Over \$200	Percent of all Balances

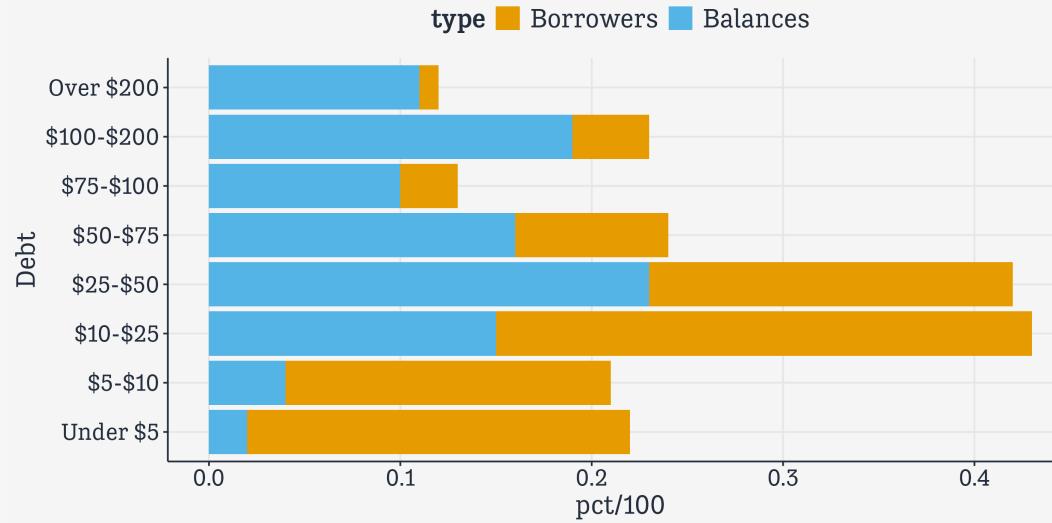
Debt Plot 1

```
studebt %>%  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(x = pct/100,  
        y = Debt,  
        fill = type))
```



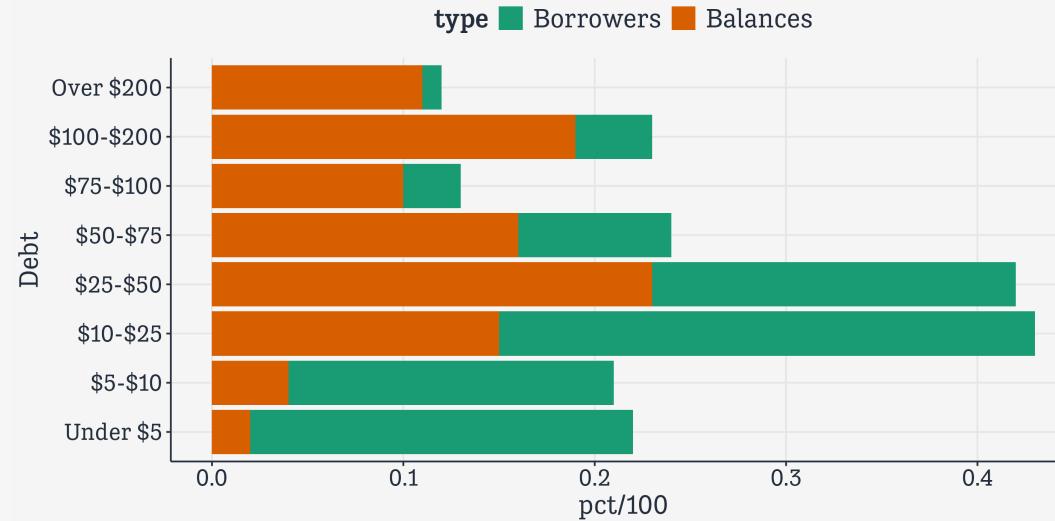
Debt Plot 1

```
studebt %>  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(x = pct/100,  
        y = Debt,  
        fill = type)) +  
  
  geom_col()
```



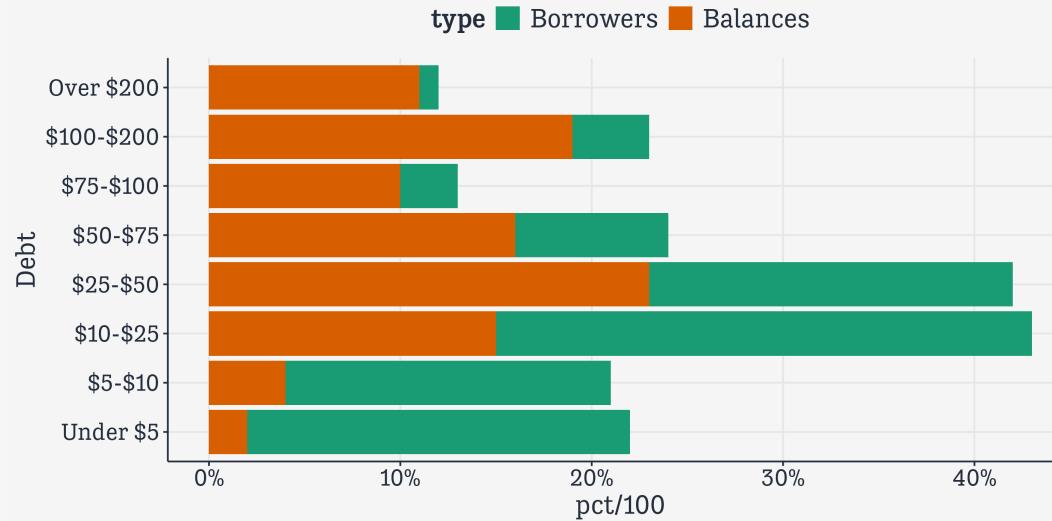
Debt Plot 1

```
studebt %>  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(x = pct/100,  
        y = Debt,  
        fill = type)) +  
  geom_col() +  
  scale_fill_brewer(type = "qual",  
                    palette = "Dark2")
```



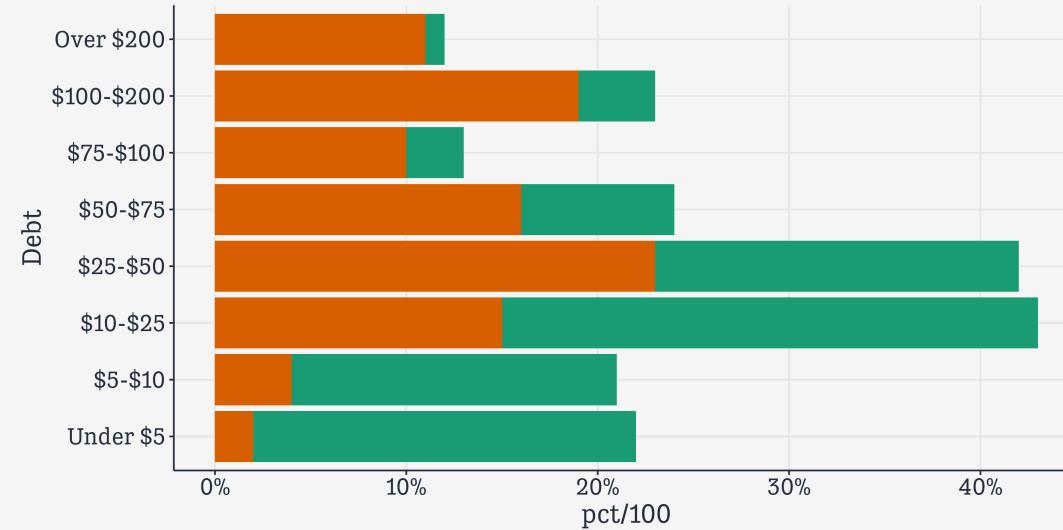
Debt Plot 1

```
studebt %>  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(x = pct/100,  
        y = Debt,  
        fill = type)) +  
  geom_col() +  
  scale_fill_brewer(type = "qual",  
                    palette = "Dark2") +  
  scale_x_continuous(labels = label_percent())
```



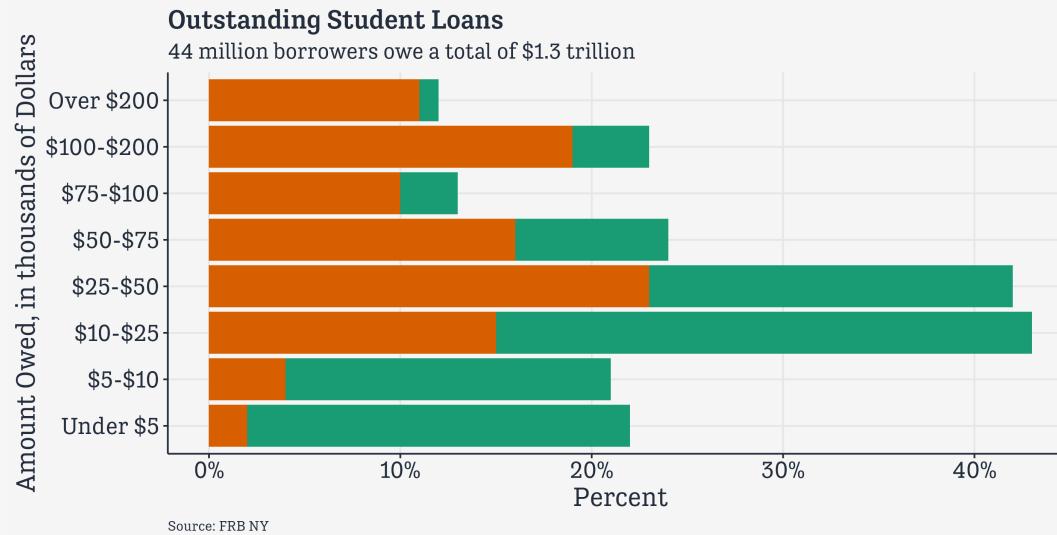
Debt Plot 1

```
studebt %>  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(x = pct/100,  
        y = Debt,  
        fill = type)) +  
  geom_col() +  
  scale_fill_brewer(type = "qual",  
                    palette = "Dark2") +  
  scale_x_continuous(labels = label_percent()) +  
  guides(fill = "none")
```



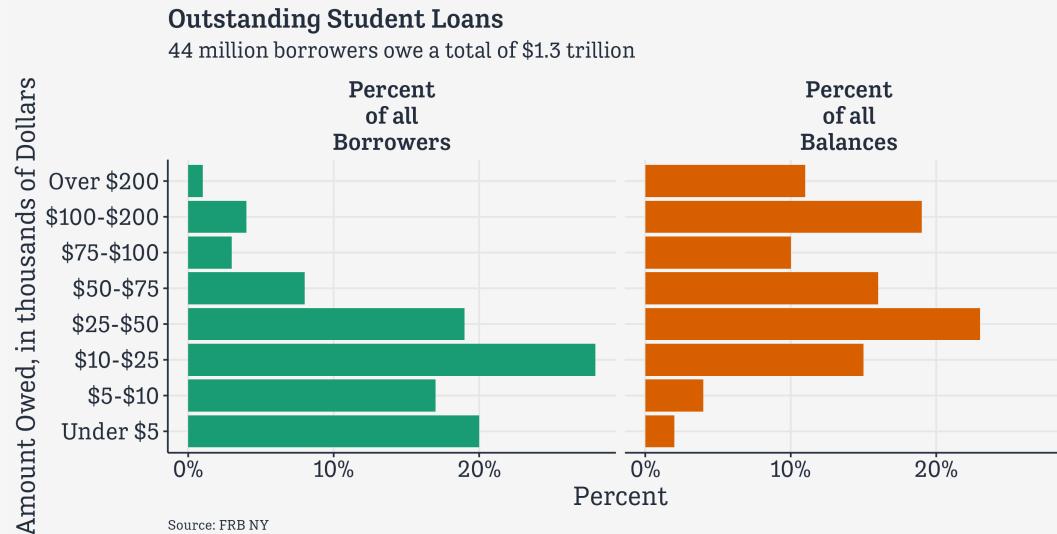
Debt Plot 1

```
studebt %>
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(x = pct/100,
        y = Debt,
        fill = type)) +
  geom_col() +
  scale_fill_brewer(type = "qual",
                    palette = "Dark2") +
  scale_x_continuous(labels = label_percent()) +
  guides(fill = "none") +
  labs(x = "Percent",
       y = p_ylab,
       caption = p_caption,
       title = p_title,
       subtitle = p_subtitle)
```



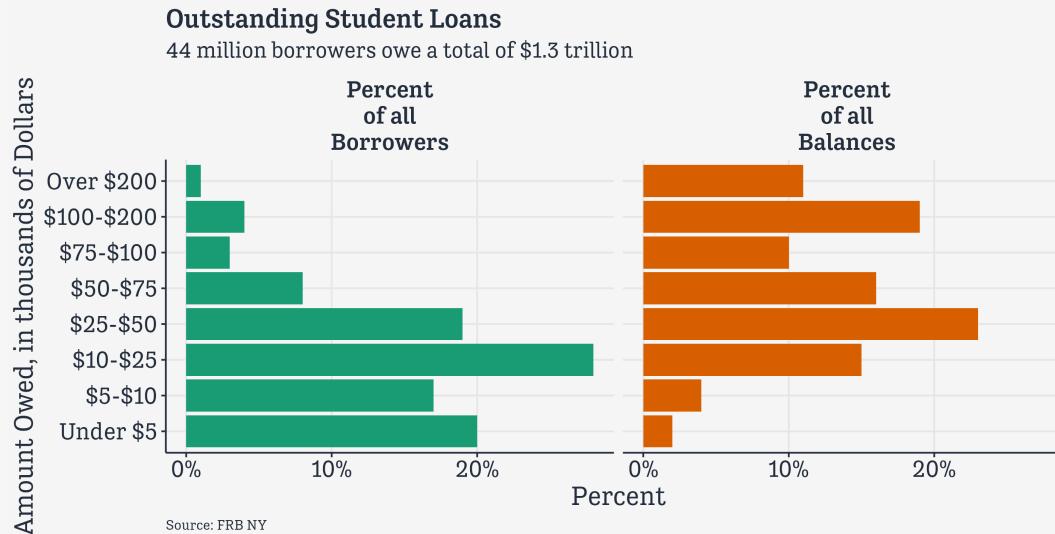
Debt Plot 1

```
studebt %>  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(x = pct/100,  
        y = Debt,  
        fill = type)) +  
  geom_col() +  
  scale_fill_brewer(type = "qual",  
                    palette = "Dark2") +  
  scale_x_continuous(labels = label_percent()) +  
  guides(fill = "none") +  
  labs(x = "Percent",  
       y = p_ylab,  
       caption = p_caption,  
       title = p_title,  
       subtitle = p_subtitle) +  
  facet_wrap(~ type_label,  
            labeller =  
              label_wrap_gen(width=10))
```



Debt Plot 1

```
studebt %>
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(x = pct/100,
        y = Debt,
        fill = type)) +
  geom_col() +
  scale_fill_brewer(type = "qual",
                    palette = "Dark2") +
  scale_x_continuous(labels = label_percent()) +
  guides(fill = "none") +
  labs(x = "Percent",
       y = p_ylab,
       caption = p_caption,
       title = p_title,
       subtitle = p_subtitle) +
  facet_wrap(~ type_label,
             labeller =
               label_wrap_gen(width=10)) +
  theme(strip.text.x =
        element_text(face = "bold"))
```

