Manipulating Tables with dplyr

Data Wrangling: Session 3

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Time to play with some data

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woohoo!

Load our libraries

```
library(here)
                   # manage file paths
## here() starts at /Users/kjhealy/Documents/courses/data wrangling
library(socviz)
                  # data and some useful functions
## Attaching package: 'socviz'
## The following object is masked from 'package:kjhutils':
##
##
      %nin%
library(tidyverse) # your friend and mine
## — Attaching packages
                                                              - tidyverse 1.3.1 —
## ✓ ggplot2 3.3.5
                      ✓ purrr 0.3.4
## < tibble 3.1.6 < dplyr 1.0.8
## ✓ tidyr 1.2.0 ✓ stringr 1.4.0
## ✓ readr 2.1.2
                      ✓ forcats 0.5.1
## — Conflicts -
                                                        - tidvverse conflicts() —
## x readr::edition get()
                           masks testthat::edition get()
## x dplyr::filter()
                           masks stats::filter()
## x purrr::is null()
                           masks testthat::is null()
## x dplyr::lag()
                           masks stats::lag()
## x readr::local_edition() masks testthat::local_edition()
## x dplyr::matches()
                           masks tidyr::matches(), testthat::matches()
```

Tidyverse components, again

```
library(tidyverse)
Loading tidyverse: ggplot2
Loading tidyverse: tibble
Loading tidyverse: tidyr
Loading tidyverse: readr
Loading tidyverse: purrr
Loading tidyverse: dplyr
```

Tidyverse components, again

```
Loading tidyverse: ggplot2
Loading tidyverse: tibble
Loading tidyverse: tidyr
Loading tidyverse: tidyr
Loading tidyverse: readr
Loading tidyverse: readr
Loading tidyverse: purrr
Loading tidyverse: dplyr
Call the package and ...
< | Draw graphs
< | Nicer data tables
< | Tidy your data
< | Get data into R
< | Fancy Iteration
< | Action verbs for tables</pre>
```

Other tidyverse components

forcats
haven
lubridate
readxl
stringr
reprex

Other tidyverse components

```
forcats <| Deal with factors
haven <| Import Stata, SPSS, etc
lubridate <| Dates, Durations, Times
readxl <| Import from spreadsheets
stringr <| Strings and Regular Expressions
reprex <| Make reproducible examples
```

Other tidyverse components

```
forcats <| Deal with factors
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readxl <| Import from spreadsheets
stringr <| Strings and Regular Expressions
reprex <| Make reproducible examples
```

Not all of these are attached when we do library (tidyverse)

dplyr lets you work with tibbles

Remember, tibbles are tables of data where the columns can be of different types, such as numeric, logical, character, factor, etc.

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We'll use dplyr to transform and summarize our data.

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Remember, tibbles are tables of data where the columns can be of different types, such as numeric, logical, character, factor, etc.

We'll use dplyr to *transform* and *summarize* our data.

We'll use the pipe operator, %>%, to chain together sequences of actions on our tables.

dplyr draws on the logic and language of database queries, where the focus is on manipulating tables

Some actions to take on a single table

Some actions to take on a single table

Group the data at the level we want, such as "Religion by Region" or "Children by School".

Subset either the rows or columns of or table.

Mutate the data. That is, change something at the *current* level of grouping. Mutating adds new columns to the table, or changes the content of an existing column. It never changes the number of rows.

Summarize or aggregate the data. That is, make something new at a *higher* level of grouping. E.g., calculate means or counts by some grouping variable. This will generally result in a smaller, *summary* table.

Group using group_by().

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Subset has one action for rows and one for columns. We filter() rows and select() columns.

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Mutate tables (i.e. add new columns, or re-make existing ones) using mutate().

Group using group_by().

Subset has one action for rows and one for columns. We filter() rows and select() columns.

Mutate tables (i.e. add new columns, or re-make existing ones) using mutate().

Summarize tables (i.e. perform aggregating calculations) using **summarize()**.

General Social Survey data: gss_sm

```
gss_sm
## # A tibble: 2,867 × 32
               id ballot
                                age childs sibs degree race sex region income16
##
       vear
      <dbl> <dbl> <labelled> <dbl> <labe> <fct> <fct> <fct> <fct> <fct>
## 1 2016
                1 1
                                         3 2
                                                  Bache... White Male New E... $170000...
   2 2016
                2 2
                                         0 3
                                                  High ... White Male New E... $50000 ...
                                 61
   3 2016
               3 3
                                         2 3
                                                  Bache... White Male New E... $75000 ...
                                 72
   4 2016
                4 1
                                 43
                                         4 3
                                                  High ... White Fema... New E... $170000...
   5 2016
                5 3
                                 55
                                         2 2
                                                  Gradu... White Fema... New E... $170000...
                                         2 2
   6 2016
                6 2
                                 53
                                                  Junio... White Fema... New E... $60000 ...
                                         2 2
## 7 2016
               7 1
                                                  High ... White Male New E... $170000...
                                 50
       2016
                8 3
                                 23
                                         3 6
                                                  High ... Other Fema... Middl... $30000 ...
## 9
       2016
                9 1
                                 45
                                         3 5
                                                  High ... Black Male Middl... $60000 ...
                                         4 1
## 10
       2016
               10 3
                                 71
                                                  Junio... White Male Middl... $60000 ...
## # ... with 2,857 more rows, and 21 more variables: relig <fct>, marital <fct>,
       padeg <fct>, madeg <fct>, partyid <fct>, polviews <fct>, happy <fct>,
## #
       partners <fct>, grass <fct>, zodiac <fct>, pres12 <labelled>,
## #
       wtssall <dbl>, income rc <fct>, agegrp <fct>, ageg <fct>, siblings <fct>,
## #
       kids <fct>, religion <fct>, bigregion <fct>, partners rc <fct>, obama <dbl>
## #
```

library(socviz) # if not loaded

General Social Survey data: gss_sm

```
## library(socviz) # if not loaded
 gss_sm
## # A tibble: 2,867 × 32
               id ballot
                                                  degree race sex region income16
##
       vear
                                age childs sibs
      <dbl> <dbl> <labelled> <dbl> <labe> <fct> <fct> <fct> <fct> <fct>
   1 2016
                1 1
                                         3 2
                                                  Bache... White Male New E... $170000...
   2 2016
                2 2
                                         0 3
                                                  High ... White Male New E... $50000 ...
                                 61
   3 2016
              3 3
                                         2 3
                                                  Bache... White Male New E... $75000 ...
                                 72
   4 2016
                4 1
                                         4 3
                                                  High ... White Fema... New E... $170000...
                                 43
   5 2016
               5 3
                                 55
                                         2 2
                                                  Gradu... White Fema... New E... $170000...
                                         2 2
   6 2016
                6 2
                                 53
                                                  Junio... White Fema... New E... $60000 ...
                                         2 2
## 7 2016
             7 1
                                                  High ... White Male New E... $170000...
                                 50
       2016
                8 3
                                 23
                                         3 6
                                                  High ... Other Fema... Middl... $30000 ...
## 9
       2016
                9 1
                                 45
                                         3 5
                                                  High ... Black Male Middl... $60000 ...
                                         4 1
## 10
       2016
               10 3
                                 71
                                                  Junio... White Male Middl... $60000 ...
## # ... with 2,857 more rows, and 21 more variables: relig <fct>, marital <fct>,
       padeg <fct>, madeg <fct>, partyid <fct>, polviews <fct>, happy <fct>,
## #
       partners <fct>, grass <fct>, zodiac <fct>, pres12 <labelled>,
## #
       wtssall <dbl>, income rc <fct>, agegrp <fct>, ageg <fct>, siblings <fct>,
## #
       kids <fct>, religion <fct>, bigregion <fct>, partners rc <fct>, obama <dbl>
## #
```

Notice how the tibble already tells us a lot.

Summarizing a Table

Here's what we're going to do:

1. Individual-Level GSS Data on Region and Religion

id	bigregion	religion
1014	Midwest	Protestant
1544	South	Protestant
665	Northeast	None
1618	South	None
2115	West	Catholic
417	South	Protestant
2045	West	Protestant
1863	Northeast	Other
1884	Midwest	Christian
1628	South	Protestant

2. Summary Count of Religious Preferences by Census Region

bigregion	n religion	N
Northeast	Protestant	123
Northeast	Catholic	149
Northeast	Jewish	15
Northeast	None	97
Northeast	Christian	14
Northeast	Other	31



3. Percent Religious Preferences by Census Region

bigregion	religion	N	pct
Northeast	Protestant	123	28.3
Northeast	Catholic	149	34.3
Northeast	Jewish	15	3.4
Northeast	None	97	22.3
Northeast	Christian	14	3.2
Northeast	Other	31	7.1

Summarizing a Table

```
## Just take a look at the columns we will work on
qss sm %>%
  select(id, bigregion, religion)
## # A tibble: 2,867 × 3
        id bigregion religion
     <dbl> <fct>
                    <fct>
        1 Northeast None
## 2 2 Northeast None
## 3 3 Northeast Catholic
## 4 4 Northeast Catholic
## 5 5 Northeast None
     6 Northeast None
## 7 7 Northeast None
     8 Northeast Catholic
      9 Northeast Protestant
## 10
       10 Northeast None
## # ... with 2,857 more rows
```

We're just taking a look at the relevant columns here.

Group by *one* column or variable

```
qss sm %>%
  group by (bigregion)
## # A tibble: 2,867 × 32
## # Groups:
               bigregion [4]
               id ballot
                                age childs sibs degree race sex region income16
##
      year
      <dbl> <dbl> <labelled> <dbl> <labe> <fct> <fct> <fct> <fct> <fct>
   1 2016
                                         3 2
                                                  Bache... White Male New E... $170000...
   2 2016
                2 2
                                         0 3
                                                  High ... White Male New E... $50000 ...
   3 2016
             3 3
                                         2 3
                                                  Bache... White Male New E... $75000 ...
   4 2016
             4 1
                                43
                                         4 3
                                                  High ... White Fema... New E... $170000...
   5 2016
              5 3
                                55
                                         2 2
                                                  Gradu... White Fema... New E... $170000...
                6 2
                                         2 2
   6 2016
                                53
                                                  Junio... White Fema... New E... $60000 ...
   7 2016
             7 1
                                50
                                         2 2
                                                  High ... White Male New E... $170000...
      2016
                8 3
                                         3 6
                                                  High ... Other Fema... Middl... $30000 ...
## 9
      2016
                                         3 5
                                                  High ... Black Male Middl... $60000 ...
                                71
                                         4 1
## 10
      2016
               10 3
                                                  Junio... White Male Middl... $60000 ...
## # ... with 2,857 more rows, and 21 more variables: relig <fct>, marital <fct>,
       padeq <fct>, madeq <fct>, partyid <fct>, polviews <fct>, happy <fct>,
## #
       partners <fct>, grass <fct>, zodiac <fct>, pres12 <labelled>,
## #
       wtssall <dbl>, income rc <fct>, agegrp <fct>, ageg <fct>, siblings <fct>,
## #
       kids <fct>, religion <fct>, bigregion <fct>, partners rc <fct>, obama <dbl>
## #
```

Grouping just changes the logical structure of the tibble.

