UE TSM - Les Séries de Volterra TD

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Problem 1. System \mathcal{F} is described with an input $u = v_j$ and an output $y = v_{j+1}$ and follows the equation (1):

$$\frac{1}{\omega} \frac{dv_j}{dt} + \tanh(v_j) = \tanh(v_{j-1}) \tag{1}$$

Question 1. Show the Volterra Kernel of $y = \tanh(u)$ in the time domain and Laplace domain:

$$\tanh(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} T_n x^n,$$

with
$$T_1 = 1, T_2 = 0, T_3 = -\frac{1}{3}, T_4 = 0, \cdots$$

Solution. In time domain, this is a special case, static nonlinear system described by a polynomial in the input,

$$y(t) = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} g_n(t_1, \dots, t_n) u(t - t_1) \dots u(t - t_n) dt_1 \dots dt_n$$
$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} T_n u^n(t)$$

Therefore, the kernel

$$g_n(t_1, \dots, t_n) = T_n \delta(t_1) \dots \delta(t_n).$$

In Laplace domain,

$$G_n(s_1, \dots, s_n) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} g_n(t_1, \dots, t_n) e^{-(s_1 t_1 + \dots + s_n t_n)} dt_1 \dots dt_n$$

$$= T_n \int \delta(t_1) e^{-s_1 t_1} dt_1 \dots \int \delta(t_n) e^{-s_n t_n} dt_n$$

$$= T_n$$

Therefore,

$$G_n(s_1,\cdots,s_n)=T_n$$

Question 2. Show a block-diagram of Canceling system of \mathcal{F} .

Solution. From equation (1), we could obtain the relation between input u and output y

$$\frac{1}{\omega}\dot{y} + \tanh(y) - \tanh(u) = 0.$$

Let $z = \frac{1}{\omega}\dot{y} + \tanh(y) - \tanh(u)$, the block diagram is shown as figure (1).

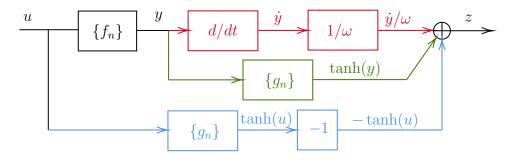


Figure 1: Canceling system schema of \mathcal{F}

Question 3. Show equations about $\{F_n\}$ of the diagram and calculate for n=1,2,3.

Solution. The equivalent kernel of red part $R(s) = \frac{s}{\omega}$ cascade with $\{F_n\}$, so that the equivalent kernel of these three system is

$$H_{r,n}(s_1,\cdots,s_n)=F_n(s_1,\cdots,s_n)R(s_1+\cdots+s_n)$$

The green part equivalent kernel $G_n(s_1, \dots, s_n) = T_n$ cascade with $\{F_n\}$, so that the equivalent kernel of these two system is

$$H_{g,n}(s_1,\dots,s_n) = \sum_{p=1}^n \sum_{i_1+\dots+i_p=n} F_{i_1}(s_1,\dots,s_{i_1}) \dots F_{i_p}(s_{i_1+\dots+i_{p-1}+1},\dots,s_n)$$
$$G_p(s_1+\dots+s_{i_1},\dots,s_{i_1+\dots+i_{p-1}+1}+\dots+s_n)$$

The blue part equivalent kernel is $H_{b,n}(s_1, \dots, s_n) = -G_n(s_1, \dots, s_n)$. Therefore,

$$H_{r,n}(s_1,\dots,s_n) + H_{q,n}(s_1,\dots,s_n) + H_{b,n}(s_1,\dots,s_n) = 0$$

When n=1,

$$\begin{cases} H_{r,1}(s_1) = F_1(s_1) \frac{s_1}{\omega} \\ H_{g,1}(s_1) = F_1(s_1) G_1(s_1) = F_1(s_1) \\ H_{b,1}(s_1) = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$F_1(s) = \frac{1}{1 + s_1/\omega}$$

When n=2,

$$\begin{cases} H_{r,2}(s_1, s_2) = F_2(s_1, s_2) \frac{s_1 + s_2}{\omega} \\ H_{g,2}(s_1, s_2) = F_2(s_1, s_2) G_1(s_1 + s_2) + F_1(s_1) F_1(s_2) G_2(s_1, s_2) = F_2(s_1, s_2) \\ H_{b,2}(s_1, s_2) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$F_2(s_1, s_2) = 0$$