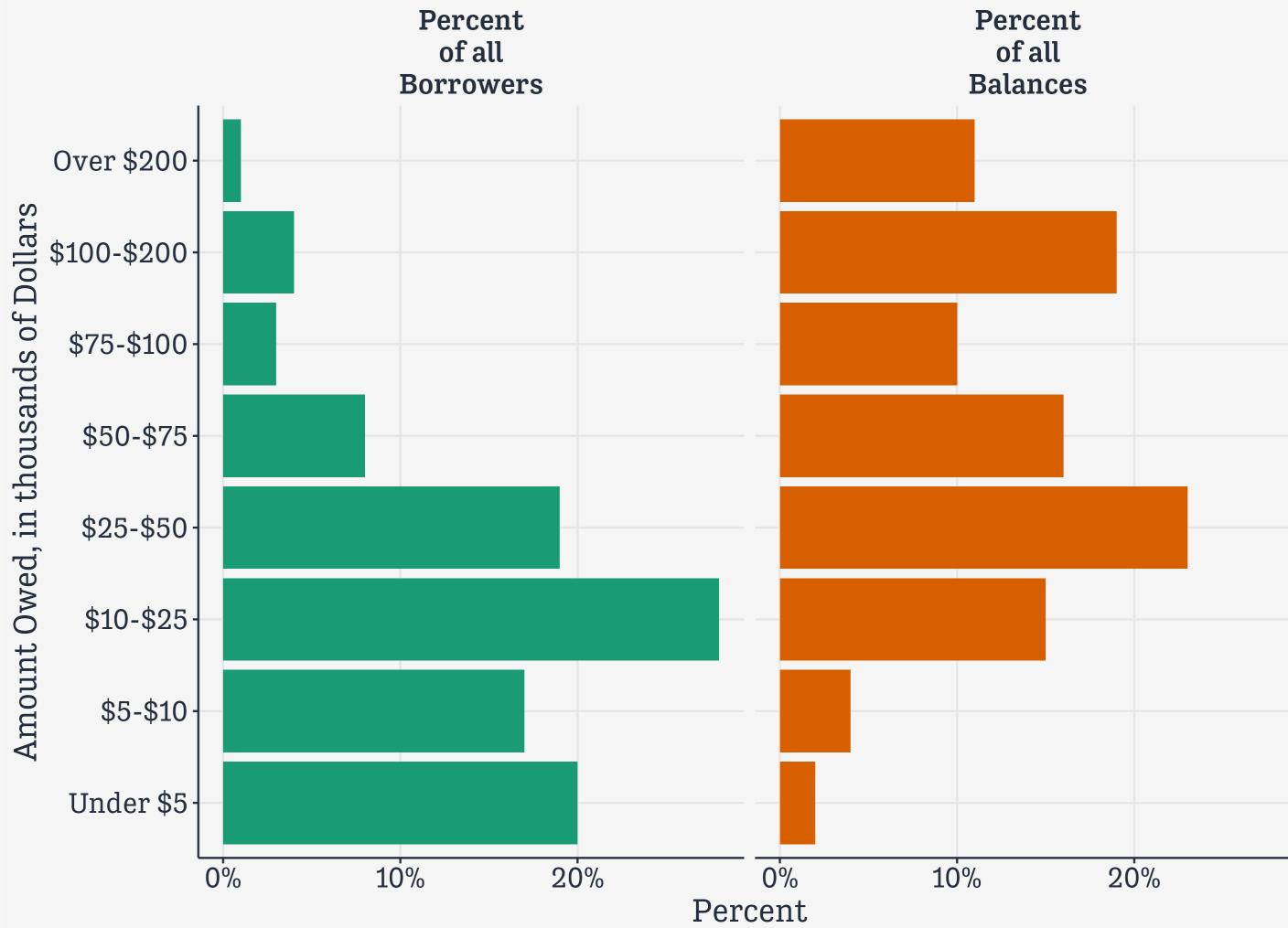


Debt Plot 1

```
studebt %>
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(x = pct/100,
        y = Debt,
        fill = type)) +
  geom_col() +
  scale_fill_brewer(type = "qual",
                    palette = "Dark2") +
  scale_x_continuous(labels = label_percent()) +
  guides(fill = "none") +
  labs(x = "Percent",
       y = p_ylab,
       caption = p_caption,
       title = p_title,
       subtitle = p_subtitle) +
  facet_wrap(~ type_label,
             labeller =
               label_wrap_gen(width=10)) +
  theme(strip.text.x =
        element_text(face = "bold")) →
p1_debt
```

Outstanding Student Loans

44 million borrowers owe a total of \$1.3 trillion



Source: FRB NY

Pies redrawn as facets

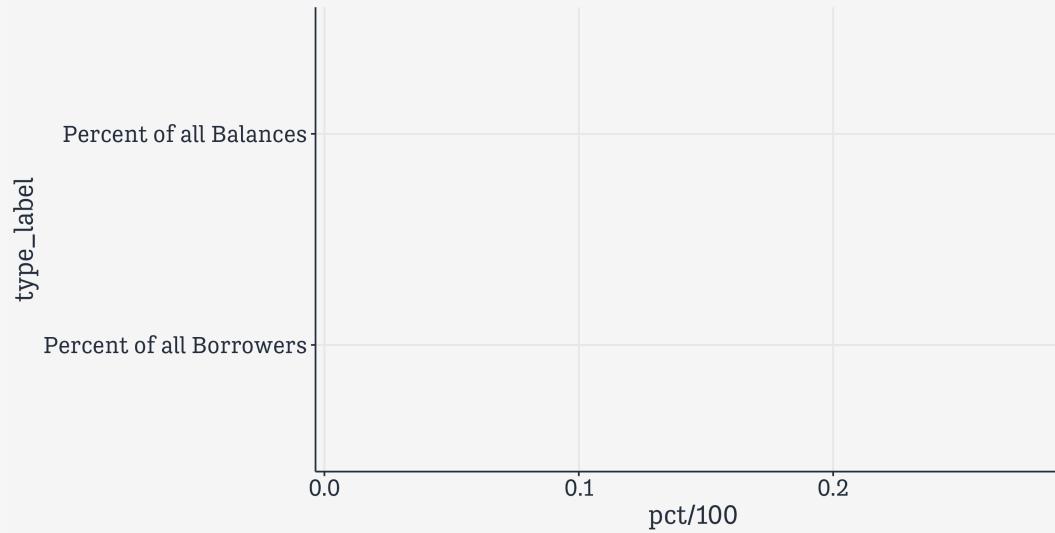
Alternatively, a kind of stacked bar chart

```
studebt
```

#	Debt	type	pct	Debtrc	type_label
	<ord>	<fct>	<int>	<ord>	<fct>
1	Under \$5	Borrowers	20	Under \$5	Percent of all Borrowers
2	\$5-\$10	Borrowers	17	\$5-\$10	Percent of all Borrowers
3	\$10-\$25	Borrowers	28	\$10-\$25	Percent of all Borrowers
4	\$25-\$50	Borrowers	19	\$25-\$50	Percent of all Borrowers
5	\$50-\$75	Borrowers	8	\$50-\$75	Percent of all Borrowers
6	\$75-\$100	Borrowers	3	\$75-\$100	Percent of all Borrowers
7	\$100-\$200	Borrowers	4	\$100-\$200	Percent of all Borrowers
8	Over \$200	Borrowers	1	Over \$200	Percent of all Borrowers
9	Under \$5	Balances	2	Under \$5	Percent of all Balances
10	\$5-\$10	Balances	4	\$5-\$10	Percent of all Balances
11	\$10-\$25	Balances	15	\$10-\$25	Percent of all Balances
12	\$25-\$50	Balances	23	\$25-\$50	Percent of all Balances
13	\$50-\$75	Balances	16	\$50-\$75	Percent of all Balances
14	\$75-\$100	Balances	10	\$75-\$100	Percent of all Balances
15	\$100-\$200	Balances	19	\$100-\$200	Percent of all Balances
16	Over \$200	Balances	11	Over \$200	Percent of all Balances

Alternatively, a kind of stacked bar chart

```
studebt %>%  
  ggplot(mapping = aes(x = pct/100,  
                      y = type_label,  
                      fill = Debtrc))
```



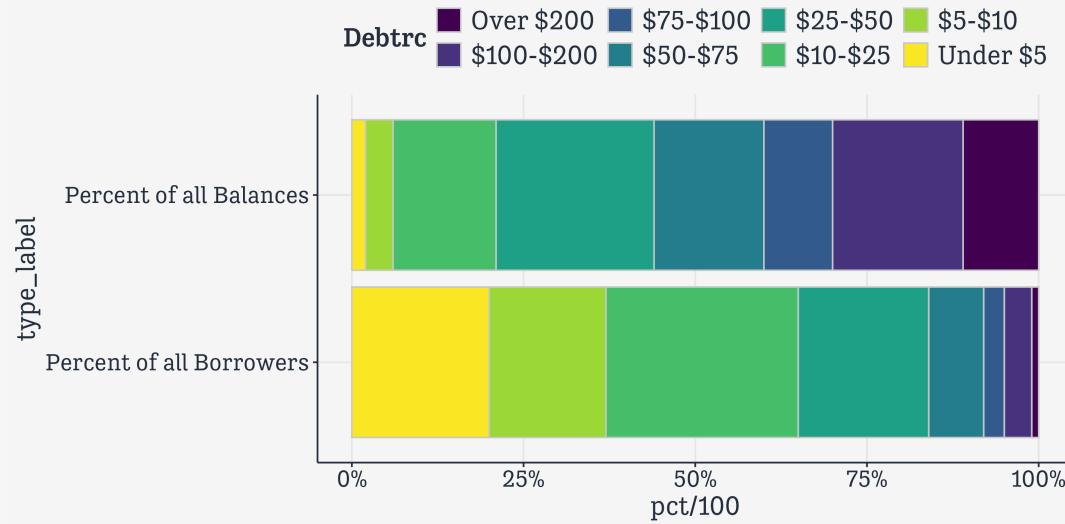
Alternatively, a kind of stacked bar chart

```
studebt %>%  
  ggplot(mapping = aes(x = pct/100,  
                      y = type_label,  
                      fill = Debtrc)) +  
  geom_col(color = "gray80")
```



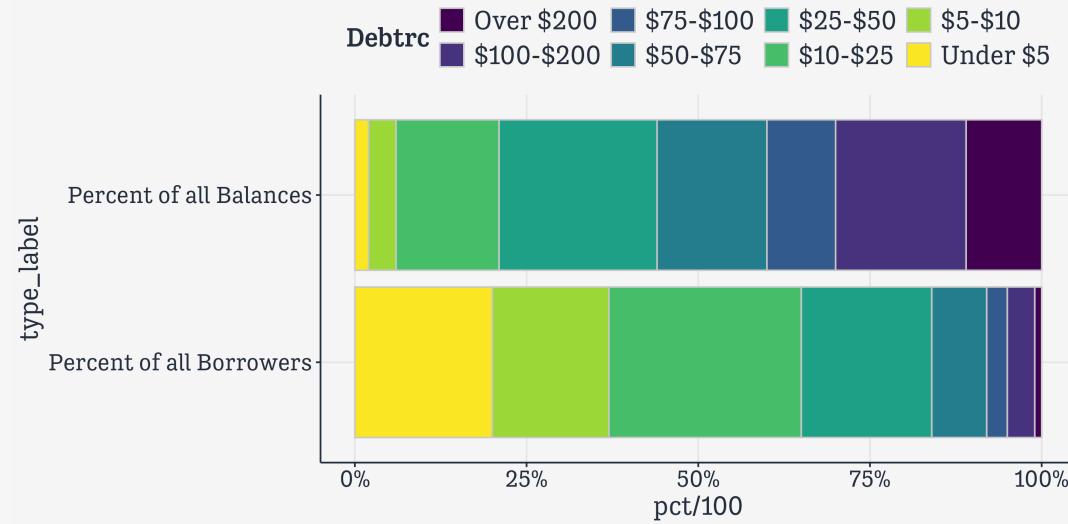
Alternatively, a kind of stacked bar chart

```
studebt %>  
  ggplot(mapping = aes(x = pct/100,  
                        y = type_label,  
                        fill = Debtrc)) +  
  geom_col(color = "gray80") +  
  scale_x_continuous(labels =  
    label_percent())
```



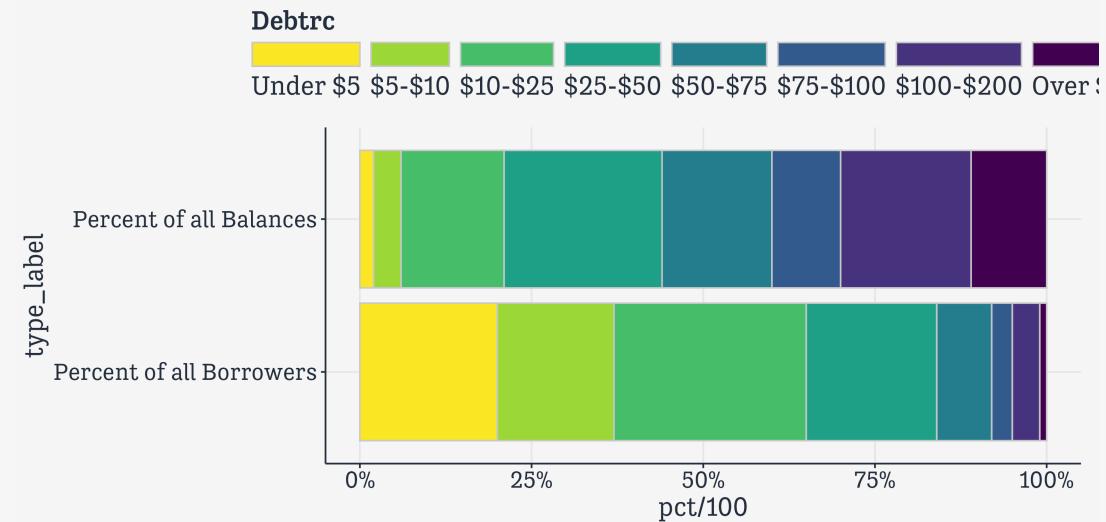
Alternatively, a kind of stacked bar chart

```
studebt %>  
  ggplot(mapping = aes(x = pct/100,  
                      y = type_label,  
                      fill = Debtrc)) +  
  geom_col(color = "gray80") +  
  scale_x_continuous(labels =  
    label_percent()) +  
  scale_fill_viridis_d()
```



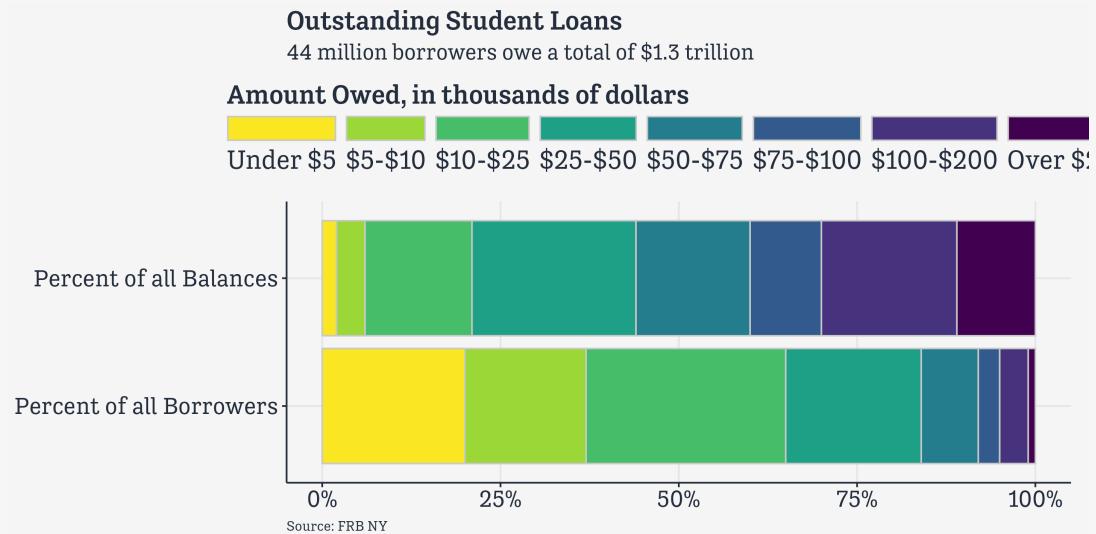
Alternatively, a kind of stacked bar chart

```
studebt %>%  
  ggplot(mapping = aes(x = pct/100,  
                      y = type_label,  
                      fill = Debtrc)) +  
  geom_col(color = "gray80") +  
  scale_x_continuous(labels =  
    label_percent()) +  
  scale_fill_viridis_d() +  
  guides(fill =  
    guide_legend(reverse = TRUE,  
                 title.position = "top",  
                 label.position = "bottom",  
                 keywidth = 3,  
                 nrow = 1))
```