gss_sm

```
## # A tibble: 2,867 × 32
##
               id ballot
                                age childs sibs
                                                   degree race sex region income16
       vear
      <dbl> <dbl> <labelled> <dbl> <labe> <fct> <fct> <fct> <fct> <fct>
## 1 2016
                                                   Bache... White Male New E... $170000...
                1 1
                                 47
                                          3 2
    2
       2016
                2 2
                                 61
                                          0 3
                                                   High ... White Male New E... $50000 ...
    3
       2016
                3 3
                                          2 3
                                                   Bache... White Male New E... $75000 ...
                                 72
    4
       2016
                4 1
                                 43
                                          4 3
                                                   High ... White Fema... New E... $170000...
                5 3
       2016
                                 55
                                          2 2
                                                   Gradu... White Fema... New E... $170000...
       2016
                6 2
                                 53
                                          2 2
                                                   Junio... White Fema... New E... $60000 ...
       2016
                7 1
                                 50
                                          2 2
                                                   High ... White Male New E... $170000...
       2016
                8 3
                                 23
                                          3 6
                                                   High ... Other Fema... Middl... $30000 ...
       2016
                9 1
                                 45
                                          3 5
                                                   High ... Black Male Middl... $60000 ...
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       2016
               10 3
                                 71
                                          4 1
                                                   Junio... White Male Middl... $60000 ...
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## #
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       partners <fct>, grass <fct>, zodiac <fct>, pres12 <labelled>,
       wtssall <dbl>, income_rc <fct>, agegrp <fct>, ageq <fct>, siblings <fct>,
## #
## #
       kids <fct>, religion <fct>, bigregion <fct>, partners rc <fct>, obama <dbl>
```

```
gss_sm %>%
  group_by(bigregion)
```

```
## # A tibble: 2,867 × 32
## # Groups:
               bigregion [4]
               id ballot
                                age childs sibs
                                                   degree race sex region income16
##
       vear
      <dbl> <dbl> <labelled> <dbl> <labe> <fct> <fct> <fct> <fct> <fct>
##
   1 2016
                1 1
                                 47
                                          3 2
                                                   Bache... White Male New E... $170000...
    2
       2016
                2 2
                                 61
                                          0 3
                                                   High ... White Male New E... $50000 ...
    3
       2016
                3 3
                                          2 3
                                                   Bache... White Male New E... $75000 ...
                                 72
                                          4 3
       2016
                4 1
                                 43
                                                   High ... White Fema... New E... $170000...
       2016
                5 3
                                 55
                                          2 2
                                                   Gradu... White Fema... New E... $170000...
       2016
                6 2
                                 53
                                          2 2
                                                   Junio... White Fema... New E... $60000 ...
       2016
                7 1
                                 50
                                          2 2
                                                   High ... White Male New E... $170000...
       2016
                8 3
                                          3 6
                                                   High ... Other Fema... Middl... $30000 ...
                                 23
       2016
                9 1
                                 45
                                          3 5
                                                   High ... Black Male Middl... $60000 ...
                                          4 1
## 10
       2016
               10 3
                                 71
                                                   Junio... White Male Middl... $60000 ...
## # ... with 2,857 more rows, and 21 more variables: relig <fct>, marital <fct>,
## #
       padeg <fct>, madeg <fct>, partyid <fct>, polviews <fct>, happy <fct>,
## #
       partners <fct>, grass <fct>, zodiac <fct>, pres12 <labelled>,
       wtssall <dbl>, income_rc <fct>, agegrp <fct>, ageq <fct>, siblings <fct>,
## #
## #
       kids <fct>, religion <fct>, bigregion <fct>, partners rc <fct>, obama <dbl>
```

```
gss_sm %>%
  group_by(bigregion) %>%
  summarize(total = n())
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 × 2
## bigregion total
## <fct> <int>
## 1 Northeast 488
## 2 Midwest 695
## 3 South 1052
## 4 West 632
```

```
gss_sm %>%
  group_by(bigregion) %>%
  summarize(total = n())

## # A tibble: 4 × 2
## bigregion total
## <fct> <int>
## 1 Northeast 488
## 2 Midwest 695
## 3 South 1052
## 4 West 632
```

The function n() counts up the rows within each group.

```
gss_sm %>%
  group_by(bigregion) %>%
  summarize(total = n())

## # A tibble: 4 × 2

## bigregion total

## <fct> <int>
## 1 Northeast 488

## 2 Midwest 695

## 3 South 1052

## 4 West 632
```

The function **n()** counts up the rows within each group.

All the other columns are dropped in the summary operation

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gss_sm %>%
  group_by(bigregion) %>%
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## <fct> <int>
## 1 Northeast 488
## 2 Midwest 695
## 3 South 1052
## 4 West 632
```

The function **n()** counts up the rows within each group.

All the other columns are dropped in the summary operation

Your original gss_sm table is untouched

gss_sm

```
## # A tibble: 2,867 × 32
                id ballot
                                age childs sibs
                                                                      region i
##
       vear
                                                   degree race sex
      <dbl> <dbl> <labelled> <dbl> <labe> <fct> <fct> <fct> <</pre>
       2016
                                                   Bache... White Male New E... 9
                1 1
                                          3 2
                                  47
   2
       2016
                2 2
                                 61
                                          0 3
                                                   High ... White Male New E... $
## 3
       2016
                3 3
                                                   Bache... White Male New E... 9
                                 72
                                          2 3
       2016
                4 1
                                 43
                                          4 3
                                                   High ... White Fema... New E... $
                 5 3
       2016
                                          2 2
                                 55
                                                   Gradu... White Fema... New E... 9
       2016
                 6 2
                                          2 2
                                 53
                                                   Junio... White Fema... New E... $
       2016
                7 1
                                 50
                                          2 2
                                                   High ... White Male New E... $
       2016
                8 3
                                 23
                                          3 6
                                                   High ... Other Fema... Middl... $
   9
       2016
                 9 1
                                 45
                                          3 5
                                                   High ... Black Male Middl... $
## 10
       2016
                10 3
                                 71
                                          4 1
                                                   Junio... White Male Middl... 9
## # ... with 2,857 more rows, and 21 more variables: relig <fct>, marital <fc
## #
       padeg <fct>, madeg <fct>, partyid <fct>, polviews <fct>, happy <fct>,
## #
       partners <fct>, grass <fct>, zodiac <fct>, pres12 <labelled>,
       wtssall <dbl>, income_rc <fct>, agegrp <fct>, ageq <fct>, siblings <f
## #
## #
       kids <fct>, religion <fct>, bigregion <fct>, partners rc <fct>, obama
```

```
gss_sm %>%
  group_by(bigregion, religion)
```

```
## # A tibble: 2,867 × 32
## # Groups:
               bigregion, religion [24]
               id ballot
##
                                age childs sibs
                                                                      region i
       vear
                                                   degree race sex
      <dbl> <dbl> <labelled> <dbl> <labe> <fct> <fct> <fct> <fct> <</pre>
       2016
                1 1
                                 47
                                          3 2
                                                   Bache... White Male New E... 9
   2
       2016
                2 2
                                          0 3
                                                   High ... White Male New E... $
                                 61
## 3
       2016
                3 3
                                          2 3
                                                   Bache... White Male New E... 9
                                 72
       2016
                4 1
                                          4 3
                                                   High ... White Fema... New E... $
                                 43
       2016
                 5 3
                                          2 2
                                 55
                                                   Gradu... White Fema... New E... $
       2016
                6 2
                                 53
                                          2 2
                                                    Junio... White Fema... New E... $
       2016
                7 1
                                          2 2
                                                   High ... White Male New E... $
                                 50
       2016
                8 3
                                          3 6
                                 23
                                                   High ... Other Fema... Middl... $
   9
       2016
                 9 1
                                 45
                                          3 5
                                                   High ... Black Male Middl... $
## 10
       2016
               10 3
                                 71
                                          4 1
                                                    Junio... White Male Middl... 9
## # ... with 2,857 more rows, and 21 more variables: relig <fct>, marital <fc
## #
       padeg <fct>, madeg <fct>, partyid <fct>, polviews <fct>, happy <fct>,
       partners <fct>, grass <fct>, zodiac <fct>, pres12 <labelled>,
## #
       wtssall <dbl>, income_rc <fct>, agegrp <fct>, ageq <fct>, siblings <f
## #
## #
       kids <fct>, religion <fct>, bigregion <fct>, partners rc <fct>, obama
```

```
gss_sm %>%
  group_by(bigregion, religion) %>%
  summarize(total = n())
```

```
## # A tibble: 24 × 3
## # Groups:
              bigregion [4]
     bigregion religion
                          total
     <fct>
               <fct>
                          <int>
## 1 Northeast Protestant
                            158
## 2 Northeast Catholic
                            162
## 3 Northeast Jewish
                             27
## 4 Northeast None
                            112
## 5 Northeast Other
                             28
## 6 Northeast <NA>
## 7 Midwest Protestant
                            325
## 8 Midwest Catholic
                            172
## 9 Midwest Jewish
## 10 Midwest
               None
                            157
## # ... with 14 more rows
```

```
gss_sm %>%
  group_by(bigregion, religion) %>%
  summarize(total = n())
```

```
## # A tibble: 24 × 3
## # Groups:
              bigregion [4]
     bigregion religion
                          total
     <fct>
               <fct>
                          <int>
   1 Northeast Protestant
                            158
   2 Northeast Catholic
                            162
## 3 Northeast Jewish
                             27
## 4 Northeast None
                            112
## 5 Northeast Other
                             28
## 6 Northeast <NA>
## 7 Midwest Protestant
                            325
## 8 Midwest Catholic
                            172
## 9 Midwest Jewish
## 10 Midwest
                            157
               None
## # ... with 14 more rows
```

The function **n()** counts up the rows within the *innermost* (i.e. the rightmost) group.

Calculate frequencies

gss_sm

```
## # A tibble: 2,867 × 32
               id ballot
                                age childs sibs
                                                   degree race sex region inc
##
       year
##
      <dbl> <dbl> <labelled> <dbl> <labe> <fct> <fct> <fct> <fct> <fct><</pre>
                                                   Bache... White Male New E... $179
       2016
                1 1
                                 47
                                          3 2
   2 2016
                2 2
                                 61
                                          0 3
                                                   High ... White Male New E... $50
       2016
                3 3
                                          2 3
                                                   Bache... White Male New E... $75
                                 72
##
       2016
                4 1
                                 43
                                          4 3
                                                   High ... White Fema... New E... $17
       2016
                5 3
                                 55
                                          2 2
                                                   Gradu... White Fema... New E... $17
       2016
                6 2
                                 53
                                          2 2
                                                   Junio... White Fema... New E... $60
       2016
                7 1
                                 50
                                          2 2
                                                   High ... White Male New E... $17
       2016
                8 3
                                 23
                                          3 6
                                                   High ... Other Fema... Middl... $30
       2016
                9 1
                                 45
                                          3 5
                                                   High ... Black Male Middl... $60
## 10
       2016
               10 3
                                 71
                                          4 1
                                                   Junio... White Male Middl... $60
## # ... with 2,857 more rows, and 21 more variables: relig <fct>, marital <fct>
## #
       padeg <fct>, madeg <fct>, partyid <fct>, polviews <fct>, happy <fct>,
## #
       partners <fct>, grass <fct>, zodiac <fct>, pres12 <labelled>,
       wtssall <dbl>, income_rc <fct>, agegrp <fct>, ageq <fct>, siblings <fct
## #
## #
       kids <fct>, religion <fct>, bigregion <fct>, partners rc <fct>, obama <
```

```
gss_sm %>%
  group_by(bigregion, religion)
```

```
## # A tibble: 2,867 × 32
## # Groups:
              bigregion, religion [24]
##
              id ballot
                              age childs sibs
                                                degree race sex region inco
      year
     ##
      2016
               1 1
                               47
                                       3 2
                                                Bache... White Male New E... $17
      2016
               2 2
                               61
                                       0 3
                                                High ... White Male New E... $50
      2016
               3 3
                               72
                                       2 3
                                                Bache... White Male New E... $75
      2016
               4 1
                               43
                                       4 3
                                                High ... White Fema... New E... $17
                                                Gradu... White Fema... New E... $179
      2016
               5 3
                               55
                                       2 2
      2016
               6 2
                               53
                                       2 2
                                                Junio... White Fema... New E... $600
      2016
               7 1
                               50
                                       2 2
                                                High ... White Male New E... $17
      2016
               8 3
                                       3 6
                               23
                                                High ... Other Fema... Middl... $30
      2016
               9 1
                               45
                                       3 5
                                                High ... Black Male Middl... $60
## 10
      2016
              10 3
                               71
                                       4 1
                                                Junio... White Male Middl... $60
## # ... with 2,857 more rows, and 21 more variables: relig <fct>, marital <fct>
      padeq <fct>, madeq <fct>, partyid <fct>, polviews <fct>, happy <fct>,
## #
      partners <fct>, grass <fct>, zodiac <fct>, pres12 <labelled>,
## #
      wtssall <dbl>, income_rc <fct>, agegrp <fct>, ageq <fct>, siblings <fct
## #
## #
      kids <fct>, religion <fct>, bigregion <fct>, partners rc <fct>, obama <
```

```
gss_sm %>%
  group_by(bigregion, religion) %>%
  summarize(total = n())
```

```
## # A tibble: 24 × 3
## # Groups:
              bigregion [4]
     bigregion religion
                          total
     <fct>
               <fct>
                          <int>
  1 Northeast Protestant
                            158
## 2 Northeast Catholic
                            162
## 3 Northeast Jewish
                             27
## 4 Northeast None
                            112
## 5 Northeast Other
                             28
## 6 Northeast <NA>
## 7 Midwest Protestant
                            325
## 8 Midwest Catholic
                            172
## 9 Midwest
               Jewish
                              3
## 10 Midwest
               None
                            157
## # ... with 14 more rows
```