When n=3,

$$\begin{cases} H_{r,3}(s_1, s_2, s_3) = F_3(s_1, s_2, s_3) \frac{s_1 + s_2 + s_3}{\omega} \\ H_{g,3}(s_1, s_2, s_3) = F_3(s_1, s_2, s_3) G_1(s_1 + s_2 + s_3) \\ + F_2(s_1, s_2) F_1(s_3) G_2(s_1 + s_2, s_3) + F_1(s_1) F_2(s_2, s_3) G_2(s_1, s_2 + s_3) \\ + F_1(s_1) F_1(s_2) F_1(s_3) G_3(s_1, s_2, s_3) \\ = F_3(s_1, s_2, s_3) - \frac{1}{3} F_1(s_1) F_1(s_2) F_1(s_3) \\ H_{b,3}(s_1, s_2, s_3) = 1/3 \end{cases}$$

$$F_3(s_1, s_2, s_3) = \frac{\frac{1}{3} (F_1(s_1) F_1(s_2) F_1(S_3) - 1)}{1 + \frac{s_1 + s_2 + s_3}{\omega}}$$

Question 4. Show a diagram of implementation for 3-order Volterra.

Solution. We could express H_1, H_2, H_3 as

$$\begin{split} H_1(s_1) &= A_{1,1}(s_1) \\ H_2(s_2,s_2) &= A_{2,1}(s_1)B_{2,1}(s_2)C_{2,1}(s_1+s_2) \\ H_3(s_1,s_2,s_3) &= A_{3,1}(s_1)B_{3,1}(s_2)C_{3,1}(s_3)D_{3,1}(s_1+s_2+s_3) \end{split}$$

So that the diagram is shown as figure (2).

Problem 2. System \mathcal{H} is described with an input $u = v_0$ and an output $y = v_4$, which cascades 4 \mathcal{F} -systems.

Question 5. Show the kernel of \mathcal{H} , H_n , for n = 1, 2, 3, 4.

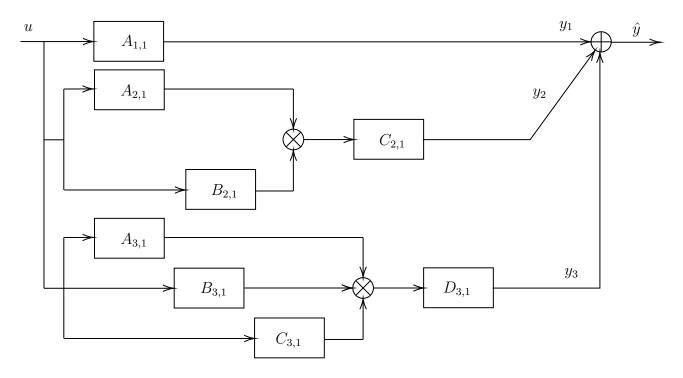


Figure 2: Diagram of Implementation for 3-order Volterra

Solution. First, consider system \mathcal{G} is the cascade of two systems \mathcal{F} ,

$$G_{1}(s_{1}) = [F_{1}(s_{1})]^{2}$$

$$G_{2}(s_{1}, s_{2}) = F_{2}(s_{1}, s_{2})[F_{1}(s_{1} + s_{2}) + F_{1}(s_{1})F_{1}(s_{2})]$$

$$G_{3}(s_{1}, s_{2}, s_{3}) = F_{3}(s_{1}, s_{2}, s_{3})[F_{1}(s_{1} + s_{2} + s_{3}) + F_{1}(s_{1})F_{1}(s_{2})F_{1}(s_{3})]$$

$$+ F_{2}(s_{1}, s_{2})F_{1}(s_{3})F_{2}(s_{1} + s_{2}, s_{3}) + F_{1}(s_{1})F_{2}(s_{2}, s_{3})F_{2}(s_{1}, s_{2} + s_{3})$$

$$G_{4}(s_{1}, s_{2}, s_{3}, s_{4}) = F_{4}(s_{1}, s_{2}, s_{3}, s_{4})[F_{1}(s_{1} + s_{2} + s_{3} + s_{4}) + F_{1}(s_{1})F_{1}(s_{2})F_{1}(s_{3})F_{1}(s_{4})]$$

$$+ F_{3}(s_{1}, s_{2}, s_{3})F_{1}(s_{4})F_{2}(s_{1} + s_{2} + s_{3}, s_{4})$$

$$+ F_{2}(s_{1}, s_{2})F_{2}(s_{3}, s_{4})F_{2}(s_{1} + s_{2}, s_{3} + s_{4})$$

$$+ F_{1}(s_{1})F_{3}(s_{2}, s_{3}, s_{4})F_{2}(s_{1}, s_{2} + s_{3}, s_{4})$$

$$+ F_{1}(s_{1})F_{2}(s_{2}, s_{3})F_{1}(s_{4})F_{3}(s_{1}, s_{2} + s_{3}, s_{4})$$

$$+ F_{1}(s_{1})F_{1}(s_{2})F_{2}(s_{3}, s_{4})F_{3}(s_{1}, s_{2}, s_{3} + s_{4})$$

$$+ F_{1}(s_{1})F_{1}(s_{2})F_{2}(s_{3}, s_{4})F_{3}(s_{1}, s_{2}, s_{3} + s_{4})$$