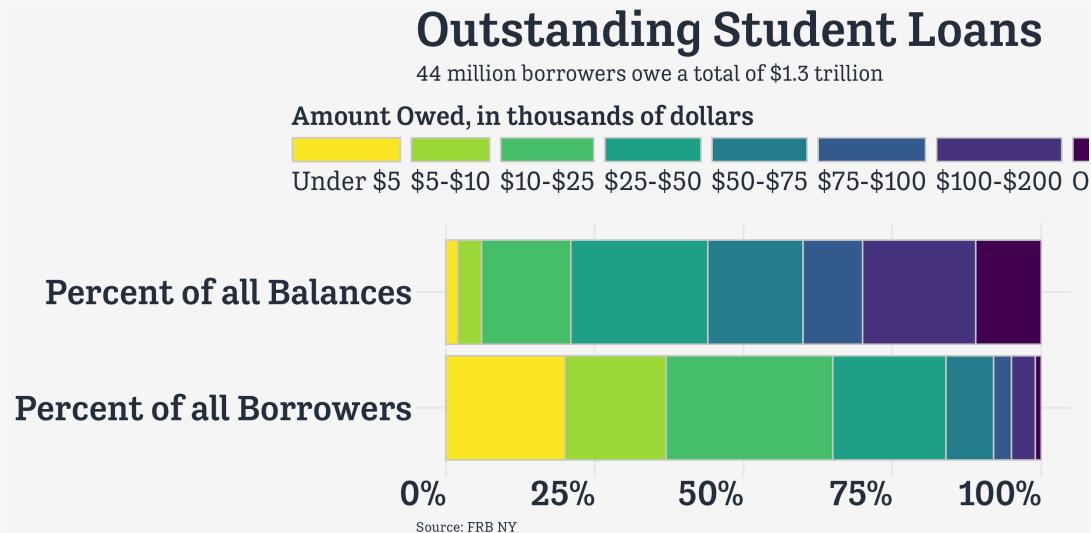
Alternatively, a kind of stacked bar chart

```
studebt %>
  ggplot(mapping = aes(x = pct/100,
                        y = type_label,
                        fill = Debtrc)) +
  geom_col(color = "gray80") +
  scale_x_continuous(labels =
    label_percent()) +
  scale_fill_viridis_d() +
  guides(fill =
    guide_legend(reverse = TRUE,
                 title.position = "top",
                 label.position = "bottom",
                 keywidth = 3,
                 nrow = 1)) +
  labs(x = NULL, y = NULL,
       fill = "Amount Owed, in thousands of dollars",
       caption = p_caption, title = p_title,
       subtitle = p_subtitle)
```



Alternatively, a kind of stacked bar chart

```
studebt %>
  ggplot(mapping = aes(x = pct/100,
                        y = type_label,
                        fill = Debtrc)) +
  geom_col(color = "gray80") +
  scale_x_continuous(labels =
    label_percent()) +
  scale_fill_viridis_d() +
  guides(fill =
    guide_legend(reverse = TRUE,
                 title.position = "top",
                 label.position = "bottom",
                 keywidth = 3,
                 nrow = 1)) +
  labs(x = NULL, y = NULL,
       fill = "Amount Owed, in thousands of dollars",
       caption = p_caption, title = p_title,
       subtitle = p_subtitle) +
  theme(legend.position = "top",
        plot.title = element_text(size = rel(2.8)),
        axis.text = element_text(face = "bold",
                                 hjust = 1,
                                 size = rel(2)),
        axis.ticks.length = unit(0, "cm"),
        axis.line = element_blank(),
        panel.grid = element_blank())
```



Alternatively, a kind of stacked bar chart

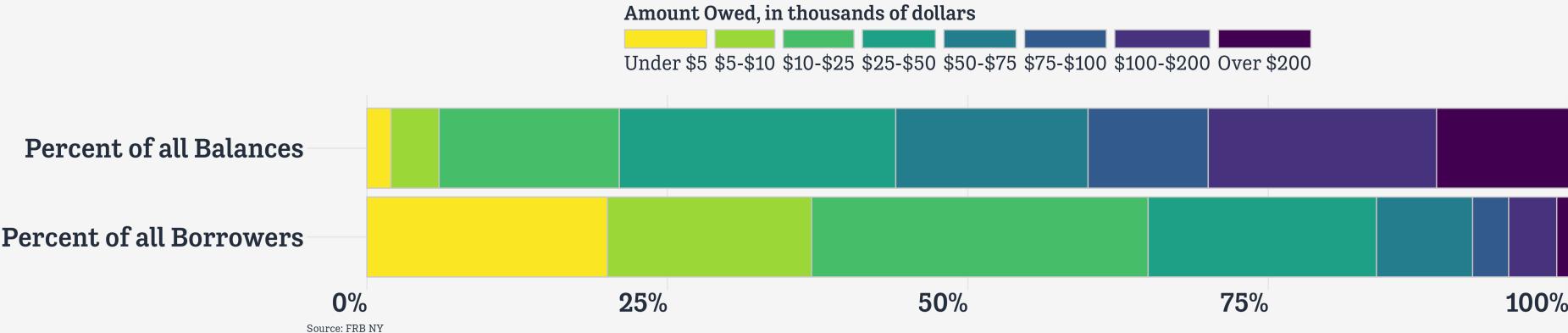
```
studebt %>
  ggplot(mapping = aes(x = pct/100,
                        y = type_label,
                        fill = Debtrc)) +
  geom_col(color = "gray80") +
  scale_x_continuous(labels =
    label_percent()) +
  scale_fill_viridis_d() +
  guides(fill =
    guide_legend(reverse = TRUE,
                 title.position = "top",
                 label.position = "bottom",
                 keywidth = 3,
                 nrow = 1)) +
  labs(x = NULL, y = NULL,
       fill = "Amount Owed, in thousands of dollars",
       caption = p_caption, title = p_title,
       subtitle = p_subtitle) +
  theme(legend.position = "top",
        plot.title = element_text(size = rel(2.8)),
        axis.text = element_text(face = "bold",
                                 hjust = 1,
                                 size = rel(2)),
        axis.ticks.length = unit(0, "cm"),
        axis.line = element_blank(),
        panel.grid = element_blank()) %>
p_debt2
```

Alternatively, a kind of stacked bar chart

```
studebt %>
  ggplot(mapping = aes(x = pct/100,
                        y = type_label,
                        fill = Debtrc)) +
  geom_col(color = "gray80") +
  scale_x_continuous(labels =
    label_percent()) +
  scale_fill_viridis_d() +
  guides(fill =
    guide_legend(reverse = TRUE,
                 title.position = "top",
                 label.position = "bottom",
                 keywidth = 3,
                 nrow = 1)) +
  labs(x = NULL, y = NULL,
       fill = "Amount Owed, in thousands of dollars",
       caption = p_caption, title = p_title,
       subtitle = p_subtitle) +
  theme(legend.position = "top",
        plot.title = element_text(size = rel(2.8)),
        axis.text = element_text(face = "bold",
                                 hjust = 1,
                                 size = rel(2)),
        axis.ticks.length = unit(0, "cm"),
        axis.line = element_blank(),
        panel.grid = element_blank()) %>
p_debt2
```

Outstanding Student Loans

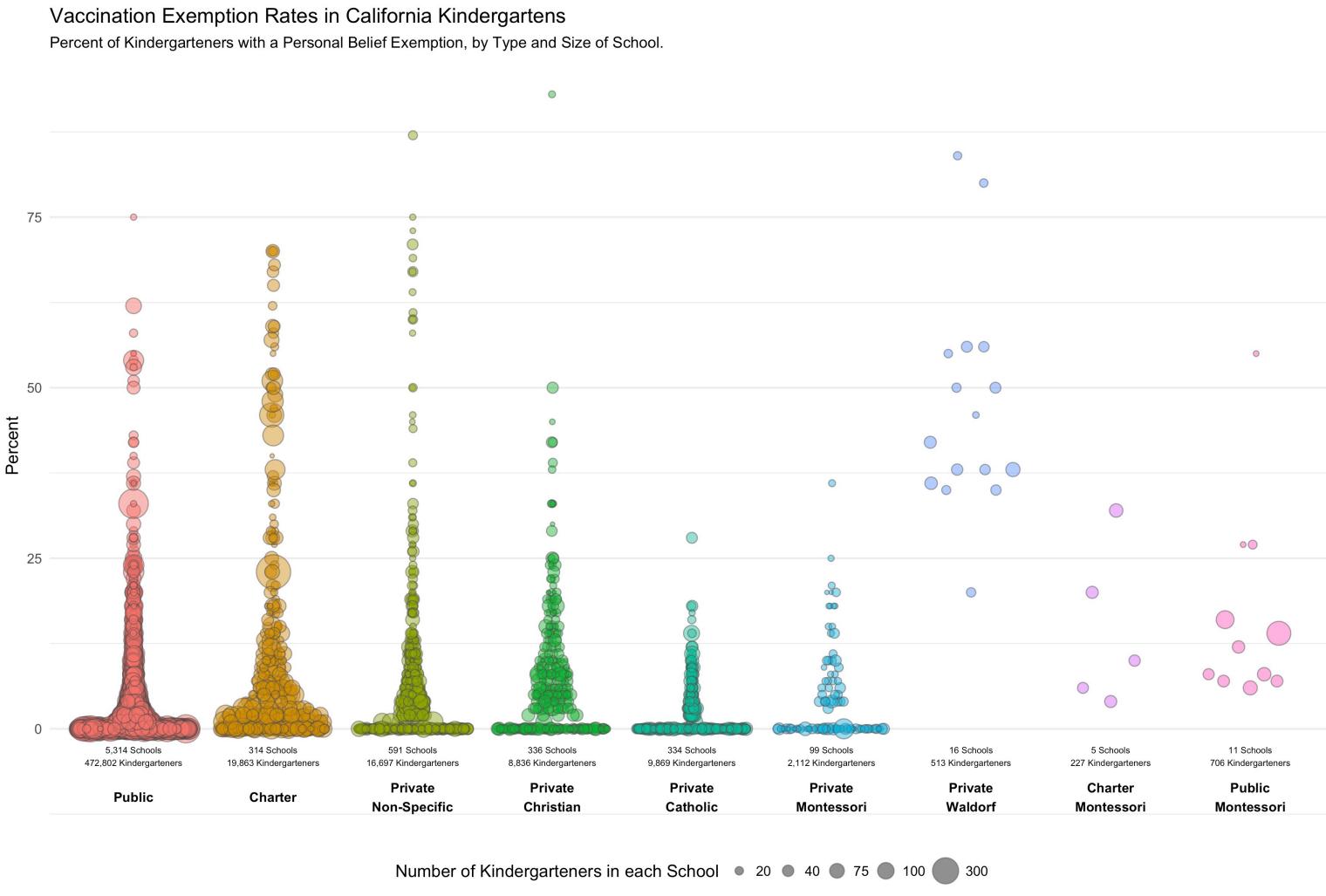
44 million borrowers owe a total of \$1.3 trillion