```
## # A tibble: 24 × 5
## # Groups:
              bigregion [4]
     bigregion religion
                         total freq
                                        pct
     <fct>
              <fct>
                         <int> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Northeast Protestant 158 0.324
                                       32.4
## 2 Northeast Catholic
                           162 0.332
                                      33.2
## 3 Northeast Jewish
                            27 0.0553
                                      5.5
## 4 Northeast None
                           112 0.230
                                       23
## 5 Northeast Other
                            28 0.0574
                                        5.7
## 6 Northeast <NA>
                            1 0.00205
                                        0.2
## 7 Midwest Protestant
                           325 0.468
                                       46.8
## 8 Midwest Catholic
                           172 0.247
                                       24.7
## 9 Midwest
              Jewish
                             3 0.00432 0.4
## 10 Midwest
              None
                           157 0.226
                                       22.6
## # ... with 14 more rows
```

```
## # A tibble: 24 × 5
## # Groups:
              bigregion [4]
     bigregion religion
                         total freq
                                         pct
     <fct>
               <fct>
                         <int> <dbl> <dbl>
  1 Northeast Protestant
                           158 0.324
                                        32.4
  2 Northeast Catholic
                           162 0.332
                                        33.2
## 3 Northeast Jewish
                            27 0.0553
                                         5.5
## 4 Northeast None
                           112 0.230
                                        23
## 5 Northeast Other
                            28 0.0574
                                         5.7
## 6 Northeast <NA>
                             1 0.00205
                                         0.2
## 7 Midwest Protestant
                           325 0.468
                                        46.8
  8 Midwest
              Catholic
                           172 0.247
                                        24.7
  9 Midwest
              Jewish
                             3 0.00432 0.4
## 10 Midwest
               None
                           157 0.226
                                        22.6
## # ... with 14 more rows
```

The function n() counts up the rows

```
## # A tibble: 24 × 5
## # Groups:
              bigregion [4]
     bigregion religion
                          total
                                  frea
                                          pct
     <fct>
                          <int> <dbl> <dbl>
               <fct>
  1 Northeast Protestant
                            158 0.324
                                         32.4
   2 Northeast Catholic
                            162 0.332
                                        33.2
## 3 Northeast Jewish
                             27 0.0553
                                          5.5
## 4 Northeast None
                            112 0.230
                                         23
## 5 Northeast Other
                                          5.7
                             28 0.0574
## 6 Northeast <NA>
                              1 0.00205
                                          0.2
## 7 Midwest Protestant
                            325 0.468
                                         46.8
               Catholic
                            172 0.247
                                         24.7
  8 Midwest
                              3 0.00432 0.4
  9 Midwest
               Jewish
## 10 Midwest
                            157 0.226
                                         22.6
               None
## # ... with 14 more rows
```

The function n() counts up the rows

Which rows? The ones fed down the pipeline

```
## # A tibble: 24 × 5
## # Groups:
              bigregion [4]
     bigregion religion
                                   frea
                          total
                                          pct
                          <int> <dbl> <dbl>
     <fct>
               <fct>
   1 Northeast Protestant
                            158 0.324
                                         32.4
   2 Northeast Catholic
                            162 0.332
                                         33.2
## 3 Northeast Jewish
                             27 0.0553
                                          5.5
## 4 Northeast None
                            112 0.230
                                         23
## 5 Northeast Other
                                          5.7
                             28 0.0574
## 6 Northeast <NA>
                              1 0.00205
                                          0.2
## 7 Midwest
                            325 0.468
                                         46.8
               Protestant
                                         24.7
  8 Midwest
               Catholic
                            172 0.247
   9 Midwest
                                          0.4
               Jewish
                              3 0.00432
## 10 Midwest
                            157 0.226
                                         22.6
               None
## # ... with 14 more rows
```

The function n() counts up the rows

Which rows? The ones fed down the pipeline

The *innermost* (i.e. the rightmost) group.

Pipelines carry assumptions forward

```
qss sm %>%
  group by (bigregion, religion) %>%
  summarize(total = n()) %>%
  mutate(freg = total / sum(total),
          pct = round((freq*100), 1))
## # A tibble: 24 × 5
## # Groups: bigregion [4]
    bigregion religion total freq pct
    <fct> <fct> <int> <dbl> <dbl>
  1 Northeast Protestant 158 0.324 32.4
   2 Northeast Catholic 162 0.332
                                33.2
  3 Northeast Jewish 27 0.0553 5.5
## 4 Northeast None 112 0.230
                                   23
## 5 Northeast Other 28 0.0574 5.7
                  1 0.00205 0.2
   6 Northeast <NA>
## 7 Midwest Protestant 325 0.468
                                   46.8
  8 Midwest Catholic 172 0.247 24.7
  9 Midwest Jewish 3 0.00432 0.4
```

Groups are carried forward till summarized or explicitly ungrouped

22.6

157 0.226

10 Midwest None

... with 14 more rows

Pipelines carry assumptions forward

```
qss sm %>%
  group by (bigregion, religion) %>%
  summarize(total = n()) %>%
  mutate(freg = total / sum(total),
          pct = round((freq*100), 1))
## # A tibble: 24 × 5
## # Groups: bigregion [4]
     bigregion religion total freq pct
     <fct> <fct> <int> <dbl> <dbl>
   1 Northeast Protestant 158 0.324 32.4
   2 Northeast Catholic 162 0.332
                                 33.2
## 3 Northeast Jewish 27 0.0553 5.5
## 4 Northeast None 112 0.230
                                    23
## 5 Northeast Other 28 0.0574
                                  5.7
                  1 0.00205 0.2
   6 Northeast <NA>
## 7 Midwest Protestant 325 0.468
                                    46.8
   8 Midwest Catholic 172 0.247
                                    24.7
  9 Midwest Jewish 3 0.00432 0.4
## 10 Midwest
                        157 0.226
                                    22.6
            None
## # ... with 14 more rows
```

Groups are carried forward till summarized or explicitly ungrouped

Summary calculations are done on the innermost group, which then "disappears". (Notice how it's no longer a group in the output.)

Pipelines carry assumptions forward

```
qss sm %>%
  group by (bigregion, religion) %>%
  summarize(total = n()) %>%
  mutate(freg = total / sum(total),
          pct = round((freq*100), 1))
## # A tibble: 24 × 5
## # Groups: bigregion [4]
     bigregion religion total freq pct
     <fct>
             <fct> <int> <dbl> <dbl>
                                 32.4
   1 Northeast Protestant 158 0.324
   2 Northeast Catholic 162 0.332
                                  33.2
  3 Northeast Jewish 27 0.0553 5.5
   4 Northeast None 112 0.230
                                    23
## 5 Northeast Other 28 0.0574
                                   5.7
                  1 0.00205 0.2
   6 Northeast <NA>
## 7 Midwest Protestant 325 0.468
                                    46.8
   8 Midwest Catholic 172 0.247
                                    24.7
   9 Midwest Jewish 3 0.00432 0.4
## 10 Midwest
                        157 0.226
                                    22.6
            None
```

... with 14 more rows

mutate() is quite clever. See how we can immediately use freq, even though we are creating it in the same mutate() expression.

Convenience functions

```
qss sm %>%
  group by (bigregion, religion) %>%
  summarize(total = n()) %>%
  mutate(freg = total / sum(total),
          pct = round((freq*100), 1))
## # A tibble: 24 × 5
## # Groups: bigregion [4]
     bigregion religion total freq pct
     <fct>
             <fct> <int> <dbl> <dbl>
   1 Northeast Protestant 158 0.324
                                  32.4
   2 Northeast Catholic 162 0.332
                                  33.2
   3 Northeast Jewish 27 0.0553 5.5
   4 Northeast None 112 0.230
   5 Northeast Other 28 0.0574
                                   5.7
                   1 0.00205 0.2
   6 Northeast <NA>
   7 Midwest Protestant 325 0.468
                                    46.8
   8 Midwest Catholic
                         172 0.247
                                    24.7
```

3 0.00432 0.4

22.6

157 0.226

9 Midwest Jewish

... with 14 more rows

None

10 Midwest

We're going to be doing this **group_by()** ... **n()** step a lot. Some shorthand for it would be useful.

Three options for counting up rows

Do it yourself with n()

```
gss_sm %>%
  group_by(bigregion, religion) %>%
  summarize(n = n())
## # A tibble: 24 × 3
## # Groups:
              bigregion [4]
     bigregion religion
                              n
     <fct>
               <fct>
                          <int>
   1 Northeast Protestant
                            158
   2 Northeast Catholic
                            162
   3 Northeast Jewish
                             27
   4 Northeast None
                            112
   5 Northeast Other
   6 Northeast <NA>
   7 Midwest Protestant
                            325
                            172
   8 Midwest Catholic
   9 Midwest
              Jewish
## 10 Midwest
              None
                            157
## # ... with 14 more rows
```

Result is a grouped tibble.

Three options for counting up rows

Do it yourself with n()

```
qss sm %>%
  group_by(bigregion, religion) %>%
  summarize(n = n())
## # A tibble: 24 × 3
## # Groups:
               bigregion [4]
      bigregion religion
                               n
     <fct>
                <fct>
                           <int>
   1 Northeast Protestant
                             158
   2 Northeast Catholic
                             162
   3 Northeast Jewish
                              27
   4 Northeast None
                             112
   5 Northeast Other
   6 Northeast <NA>
   7 Midwest Protestant
                             325
              Catholic
                             172
   8 Midwest
   9 Midwest
               Jewish
## 10 Midwest
                             157
                None
## # ... with 14 more rows
```

Result is a grouped tibble.

use tally()

```
qss sm %>%
  group_by(bigregion, religion) %>%
  tally()
## # A tibble: 24 × 3
## # Groups:
              bigregion [4]
     bigregion religion
                              n
               <fct>
     <fct>
                          <int>
## 1 Northeast Protestant
                            158
## 2 Northeast Catholic
                            162
## 3 Northeast Jewish
                             27
## 4 Northeast None
                             112
## 5 Northeast Other
                             28
## 6 Northeast <NA>
## 7 Midwest Protestant
                             325
## 8 Midwest Catholic
                            172
## 9 Midwest
               Jewish
                              3
## 10 Midwest
               None
                             157
## # ... with 14 more rows
```

Group it yourself; result is grouped.

Three options for counting up rows

Do it yourself with n()

qss sm %>%

```
group_by(bigregion, religion) %>%
  summarize(n = n())
## # A tibble: 24 × 3
## # Groups:
               bigregion [4]
      bigregion religion
                                n
                <fct>
      <fct>
                           <int>
    1 Northeast Protestant
                              158
    2 Northeast Catholic
                              162
   3 Northeast Jewish
                               27
    4 Northeast None
                              112
    5 Northeast Other
                               28
    6 Northeast <NA>
   7 Midwest
               Protestant
                              325
                Catholic
                              172
    8 Midwest
   9 Midwest
                Jewish
                                3
## 10 Midwest
                              157
                None
```

Result is a grouped tibble.

... with 14 more rows

use tally()

```
qss sm %>%
   group_by(bigregion, religion) %>%
   tally()
## # A tibble: 24 × 3
## # Groups:
               bigregion [4]
      bigregion religion
                               n
                <fct>
      <fct>
                           <int>
   1 Northeast Protestant
                             158
   2 Northeast Catholic
                             162
   3 Northeast Jewish
                              27
                             112
   4 Northeast None
   5 Northeast Other
                              28
   6 Northeast <NA>
## 7 Midwest
                             325
                Protestant
                Catholic
                             172
   8 Midwest
   9 Midwest
                Jewish
                               3
## 10 Midwest
                None
                             157
## # ... with 14 more rows
```

Group it yourself; result is grouped.

use count()

```
qss sm %>%
   count(bigregion, religion)
## # A tibble: 24 × 3
      bigregion religion
                                n
      <fct>
                <fct>
                            <int>
    1 Northeast Protestant
                              158
    2 Northeast Catholic
                              162
    3 Northeast Jewish
                               27
    4 Northeast None
                              112
    5 Northeast Other
                               28
    6 Northeast <NA>
   7 Midwest
                Protestant
                              325
    8 Midwest
              Catholic
                              172
    9 Midwest
                Jewish
                                3
## 10 Midwest
                None
                              157
## # ... with 14 more rows
```

One step; result is not grouped.

Pass your pipeline on to ... a table

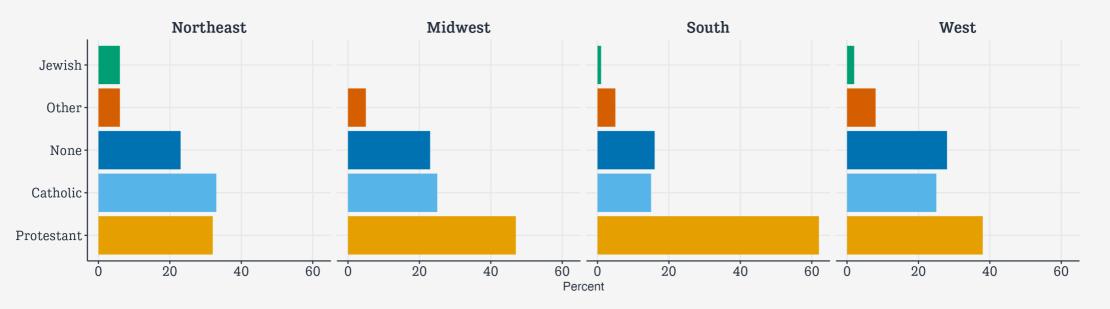
```
gss_sm %>%
  count(bigregion, religion) %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from = bigregion, values_from = n) %>%
  kable()
```

religion	Northeast	Midwest	South	West
Protestant	158	325	650	238
Catholic	162	172	160	155
Jewish	27	3	11	10
None	112	157	170	180
Other	28	33	50	48
NA	1	5	11	1

More on pivot_wider() and kable() soon ...

Pass your pipeline on to ... a graph

```
gss_sm %>%
  group_by(bigregion, religion) %>%
  tally() %>%
  mutate(pct = round((n/sum(n))*100), 1) %>%
  drop_na() %>%
  ggplot(mapping = aes(x = pct, y = reorder(religion, -pct), fill = religion)) +
  geom_col() +
  labs(x = "Percent", y = NULL) +
  guides(fill = "none") +
  facet_wrap(~ bigregion, nrow = 1)
```



Pass your pipeline on to ... an object

You can do it like this ...

