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CS6312: Program Construction II [S18]

Correct

Question 5

1.00 points out of

Flag question

Question 7

1.00 points out of

Flag question

Correct

1.00

1.00

Flag question

Question 9

Select one:

Correct

Correct

1.00

class?

Select one:

Analyze the following code:

Object a1 = new A(); Object a 2 = new Object();

public static void main(String[] args) {

public class Test {

a. public static boolean equals(Object other)

b. public boolean equals(String other)

c. public boolean equals(Object other)

d. public static boolean equals(String other)

// Program 1:

```
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                                                     Started on Saturday, February 3, 2018, 7:43 PM
QUIZ NAVIGATION
                                                          State Finished
                                                 Completed on Saturday, February 3, 2018, 7:53 PM
                                                     Time taken 9 mins 58 secs
                                                         Grade 9.00 out of 10.00 (90%)
Show one page at a time
                                          Question 1
                                                            What is the output of the following code?
Finish review
```



```
1.00
Flag question
                     Select one:

 The code is fine.

 b. The code has a runtime error.

 c. The code has a compile error.

Question 3
                     You can always successfully cast a subclass to a superclass.
Correct
                     Select one:
1.00 points out of
                            a. true 🗸
1.00
                           b. false
Flag question
Question 4
                     Analyze the following code.
```

```
1.00 points out of
                      public class Test {
1.00
                        public static void main(String[] args) {
                           Object a 1 = \text{new } A();
Flag question
                          Object a 2 = \text{new A } ();
                           System.out.println(a1.equals(a2));
                      class A {
                        int x;
                        public boolean equals(Object a) {
                          return this.x == ((A)a).x;
                      // Program 2:
                      public class Test {
                        public static void main(String[] args) {
                          Object a 1 = \text{new A } ();
                          Object a 2 = \text{new A } ();
                          System.out.println(a1.equals(a2));
                      class A {
                        int x;
                        public boolean equals(A a) {
                          return this.x == a.x;
                       Select one:
                              a. Program 1 displays true and Program 2 displays true

 b. Program 1 displays true and Program 2 displays false 

 c. Program 1 displays false and Program 2 displays false

                              d. Program 1 displays false and Program 2 displays true
```

```
Question 6
                                                to a variable of Object[] type.
                     You can assign
Correct
                     Select one or more:
1.00 points out of
                           a. new String[100] </
1.00
                           b. new char[100]
Flag question
                           c. new double[100]
                           d. new java.util.Date[100] 
                           e. new int[100]
```

The equals method is defined in the Object class. Which of the following is correct to override it in the String

```
System.out.println(a1);
                        System.out.println(a2);
                    class A {
                      int x;
                      public String toString() {
                        return "A's x is " + x;
                     Select one or more:
                            a. When executing System.out.println(a1), the toString() method in the Object class is invoked.

 b. When executing System.out.println(a1), the toString() method in the A class is invoked.

                            c. When executing System.out.println(a2), the toString() method in the Object class is invoked.
                            d. The program cannot be compiled, because System.out.println(a1) is wrong and it should be replaced
                         by System.out.println(a1.toString());
Question 8
                     Analyze the following code.
Incorrect
                    // Program 1:
0.00 points out of
```

```
public class Test {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Circle circle1 = new Circle();
    Circle circle 2 = new Circle();
    System.out.println(circle1.equals(circle2));
class Circle {
  double radius;
  public boolean equals(Circle circle) {
    return this.radius == circle.radius;
// Program 2:
public class Test {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Circle circle1 = new Circle();
    Circle circle 2 = new Circle();
    System.out.println(circle1.equals(circle2));
class Circle {
  double radius;
  public boolean equals(Object circle) {
    return this.radius ==
      ((Circle)circle).radius;
Select one:
       a. Program 1 displays false and Program 2 displays false

 b. Program 1 displays false and Program 2 displays true

 c. Program 1 displays true and Program 2 displays false X

       d. Program 1 displays true and Program 2 displays true
```

```
1.00 points out of
                            a. encapsulation
1.00
                             b. abstraction
Flag question
                             c. polymorphism </
                             d. inheritance
Question 10
                      Analyze the following code.
Correct
                      // Program 1:
1.00 points out of
                      public class Test {
1.00
                        public static void main(String[] args) {
                          Object a1 = new A();
Flag question
                          Object a 2 = \text{new A}();
                          System.out.println(a1.equals(a2));
```

In OOP, a reference variable can reference a subtype object. This is called

```
class A {
 int x;
  public boolean equals(A a) {
    return this.x == a.x;
// Program 2:
public class Test {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Aa1 = new A();
    Aa2 = new A();
    System.out.println(a1.equals(a2));
 }
class A {
 int x;
  public boolean equals(A a) {
    return this.x == a.x;
Select one:

 a. Program 1 displays false and Program 2 displays true 

       b. Program 1 displays true and Program 2 displays false
       c. Program 1 displays true and Program 2 displays true
       d. Program 1 displays false and Program 2 displays false
```