Pies redrawn as sideways-stacked columns

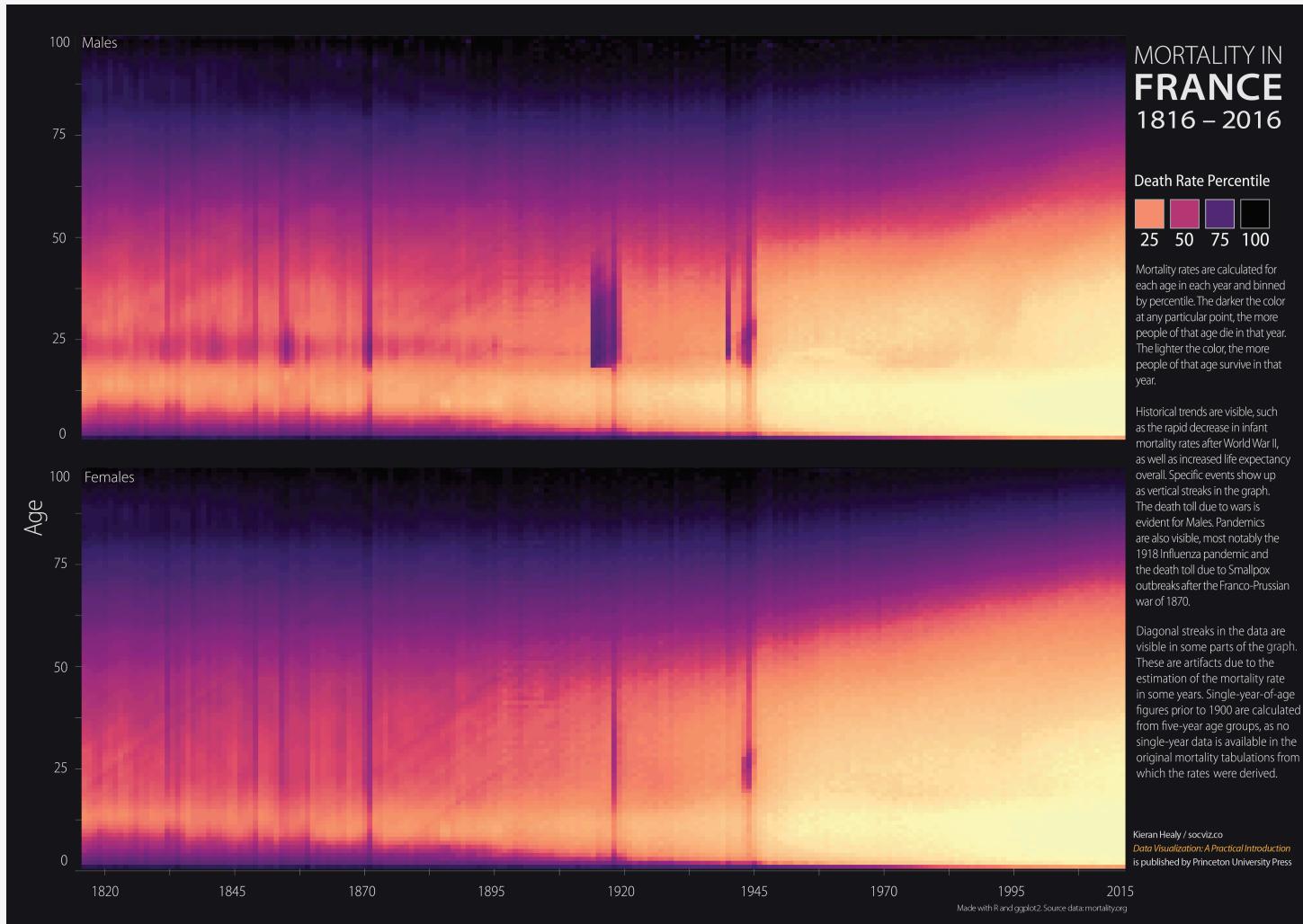
But I want
a pony

Show ponies



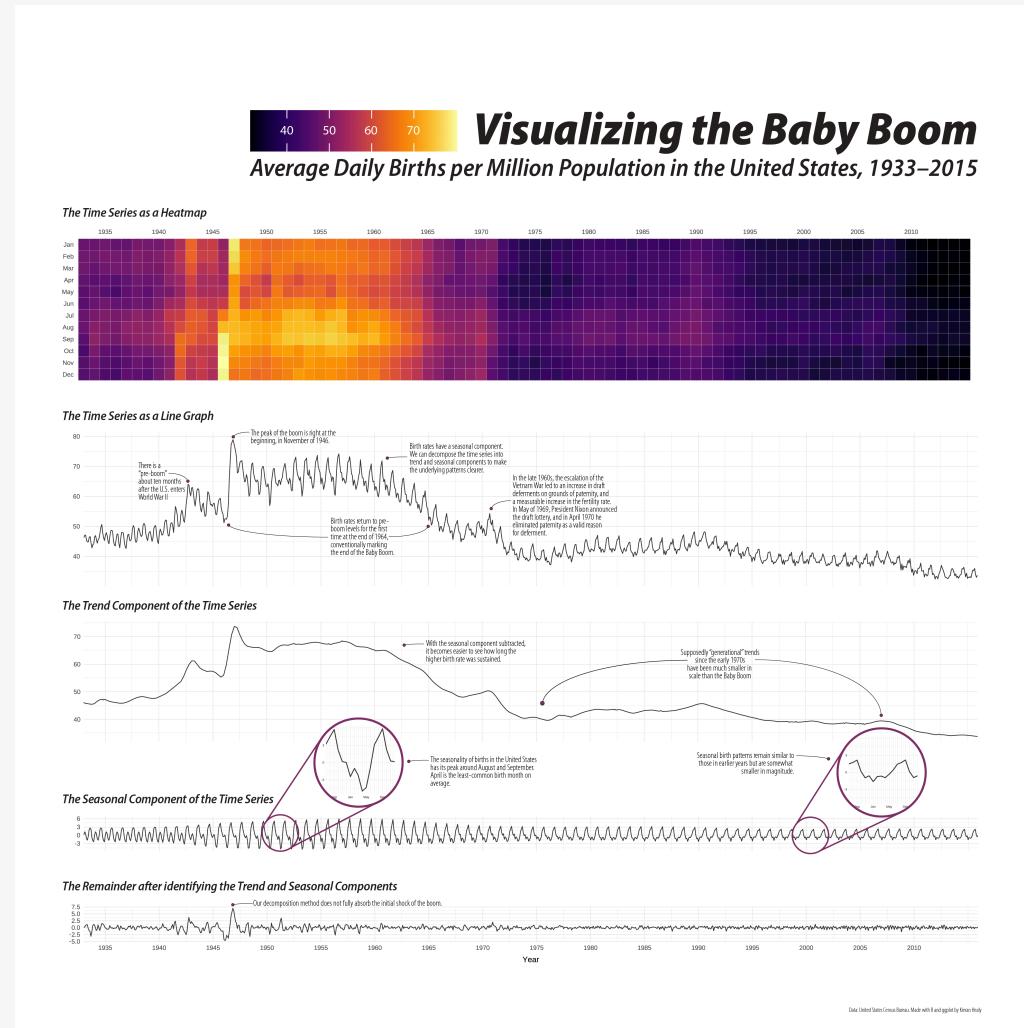
Beeswarm plot

Show ponies



Mortality in France

Show ponies



The Baby Boom

OK boomer

The **demog** package

```
# remotes::install_github("kjhealy/demog")
# library(demog)
```

```
okboomer
```

```
# A tibble: 1,644 × 12
  year month n_days births total_pop births_pct births_pct_day date
  <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>   <dbl>    <dbl>      <dbl>          <dbl> <date>
1 1938     1     31  51820  41215000  0.00126        40.6 1938-01-01
2 1938     2     28  47421  41215000  0.00115        41.1 1938-02-01
3 1938     3     31  54887  41215000  0.00133        43.0 1938-03-01
4 1938     4     30  54623  41215000  0.00133        44.2 1938-04-01
5 1938     5     31  56853  41215000  0.00138        44.5 1938-05-01
6 1938     6     30  53145  41215000  0.00129        43.0 1938-06-01
7 1938     7     31  53214  41215000  0.00129        41.6 1938-07-01
8 1938     8     31  50444  41215000  0.00122        39.5 1938-08-01
9 1938     9     30  50545  41215000  0.00123        40.9 1938-09-01
10 1938    10     31  50079  41215000  0.00122       39.2 1938-10-01
# i 1,634 more rows
# i 4 more variables: seasonal <dbl>, trend <dbl>, remainder <dbl>,
#   country <chr>
```

Boomer Line Graph

okboomer

```
# A tibble: 1,644 × 12
  year month n_days births total_pop births_pct births_pct_day date
  <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <date>
1 1938     1     31 51820 41215000 0.00126 40.6 1938-01-01
2 1938     2     28 47421 41215000 0.00115 41.1 1938-02-01
3 1938     3     31 54887 41215000 0.00133 43.0 1938-03-01
4 1938     4     30 54623 41215000 0.00133 44.2 1938-04-01
5 1938     5     31 56853 41215000 0.00138 44.5 1938-05-01
6 1938     6     30 53145 41215000 0.00129 43.0 1938-06-01
7 1938     7     31 53214 41215000 0.00129 41.6 1938-07-01
8 1938     8     31 50444 41215000 0.00122 39.5 1938-08-01
9 1938     9     30 50545 41215000 0.00123 40.9 1938-09-01
10 1938    10     31 50079 41215000 0.00122 39.2 1938-10-01
# i 1,634 more rows
# i 4 more variables: seasonal <dbl>, trend <dbl>, remainder <dbl>,
#   country <chr>
```

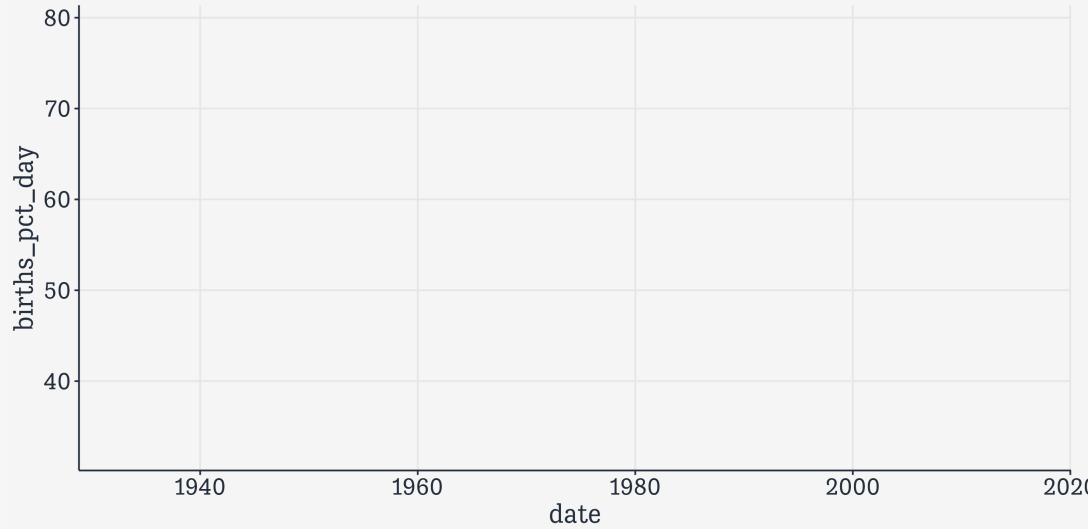
Boomer Line Graph

```
okboomer ▷  
  filter(country = "United States")
```

```
# A tibble: 996 × 12  
  year month n_days births total_pop births_pct births_pct_day date  
  <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <date>  
1 1933     1     31 180545 125579000 0.00144   46.4 1933-01-01  
2 1933     2     28 165986 125579000 0.00132   47.2 1933-02-01  
3 1933     3     31 183762 125579000 0.00146   47.2 1933-03-01  
4 1933     4     30 171354 125579000 0.00136   45.5 1933-04-01  
5 1933     5     31 174811 125579000 0.00139   44.9 1933-05-01  
6 1933     6     30 169255 125579000 0.00135   44.9 1933-06-01  
7 1933     7     31 180880 125579000 0.00144   46.5 1933-07-01  
8 1933     8     31 181856 125579000 0.00145   46.7 1933-08-01  
9 1933     9     30 167637 125579000 0.00133   44.5 1933-09-01  
10 1933    10     31 167055 125579000 0.00133  42.9 1933-10-01  
# i 986 more rows  
# i 4 more variables: seasonal <dbl>, trend <dbl>, remainder <dbl>,  
#   country <chr>
```

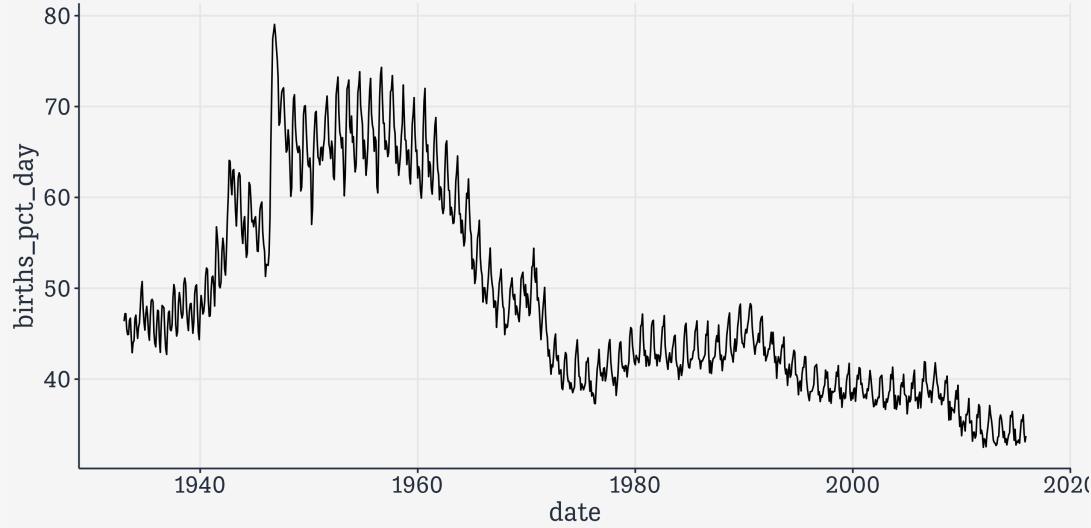
Boomer Line Graph

```
okboomer %>  
  filter(country == "United States") %>  
  ggplot(aes(x = date, y = births_pct_day))
```



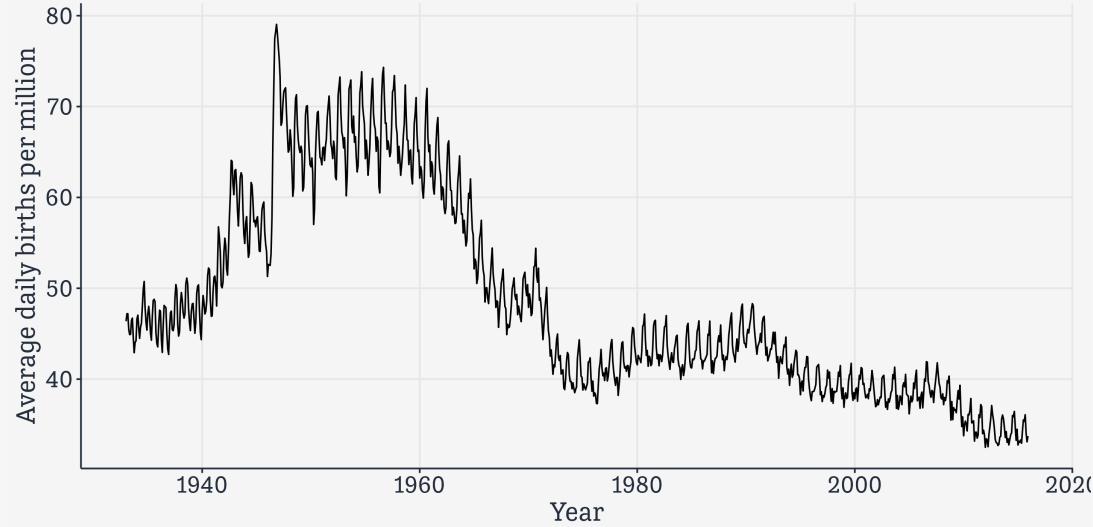
Boomer Line Graph

```
okboomer %>  
  filter(country == "United States") %>  
  ggplot(aes(x = date, y = births_pct_day)) +  
  geom_line(linewidth = 0.5)
```



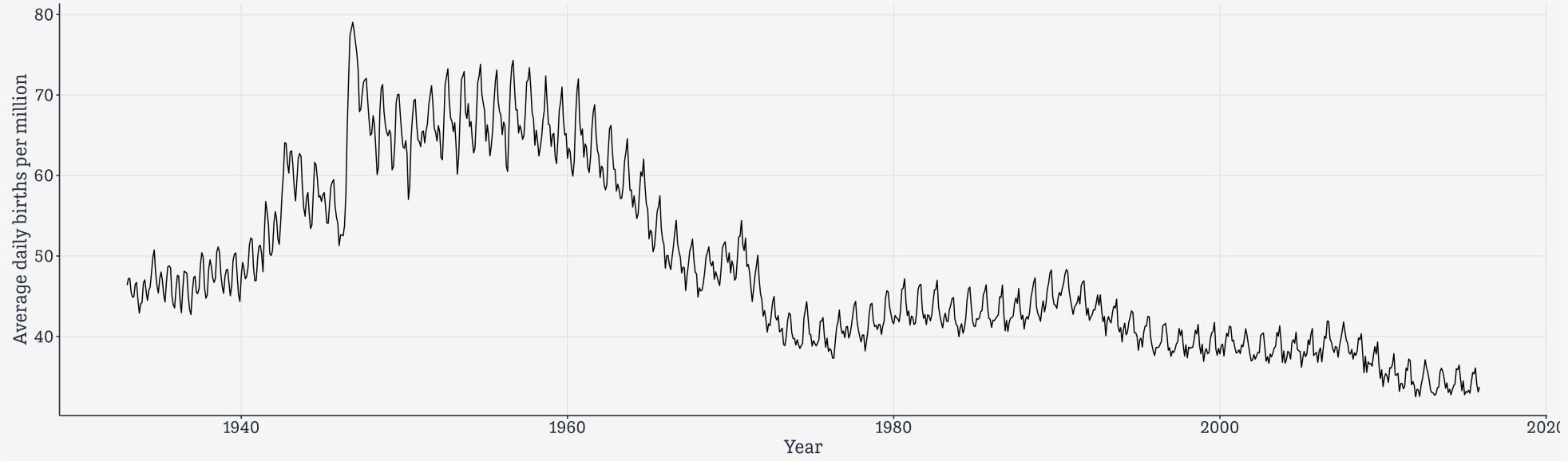
Boomer Line Graph

```
okboomer %>  
  filter(country == "United States") %>  
  ggplot(aes(x = date, y = births_pct_day)) +  
  geom_line(linewidth = 0.5) +  
  labs(x = "Year",  
       y = "Average daily births per million")
```



Boomer Line Graph

```
okboomer ▷  
  filter(country == "United States") ▷  
  ggplot(aes(x = date, y = births_pct_day)) +  
  geom_line(linewidth = 0.5) +  
  labs(x = "Year",  
       y = "Average daily births per million") →  
p_lineboom
```



The Baby Boom.

Tiled Heatmap

okboomer

```
# A tibble: 1,644 × 12
  year month n_days births total_pop births_pct
  <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>    <dbl>      <dbl>
 1 1938     1     31 51820 41215000 0.00126
40.6 1938-01-01
 2 1938     2     28 47421 41215000 0.00115
41.1 1938-02-01
 3 1938     3     31 54887 41215000 0.00133
43.0 1938-03-01
 4 1938     4     30 54623 41215000 0.00133
44.2 1938-04-01
 5 1938     5     31 56853 41215000 0.00138
44.5 1938-05-01
 6 1938     6     30 53145 41215000 0.00129
43.0 1938-06-01
 7 1938     7     31 53214 41215000 0.00129
41.6 1938-07-01
 8 1938     8     31 50444 41215000 0.00122
39.5 1938-08-01
 9 1938     9     30 50545 41215000 0.00123
40.9 1938-09-01
10 1938    10     31 50079 41215000 0.00122
39.2 1938-10-01
# i 1,634 more rows
# i 4 more variables: seasonal <dbl>, trend <dbl>,
```

Tiled Heatmap

```
okboomer ▷  
  mutate(year_fct =  
         factor(year,  
                 levels = unique(year),  
                 ordered = TRUE),  
        month_fct = factor(month,  
                            levels = rev(c(1:12)),  
                            labels = rev(c("Jan", "Feb", "Mar", "Apr",  
                                         "May", "Jun", "Jul", "Aug",  
                                         "Sep", "Oct", "Nov", "Dec"))),  
        ordered = TRUE))
```

```
# A tibble: 1,644 × 14  
#>   year month n_days births total_pop births_pct  
#>   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>     <dbl>      <dbl>  
#>   births_pct_day date  
#>   <dbl> <date>  
#> 1 1938 1 31 51820 41215000 0.00126  
#> 40.6 1938-01-01  
#> 2 1938 2 28 47421 41215000 0.00115  
#> 41.1 1938-02-01  
#> 3 1938 3 31 54887 41215000 0.00133  
#> 43.0 1938-03-01  
#> 4 1938 4 30 54623 41215000 0.00133  
#> 44.2 1938-04-01  
#> 5 1938 5 31 56853 41215000 0.00138  
#> 44.5 1938-05-01  
#> 6 1938 6 30 53145 41215000 0.00129  
#> 43.0 1938-06-01  
#> 7 1938 7 31 53214 41215000 0.00129  
#> 41.6 1938-07-01  
#> 8 1938 8 31 50444 41215000 0.00122  
#> 39.5 1938-08-01  
#> 9 1938 9 30 50545 41215000 0.00123  
#> 40.9 1938-09-01  
#> 10 1938 10 31 50079 41215000 0.00122  
#> 39.2 1938-10-01  
#> # i 1,634 more rows  
#> # i 6 more variables: seasonal <dbl>, trend <dbl>,...
```