```
rel_by_region <- gss_sm %>%
  count(bigregion, religion) %>%
  mutate(pct = round((n/sum(n))*100, 1))
rel_by_region
## # A tibble: 24 × 4
     bigregion religion
                             n pct
     <fct>
              <fct>
                         <int> <dbl>
   1 Northeast Protestant
                           158 5.5
   2 Northeast Catholic
                           162 5.7
   3 Northeast Jewish
                            27 0.9
   4 Northeast None
                           112 3.9
   5 Northeast Other
                                 1
   6 Northeast <NA>
                                 0
   7 Midwest Protestant
                           325 11.3
   8 Midwest Catholic
                           172
                           3 0.1
   9 Midwest
              Jewish
## 10 Midwest
              None
                           157
                                 5.5
## # ... with 14 more rows
```

Pass your pipeline on to ... an object

You can do it like this ...

```
rel_by_region <- gss_sm %>%
  count(bigregion, religion) %>%
  mutate(pct = round((n/sum(n))*100, 1))
rel_by_region
## # A tibble: 24 × 4
     bigregion religion
                              n pct
     <fct>
               <fct>
                          <int> <dbl>
   1 Northeast Protestant
                            158 5.5
   2 Northeast Catholic
                            162 5.7
   3 Northeast Jewish
                             27 0.9
   4 Northeast None
                            112 3.9
   5 Northeast Other
                                 1
   6 Northeast <NA>
                                  0
   7 Midwest Protestant
                            325 11.3
   8 Midwest Catholic
                            172
                             3
   9 Midwest
               Jewish
                                 0.1
## 10 Midwest
                            157
                                 5.5
               None
## # ... with 14 more rows
```

Or like this!

```
qss sm %>%
  count(bigregion, religion) %>%
  mutate(pct = round((n/sum(n))*100, 1)) \rightarrow
rel by region
rel by region
## # A tibble: 24 × 4
     bigregion religion
                                  pct
     <fct>
               <fct>
                           <int> <dbl>
   1 Northeast Protestant
                            158
                                  5.5
   2 Northeast Catholic
                            162
                                  5.7
   3 Northeast Jewish
                             27
                                  0.9
   4 Northeast None
                            112 3.9
   5 Northeast Other
                             28
                                  1
   6 Northeast <NA>
                                   0
## 7 Midwest Protestant
                            325 11.3
   8 Midwest Catholic
                            172
                                  6
   9 Midwest
               Jewish
                              3
                                  0.1
## 10 Midwest
               None
                            157
                                  5.5
## # ... with 14 more rows
```

Right assignmment is a thing, like Left

Left assignment is standard

```
gss_tab <- gss_sm %>%
  count(bigregion, religion)
```

This may feel awkward with a pipe:
"gss_tab *gets* the output of the following pipeline."

Right assignmment is a thing, like Left

Left assignment is standard

```
gss_tab <- gss_sm %>%
  count(bigregion, religion)
```

This may feel awkward with a pipe:
"gss_tab *gets* the output of the following pipeline."

Right assignment also works!

```
gss_sm %>%
  count(bigregion, religion) -> gss_tab
```

Without any authority, I assert that rightassignment should be read as, e.g., "This pipeline *begets* gss_tab"

```
rel by region <- gss sm %>%
  count(bigregion, religion) %>%
  mutate(pct = round((n/sum(n))*100, 1))
rel by region
## # A tibble: 24 × 4
     bigregion religion
                             n pct
     <fct>
              <fct>
                         <int> <dbl>
   1 Northeast Protestant 158 5.5
   2 Northeast Catholic
                           162 5.7
   3 Northeast Jewish
                            27 0.9
   4 Northeast None
                           112 3.9
   5 Northeast Other
                                1
   6 Northeast <NA>
                                 0
   7 Midwest Protestant
                           325 11.3
   8 Midwest Catholic
                           172
                           3 0.1
   9 Midwest
             Jewish
## 10 Midwest
              None
                           157
                                 5.5
## # ... with 14 more rows
```

Hm, did I sum over right group?

```
rel by region <- gss sm %>%
  count(bigregion, religion) %>%
  mutate(pct = round((n/sum(n))*100. 1))
rel by region
## # A tibble: 24 × 4
     bigregion religion
                             n pct
     <fct>
              <fct>
                         <int> <dbl>
   1 Northeast Protestant 158 5.5
   2 Northeast Catholic
                           162 5.7
   3 Northeast Jewish
                            27 0.9
   4 Northeast None
                           112 3.9
   5 Northeast Other
                                1
   6 Northeast <NA>
                                 0
## 7 Midwest Protestant
                           325 11.3
   8 Midwest Catholic
                           172
                           3 0.1
   9 Midwest Jewish
## 10 Midwest
              None
                           157
                                 5.5
## # ... with 14 more rows
```

Hm, did I sum over right group?

```
## Each region should sum to ~100
rel_by_region %>%
   group_by(bigregion) %>%
   summarize(total = sum(pct))

## # A tibble: 4 × 2
## bigregion total
## <fct> <dbl>
## 1 Northeast 17
## 2 Midwest 24.3
## 3 South 36.7
## 4 West 22
```

No! What has gone wrong here?

```
rel_by_region <- gss_sm %>%
    count(bigregion, religion) %>%
    mutate(pct = round((n/sum(n))*100, 1))
```

count() returns ungrouped results, so there
are no groups carry forward to the mutate()
step.

```
rel_by_region %>%
   summarize(total = sum(pct))

## # A tibble: 1 × 1

## total

## <dbl>
## 1 100
```

With count (), the pct values here are the marginals for the whole table.

```
rel_by_region <- gss_sm %>%
    count(bigregion, religion) %>%
    mutate(pct = round((n/sum(n))*100, 1))
```

count() returns ungrouped results, so there
are no groups carry forward to the mutate()
step.

```
rel_by_region %>%
   summarize(total = sum(pct))

## # A tibble: 1 × 1
## total
## <dbl>
## 1 100
```

With count (), the pct values here are the marginals for the whole table.

```
rel by region <- gss sm %>%
  group_by(bigregion, religion) %>%
   tallv() %>%
  mutate(pct = round((n/sum(n))*100, 1))
# Check
rel by region %>%
   group by(bigregion) %>%
   summarize(total = sum(pct))
## # A tibble: 4 × 2
    bigregion total
    <fct>
               <fdb>>
## 1 Northeast 100
## 2 Midwest
                99.9
## 3 South
               100
## 4 West
               100.
```

We get some rounding error because we used round () after summing originally.

Check your tables!

Pipelines feed their content forward, so you need to make sure your results are not incorrect.

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Often, complex tables and graphs can be disturbingly plausible even when wrong.

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So, figure out what the result should be and test it!

Check your tables!

Pipelines feed their content forward, so you need to make sure your results are not incorrect.

Often, complex tables and graphs can be disturbingly plausible even when wrong.

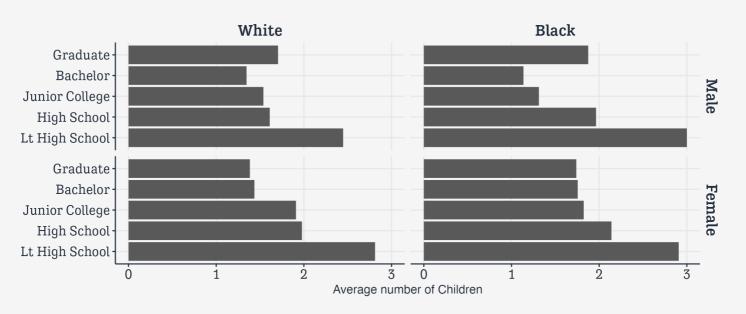
So, figure out what the result should be and test it!

Starting with simple or toy cases can help with this process.

Inspect your pipes!

Understand pipelines by running them forward or peeling them back a step at a time.

This is a *very* effective way to understand your own and other people's code.



gss_sm

```
## # A tibble: 2,867 × 32
               id ballot
                                age childs sibs
                                                   degree race sex region inc
##
       year
##
      <dbl> <dbl> <labelled> <dbl> <labe> <fct> <fct> <fct> <fct> <fct><</pre>
                                                   Bache... White Male New E... $179
      2016
##
                1 1
                                 47
                                          3 2
   2 2016
                2 2
                                 61
                                          0 3
                                                   High ... White Male New E... $50
##
   3
       2016
                3 3
                                          2 3
                                                   Bache... White Male New E... $75
                                 72
##
       2016
                4 1
                                 43
                                          4 3
                                                   High ... White Fema... New E... $17
       2016
                5 3
                                 55
                                          2 2
##
                                                   Gradu... White Fema... New E... $17
       2016
                6 2
                                 53
                                          2 2
                                                   Junio... White Fema... New E... $60
       2016
                7 1
                                 50
                                          2 2
                                                   High ... White Male New E... $17
   8
       2016
                8 3
                                 23
                                          3 6
                                                   High ... Other Fema... Middl... $30
##
       2016
                9 1
                                 45
                                          3 5
   9
                                                   High ... Black Male Middl... $60
## 10
       2016
               10 3
                                 71
                                          4 1
                                                   Junio... White Male Middl... $60
## # ... with 2,857 more rows, and 21 more variables: relig <fct>, marital <fct>
## #
       padeg <fct>, madeg <fct>, partyid <fct>, polviews <fct>, happy <fct>,
## #
       partners <fct>, grass <fct>, zodiac <fct>, pres12 <labelled>,
       wtssall <dbl>, income_rc <fct>, agegrp <fct>, ageq <fct>, siblings <fct
## #
## #
       kids <fct>, religion <fct>, bigregion <fct>, partners rc <fct>, obama <
```

```
gss_sm %>%
  group_by(race, sex, degree)
```

```
## # A tibble: 2,867 × 32
## # Groups:
               race, sex, degree [34]
##
               id ballot
                                age childs sibs
                                                   degree race sex region inco
       year
##
      <dbl> <dbl> <labelled> <dbl> <labe> <fct> <fct> <fct> <fct> <fct><</pre>
##
   1 2016
                1 1
                                 47
                                         3 2
                                                   Bache... White Male New E... $17
   2 2016
                2 2
                                 61
                                         0 3
                                                   High ... White Male New E... $50
##
   3
       2016
                3 3
                                 72
                                         2 3
                                                   Bache... White Male New E... $75
                                                   High ... White Fema... New E... $170
##
       2016
                4 1
                                 43
                                         4 3
       2016
                5 3
                                 55
                                         2 2
                                                   Gradu... White Fema... New E... $17
       2016
                6 2
                                 53
                                         2 2
                                                   Junio... White Fema... New E... $60
      2016
                7 1
                                 50
                                         2 2
                                                   High ... White Male New E... $17
       2016
                8 3
                                         3 6
   8
                                 23
                                                   High ... Other Fema... Middl... $30
##
       2016
                9 1
                                 45
                                         3 5
                                                   High ... Black Male Middl... $60
   9
## 10
       2016
               10 3
                                 71
                                         4 1
                                                   Junio... White Male Middl... $60
## # ... with 2,857 more rows, and 21 more variables: relig <fct>, marital <fct>
## #
       padeg <fct>, madeg <fct>, partyid <fct>, polviews <fct>, happy <fct>,
       partners <fct>, grass <fct>, zodiac <fct>, pres12 <labelled>,
## #
       wtssall <dbl>, income_rc <fct>, agegrp <fct>, ageq <fct>, siblings <fct
## #
## #
       kids <fct>, religion <fct>, bigregion <fct>, partners rc <fct>, obama <
```