And then consider system \mathcal{H} is the cascade of two systems \mathcal{G} ,

$$H_{1}(s_{1}) = [G_{1}(s_{1})]^{2}$$

$$H_{2}(s_{1}, s_{2}) = G_{2}(s_{1}, s_{2})[G_{1}(s_{1} + s_{2}) + G_{1}(s_{1})G_{1}(s_{2})]$$

$$H_{3}(s_{1}, s_{2}, s_{3}) = G_{3}(s_{1}, s_{2}, s_{3})[G_{1}(s_{1} + s_{2} + s_{3}) + G_{1}(s_{1})G_{1}(s_{2})G_{1}(s_{3})]$$

$$+ G_{2}(s_{1}, s_{2})G_{1}(s_{3})G_{2}(s_{1} + s_{2}, s_{3}) + G_{1}(s_{1})G_{2}(s_{2}, s_{3})G_{2}(s_{1}, s_{2} + s_{3})$$

$$H_{4}(s_{1}, s_{2}, s_{3}, s_{4}) = G_{4}(s_{1}, s_{2}, s_{3}, s_{4})[G_{1}(s_{1} + s_{2} + s_{3} + s_{4}) + G_{1}(s_{1})G_{1}(s_{2})G_{1}(s_{3})G_{1}(s_{4})]$$

$$+ G_{3}(s_{1}, s_{2}, s_{3})G_{1}(s_{4})G_{2}(s_{1} + s_{2} + s_{3}, s_{4})$$

$$+ G_{2}(s_{1}, s_{2})G_{2}(s_{3}, s_{4})G_{2}(s_{1} + s_{2}, s_{3} + s_{4})$$

$$+ G_{1}(s_{1})G_{3}(s_{2}, s_{3}, s_{4})G_{2}(s_{1}, s_{2} + s_{3}, s_{4})$$

$$+ G_{1}(s_{1})G_{2}(s_{2}, s_{3})G_{1}(s_{4})G_{3}(s_{1}, s_{2} + s_{3}, s_{4})$$

$$+ G_{1}(s_{1})G_{2}(s_{2}, s_{3})G_{1}(s_{4})G_{3}(s_{1}, s_{2} + s_{3}, s_{4})$$

$$+ G_{1}(s_{1})G_{1}(s_{2})G_{2}(s_{3}, s_{4})G_{3}(s_{1}, s_{2}, s_{3} + s_{4})$$

Question 6. Show a diagram of implementation for 3-order Volterra of system \mathcal{F} .

Solution. For
$$F_1(s) = \frac{1}{1+s_1/\omega}$$
, it is a first order of low pass filter.
For $F_3(s_1, s_2, s_3) = \frac{\frac{1}{3}(F_1(s_1)F_1(s_2)F_1(s_3)-1)}{1+\frac{s_1+s_2+s_3}{\omega}}$, it can be re-written by

$$F_3(s_1, s_2, s_3) = A_1(s_1)B_1(s_2)C_1(s_3)D_1(s_1 + s_2 + s_3) - D_1(s_1 + s_2 + s_3)$$

$$\begin{cases} A_1(s_1) = F_1(s_1) \\ B_1(s_2) = F_1(s_2) \\ C_1(s_3) = F_1(s_3) \\ D_1(s_1 + s_2 + s_3) = \frac{1}{3}F_1(s_1 + s_2 + s_3) \end{cases}$$

Therefore, the diagram of implementation is shown as figure (3).

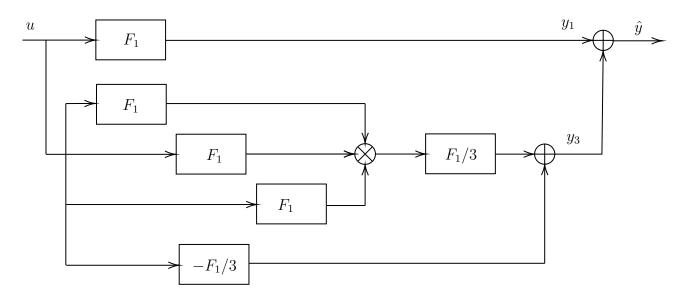


Figure 3: Diagram of Implementation of \mathcal{F}