Tiled Heatmap

```
okboomer ▷  
  mutate(year_fct =  
         factor(year,  
                 levels = unique(year),  
                 ordered = TRUE),  
        month_fct = factor(month,  
                            levels = rev(c(1:12)),  
                            labels = rev(c("Jan", "Feb", "Mar", "Apr",  
                                         "May", "Jun", "Jul", "Aug",  
                                         "Sep", "Oct", "Nov", "Dec"))),  
        ordered = TRUE)) ▷  
  select(year, month, year_fct, month_fct, everything())
```

```
# A tibble: 1,644 × 14  
#>   year month year_fct month_fct n_days births  
#>   <dbl> <dbl> <ord>     <ord>      <dbl> <dbl>  
#>   total_pop births_pct  
#>   <dbl>      <dbl>  
#> 1 1938      1 1938     Jan       31 51820  
#> 2 41215000  0.00126    Feb       28 47421  
#> 3 41215000  0.00115    Mar       31 54887  
#> 4 41215000  0.00133    Apr       30 54623  
#> 5 41215000  0.00133    May       31 56853  
#> 6 41215000  0.00138    Jun       30 53145  
#> 7 41215000  0.00129    Jul       31 53214  
#> 8 41215000  0.00129    Aug       31 50444  
#> 9 41215000  0.00122    Sep       30 50545  
#> 10 41215000  0.00123   Oct       31 50079  
#> 11 41215000  0.00122   # i 1,634 more rows  
#> 12 41215000  0.00122   # i 6 more variables: births_pct_day <dbl>, date
```

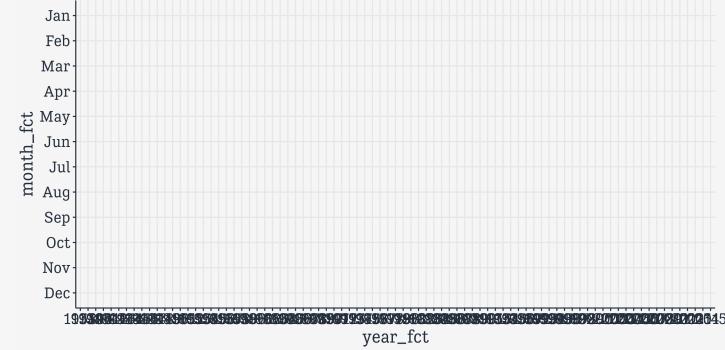
Tiled Heatmap

```
okboomer >
  mutate(year_fct =
    factor(year,
           levels = unique(year),
           ordered = TRUE),
    month_fct = factor(month,
                        levels = rev(c(1:12)),
                        labels = rev(c("Jan", "Feb", "Mar", "Apr",
                                      "May", "Jun", "Jul", "Aug",
                                      "Sep", "Oct", "Nov", "Dec")),
                        ordered = TRUE)) >
  select(year, month, year_fct, month_fct, everything()) >
  filter(country == "United States")
```

```
# A tibble: 996 x 14
  year month year_fct month_fct n_days births
  <dbl> <dbl> <ord>     <ord>      <dbl>   <dbl>
1 1933    1 1933      Jan        31 180545
2 125579000 0.00144
3 1933    2 1933      Feb        28 165986
4 125579000 0.00132
5 1933    3 1933      Mar        31 183762
6 125579000 0.00146
7 1933    4 1933      Apr        30 171354
8 125579000 0.00136
9 1933    5 1933      May        31 174811
10 125579000 0.00139
11 1933    6 1933      Jun        30 169255
12 125579000 0.00135
13 1933    7 1933      Jul        31 180880
14 125579000 0.00144
15 1933    8 1933      Aug        31 181856
16 125579000 0.00145
17 1933    9 1933      Sep        30 167637
18 125579000 0.00133
19 1933   10 1933      Oct        31 167055
20 125579000 0.00133
# i 986 more rows
# i 6 more variables: births_pct_day <dbl>, date
```

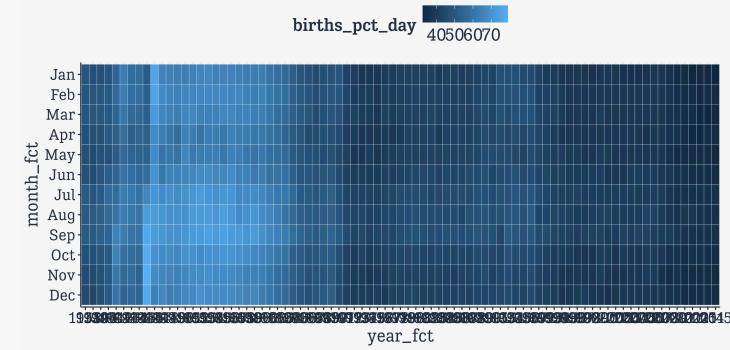
Tiled Heatmap

```
okboomer ▷  
  mutate(year_fct =  
         factor(year,  
                 levels = unique(year),  
                 ordered = TRUE),  
        month_fct = factor(month,  
                            levels = rev(c(1:12)),  
                            labels = rev(c("Jan", "Feb", "Mar", "Apr",  
                                         "May", "Jun", "Jul", "Aug",  
                                         "Sep", "Oct", "Nov", "Dec")),  
                            ordered = TRUE)) ▷  
  select(year, month, year_fct, month_fct, everything()) ▷  
  filter(country == "United States") ▷  
  ggplot(aes(x = year_fct, y = month_fct))
```



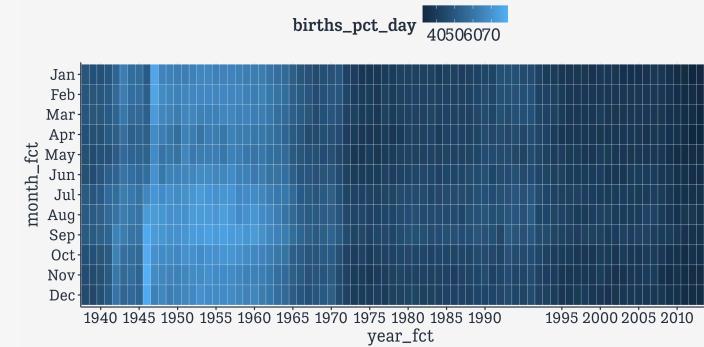
Tiled Heatmap

```
okboomer ▷  
  mutate(year_fct =  
         factor(year,  
                 levels = unique(year),  
                 ordered = TRUE),  
        month_fct = factor(month,  
                            levels = rev(c(1:12)),  
                            labels = rev(c("Jan", "Feb", "Mar", "Apr",  
                                         "May", "Jun", "Jul", "Aug",  
                                         "Sep", "Oct", "Nov", "Dec")),  
                            ordered = TRUE)) ▷  
  select(year, month, year_fct, month_fct, everything()) ▷  
  filter(country == "United States") ▷  
  ggplot(aes(x = year_fct, y = month_fct)) +  
    geom_tile(mapping = aes(fill = births_pct_day),  
              color = "white")
```



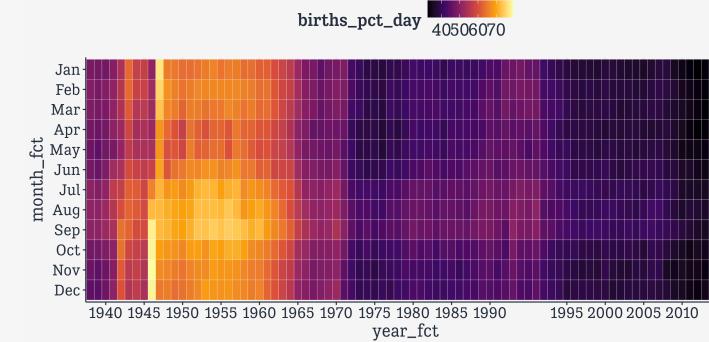
Tiled Heatmap

```
okboomer ▷  
  mutate(year_fct =  
         factor(year,  
                 levels = unique(year),  
                 ordered = TRUE),  
        month_fct = factor(month,  
                            levels = rev(c(1:12)),  
                            labels = rev(c("Jan", "Feb", "Mar", "Apr",  
                                         "May", "Jun", "Jul", "Aug",  
                                         "Sep", "Oct", "Nov", "Dec")),  
                            ordered = TRUE)) ▷  
  select(year, month, year_fct, month_fct, everything()) ▷  
  filter(country == "United States") ▷  
  ggplot(aes(x = year_fct, y = month_fct)) +  
    geom_tile(mapping = aes(fill = births_pct_day),  
              color = "white") +  
    scale_x_discrete(breaks = seq(1940, 2010, 5))
```



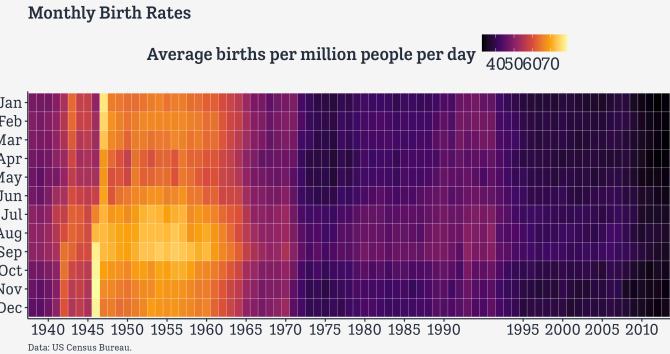
Tiled Heatmap

```
okboomer >
  mutate(year_fct =
    factor(year,
      levels = unique(year),
      ordered = TRUE),
  month_fct = factor(month,
    levels = rev(c(1:12)),
    labels = rev(c("Jan", "Feb", "Mar", "Apr",
      "May", "Jun", "Jul", "Aug",
      "Sep", "Oct", "Nov", "Dec")),
    ordered = TRUE)) >
  select(year, month, year_fct, month_fct, everything()) >
  filter(country == "United States") >
  ggplot(aes(x = year_fct, y = month_fct)) +
  geom_tile(mapping = aes(fill = births_pct_day),
    color = "white") +
  scale_x_discrete(breaks = seq(1940, 2010, 5)) +
  scale_fill_viridis_c(option = "B")
```



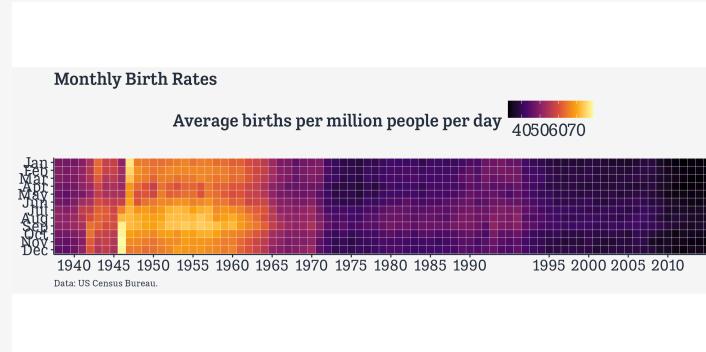
Tiled Heatmap

```
okboomer ▷  
  mutate(year_fct =  
        factor(year,  
               levels = unique(year),  
               ordered = TRUE),  
        month_fct = factor(month,  
                           levels = rev(c(1:12)),  
                           labels = rev(c("Jan", "Feb", "Mar", "Apr",  
                                         "May", "Jun", "Jul", "Aug",  
                                         "Sep", "Oct", "Nov", "Dec"))),  
        ordered = TRUE)) ▷  
  select(year, month, year_fct, month_fct, everything()) ▷  
  filter(country == "United States") ▷  
  ggplot(aes(x = year_fct, y = month_fct)) +  
    geom_tile(mapping = aes(fill = births_pct_day),  
              color = "white") +  
    scale_x_discrete(breaks = seq(1940, 2010, 5)) +  
    scale_fill_viridis_c(option = "B") +  
    labs(x = NULL, y = NULL,  
         title = "Monthly Birth Rates",  
         fill = "Average births per million people per day",  
         caption = "Data: US Census Bureau.")
```



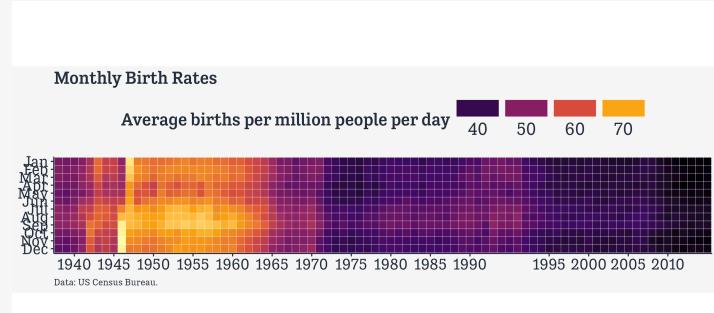
Tiled Heatmap

```
okboomer ▷  
  mutate(year_fct =  
         factor(year,  
                 levels = unique(year),  
                 ordered = TRUE),  
        month_fct = factor(month,  
                            levels = rev(c(1:12)),  
                            labels = rev(c("Jan", "Feb", "Mar", "Apr",  
                                         "May", "Jun", "Jul", "Aug",  
                                         "Sep", "Oct", "Nov", "Dec")),  
                            ordered = TRUE)) ▷  
  select(year, month, year_fct, month_fct, everything()) ▷  
  filter(country == "United States") ▷  
  ggplot(aes(x = year_fct, y = month_fct)) +  
    geom_tile(mapping = aes(fill = births_pct_day),  
              color = "white") +  
    scale_x_discrete(breaks = seq(1940, 2010, 5)) +  
    scale_fill_viridis_c(option = "B") +  
    labs(x = NULL, y = NULL,  
         title = "Monthly Birth Rates",  
         fill = "Average births per million people per day",  
         caption = "Data: US Census Bureau.") +  
    coord_fixed()
```



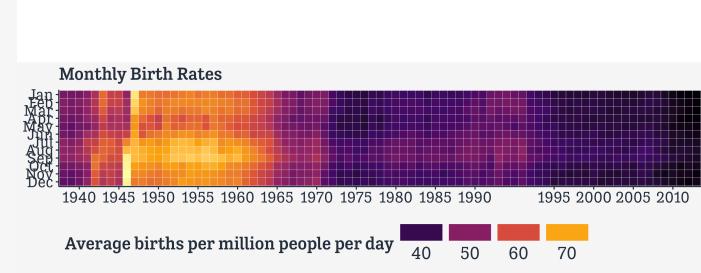
Tiled Heatmap

```
okboomer ▷  
  mutate(year_fct =  
         factor(year,  
                 levels = unique(year),  
                 ordered = TRUE),  
        month_fct = factor(month,  
                            levels = rev(c(1:12)),  
                            labels = rev(c("Jan", "Feb", "Mar", "Apr",  
                                         "May", "Jun", "Jul", "Aug",  
                                         "Sep", "Oct", "Nov", "Dec"))),  
        ordered = TRUE)) ▷  
  select(year, month, year_fct, month_fct, everything()) ▷  
  filter(country == "United States") ▷  
  ggplot(aes(x = year_fct, y = month_fct)) +  
    geom_tile(mapping = aes(fill = births_pct_day),  
              color = "white") +  
    scale_x_discrete(breaks = seq(1940, 2010, 5)) +  
    scale_fill_viridis_c(option = "B") +  
    labs(x = NULL, y = NULL,  
         title = "Monthly Birth Rates",  
         fill = "Average births per million people per day",  
         caption = "Data: US Census Bureau.") +  
    coord_fixed() +  
    guides(fill = guide_legend(keywidth = 3,  
                               label.position = "bottom"))
```



Tiled Heatmap

```
okboomer ▷  
  mutate(year_fct =  
         factor(year,  
                 levels = unique(year),  
                 ordered = TRUE),  
        month_fct = factor(month,  
                            levels = rev(c(1:12)),  
                            labels = rev(c("Jan", "Feb", "Mar", "Apr",  
                                         "May", "Jun", "Jul", "Aug",  
                                         "Sep", "Oct", "Nov", "Dec"))),  
        ordered = TRUE)) ▷  
  select(year, month, year_fct, month_fct, everything()) ▷  
  filter(country == "United States") ▷  
  ggplot(aes(x = year_fct, y = month_fct)) +  
    geom_tile(mapping = aes(fill = births_pct_day),  
              color = "white") +  
    scale_x_discrete(breaks = seq(1940, 2010, 5)) +  
    scale_fill_viridis_c(option = "B") +  
    labs(x = NULL, y = NULL,  
          title = "Monthly Birth Rates",  
          fill = "Average births per million people per day",  
          caption = "Data: US Census Bureau.") +  
    coord_fixed() +  
    guides(fill = guide_legend(keywidth = 3,  
                               label.position = "bottom")) +  
    theme(legend.position = "bottom",  
          legend.justification = "left")
```