```
## # A tibble: 34 × 6
## # Groups: race, sex [6]
      race sex
                  degree
                                     n mean age mean kids
     <fct> <fct> <fct>
                                 <int>
                                          <dbl>
                                                    <dbl>
## 1 White Male
                  Lt High School
                                    96
                                           52.9
                                                     2.45
## 2 White Male
                  High School
                                   470
                                           48.8
                                                    1.61
   3 White Male
                  Junior College
                                    65
                                           47.1
                                                    1.54
                  Bachelor
                                           48.6
  4 White Male
                                   208
                                                     1.35
## 5 White Male
                  Graduate
                                   112
                                           56.0
                                                     1.71
## 6 White Female Lt High School
                                   101
                                           55.4
                                                     2.81
## 7 White Female High School
                                   587
                                           51.9
                                                    1.98
## 8 White Female Junior College
                                           48.2
                                                    1.91
                                   101
## 9 White Female Bachelor
                                   218
                                           49.2
                                                    1.44
## 10 White Female Graduate
                                   138
                                           53.6
                                                    1.38
## # ... with 24 more rows
```

```
## # A tibble: 34 × 7
## # Groups: race, sex [6]
      race sex
                  degree
                                     n mean age mean kids pct
      <fct> <fct> <fct>
                                 <int>
                                                    <dbl> <dbl>
                                          <dbl>
## 1 White Male
                  Lt High School
                                    96
                                           52.9
                                                     2.45 10.1
   2 White Male
                  High School
                                   470
                                           48.8
                                                    1.61 49.4
   3 White Male
                  Junior College
                                    65
                                           47.1
                                                    1.54 6.83
## 4 White Male
                  Bachelor
                                   208
                                           48.6
                                                     1.35 21.9
## 5 White Male
                  Graduate
                                   112
                                           56.0
                                                     1.71 11.8
## 6 White Female Lt High School
                                   101
                                           55.4
                                                     2.81 8.79
## 7 White Female High School
                                   587
                                           51.9
                                                    1.98 51.1
## 8 White Female Junior College
                                           48.2
                                                     1.91 8.79
                                   101
## 9 White Female Bachelor
                                   218
                                           49.2
                                                    1.44 19.0
                                                    1.38 12.0
## 10 White Female Graduate
                                   138
                                           53.6
## # ... with 24 more rows
```

```
## # A tibble: 23 × 7
## # Groups: race, sex [4]
      race sex
                  degree
                                     n mean age mean kids pct
      <fct> <fct> <fct>
                                                   <dbl> <dbl>
                                 <int>
                                          <dbl>
## 1 White Male
                  Lt High School
                                    96
                                           52.9
                                                     2.45 10.1
   2 White Male
                  High School
                                   470
                                           48.8
                                                    1.61 49.4
   3 White Male
                  Junior College
                                    65
                                           47.1
                                                    1.54 6.83
   4 White Male
                  Bachelor
                                   208
                                           48.6
                                                     1.35 21.9
## 5 White Male
                  Graduate
                                   112
                                           56.0
                                                     1.71 11.8
## 6 White Female Lt High School
                                   101
                                           55.4
                                                     2.81 8.79
## 7 White Female High School
                                   587
                                           51.9
                                                    1.98 51.1
## 8 White Female Junior College
                                           48.2
                                                     1.91 8.79
                                   101
## 9 White Female Bachelor
                                   218
                                           49.2
                                                    1.44 19.0
                                                    1.38 12.0
## 10 White Female Graduate
                                   138
                                           53.6
## # ... with 13 more rows
```

```
## # A tibble: 20 × 7
## # Groups:
              race, sex [4]
##
     race sex
                  degree
                                     n mean age mean kids
                                                           pct
     <fct> <fct> <fct>
                                 <int>
                                          <dbl>
                                                    <dbl> <dbl>
  1 White Male
                  Lt High School
                                    96
                                           52.9
                                                     2.45 10.1
   2 White Male
                  High School
                                   470
                                           48.8
                                                     1.61 49.4
   3 White Male
                  Junior College
                                    65
                                           47.1
                                                     1.54 6.83
   4 White Male
                  Bachelor
                                   208
                                           48.6
                                                     1.35 21.9
   5 White Male
                  Graduate
                                   112
                                           56.0
                                                     1.71 11.8
   6 White Female Lt High School
                                   101
                                           55.4
                                                     2.81 8.79
## 7 White Female High School
                                   587
                                           51.9
                                                     1.98 51.1
## 8 White Female Junior College
                                           48.2
                                                     1.91 8.79
                                   101
## 9 White Female Bachelor
                                   218
                                           49.2
                                                     1.44 19.0
## 10 White Female Graduate
                                   138
                                           53.6
                                                     1.38 12.0
## 11 Black Male
                  Lt High School
                                    17
                                           56.1
                                                           8.21
                                   142
## 12 Black Male
                  High School
                                           43.6
                                                     1.96 68.6
## 13 Black Male
                  Junior College
                                    16
                                           47.1
                                                     1.31 7.73
## 14 Black Male
                  Bachelor
                                    22
                                           41.6
                                                     1.14 10.6
## 15 Black Male
                  Graduate
                                           53.1
                                                     1.88 3.86
                                     8
## 16 Black Female Lt High School
                                    43
                                           51.0
                                                     2.91 15.2
## 17 Black Female High School
                                   150
                                           43.1
                                                     2.14 53.0
## 18 Black Female Junior College
                                           45.8
                                                     1.82 6.01
                                    17
## 19 Black Female Bachelor
                                    49
                                           47.0
                                                     1.76 17.3
## 20 Black Female Graduate
                                    23
                                           51.2
                                                     1.74 8.13
```

```
gss_sm %>%
 group_by(race, sex, degree) %>%
 summarize(n = n(),
           mean_age = mean(age, na.rm = TRUE),
           mean_kids = mean(childs, na.rm = TRUE) ## 1 White Male
 mutate(pct = n/sum(n)*100) %>%
 filter(race !="Other") %>%
 drop na() %>%
 summarize(grp_totpct = sum(pct))
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 × 3
## # Groups: race [2]
## race sex
                grp_totpct
## <fct> <fct>
                     <dbl>
                     100
## 2 White Female
                    99.7
## 3 Black Male
                    99.0
## 4 Black Female
                     99.6
```

Some new data, this time on national rates of cadaveric organ donation:

```
# library(socviz)
organdata
## # A tibble: 238 × 21
                                                  gdp gdp_lag health health_lag
     country
               year
                           donors
                                   pop pop dens
     <chr>
               <date>
                          <dbl> <int>
                                           <dbl> <int>
                                                         <int> <dbl>
                                                                           <dbl>
    1 Australia NA
                                  17065
                                           0.220 16774
                                                                            1224
                                                         16591
                                                                 1300
   2 Australia 1991-01-01 12.1 17284
                                                                 1379
                                                                            1300
                                           0.223 17171
                                                         16774
   3 Australia 1992-01-01 12.4 17495
                                           0.226 17914
                                                         17171
                                                                 1455
                                                                            1379
   4 Australia 1993-01-01 12.5 17667
                                           0.228 18883
                                                         17914
                                                                 1540
                                                                            1455
   5 Australia 1994-01-01 10.2 17855
                                                                            1540
                                           0.231 19849
                                                         18883
                                                                 1626
   6 Australia 1995-01-01 10.2 18072
                                                                 1737
                                                                            1626
                                           0.233 21079
                                                         19849
   7 Australia 1996-01-01 10.6 18311
                                                                 1846
                                                                            1737
                                           0.237 21923
                                                         21079
    8 Australia 1997-01-01 10.3 18518
                                           0.239 22961
                                                         21923
                                                                 1948
                                                                            1846
    9 Australia 1998-01-01 10.5 18711
                                                                            1948
                                           0.242 24148
                                                         22961
                                                                 2077
## 10 Australia 1999-01-01
                            8.67 18926
                                                         24148
                                                                            2077
                                           0.244 25445
                                                                 2231
## # ... with 228 more rows, and 12 more variables: pubhealth <dbl>, roads <dbl>,
       cerebvas <int>, assault <int>, external <int>, txp pop <dbl>, world <chr>,
## #
       opt <chr>, consent_law <chr>, consent_practice <chr>, consistent <chr>,
      ccode <chr>
## #
```

```
filter(consent law == "Informed" & donors > 15)
## # A tibble: 30 × 21
                                                gdp gdp lag health health lag
##
     country year
                         donors
                                 pop pop dens
     <chr> <date>
                         <dbl> <int>
                                        <dbl> <int>
                                                      <int> <dbl>
                                                                        <dbl>
   1 Canada 2000-01-01
                         15.3 30770
                                        0.309 28472
                                                       26658
                                                              2541
                                                                         2400
   2 Denmark 1992-01-01
                          16.1 5171
                                        12.0
                                               19644
                                                      19126
                                                              1660
                                                                         1603
   3 Ireland 1991-01-01
                                 3534
                                        5.03
                                              13495
                                                               884
                                                                          791
                                                      12917
   4 Ireland 1992-01-01
                         19.5
                                3558
                                        5.06
                                              14241
                                                      13495
                                                              1005
                                                                          884
   5 Ireland 1993-01-01
                         17.1 3576
                                        5.09
                                              14927
                                                      14241
                                                              1041
                                                                         1005
   6 Ireland 1994-01-01
                          20.3
                                3590
                                        5.11
                                              15990
                                                      14927
                                                              1119
                                                                         1041
   7 Ireland 1995-01-01
                          24.6
                                3609
                                              17789
                                                              1208
                                                                         1119
                                        5.14
                                                      15990
   8 Ireland 1996-01-01
                         16.8
                                3636
                                              19245
                                                              1269
                                                                         1208
                                        5.17
                                                      17789
   9 Ireland 1997-01-01
                          20.9 3673
                                         5.23
                                              22017
                                                              1417
                                                                         1269
                                                      19245
## 10 Ireland 1998-01-01
                          23.8 3715
                                        5.29 23995
                                                      22017
                                                              1487
                                                                         1417
## # ... with 20 more rows, and 12 more variables: pubhealth <dbl>, roads <dbl>,
       cerebvas <int>, assault <int>, external <int>, txp pop <dbl>, world <chr>,
## #
      opt <chr>, consent law <chr>, consent practice <chr>, consistent <chr>,
## #
## #
      ccode <chr>
```

organdata %>%

```
select(country, year, where(is.integer))
## # A tibble: 238 × 8
                                    qdp qdp lag cerebvas assault external
      country
                year
                              pop
      <chr>
                <date>
                            <int> <int>
                                          <int>
                                                   <int>
                                                            <int>
                                                                     <int>
    1 Australia NA
                           17065 16774
                                          16591
                                                      682
                                                               21
                                                                       444
    2 Australia 1991-01-01 17284 17171
                                          16774
                                                      647
                                                                       425
    3 Australia 1992-01-01 17495 17914
                                          17171
                                                      630
                                                                       406
                                                               17
    4 Australia 1993-01-01 17667 18883
                                          17914
                                                      611
                                                               18
                                                                       376
    5 Australia 1994-01-01 17855 19849
                                          18883
                                                      631
                                                               17
                                                                       387
    6 Australia 1995-01-01 18072 21079
                                          19849
                                                      592
                                                               16
                                                                       371
   7 Australia 1996-01-01 18311 21923
                                          21079
                                                               17
                                                                       395
                                                      576
    8 Australia 1997-01-01 18518 22961
                                          21923
                                                      525
                                                               17
                                                                       385
   9 Australia 1998-01-01 18711 24148
                                          22961
                                                      516
                                                               16
                                                                       410
## 10 Australia 1999-01-01 18926 25445
                                          24148
                                                      493
                                                               15
                                                                       409
## # ... with 228 more rows
```

Use where () to test columns.

organdata %>%

When telling where() use is.integer() to test each column, we don't put parentheses at the end of its name. If we did, R would try to evaluate is.integer() right then, and fail:

```
> organdata %>%
+ select(country, year, where(is.integer()))
Error: 0 arguments passed to 'is.integer' which requires 1
Run `rlang::last_error()` to see where the error occurred.
```

This is true in similar situations elsewhere as well.