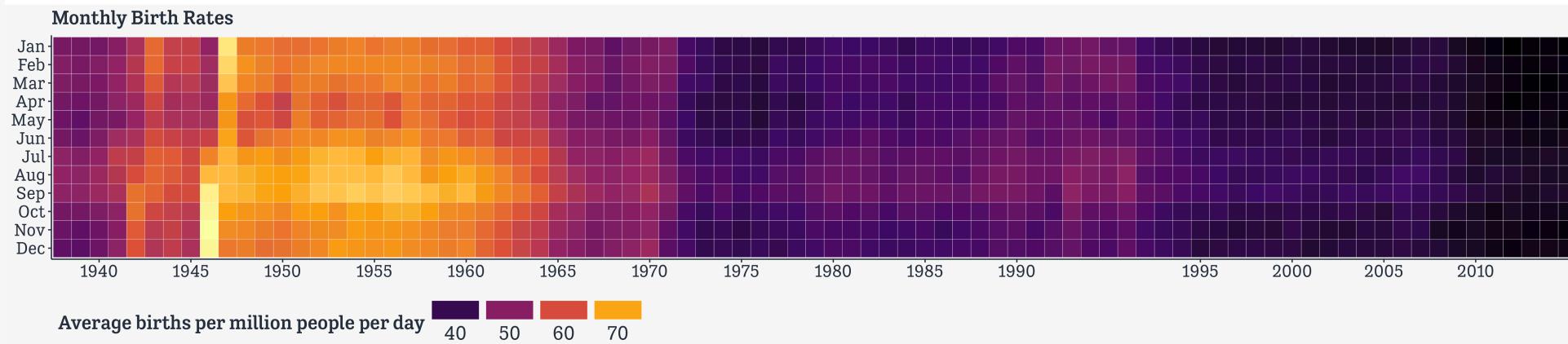


Tiled Heatmap

```
okboomer >
  mutate(year_fct =
    factor(year,
      levels = unique(year),
      ordered = TRUE),
  month_fct = factor(month,
    levels = rev(c(1:12)),
    labels = rev(c("Jan", "Feb", "Mar", "Apr",
      "May", "Jun", "Jul", "Aug",
      "Sep", "Oct", "Nov", "Dec")),
    ordered = TRUE)) >
  select(year, month, year_fct, month_fct, everything()) >
  filter(country == "United States") >
  ggplot(aes(x = year_fct, y = month_fct)) +
  geom_tile(mapping = aes(fill = births_pct_day),
    color = "white") +
  scale_x_discrete(breaks = seq(1940, 2010, 5)) +
  scale_fill_viridis_c(option = "B") +
  labs(x = NULL, y = NULL,
    title = "Monthly Birth Rates",
    fill = "Average births per million people per day",
    caption = "Data: US Census Bureau.") +
  coord_fixed() +
  guides(fill = guide_legend(keywidth = 3,
    label.position = "bottom")) +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom",
    legend.justification = "left") →
p_tileboom
```

Tiled Heatmap

```
okboomer >
  mutate(year_fct =
    factor(year,
      levels = unique(year),
      ordered = TRUE),
  month_fct = factor(month,
    levels = rev(c(1:12)),
    labels = rev(c("Jan", "Feb", "Mar", "Apr",
      "May", "Jun", "Jul", "Aug",
      "Sep", "Oct", "Nov", "Dec")),
    ordered = TRUE)) >
  select(year, month, year_fct, month_fct, everything()) >
  filter(country == "United States") >
  ggplot(aes(x = year_fct, y = month_fct)) +
  geom_tile(mapping = aes(fill = births_pct_day),
    color = "white") +
  scale_x_discrete(breaks = seq(1940, 2010, 5)) +
  scale_fill_viridis_c(option = "B") +
  labs(x = NULL, y = NULL,
    title = "Monthly Birth Rates",
    fill = "Average births per million people per day",
    caption = "Data: US Census Bureau.") +
  coord_fixed() +
  guides(fill = guide_legend(keywidth = 3,
    label.position = "bottom")) +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom",
    legend.justification = "left") →
p_tileboom
```



The Baby Boom as a tiled temporal heatmap

Beeswarms and bespoke labels

The **cavax** package

```
# remotes::install_github("kjhealy/cavax")
library(cavax)

cavax

# A tibble: 7,032 × 13
  code county name type district city enrollment pbe_pct exempt med_exempt
  <dbl> <chr>  <chr> <chr>   <chr>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>
1 1.10e5 ALAME... FAME... PUBL... ALAMEDA... NEWA...     109      13  12.8     0
2 6.00e6 ALAME... COX ... PUBL... ALAMEDA... OAKL...     115       1  0.87  0.87
3 6.00e6 ALAME... LAZE... PUBL... ALAMEDA... OAKL...      40       0   0     0
4 1.24e5 ALAME... YU M... PUBL... ALAMEDA... OAKL...      52       10  9.62     0
5 6.10e6 ALAME... AMEL... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM...     128       2  1.56     0
6 6.11e6 ALAME... BAY ... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM...      70       1  1.43     0
7 6.09e6 ALAME... DONA... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM...     100       3   3     0
8 6.09e6 ALAME... EDIS... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM...      70       1  1.43     0
9 6.09e6 ALAME... FRAN... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM...      95       1  1.05  1.05
10 6.09e6 ALAME... FRAN... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM...      50       2   2     0
# i 7,022 more rows
# i 3 more variables: rel_exempt <dbl>, mwc <fct>, kind <fct>
```

Here we will do some custom manual labeling.

Aux Info Panel

```
library(ggbeeswarm)
```

Aux Info Panel

```
library(ggbeeswarm)
make_comma <- scales::label_comma()
```

Aux Info Panel

```
library(ggbeeswarm)
make_comma ← scales::label_comma()

cavax
```

```
# A tibble: 7,032 × 13
  code county name type district city enrollment pbe_pct exempt
  <dbl> <chr>   <chr> <chr> <chr>    <chr>      <dbl>     <dbl>   <dbl>
1 1.10e5 ALAME... FAME... PUBL... ALAMEDA... NEWA...     109      13 12.8
0
2 6.00e6 ALAME... COX ... PUBL... ALAMEDA... OAKL...     115      1  0.87
0.87
3 6.00e6 ALAME... LAZE... PUBL... ALAMEDA... OAKL...     40       0  0
0
4 1.24e5 ALAME... YU M... PUBL... ALAMEDA... OAKL...     52       10 9.62
0
5 6.10e6 ALAME... AMEL... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM...    128       2 1.56
0
6 6.11e6 ALAME... BAY ... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM...     70       1 1.43
0
7 6.09e6 ALAME... DONA... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM...    100       3  3
0
8 6.09e6 ALAME... EDIS... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM...     70       1 1.43
0
9 6.09e6 ALAME... FRAN... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM...    95       1 1.05
1.05
10 6.09e6 ALAME... FRAN... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM...    50       2  2
0
# i 7,022 more rows
# i 3 more variables: rel_exempt <dbl>, mwc <fct>, kind <fct>
```

Aux Info Panel

```
library(ggbeeswarm)
make_comma ← scales::label_comma()

cavax %>
  group_by(mwc)
```

```
# A tibble: 7,032 × 13
# Groups:   mwc [11]
  code county name  type district city enrollment pbe_pct exempt
  <dbl> <chr>  <chr> <chr>  <chr>    <dbl>     <dbl>    <dbl>
  1 1.10e5 ALAME... FAME... PUBL... ALAMEDA... NEWA...    109      13  12.8
  2 6.00e6 ALAME... COX ... PUBL... ALAMEDA... OAKL...    115      1   0.87
  3 6.00e6 ALAME... LAZE... PUBL... ALAMEDA... OAKL...     40       0   0
  4 1.24e5 ALAME... YU M... PUBL... ALAMEDA... OAKL...     52      10  9.62
  5 6.10e6 ALAME... AMEL... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM...    128      2   1.56
  6 6.11e6 ALAME... BAY ... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM...     70      1   1.43
  7 6.09e6 ALAME... DONA... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM...    100      3   3
  8 6.09e6 ALAME... EDIS... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM...     70      1   1.43
  9 6.09e6 ALAME... FRAN... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM...    95      1   1.05
 10 6.09e6 ALAME... FRAN... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM...     50      2   2
# i 7,022 more rows
```

Aux Info Panel

```
library(ggbeeswarm)
make_comma ← scales::label_comma()

cavax %>
  group_by(mwc) %>
  summarize(n_schools=n(),
            n_students = sum(enrollment, na.rm=TRUE))
```

		n_schools	n_students
1	Public	5314	472802
2	Charter	314	19863
3	Private Non-Specific	591	16697
4	Private Christian	336	8836
5	Private Catholic	334	9869
6	Private Montessori	99	2112
7	Private Waldorf	16	513
8	Charter Montessori	5	227
9	Public Montessori	11	706
10	Private Christian Montessori	4	78
11	Private Jewish/Islamic	8	237

Aux Info Panel

```
library(ggbeeswarm)
make_comma ← scales::label_comma()

cavax %>
  group_by(mwc) %>
  summarize(n_schools=n(),
            n_students = sum(enrollment, na.rm=TRUE)) %>
  drop_na()
```

		n_schools	n_students
1	Public	5314	472802
2	Charter	314	19863
3	Private Non-Specific	591	16697
4	Private Christian	336	8836
5	Private Catholic	334	9869
6	Private Montessori	99	2112
7	Private Waldorf	16	513
8	Charter Montessori	5	227
9	Public Montessori	11	706
10	Private Christian Montessori	4	78
11	Private Jewish/Islamic	8	237

Aux Info Panel

```
library(ggbeeswarm)
make_comma ← scales::label_comma()

cavax %>
  group_by(mwc) %>
  summarize(n_schools=n(),
            n_students = sum(enrollment, na.rm=TRUE)) %>
  drop_na() %>
  mutate(n_schools_fmt = make_comma(n_schools),
         n_students_fmt = make_comma(n_students),
         info_schools = paste(n_schools_fmt, "Schools Enrollment"),
         info_students = paste(n_students_fmt, "Kindergarten Students"))
```

mwc	n_schools	n_students	n_schools_fmt	n_students_fmt
info_schools	<fct>	<int>	<dbl> <chr>	<chr> <chr>
1 Public	5314	472802	5,314	472,802
Schools...				
2 Charter	314	19863	314	19,863
Schools...				
3 Private Non-S...	591	16697	591	16,697
Schools...				
4 Private Chris...	336	8836	336	8,836
Schools...				
5 Private Catho...	334	9869	334	9,869
Schools...				
6 Private Monte...	99	2112	99	2,112
Schools ...				
7 Private Waldo...	16	513	16	513
Schools ...				
8 Charter Monte...	5	227	5	227
Schools E...				
9 Public Montes...	11	706	11	706
Schools ...				
10 Private Chris...	4	78	4	78
Schools E...				
11 Private Jewis...	8	237	8	237
Schools E...				
# i 1 more variable: info_students <chr>				

Aux Info Panel

```
library(ggbeeswarm)
make_comma ← scales::label_comma()

cavax %>
  group_by(mwc) %>
  summarise(n_schools=n(),
            n_students = sum(enrollment, na.rm=TRUE)) %>
  drop_na() %>
  mutate(n_schools_fmt = make_comma(n_schools),
         n_students_fmt = make_comma(n_students),
         info_schools = paste(n_schools_fmt, "Schools Enrollment"),
         info_students = paste(n_students_fmt, "Kindergarten Students"))
aux_info
```

A little kludge

```
## This is not an efficient way to do this  
aux_info
```

```
# A tibble: 11 × 7  
  mwc      n_schools n_students n_schools_fmt  
  <fct>     <int>      <dbl> <chr>      <chr>  
  <chr>  
  1 Public      5314    472802 5,314    472,802  
  5,314 Schoo...  
  2 Charter      314     19863 314     19,863  
  314 Schools...  
  3 Private Non-S...  591     16697 591     16,697  
  591 Schools...  
  4 Private Chris...  336     8836 336     8,836  
  336 Schools...  
  5 Private Catho...  334     9869 334     9,869  
  334 Schools...  
  6 Private Monte...  99      2112 99      2,112  
  99 Schools ...  
  7 Private Waldo...  16      513 16      513  
  16 Schools ...  
  8 Charter Monte...  5       227 5      227  
  5 Schools E...  
  9 Public Montes...  11      706 11      706  
  11 Schools ...  
  10 Private Chris...  4       78 4      78  
  4 Schools E...  
  11 Private Jewis...  8       237 8      237  
  8 Schools E...
```

A little kludge

```
## This is not an efficient way to do this
aux_info >
  select(mwc, info_schools, info_students)
```

```
# A tibble: 11 × 3
#>   mwc          info_schools
#>   <fct>        <chr>      <chr>
#> 1 Public       5,314 Schools Enrolling 472,802
#> 2 Charter     314 Schools Enrolling  19,863
#> 3 Private Non-Specific 591 Schools Enrolling 16,697
#> 4 Private Christian 336 Schools Enrolling  8,836
#> 5 Private Catholic 334 Schools Enrolling  9,869
#> 6 Private Montessori 99 Schools Enrolling  2,112
#> 7 Private Waldorf 16 Schools Enrolling  513
#> 8 Charter Montessori 5 Schools Enrolling  227
#> 9 Public Montessori 11 Schools Enrolling  706
#> 10 Private Christian Montessori 4 Schools Enrolling 78
#> 11 Private Jewish/Islamic 8 Schools Enrolling  237
```

A little kludge

```
## This is not an efficient way to do this
aux_info >
  select(mwc, info_schools, info_students) >
  mutate(across(everything(), as.character))
```

```
# A tibble: 11 × 3
#>   mwc          info_schools
#>   <chr>        <chr>           <chr>
#> 1 Public       5,314 Schools Enrolling 472,802
#> 2 Charter      314 Schools Enrolling 19,863
#> 3 Private Non-Specific 591 Schools Enrolling 16,697
#> 4 Private Christian 336 Schools Enrolling 8,836
#> 5 Private Catholic 334 Schools Enrolling 9,869
#> 6 Private Montessori 99 Schools Enrolling 2,112
#> 7 Private Waldorf 16 Schools Enrolling 513
#> 8 Charter Montessori 5 Schools Enrolling 227
#> 9 Public Montessori 11 Schools Enrolling 706
#> 10 Private Christian Montessori 4 Schools Enrolling 78
#> 11 Private Jewish/Islamic 8 Schools Enrolling 237
#> # ... with 11 more rows, and 1 row grouped by `mwc`
```

A little kludge

```
## This is not an efficient way to do this
aux_info >
  select(mwc, info_schools, info_students) >
  mutate(across(everything(), as.character)) >
  group_by(mwc)
```

```
# A tibble: 11 × 3
# Groups:   mwc [11]
  mwc          info_schools
  <chr>        <chr>           <chr>
  1 Public      5,314 Schools Enrolling 472,802
  Kindergarteners
  2 Charter     314 Schools Enrolling 19,863
  Kindergarteners
  3 Private Non-Specific 591 Schools Enrolling 16,697
  Kindergarteners
  4 Private Christian 336 Schools Enrolling 8,836
  Kindergarteners
  5 Private Catholic 334 Schools Enrolling 9,869
  Kindergarteners
  6 Private Montessori 99 Schools Enrolling 2,112
  Kindergarteners
  7 Private Waldorf 16 Schools Enrolling 513
  Kindergarteners
  8 Charter Montessori 5 Schools Enrolling 227
  Kindergarteners
  9 Public Montessori 11 Schools Enrolling 706
  Kindergarteners
  10 Private Christian Montessori 4 Schools Enrolling 78
  Kindergarteners
  11 Private Jewish/Islamic 8 Schools Enrolling 237
  Kindergarteners
```

A little kludge

```
## This is not an efficient way to do this
aux_info >
  select(mwc, info_schools, info_students) >
  mutate(across(everything(), as.character)) >
  group_by(mwc) >
  group_keys()
```

```
# A tibble: 11 × 1
#>   mwc
#>   <chr>
#> 1 Charter
#> 2 Charter Montessori
#> 3 Private Catholic
#> 4 Private Christian
#> 5 Private Christian Montessori
#> 6 Private Jewish/Islamic
#> 7 Private Montessori
#> 8 Private Non-Specific
#> 9 Private Waldorf
#> 10 Public
#> 11 Public Montessori
```

A little kludge

```
## This is not an efficient way to do this
aux_info >
  select(mwc, info_schools, info_students) >
  mutate(across(everything(), as.character)) >
  group_by(mwc) >
  group_keys() >
  pull()
```

```
[1] "Charter"                 "Charter Montessori"
[3] "Private Catholic"        "Private Christian"
[5] "Private Christian Montessori" "Private Jewish/Islamic"
[7] "Private Montessori"       "Private Non-Specific"
[9] "Private Waldorf"          "Public"
[11] "Public Montessori"
```

A little kludge

```
## This is not an efficient way to do this
aux_info >
  select(mwc, info_schools, info_students) >
  mutate(across(everything(), as.character)) >
  group_by(mwc) >
  group_keys() >
  pull() >
  as.character()
```

```
[1] "Charter"                 "Charter Montessori"
[3] "Private Catholic"        "Private Christian"
[5] "Private Christian Montessori" "Private Jewish/Islamic"
[7] "Private Montessori"       "Private Non-Specific"
[9] "Private Waldorf"          "Public"
[11] "Public Montessori"
```

A little kludge

```
## This is not an efficient way to do this
aux_info >
  select(mwc, info_schools, info_students) >
  mutate(across(everything(), as.character)) >
  group_by(mwc) >
  group_keys() >
  pull() >
  as.character() →
  keys
```

A little kludge

```
## This is not an efficient way to do this
aux_info >
  select(mwc, info_schools, info_students) >
  mutate(across(everything(), as.character())) >
  group_by(mwc) >
  group_keys() >
  pull() >
  as.character() →
  keys

aux_info
```

```
# A tibble: 11 × 7
#>   mwc          n_schools n_students n_schools_fmt
#>   <fct>        <int>     <dbl> <chr>      <chr>
#>   <chr>
#>   1 Public       5314    472802 5,314      472,802
#>   5,314 Schoo...
#>   2 Charter      314     19863 314      19,863
#>   314 Schools...
#>   3 Private Non-S... 591    16697 591      16,697
#>   591 Schools...
#>   4 Private Chris... 336    8836 336      8,836
#>   336 Schools...
#>   5 Private Catho... 334    9869 334      9,869
#>   334 Schools...
#>   6 Private Monte... 99     2112 99      2,112
#>   99 Schools ...
#>   7 Private Waldo... 16     513 16      513
#>   16 Schools ...
#>   8 Charter Monte... 5     227 5      227
#>   5 Schools E...
#>   9 Public Montes... 11     706 11      706
#>   11 Schools ...
#>   10 Private Chris... 4     78 4      78
#>   4 Schools E...
#>   11 Private Jewis... 8     237 8      237
#>   8 Schools E...
```

A little kludge

```
## This is not an efficient way to do this
aux_info %>
  select(mwc, info_schools, info_students) %>
  mutate(across(everything(), as.character())) %>
  group_by(mwc) %>
  group_keys() %>
  pull() %>
  as.character() %>
  keys

aux_info %>
  select(mwc, info_schools, info_students)
```

```
# A tibble: 11 × 3
#>   mwc          info_schools
#>   <fct>        <chr>      <chr>
#> 1 Public       5,314 Schools Enrolling 472,802
#> 2 Charter     314 Schools Enrolling  19,863
#> 3 Private Non-Specific 591 Schools Enrolling 16,697
#> 4 Private Christian 336 Schools Enrolling  8,836
#> 5 Private Catholic 334 Schools Enrolling  9,869
#> 6 Private Montessori 99 Schools Enrolling  2,112
#> 7 Private Waldorf 16 Schools Enrolling  513
#> 8 Charter Montessori 5 Schools Enrolling  227
#> 9 Public Montessori 11 Schools Enrolling  706
#> 10 Private Christian Montessori 4 Schools Enrolling 78
#> 11 Private Jewish/Islamic 8 Schools Enrolling  237
```

A little kludge

```
## This is not an efficient way to do this
aux_info %>
  select(mwc, info_schools, info_students) %>
  mutate(across(everything(), as.character)) %>
  group_by(mwc) %>
  group_keys() %>
  pull() %>
  as.character() %>
  keys

aux_info %>
  select(mwc, info_schools, info_students) %>
  mutate(across(everything(), as.character))
```

mwc	info_schools	info_students
<chr>	<chr>	<chr>
1 Public	5,314 Schools Enrolling	472,802
Kindergarteners		
2 Charter	314 Schools Enrolling	19,863
Kindergarteners		
3 Private Non-Specific	591 Schools Enrolling	16,697
Kindergarteners		
4 Private Christian	336 Schools Enrolling	8,836
Kindergarteners		
5 Private Catholic	334 Schools Enrolling	9,869
Kindergarteners		
6 Private Montessori	99 Schools Enrolling	2,112
Kindergarteners		
7 Private Waldorf	16 Schools Enrolling	513
Kindergarteners		
8 Charter Montessori	5 Schools Enrolling	227
Kindergarteners		
9 Public Montessori	11 Schools Enrolling	706
Kindergarteners		
10 Private Christian Montessori	4 Schools Enrolling	78
Kindergarteners		
11 Private Jewish/Islamic	8 Schools Enrolling	237
Kindergarteners		

A little kludge

```
## This is not an efficient way to do this
aux_info >
  select(mwc, info_schools, info_students) >
  mutate(across(everything(), as.character)) >
  group_by(mwc) >
  group_keys() >
  pull() >
  as.character() →
  keys

aux_info >
  select(mwc, info_schools, info_students) >
  mutate(across(everything(), as.character)) >
  group_split(mwc)
```

```
<list_of<
  tbl_df<
    mwc           : character
    info_schools : character
    info_students: character
  >
>[11]>
[[1]]
# A tibble: 1 × 3
  mwc      info_schools      info_students
  <chr>    <chr>            <chr>
1 Charter 314 Schools Enrolling 19,863 Kindergarteners

[[2]]
# A tibble: 1 × 3
  mwc      info_schools      info_students
  <chr>    <chr>            <chr>
1 Charter Montessori 5 Schools Enrolling 227 Kindergarteners

[[3]]
# A tibble: 1 × 3
  mwc      info_schools      info_students
  <chr>    <chr>            <chr>
1 Private Catholic 334 Schools Enrolling 9,869 Kindergarteners

[[4]]
# A tibble: 1 × 3
```

A little kludge

```
## This is not an efficient way to do this
aux_info >
  select(mwc, info_schools, info_students) >
  mutate(across(everything(), as.character)) >
  group_by(mwc) >
  group_keys() >
  pull() >
  as.character() →
  keys

aux_info >
  select(mwc, info_schools, info_students) >
  mutate(across(everything(), as.character)) >
  group_split(mwc) >
  set_names(keys) # There's a better way ...
```

```
<list_of<
  tbl_df<
    mwc           : character
    info_schools : character
    info_students: character
  >
>[11]>
$Charter
# A tibble: 1 × 3
  mwc      info_schools      info_students
  <chr>    <chr>            <chr>
1 Charter  314 Schools Enrolling 19,863 Kindergarteners

$`Charter Montessori`
# A tibble: 1 × 3
  mwc      info_schools      info_students
  <chr>    <chr>            <chr>
1 Charter Montessori 5 Schools Enrolling 227 Kindergarteners

$`Private Catholic`
# A tibble: 1 × 3
  mwc      info_schools      info_students
  <chr>    <chr>            <chr>
1 Private Catholic 334 Schools Enrolling 9,869 Kindergarteners

$`Private Christian`
# A tibble: 1 × 3
```

A little kludge

```
## This is not an efficient way to do this
aux_info >
  select(mwc, info_schools, info_students) >
  mutate(across(everything(), as.character)) >
  group_by(mwc) >
  group_keys() >
  pull() >
  as.character() →
  keys

aux_info >
  select(mwc, info_schools, info_students) >
  mutate(across(everything(), as.character)) >
  group_split(mwc) >
  set_names(keys) > # There's a better way ...
  map_chr(.f = paste, sep = "", collapse = "\n")
```

```
Charter          "Charter\n314 Schools Enrolling\n19,863
Kindergarteners"
                                         Charter
Montessori      "Charter Montessori\n5 Schools Enrolling\n227
Kindergarteners"
                                         Private
Catholic         "Private Catholic\n334 Schools Enrolling\n9,869
Kindergarteners"
                                         Private
Christian        "Private Christian\n336 Schools Enrolling\n8,836
Kindergarteners"
                                         Private Christian
Montessori      "Private Christian Montessori\n4 Schools Enrolling\n78
Kindergarteners"
                                         Private
Jewish/Islamic   "Private Jewish/Islamic\n8 Schools Enrolling\n237
Kindergarteners"
                                         Private
Montessori      "Private Montessori\n99 Schools Enrolling\n2,112
```

A little kludge

```
## This is not an efficient way to do this
aux_info >
  select(mwc, info_schools, info_students) >
  mutate(across(everything(), as.character)) >
  group_by(mwc) >
  group_keys() >
  pull() >
  as.character() →
  keys

aux_info >
  select(mwc, info_schools, info_students) >
  mutate(across(everything(), as.character)) >
  group_split(mwc) >
  set_names(keys) > # There's a better way ...
  map_chr(.f = paste, sep = "", collapse = "\n") →
  special_x_labs
```

A little kludge

```
## This is not an efficient way to do this
aux_info >
  select(mwc, info_schools, info_students) >
  mutate(across(everything(), as.character)) >
  group_by(mwc) >
  group_keys() >
  pull() >
  as.character() →
  keys

aux_info >
  select(mwc, info_schools, info_students) >
  mutate(across(everything(), as.character)) >
  group_split(mwc) >
  set_names(keys) > # There's a better way ...
  map_chr(.f = paste, sep = "", collapse = "\n") →
  special_x_labs
```

At last, the Beeplot

cavax

```
# A tibble: 7,032 × 13
  code county name   type district city enrollment pbe_pct
  <dbl> <chr>  <chr>  <chr>  <chr>  <chr>      <dbl>    <dbl>
exempt med_exempt
  <dbl>    <dbl>
  1 1.10e5 ALAME... FAME... PUBL... ALAMEDA... NEWA... 109     13
12.8       0
  2 6.00e6 ALAME... COX ... PUBL... ALAMEDA... OAKL... 115      1
0.87      0.87
  3 6.00e6 ALAME... LAZE... PUBL... ALAMEDA... OAKL... 40       0  0
0
  4 1.24e5 ALAME... YU M... PUBL... ALAMEDA... OAKL... 52      10
9.62      0
  5 6.10e6 ALAME... AMEL... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM... 128      2
1.56      0
  6 6.11e6 ALAME... BAY ... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM... 70       1
1.43      0
  7 6.09e6 ALAME... DONA... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM... 100      3  3
0
  8 6.09e6 ALAME... EDIS... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM... 70       1
1.43      0
  9 6.09e6 ALAME... FRAN... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM... 95       1
1.05      1.05
 10 6.09e6 ALAME... FRAN... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM... 50       2  2
0
# i 7,022 more rows
# i 3 more variables: rel_exempt <dbl>, mwc <fct>, kind <fct>
```

At last, the Beeplot

```
cavax >  
  filter(mwc %nin% c("Private Christian Montessori",  
    "Charter Montessori",  
    "Private Jewish/Islamic"))
```

```
# A tibble: 7,015 × 13  
  code county name   type district city enrollment pbe_pct  
  <dbl> <chr>  <chr>  <chr>  <chr>  <chr>      <dbl>     <dbl>  
<dbl> <dbl>  
1 1.10e5 ALAME... FAME... PUBL... ALAMEDA... NEWA... 109     13  
12.8 0  
2 6.00e6 ALAME... COX ... PUBL... ALAMEDA... OAKL... 115     1  
0.87 0.87  
3 6.00e6 ALAME... LAZE... PUBL... ALAMEDA... OAKL... 40      0  0  
0  
4 1.24e5 ALAME... YU M... PUBL... ALAMEDA... OAKL... 52      10  
9.62 0  
5 6.10e6 ALAME... AMEL... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM... 128     2  
1.56 0  
6 6.11e6 ALAME... BAY ... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM... 70      1  
1.43 0  
7 6.09e6 ALAME... DONA... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM... 100     3  3  
0  
8 6.09e6 ALAME... EDIS... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM... 70      1  
1.43 0  
9 6.09e6 ALAME... FRAN... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM... 95      1  
1.05 1.05  
10 6.09e6 ALAME... FRAN... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM... 50      2  2  
0  
# i 7,005 more rows  
# i 3 more variables: rel_exempt <dbl>, mwc <fct>, kind <fct>
```

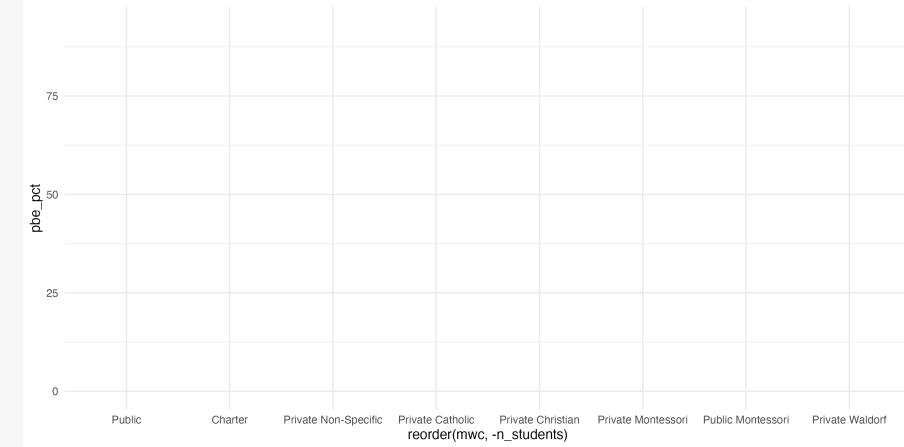
At last, the Beeplot

```
cavax %>  
  filter(mwc %nin% c("Private Christian Montessori",  
    "Charter Montessori",  
    "Private Jewish/Islamic")) %>  
  left_join(aux_info, by = "mwc")
```

```
# A tibble: 7,015 x 19  
  code county name type district city enrollment pbe_pct  
  <dbl> <chr>  <chr> <chr> <chr>   <chr>      <dbl>     <dbl>  
1 1.10e5 ALAME... FAME... PUBL... ALAMEDA... NEWA... 109      13  
2 6.00e6 ALAME... COX ... PUBL... ALAMEDA... OAKL... 115      1  
3 6.00e6 ALAME... LAZE... PUBL... ALAMEDA... OAKL... 40       0     0  
4 1.24e5 ALAME... YU M... PUBL... ALAMEDA... OAKL... 52       10  
5 6.10e6 ALAME... AMEL... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM... 128      2  
6 6.11e6 ALAME... BAY ... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM... 70       1  
7 6.09e6 ALAME... DONA... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM... 100      3     3  
8 6.09e6 ALAME... EDIS... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM... 70       1  
9 6.09e6 ALAME... FRAN... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM... 95       1  
10 6.09e6 ALAME... FRAN... PUBL... ALAMEDA... ALAM... 50       2     2  
# i 7,005 more rows  
# i 9 more variables: rel_exempt <dbl>, mwc <fct>, kind <fct>,
```