```
organdata %>%
   select(country, year, where(is.character))
## # A tibble: 238 × 8
                                        consent law consent practice consistent ccode
      country year
                           world opt
      <chr>
                <date>
                           <chr> <chr> <chr>
                                                     <chr>
                                                                       <chr>
                                                                                   <chr>>
    1 Austral... NA
                           Libe... In
                                        Informed
                                                     Informed
                                                                       Yes
                                                                                   0z
    2 Austral... 1991-01-01 Libe... In
                                        Informed
                                                     Informed
                                                                       Yes
                                                                                   0z
   3 Austral... 1992-01-01 Libe... In
                                        Informed
                                                     Informed
                                                                                   0z
                                                                       Yes
   4 Austral... 1993-01-01 Libe... In
                                        Informed
                                                     Informed
                                                                                   0z
                                                                       Yes
   5 Austral... 1994-01-01 Libe... In
                                        Informed
                                                     Informed
                                                                                   0z
                                                                       Yes
   6 Austral... 1995-01-01 Libe... In
                                        Informed
                                                     Informed
                                                                       Yes
                                                                                   0z
## 7 Austral... 1996-01-01 Libe... In
                                        Informed
                                                     Informed
                                                                                   0z
                                                                       Yes
   8 Austral... 1997-01-01 Libe... In
                                        Informed
                                                     Informed
                                                                                   0z
                                                                       Yes
## 9 Austral... 1998-01-01 Libe... In
                                        Informed
                                                     Informed
                                                                                   0z
                                                                       Yes
## 10 Austral... 1999-01-01 Libe... In
                                        Informed
                                                     Informed
                                                                                   0z
                                                                       Yes
## # ... with 228 more rows
```

We have functions like e.g. is.character(), is.numeric(), is.logical(), is.factor(), etc. All return either TRUE or FALSE.

Sometimes we don't pass a function, but do want to use the result of one:

```
organdata %>%
  select(country, year, starts with("qdp"))
## # A tibble: 238 × 4
      country year
                          qdp qdp laq
     <chr>
                <date>
                       <int>
                                   <int>
    1 Australia NA
                                   16591
                           16774
   2 Australia 1991-01-01 17171
                                   16774
   3 Australia 1992-01-01 17914
                                   17171
   4 Australia 1993-01-01 18883
                                   17914
   5 Australia 1994-01-01 19849
                                   18883
   6 Australia 1995-01-01 21079
                                   19849
   7 Australia 1996-01-01 21923
                                   21079
   8 Australia 1997-01-01 22961
                                   21923
   9 Australia 1998-01-01 24148
                                   22961
## 10 Australia 1999-01-01 25445
                                   24148
## # ... with 228 more rows
```

We have starts_with(), ends_with(), contains(), matches(), and num_range(). Collectively these are "tidy selectors".

```
organdata %>%
  filter(country == "Australia" | country == "Canada")
## # A tibble: 28 × 21
                                                 gdp gdp lag health health lag
##
     country
               vear
                          donors
                                   pop pop dens
     <chr>
               <date>
                          <dbl> <int>
                                          <dbl> <int>
                                                        <int> <dbl>
                                                                          <dbl>
   1 Australia NA
                                 17065
                                          0.220 16774
                                                        16591
                                                                1300
                                                                           1224
   2 Australia 1991-01-01 12.1 17284
                                          0.223 17171
                                                        16774
                                                                1379
                                                                           1300
   3 Australia 1992-01-01 12.4 17495
                                          0.226 17914
                                                                1455
                                                                           1379
                                                        17171
   4 Australia 1993-01-01 12.5 17667
                                          0.228 18883
                                                                1540
                                                                           1455
                                                        17914
   5 Australia 1994-01-01 10.2 17855
                                          0.231 19849
                                                        18883
                                                                1626
                                                                           1540
   6 Australia 1995-01-01 10.2 18072
                                          0.233 21079
                                                        19849
                                                                1737
                                                                           1626
## 7 Australia 1996-01-01 10.6 18311
                                          0.237 21923
                                                                1846
                                                                           1737
                                                        21079
   8 Australia 1997-01-01 10.3 18518
                                          0.239 22961
                                                        21923
                                                                1948
                                                                           1846
   9 Australia 1998-01-01 10.5 18711
                                          0.242 24148
                                                        22961
                                                                2077
                                                                           1948
## 10 Australia 1999-01-01 8.67 18926
                                          0.244 25445
                                                        24148
                                                                2231
                                                                           2077
## # ... with 18 more rows, and 12 more variables: pubhealth <dbl>, roads <dbl>,
       cerebvas <int>, assault <int>, external <int>, txp pop <dbl>, world <chr>,
## #
      opt <chr>, consent law <chr>, consent practice <chr>, consistent <chr>,
## #
## #
      ccode <chr>
```

This could get cumbersome fast.

Use %in% for multiple selections

```
my countries <- c("Australia", "Canada", "United States", "Ireland")
organdata %>%
  filter(country %in% my countries)
## # A tibble: 56 × 21
##
     country year
                                   pop pop dens
                                                 gdp gdp_lag health health_lag
                          donors
     <chr>
               <date>
                         <dbl> <int>
                                          <dbl> <int>
                                                        <int> <dbl>
                                                                         <dbl>
   1 Australia NA
                                 17065
                                          0.220 16774
                                                        16591
                                                                1300
                                                                          1224
                           NΑ
   2 Australia 1991-01-01 12.1 17284
                                          0.223 17171
                                                        16774
                                                                1379
                                                                          1300
   3 Australia 1992-01-01 12.4 17495
                                          0.226 17914
                                                        17171
                                                                1455
                                                                          1379
   4 Australia 1993-01-01 12.5 17667
                                                                1540
                                                                          1455
                                          0.228 18883
                                                        17914
   5 Australia 1994-01-01 10.2 17855
                                          0.231 19849
                                                        18883
                                                                1626
                                                                          1540
   6 Australia 1995-01-01 10.2 18072
                                          0.233 21079
                                                        19849
                                                                1737
                                                                          1626
   7 Australia 1996-01-01 10.6 18311
                                          0.237 21923
                                                        21079
                                                                1846
                                                                          1737
   8 Australia 1997-01-01 10.3 18518
                                                                          1846
                                          0.239 22961
                                                        21923
                                                                1948
   9 Australia 1998-01-01 10.5 18711
                                         0.242 24148
                                                        22961
                                                                2077
                                                                          1948
## 10 Australia 1999-01-01
                            8.67 18926
                                          0.244 25445
                                                        24148
                                                                2231
                                                                          2077
```

... with 46 more rows, and 12 more variables: pubhealth <dbl>, roads <dbl>,

#

#

ccode <chr>

cerebvas <int>, assault <int>, external <int>, txp pop <dbl>, world <chr>,

opt <chr>, consent law <chr>, consent practice <chr>, consistent <chr>,

Negating %in%

```
my countries <- c("Australia", "Canada", "United States", "Ireland")
organdata %>%
  filter(!(country %in% my countries))
## # A tibble: 182 × 21
##
     country year
                        donors
                                 pop pop dens
                                                qdp qdp lag health health lag
     <chr> <date>
                         <dbl> <int>
                                        <dbl> <int>
                                                      <int> <dbl>
                                                                        <dbl>
   1 Austria NA
                                7678
                                         9.16 18914
                                                      17425
                                                              1344
                                                                         1255
                          NA
   2 Austria 1991-01-01
                               7755
                                         9.25 19860
                                                      18914
                                                              1419
                                                                         1344
                         27.6
   3 Austria 1992-01-01
                          23.1
                               7841
                                         9.35 20601
                                                      19860
                                                              1551
                                                                         1419
                          26.2 7906
                                                              1674
   4 Austria 1993-01-01
                                        9.43 21119
                                                      20601
                                                                         1551
   5 Austria 1994-01-01
                          21.4 7936
                                        9.46 21940
                                                      21119
                                                              1739
                                                                         1674
   6 Austria 1995-01-01
                          21.5 7948
                                         9.48 22817
                                                      21940
                                                              1865
                                                                         1739
   7 Austria 1996-01-01
                          24.7 7959
                                         9.49 23798
                                                      22817
                                                              1986
                                                                         1865
   8 Austria 1997-01-01
                         19.5 7968
                                         9.50 24364
                                                      23798
                                                              1848
                                                                         1986
   9 Austria 1998-01-01
                          20.7 7977
                                         9.51 25423
                                                      24364
                                                              1953
                                                                         1848
## 10 Austria 1999-01-01
                          25.9 7992
                                         9.53 26513
                                                      25423
                                                              2069
                                                                         1953
## # ... with 172 more rows, and 12 more variables: pubhealth <dbl>, roads <dbl>,
      cerebvas <int>, assault <int>, external <int>, txp pop <dbl>, world <chr>,
## #
      opt <chr>, consent law <chr>, consent practice <chr>, consistent <chr>,
## #
## #
      ccode <chr>
```

Also a bit awkward. There's no built-in "Not in" operator.

Negating %in%

We can make one!

```
`%nin%` <- Negate(`%in%`) # this operator is included in the socviz package
```

(The backticks are special here because we need to name an operator.)

Negating %in%

We can make one!

organdata %>%

```
`%nin%` <- Negate(`%in%`) # this operator is included in the socviz package
```

(The backticks are special here because we need to name an operator.)

```
filter(country %nin% my countries)
## # A tibble: 182 × 21
                        donors pop pop dens gdp gdp lag health health lag
##
     country year
     <chr> <date>
                         <dbl> <int>
                                        <dbl> <int>
                                                      <int> <dbl>
                                                                        <dbl>
   1 Austria NA
                                7678
                                         9.16 18914
                                                      17425
                                                              1344
                                                                         1255
   2 Austria 1991-01-01
                        27.6 7755
                                                                         1344
                                         9.25 19860
                                                      18914
                                                             1419
   3 Austria 1992-01-01
                          23.1 7841
                                                              1551
                                                                         1419
                                         9.35 20601
                                                      19860
   4 Austria 1993-01-01
                          26.2 7906
                                                              1674
                                                                         1551
                                         9.43 21119
                                                      20601
                          21.4 7936
   5 Austria 1994-01-01
                                       9.46 21940
                                                      21119
                                                              1739
                                                                         1674
   6 Austria 1995-01-01
                          21.5 7948
                                         9.48 22817
                                                      21940
                                                              1865
                                                                         1739
   7 Austria 1996-01-01
                          24.7 7959
                                         9.49 23798
                                                              1986
                                                                         1865
                                                      22817
   8 Austria 1997-01-01
                         19.5 7968
                                         9.50 24364
                                                              1848
                                                                         1986
                                                      23798
   9 Austria 1998-01-01
                          20.7 7977
                                         9.51 25423
                                                      24364
                                                              1953
                                                                         1848
                          25.9 7992
                                                              2069
                                                                         1953
## 10 Austria 1999-01-01
                                         9.53 26513
                                                      25423
## # ... with 172 more rows, and 12 more variables: pubhealth <dbl>, roads <dbl>,
      cerebvas <int>, assault <int>, external <int>, txp pop <dbl>, world <chr>,
## #
      opt <chr>, consent law <chr>, consent practice <chr>, consistent <chr>,
## #
      ccode <chr>
## #
```

Do more than one thing

Earlier we saw this:

```
gss_sm %>%
  group_by(race, sex, degree) %>%
  summarize(n = n(),
            mean age = mean(age, na.rm = TRUE),
            mean kids = mean(childs, na.rm = TRUE))
## # A tibble: 34 × 6
            race, sex [6]
## # Groups:
                                      n mean_age mean_kids
     race sex
                   degree
     <fct> <fct> <fct>
                                  <int>
                                           <dbl>
                                                     <fdb>>
   1 White Male
                   Lt High School
                                            52.9
                                                      2.45
   2 White Male
                  High School
                                            48.8
                                                      1.61
   3 White Male
                   Junior College
                                     65
                                            47.1
                                                      1.54
   4 White Male
                   Bachelor
                                    208
                                            48.6
                                                      1.35
   5 White Male
                   Graduate
                                            56.0
                                                      1.71
                                    112
   6 White Female Lt High School
                                            55.4
                                                      2.81
                                    101
   7 White Female High School
                                    587
                                            51.9
                                                      1.98
   8 White Female Junior College
                                    101
                                            48.2
                                                      1.91
   9 White Female Bachelor
                                    218
                                            49.2
                                                      1.44
## 10 White Female Graduate
                                    138
                                            53.6
                                                      1.38
## # ... with 24 more rows
```

Do more than one thing

Similarly for organdata we might want to do:

```
organdata %>%
   group by (consent law, country) %>%
   summarize(donors mean = mean(donors, na.rm = TRUE),
             donors_sd = sd(donors, na.rm = TRUE),
             gdp_mean = mean(gdp, na.rm = TRUE),
             health mean = mean(health, na.rm = TRUE),
             roads mean = mean(roads, na.rm = TRUE))
## # A tibble: 17 × 7
## # Groups:
               consent law [2]
##
      consent law country
                               donors mean donors sd gdp mean health mean roads mean
      <chr>
                   <chr>
                                     <dbl>
                                                <dbl>
                                                          <dbl>
                                                                      <dbl>
                                                                                  <dbl>
    1 Informed
                  Australia
                                      10.6
                                                1.14
                                                        22179.
                                                                      1958.
                                                                                  105.
    2 Informed
                  Canada
                                      14.0
                                                                      2272.
                                                0.751
                                                        23711.
                                                                                  109.
   3 Informed
                  Denmark
                                                        23722.
                                                                      2054.
                                                                                  102.
                                      13.1
                                                1.47
   4 Informed
                  Germany
                                      13.0
                                                0.611
                                                        22163.
                                                                      2349.
                                                                                  113.
   5 Informed
                  Ireland
                                      19.8
                                                2.48
                                                        20824.
                                                                      1480.
                                                                                  118.
    6 Informed
                                      13.7
                                                                      1993.
                                                                                   76.1
                  Netherlands
                                                1.55
                                                        23013.
   7 Informed
                  United Kin...
                                      13.5
                                                0.775
                                                        21359.
                                                                      1561.
                                                                                   67.9
   8 Informed
                  United Sta...
                                      20.0
                                                1.33
                                                        29212.
                                                                      3988.
                                                                                  155.
   9 Presumed
                  Austria
                                      23.5
                                                2.42
                                                        23876.
                                                                      1875.
                                                                                  150.
                                      21.9
                                                                      1958.
                                                                                  155.
## 10 Presumed
                   Belgium
                                                1.94
                                                        22500.
                   Finland
                                                                      1615.
                                                                                   93.6
## 11 Presumed
                                      18.4
                                                1.53
                                                        21019.
                                      16.8
                                                1.60
                                                        22603.
                                                                      2160.
                                                                                  156.
## 12 Presumed
                   France
## 13 Presumed
                  Italy
                                      11.1
                                                4.28
                                                        21554.
                                                                      1757
                                                                                  122.
## 14 Presumed
                  Norway
                                      15.4
                                                1.11
                                                        26448.
                                                                      2217.
                                                                                   70.0
                                       28.1
                                                                      1289.
                                                                                  161.
## 15 Presumed
                   Spain
                                                4.96
                                                        16933
                                       13.1
                                                1.75
                                                         22415.
                                                                      1951.
                                                                                   72.3
## 16 Presumed
                   Sweden
```

Do more than one thing with across ()

Instead, use across () to apply a function to more than one column.

```
## nested parens again, but it's worth it
 organdata %>%
  group by (consent law, country) %>%
  summarize(across(my vars,
                    list(avq = mean),
                    na.rm = TRUE))
## # A tibble: 17 × 5
## # Groups:
               consent law [2]
      consent law country
                                  gdp_avg donors_avg roads_avg
##
      <chr>
                  <chr>
                                    <dbl>
                                               <dbl>
                                                          <dbl>
   1 Informed
                  Australia
                                   22179.
                                                10.6
                                                          105.
   2 Informed
                  Canada
                                   23711.
                                                14.0
                                                          109.
   3 Informed
                  Denmark
                                   23722.
                                                13.1
                                                          102.
   4 Informed
                                   22163.
                                                13.0
                                                          113.
                  Germany
   5 Informed
                  Ireland
                                   20824.
                                                19.8
                                                          118.
   6 Informed
                                                          76.1
                  Netherlands
                                   23013.
                                                13.7
## 7 Informed
                  United Kingdom 21359.
                                                13.5
                                                           67.9
   8 Informed
                  United States
                                   29212.
                                                20.0
                                                          155.
## 9 Presumed
                  Austria
                                   23876.
                                                23.5
                                                          150.
## 10 Presumed
                  Belgium
                                   22500.
                                                21.9
                                                          155.
## 11 Presumed
                  Finland
                                   21019.
                                                18.4
                                                           93.6
## 12 Presumed
                  France
                                   22603.
                                                16.8
                                                          156.
## 13 Presumed
                  Italy
                                   21554.
                                                11.1
                                                          122.
## 14 Presumed
                  Norway
                                   26448.
                                                 15.4
                                                          70.0
## 15 Presumed
                  Spain
                                   16933
                                                 28.1
                                                          161.
```

my vars <- c("gdp", "donors", "roads")</pre>

my_vars <- c("gdp", "donors", "roads")</pre>

```
my_vars <- c("gdp", "donors", "roads")
## nested parens again, but it's worth it
organdata</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 238 × 21
     country
                                   pop pop dens
                                                  gdp gdp_lag health health_la
               year
                          donors
     <chr>
               <date>
                           <dbl> <int>
                                          <dbl> <int>
                                                        <int>
                                                               <dbl>
                                                                          <db
   1 Australia NA
                                 17065
                                          0.220 16774
                                                        16591
                                                                           12
                           NA
                                                                1300
   2 Australia 1991-01-01 12.1 17284
                                          0.223 17171
                                                        16774
                                                                1379
                                                                           13
   3 Australia 1992-01-01 12.4
                                17495
                                          0.226 17914
                                                        17171
                                                                1455
                                                                           13
   4 Australia 1993-01-01 12.5
                                17667
                                          0.228 18883
                                                        17914
                                                                1540
                                                                           14
## 5 Australia 1994-01-01 10.2 17855
                                          0.231 19849
                                                        18883
                                                                1626
                                                                           15
## 6 Australia 1995-01-01 10.2 18072
                                          0.233 21079
                                                        19849
                                                                1737
                                                                           16
## 7 Australia 1996-01-01 10.6 18311
                                          0.237 21923
                                                        21079
                                                                1846
                                                                           17
## 8 Australia 1997-01-01 10.3 18518
                                          0.239 22961
                                                        21923
                                                                1948
                                                                           18
  9 Australia 1998-01-01 10.5 18711
                                          0.242 24148
                                                        22961
                                                                2077
                                                                           19
## 10 Australia 1999-01-01
                            8.67 18926
                                          0.244 25445
                                                        24148
                                                                2231
                                                                           20
## # ... with 228 more rows, and 12 more variables: pubhealth <dbl>, roads <dbl>
      cerebvas <int>, assault <int>, external <int>, txp pop <dbl>, world <ch
## #
      opt <chr>, consent law <chr>, consent practice <chr>, consistent <chr>,
## #
      ccode <chr>
```

```
my_vars <- c("gdp", "donors", "roads")
## nested parens again, but it's worth it
organdata %>%
   group_by(consent_law, country)
```

```
## # A tibble: 238 × 21
## # Groups:
              consent law, country [17]
                                                  gdp gdp_lag health health_la
     country
                          donors
##
               year
                                   pop pop dens
     <chr>
               <date>
                           <dbl> <int>
                                          <dbl> <int>
                                                        <int> <dbl>
                                                                         <db
##
## 1 Australia NA
                           NA
                                 17065
                                          0.220 16774
                                                        16591
                                                                1300
                                                                          12
   2 Australia 1991-01-01 12.1 17284
                                          0.223 17171
                                                        16774
                                                                1379
                                                                          13
   3 Australia 1992-01-01 12.4 17495
                                          0.226 17914
                                                        17171
                                                                1455
                                                                          13
## 4 Australia 1993-01-01 12.5 17667
                                          0.228 18883
                                                        17914
                                                                1540
                                                                          14
## 5 Australia 1994-01-01 10.2 17855
                                          0.231 19849
                                                        18883
                                                                1626
                                                                          15
## 6 Australia 1995-01-01 10.2 18072
                                          0.233 21079
                                                        19849
                                                                1737
                                                                          16
## 7 Australia 1996-01-01 10.6 18311
                                          0.237 21923
                                                        21079
                                                                1846
                                                                          17
## 8 Australia 1997-01-01 10.3 18518
                                          0.239 22961
                                                        21923
                                                                1948
                                                                          18
## 9 Australia 1998-01-01 10.5 18711
                                          0.242 24148
                                                        22961
                                                                2077
                                                                          19
## 10 Australia 1999-01-01
                           8.67 18926
                                          0.244 25445
                                                        24148
                                                                2231
                                                                          20
## # ... with 228 more rows, and 12 more variables: pubhealth <dbl>, roads <dbl>
      cerebvas <int>, assault <int>, external <int>, txp_pop <dbl>, world <ch
      opt <chr>, consent law <chr>, consent practice <chr>, consistent <chr>,
## #
## #
      ccode <chr>
```

```
## # A tibble: 17 × 5
## # Groups:
               consent law [2]
##
      consent law country
                                  qdp avq donors avq roads avq
##
      <chr>
                  <chr>
                                    <dbl>
                                                <dbl>
                                                          <dbl>
   1 Informed
                  Australia
                                   22179.
                                                 10.6
                                                          105.
   2 Informed
                  Canada
                                   23711.
                                                 14.0
                                                          109.
   3 Informed
                  Denmark
                                   23722.
                                                 13.1
                                                          102.
   4 Informed
                                   22163.
                                                          113.
                  Germany
                                                 13.0
   5 Informed
                  Ireland
                                   20824.
                                                          118.
                                                 19.8
    6 Informed
                  Netherlands
                                   23013.
                                                 13.7
                                                           76.1
   7 Informed
                  United Kingdom
                                   21359.
                                                 13.5
                                                           67.9
   8 Informed
                  United States
                                   29212.
                                                 20.0
                                                          155.
   9 Presumed
                  Austria
                                   23876.
                                                 23.5
                                                          150.
## 10 Presumed
                  Belgium
                                   22500.
                                                 21.9
                                                          155.
## 11 Presumed
                  Finland
                                   21019.
                                                 18.4
                                                           93.6
## 12 Presumed
                  France
                                   22603.
                                                 16.8
                                                          156.
                  Italy
                                   21554.
                                                 11.1
                                                          122.
## 13 Presumed
## 14 Presumed
                                   26448.
                                                 15.4
                                                           70.0
                  Norway
## 15 Presumed
                  Spain
                                   16933
                                                 28.1
                                                          161.
## 16 Presumed
                  Sweden
                                   22415.
                                                 13.1
                                                           72.3
                  Switzerland
                                   27233
                                                 14.2
                                                           96.4
## 17 Presumed
```

my_vars are selected by across()

```
## # A tibble: 17 × 5
## # Groups:
               consent law [2]
      consent law country
                                  qdp avq donors avq roads avq
      <chr>
                  <chr>
                                    <dbl>
                                               <dbl>
                                                         <dbl>
   1 Informed
                  Australia
                                   22179.
                                                10.6
                                                         105.
   2 Informed
                  Canada
                                   23711.
                                                14.0
                                                         109.
  3 Informed
                  Denmark
                                   23722.
                                                13.1
                                                         102.
   4 Informed
                                   22163.
                                                         113.
                  Germany
                                                13.0
                                                19.8
   5 Informed
                  Ireland
                                   20824.
                                                         118.
   6 Informed
                  Netherlands
                                   23013.
                                                13.7
                                                          76.1
  7 Informed
                  United Kingdom
                                  21359.
                                                13.5
                                                          67.9
   8 Informed
                  United States
                                   29212.
                                                20.0
                                                         155.
  9 Presumed
                  Austria
                                   23876.
                                                23.5
                                                         150.
## 10 Presumed
                  Belgium
                                   22500.
                                                21.9
                                                         155.
## 11 Presumed
                  Finland
                                   21019.
                                                18.4
                                                          93.6
## 12 Presumed
                  France
                                   22603.
                                                16.8
                                                         156.
                  Italy
                                   21554.
                                                         122.
## 13 Presumed
                                                11.1
                                   26448.
                                                15.4
                                                          70.0
## 14 Presumed
                  Norway
## 15 Presumed
                  Spain
                                   16933
                                                28.1
                                                         161.
## 16 Presumed
                  Sweden
                                   22415.
                                                13.1
                                                          72.3
                  Switzerland
                                   27233
                                                14.2
                                                          96.4
## 17 Presumed
```

my_vars are selected by across()

list() of the form result = function gives the new columns that will be calculated.
na.rm = TRUE is passed through to the functions inside the list()

We can calculate more than one thing