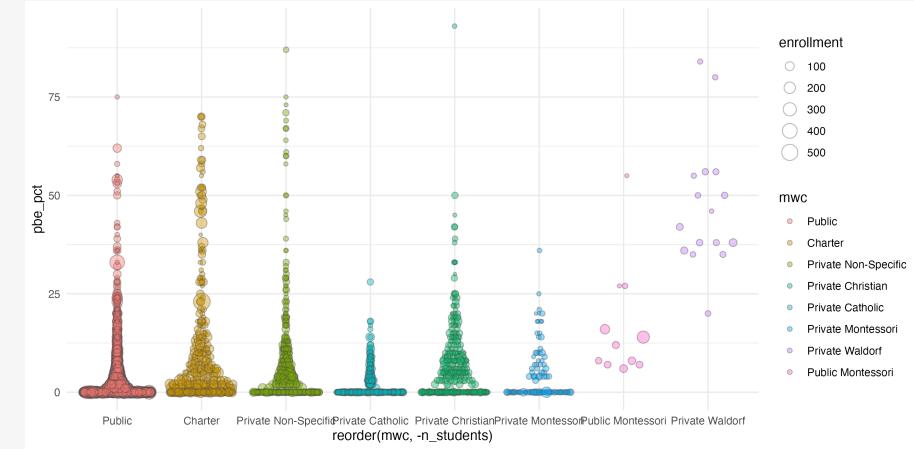
At last, the Beeplot

```
cavax >  
  filter(mwc %nin% c("Private Christian Montessori",  
    "Charter Montessori",  
    "Private Jewish/Islamic")) >  
  left_join(aux_info, by = "mwc") >  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(y = pbe_pct,  
      x = reorder(mwc, -n_students),  
      size = enrollment,  
      fill = mwc))
```



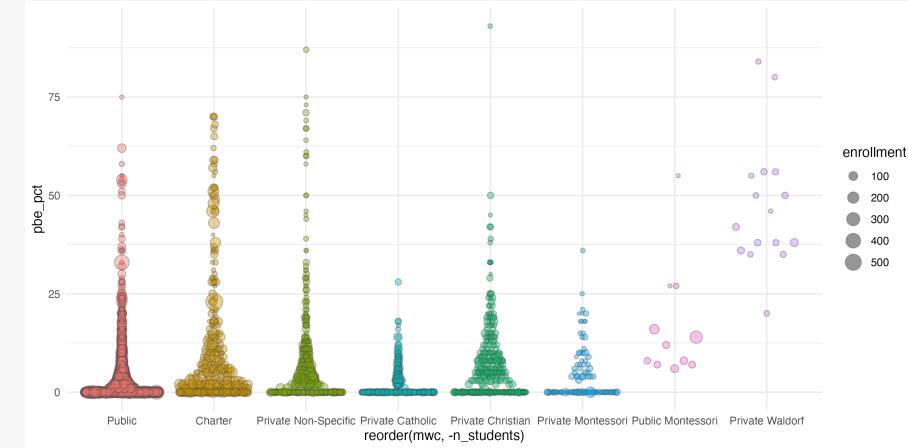
At last, the Beeplot

```
cavax >
  filter(mwc %nin% c("Private Christian Montessori",
                     "Charter Montessori",
                     "Private Jewish/Islamic")) >
  left_join(aux_info, by = "mwc") >
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(y = pbe_pct,
        x = reorder(mwc, -n_students),
        size = enrollment,
        fill = mwc)) +
  geom_quasirandom(shape=21,
                    alpha = 0.4,color="gray30",
                    method = "quasirandom",
                    varwidth = FALSE,
                    bandwidth = 0.9)
```



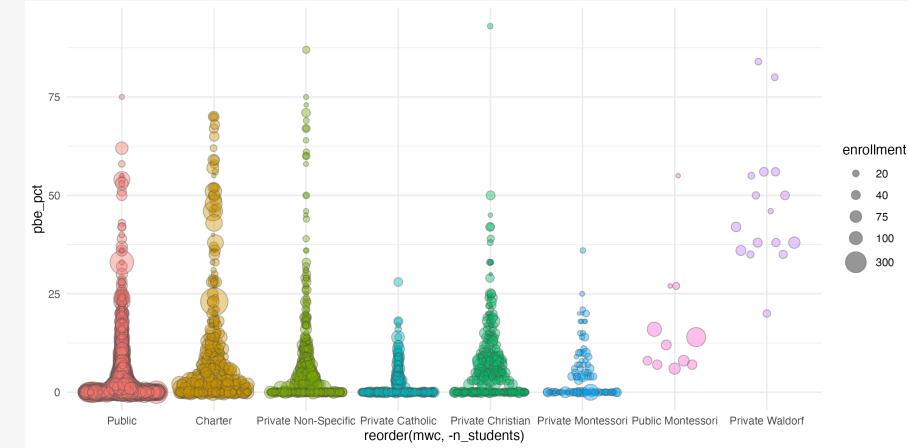
At last, the Beeplot

```
cavax >
  filter(mwc %nin% c("Private Christian Montessori",
                     "Charter Montessori",
                     "Private Jewish/Islamic")) >
  left_join(aux_info, by = "mwc") >
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(y = pbe_pct,
        x = reorder(mwc, -n_students),
        size = enrollment,
        fill = mwc)) +
  geom_quasirandom(shape=21,
    alpha = 0.4,color="gray30",
    method = "quasirandom",
    varwidth = FALSE,
    bandwidth = 0.9) +
  guides(color = "none",
    shape= "none",
    fill= "none",
    size = guide_legend(override.aes =
      list(fill = "black")))
```



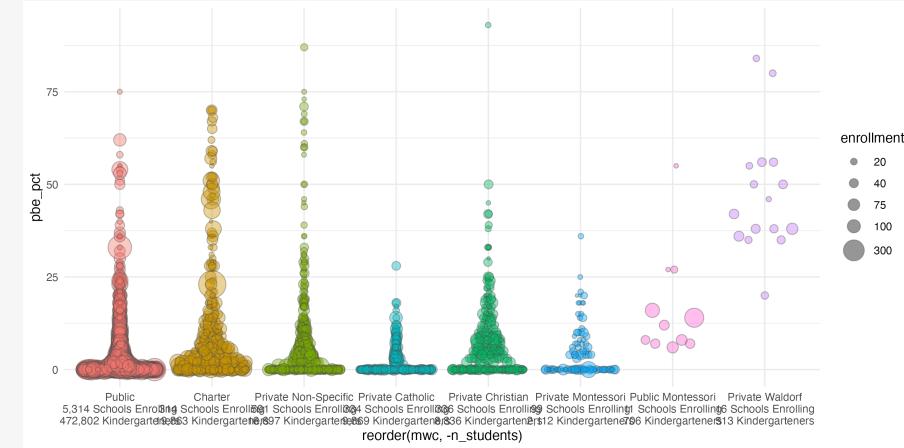
At last, the Beeplot

```
cavax >
  filter(mwc %nin% c("Private Christian Montessori",
                     "Charter Montessori",
                     "Private Jewish/Islamic")) >
  left_join(aux_info, by = "mwc") >
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(y = pbe_pct,
        x = reorder(mwc, -n_students),
        size = enrollment,
        fill = mwc)) +
  geom_quasirandom(shape=21,
    alpha = 0.4,color="gray30",
    method = "quasirandom",
    varwidth = FALSE,
    bandwidth = 0.9) +
  guides(color = "none",
    shape= "none",
    fill= "none",
    size = guide_legend(override.aes =
      list(fill = "black"))) +
  scale_size(breaks=c(20, 40, 75, 100, 300),
    range=c(1,10))
```



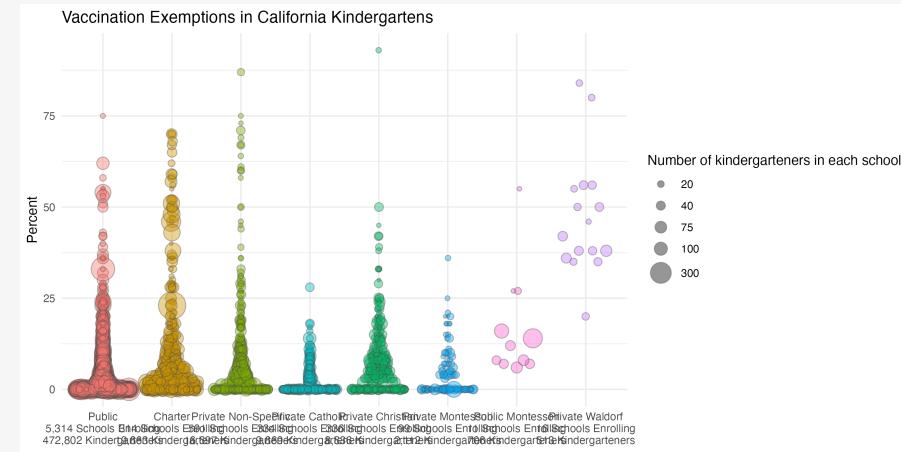
At last, the Beeplot

```
cavax %>  
  filter(mwc %nin% c("Private Christian Montessori",  
                    "Charter Montessori",  
                    "Private Jewish/Islamic")) %>  
  left_join(aux_info, by = "mwc") %>  
  ggplot(mapping =  
    aes(y = pbe_pct,  
        x = reorder(mwc, -n_students),  
        size = enrollment,  
        fill = mwc)) +  
  geom_quasirandom(shape=21,  
    alpha = 0.4,color="gray30",  
    method = "quasirandom",  
    varwidth = FALSE,  
    bandwidth = 0.9) +  
  guides(color = "none",  
    shape= "none",  
    fill= "none",  
    size = guide_legend(override.aes =  
      list(fill = "black"))) +  
  scale_size(breaks=c(20, 40, 75, 100, 300),  
             range=c(1,10)) +  
  scale_x_discrete(labels = special_x_labs)
```



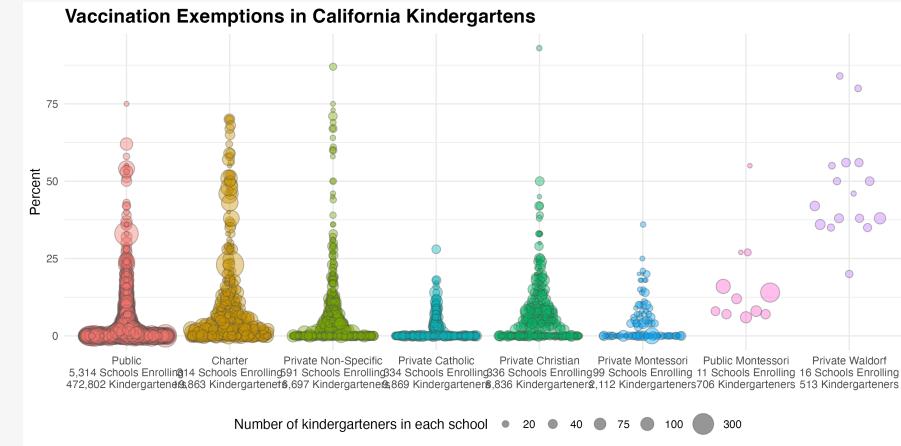
At last, the Beeplot

```
cavax >
  filter(mwc %nin% c("Private Christian Montessori",
                     "Charter Montessori",
                     "Private Jewish/Islamic")) >
  left_join(aux_info, by = "mwc") >
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(y = pbe_pct,
        x = reorder(mwc, -n_students),
        size = enrollment,
        fill = mwc)) +
  geom_quasirandom(shape=21,
                    alpha = 0.4,color="gray30",
                    method = "quasirandom",
                    varwidth = FALSE,
                    bandwidth = 0.9) +
  guides(color = "none",
         shape= "none",
         fill= "none",
         size = guide_legend(override.aes =
                           list(fill = "black")))) +
  scale_size(breaks=c(20, 40, 75, 100, 300),
             range=c(1,10)) +
  scale_x_discrete(labels = special_x_labs) +
  labs(size = "Number of kindergarteners in each school",
       x = NULL, y = "Percent",
       title = "Vaccination Exemptions in California Kindergarten Schools")
```



At last, the Beeplot

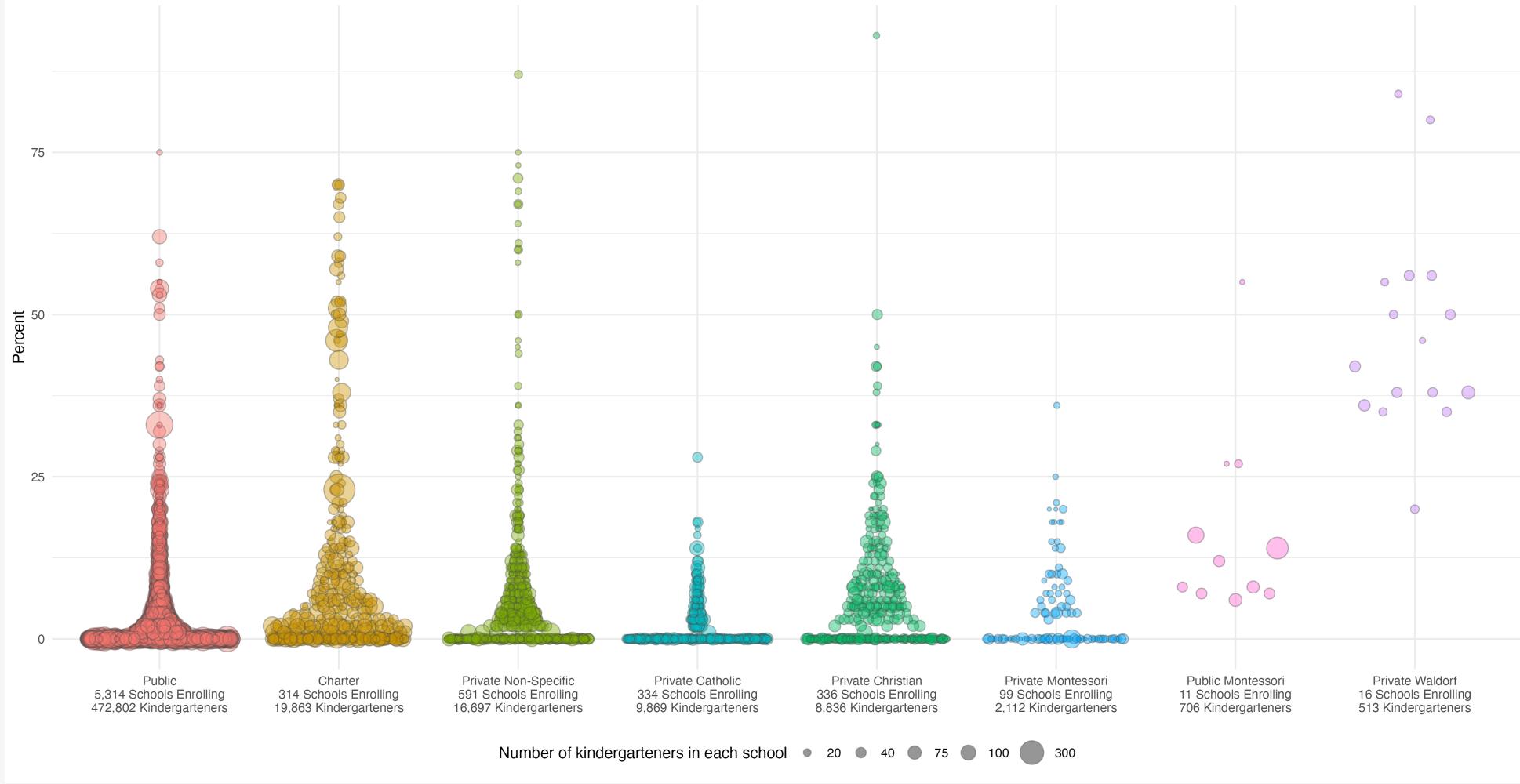
```
cavax >
  filter(mwc %nin% c("Private Christian Montessori",
                     "Charter Montessori",
                     "Private Jewish/Islamic")) >
  left_join(aux_info, by = "mwc") >
  ggplot(mapping =
    aes(y = pbe_pct,
        x = reorder(mwc, -n_students),
        size = enrollment,
        fill = mwc)) +
  geom_quasirandom(shape=21,
                    alpha = 0.4,color="gray30",
                    method = "quasirandom",
                    varwidth = FALSE,
                    bandwidth = 0.9) +
  guides(color = "none",
         shape= "none",
         fill= "none",
         size = guide_legend(override.aes =
           list(fill = "black"))) +
  scale_size(breaks=c(20, 40, 75, 100, 300),
             range=c(1,10)) +
  scale_x_discrete(labels = special_x_labs) +
  labs(size = "Number of kindergarteners in each school",
       x = NULL, y = "Percent",
       title = "Vaccination Exemptions in California Kindergartens",
       theme(legend.position = "bottom",
             plot.title = element_text(size = rel(1.4),
                                       face = "bold")))
```



At last, the Beeplot

At last, the Beeplot

Vaccination Exemptions in California Kindergartens



Vaccination Exemptions in California Kindergartens