```
my vars <- c("qdp", "donors", "roads")</pre>
organdata %>%
  group_by(consent_law, country) %>%
   summarize(across(my vars,
                    list(avq = mean,
                          sd = var,
                         md = median),
                    na.rm = TRUE))
## # A tibble: 17 × 11
## # Groups:
               consent law [2]
      consent law country
                                gdp_avg gdp_sd gdp_md donors_avg donors_sd donors_md
      <chr>
                  <chr>
                                  <dbl> <dbl> <int>
                                                            <dbl>
                                                                      <dbl>
                                                                                 <fdb>
    1 Informed
                  Australia
                                 22179. 1.57e7
                                                21923
                                                             10.6
                                                                      1.31
                                                                                  10.4
    2 Informed
                  Canada
                                 23711. 1.57e7
                                                22764
                                                             14.0
                                                                      0.564
                                                                                  14.0
   3 Informed
                  Denmark
                                                                      2.16
                                 23722. 1.52e7
                                                23548
                                                             13.1
                                                                                  12.9
    4 Informed
                                                22164
                                                             13.0
                                                                      0.374
                  Germany
                                 22163. 6.26e6
                                                                                  13
    5 Informed
                  Ireland
                                                19245
                                                             19.8
                                                                      6.14
                                                                                  19.2
                                 20824. 4.45e7
    6 Informed
                  Netherlands
                                 23013. 1.42e7
                                                22541
                                                             13.7
                                                                      2.41
                                                                                  13.8
   7 Informed
                  United King...
                                 21359. 1.54e7
                                                20839
                                                             13.5
                                                                      0.601
                                                                                  13.5
    8 Informed
                                                28772
                  United Stat...
                                 29212. 2.09e7
                                                             20.0
                                                                      1.76
                                                                                  20.1
                  Austria
                                                23798
                                                             23.5
                                                                      5.84
   9 Presumed
                                 23876. 1.12e7
                                                                                  23.8
                  Belgium
                                                22152
                                                             21.9
                                                                      3.75
## 10 Presumed
                                 22500. 1.01e7
                                                                                  21.4
## 11 Presumed
                  Finland
                                 21019. 1.35e7
                                                19842
                                                             18.4
                                                                      2.33
                                                                                  19.4
                                                                      2.55
## 12 Presumed
                  France
                                 22603. 1.06e7
                                                21990
                                                             16.8
                                                                                  16.6
```

11.1

15.4

28.1

13.1

18.3

24.6

1.23

3.07

11.3

15.4

12.7

28

21396

26218

16416

22029

21554. 7.74e6

26448. 4.21e7

16933 8.34e6

22415. 1.03e7

13 Presumed

14 Presumed

15 Presumed

16 Presumed

Italy

Spain

Sweden

Norway

It's OK to use the function names

```
my vars <- c("qdp", "donors", "roads")</pre>
organdata %>%
  group_by(consent_law, country) %>%
   summarize(across(my vars,
                    list(mean = mean.
                          var = var,
                          median = median),
                    na.rm = TRUE)
## # A tibble: 17 × 11
               consent law [2]
## # Groups:
      consent law country
                                  gdp_mean gdp_var gdp_median donors_mean donors_var
      <chr>
                  <chr>
                                     <dbl>
                                              <dbl>
                                                          <int>
                                                                      <dbl>
                                                                                  <dbl>
    1 Informed
                  Australia
                                     22179.
                                             1.57e7
                                                          21923
                                                                        10.6
                                                                                  1.31
    2 Informed
                  Canada
                                     23711.
                                             1.57e7
                                                          22764
                                                                       14.0
                                                                                  0.564
   3 Informed
                  Denmark
                                                          23548
                                                                                  2.16
                                     23722.
                                             1.52e7
                                                                       13.1
   4 Informed
                                             6.26e6
                                                          22164
                                                                                  0.374
                  Germany
                                     22163.
                                                                       13.0
    5 Informed
                   Ireland
                                     20824.
                                             4.45e7
                                                          19245
                                                                                  6.14
                                                                       19.8
    6 Informed
                  Netherlands
                                     23013.
                                             1.42e7
                                                          22541
                                                                       13.7
                                                                                  2.41
   7 Informed
                  United Kingdom
                                    21359.
                                             1.54e7
                                                          20839
                                                                        13.5
                                                                                  0.601
    8 Informed
                   United States
                                     29212.
                                             2.09e7
                                                          28772
                                                                        20.0
                                                                                  1.76
   9 Presumed
                   Austria
                                     23876.
                                                          23798
                                                                                  5.84
                                             1.12e7
                                                                        23.5
                   Belgium
                                                          22152
                                                                        21.9
                                                                                  3.75
## 10 Presumed
                                     22500.
                                             1.01e7
## 11 Presumed
                   Finland
                                     21019.
                                             1.35e7
                                                          19842
                                                                        18.4
                                                                                  2.33
                                                                                  2.55
## 12 Presumed
                   France
                                     22603.
                                             1.06e7
                                                          21990
                                                                        16.8
## 13 Presumed
                   Italy
                                     21554.
                                             7.74e6
                                                          21396
                                                                        11.1
                                                                                 18.3
```

26218

16416

22029

14 Presumed

15 Presumed

16 Presumed

Norway

Sweden

Spain

26448.

16933

22415.

4.21e7

8.34e6

1.03e7

1.23

3.07

24.6

15.4

28.1

13.1

Selection with across (where ())

```
organdata %>%
  group by (consent law, country) %>%
  summarize(across(where(is.numeric),
                   list(mean = mean.)
                        var = var,
                        median = median),
                   na.rm = TRUE)) %>%
    print(n = 3) # just to save slide space
## # A tibble: 17 × 41
## # Groups: consent law [2]
    consent law country donors mean donors var donors median pop mean
                                                                        pop var
    <chr>
                <chr>
                                <dbl>
                                          <dbl>
                                                        <dbl>
                                                                 <dbl>
                                                                          <dbl>
## 1 Informed
             Australia
                                10.6
                                          1.31
                                                        10.4 18318. 690385.
## 2 Informed
             Canada
                                14.0
                                          0.564
                                                         14.0 29608. 1422648.
## 3 Informed
              Denmark
                                 13.1
                                          2.16
                                                         12.9
                                                                 5257.
                                                                          6497.
## # ... with 14 more rows, and 34 more variables: pop median <int>,
      pop dens mean <dbl>, pop dens var <dbl>, pop dens median <dbl>,
## #
      gdp_mean <dbl>, gdp_var <dbl>, gdp_median <int>, gdp_lag_mean <dbl>,
## #
      qdp lag var <dbl>, qdp lag median <dbl>, health mean <dbl>,
## #
      health var <dbl>, health median <dbl>, health lag mean <dbl>,
## #
```

health lag var <dbl>, health lag median <dbl>, pubhealth mean <dbl>,

pubhealth var <dbl>, pubhealth median <dbl>, roads mean <dbl>, ...

#

#

Name new columns with . names

In tidyverse functions, arguments that begin with a "." generally have it in order to avoid confusion with existing items, or are "pronouns" referring to e.g. "the name of the thing we're currently talking about as we evaluate this function".

```
## # A tibble: 17 × 41
## # Groups: consent law [2]
   consent_law country mean_donors var_donors median_donors mean_pop var_pop
   <chr>
                               <dbl>
                                                        <dbl> <dbl>
             <chr>
                                          <dbl>
                                                                         <dbl>
                                10.6
## 1 Informed Australia
                                         1.31
                                                        10.4 18318. 690385.
                                                        14.0 29608. 1422648.
## 2 Informed Canada
                                14.0
                                          0.564
## 3 Informed
              Denmark
                                13.1
                                          2.16
                                                        12.9
                                                                5257.
                                                                         6497.
## # ... with 14 more rows, and 34 more variables: median pop <int>,
      mean pop dens <dbl>, var pop dens <dbl>, median pop dens <dbl>,
## #
## #
      mean qdp <dbl>, var qdp <dbl>, median qdp <int>, mean qdp laq <dbl>,
      var gdp lag <dbl>, median gdp lag <dbl>, mean health <dbl>,
## #
      var health <dbl>, median health <dbl>, mean health lag <dbl>,
## #
      var health lag <dbl>, median health lag <dbl>, mean pubhealth <dbl>,
## #
      var pubhealth <dbl>, median pubhealth <dbl>, mean roads <dbl>, ...
## #
```

This all works with mutate (), too

```
organdata %>%
  mutate(across(where(is.character), toupper)) %>%
  select(where(is.character))
## # A tibble: 238 × 7
      country
                world
                              consent law consent practice consistent ccode
##
                        opt
      <chr>
                <chr>
                        <chr> <chr>
                                           <chr>
                                                            <chr>
                                                                        <chr>
    1 AUSTRALIA LIBERAL IN
                               INFORMED
                                           INFORMED
                                                            YES
                                                                        0Z
    2 AUSTRALIA LIBERAL IN
                                                            YES
                                                                        0Z
                              INFORMED
                                           INFORMED
   3 AUSTRALIA LIBERAL IN
                              INFORMED
                                           INFORMED
                                                            YES
                                                                        0Z
   4 AUSTRALIA LIBERAL IN
                              INFORMED
                                           INFORMED
                                                            YES
                                                                        0Z
    5 AUSTRALIA LIBERAL IN
                              INFORMED
                                           INFORMED
                                                            YES
                                                                        0Z
    6 AUSTRALIA LIBERAL IN
                                                            YES
                                                                        0Z
                              INFORMED
                                           INFORMED
   7 AUSTRALIA LIBERAL IN
                              INFORMED
                                                            YES
                                                                        0Z
                                           INFORMED
   8 AUSTRALIA LIBERAL IN
                              INFORMED
                                                            YES
                                                                        0Z
                                           INFORMED
   9 AUSTRALIA LIBERAL IN
                              INFORMED
                                           INFORMED
                                                            YES
                                                                        0Z
## 10 AUSTRALIA LIBERAL IN
                              INFORMED
                                           INFORMED
                                                            YES
                                                                        0Z
## # ... with 228 more rows
```

Arrange rows and columns

Sort rows with arrange()

```
organdata %>%
  group by (consent law, country) %>%
  summarize(donors = mean(donors, na.rm = TRUE)) %>%
  arrange(donors) %>% ##<
  print(n = 5)
## # A tibble: 17 × 3
## # Groups:
              consent law [2]
    consent law country
                           donors
    <chr>
                <chr>
                            <dbl>
## 1 Informed
             Australia
                            10.6
## 2 Presumed
              Italy
                             11.1
## 3 Informed
                            13.0
                Germany
## 4 Informed
                Denmark
                             13.1
## 5 Presumed
                             13.1
                 Sweden
## # ... with 12 more rows
```

```
organdata %>%
   group by (consent law, country) %>%
   summarize(donors = mean(donors, na.rm = TRUE)) %>%
   arrange(desc(donors)) %>% ##<</pre>
   print(n = 5)
## # A tibble: 17 × 3
## # Groups:
               consent law [2]
     consent_law country
                                donors
     <chr>
                 <chr>
                                 <fdb>>
## 1 Presumed
                                  28.1
                 Spain
## 2 Presumed
                 Austria
                                  23.5
## 3 Presumed
                 Belgium
                                  21.9
## 4 Informed
                 United States
                                  20.0
## 5 Informed
                 Ireland
                                  19.8
## # ... with 12 more rows
```

Using arrange() to order rows in this way won't respect groupings.

More generally ...

```
organdata %>%
  group by (consent law, country) %>%
  summarize(donors = mean(donors, na.rm = TRUE)) %>%
  slice max(donors, n = 5)
## # A tibble: 10 × 3
## # Groups:
              consent law [2]
     consent law country
                                donors
     <chr>
                 <chr>
                                 <dbl>
                 United States
   1 Informed
                                  20.0
   2 Informed
                 Ireland
                                  19.8
                                  14.0
## 3 Informed
                 Canada
   4 Informed
                 Netherlands
                                  13.7
   5 Informed
                 United Kingdom
                                  13.5
   6 Presumed
                 Spain
                                  28.1
## 7 Presumed
                 Austria
                                  23.5
## 8 Presumed
                 Belgium
                                  21.9
## 9 Presumed
                 Finland
                                  18.4
```

You can see that **slice_max()** respects grouping.

France

16.8

10 Presumed

There's slice_min(), slice_head(), slice_tail(), slice_sample(), and the most general one, slice().