

HINDUSTAN ONLINE

CENTRE FOR OPEN AND DIGITAL EDUCATION

CODE

CRACKING THE

CODE TO SUCCESS







PERCEPTION OF CLOUD COMPUTING IN UGANDA

221210152

Juda KIBWANA







ABSTRACT

This study examines the perception of cloud computing among businesses and individuals in Uganda, focusing on awareness, adoption rates, benefits, and challenges. Cloud computing, which involves the delivery of computing services over the internet, has been globally recognized for its potential to enhance efficiency, scalability, and cost savings. However, in Uganda, the adoption and perception of cloud computing remain underexplored. This research employs a mixed-methods approach, combining quantitative surveys with qualitative interviews across various sectors, including information technology, education, healthcare, and small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs).

Preliminary findings indicate a moderate level of awareness about cloud computing, primarily driven by larger organizations and international collaborations. Benefits identified include cost reduction, improved data management, and enhanced collaboration. Nonetheless, challenges such as limited internet infrastructure, data security concerns, and regulatory uncertainties hinder broader adoption.







ABSTRACT

Additionally, there is a notable gap in expertise and training related to cloud technologies, further complicating implementation efforts.

The study suggests that while cloud computing holds significant potential for technological and economic advancement in Uganda, concerted efforts are needed to address infrastructural and educational barriers. Policy recommendations include enhancing internet infrastructure, providing targeted training programs, and setting up clear regulatory frameworks to foster a more conducive environment for cloud adoption. Future research should explore longitudinal impacts of cloud computing adoption and investigate sector-specific strategies to maximize its benefits.

Keywords: Cloud Computing, Perception, Cloud Adoption







Cloud computing has appeared as a pivotal technology in the modern digital landscape, enabling organizations to store, manage, and process data more efficiently and cost-effectively. The global proliferation of cloud computing can be attributed to its numerous advantages, including scalability, flexibility, and reduced IT costs. Major cloud service providers such as Amazon Web Services (AWS), Microsoft Azure, and Google Cloud have driven widespread adoption across various industries, easing innovation and operational efficiency.

In developed economies, the integration of cloud computing into business and governmental operations is well-advanced, contributing significantly to economic growth and technological progress. However, in many developing countries, including Uganda, the adoption of cloud computing is still in its nascent stages. Understanding the factors influencing this adoption is critical for leveraging the potential benefits of cloud technologies in these regions.







Uganda, located in East Africa, has a growing digital economy supported by increasing internet penetration and mobile phone usage. According to the Uganda Communications Commission, internet penetration in Uganda was approximately 46% in 2021, a significant increase from previous years. This growth in internet usage, coupled with a youthful population and a burgeoning tech industry, presents a favorable environment for the adoption of cloud computing.

Despite these positive indicators, several challenges impede the widespread adoption of cloud services in Uganda. Limited internet infrastructure, particularly in rural areas, remains a significant barrier. The cost of internet access is relatively high, and bandwidth is often insufficient for the reliable use of cloud services. Additionally, data security concerns and a lack of robust regulatory frameworks contribute to hesitancy among potential adopters.







Furthermore, there is a notable skills gap in cloud computing expertise. Educational institutions and training programs in Uganda are gradually incorporating cloud technologies into their curricula, but there remains a substantial need for professional development and capacity building in this area. Without adequate training and awareness, businesses and individuals may be unable to fully exploit the advantages of cloud computing.

Given these challenges, it is essential to explore the current perception and adoption of cloud computing in Uganda. This research aims to identify the benefits recognized by early adopters, the obstacles they face, and the broader socio-economic factors influencing cloud computing adoption. By understanding these dynamics, stakeholders can develop targeted strategies to promote cloud adoption, enhance digital literacy, and create a more supportive infrastructure and regulatory environment.







In conclusion, while cloud computing holds great promise for driving economic and technological advancement in Uganda, realizing this potential requires addressing significant infrastructural, educational, and regulatory challenges. This study provides a comprehensive examination of the current state of cloud computing in Uganda, offering insights that can guide future efforts to harness its benefits for national development.







Problem Statement

Despite the global trend towards cloud adoption, there is limited empirical data on how cloud computing is perceived in Uganda. Factors such as internet infrastructure, cybersecurity concerns, cost implications, and awareness levels could significantly influence the perception and adoption of cloud services in the country. This study aims to bridge the gap by investigating the perception of cloud computing current. among businesses, government institutions, and individual users

Research Question

What are the perceptions, challenges, and factors influencing the adoption of cloud computing among businesses, government agencies and individuals in Uganda?









PURPOSE OF THE STUDY

The primary purpose of this study is to comprehensively assess the perception and adoption of cloud computing among various stakeholders in Uganda, including businesses, educational institutions, healthcare providers, and government agencies. This research aims to understand the current landscape of cloud computing adoption, identify the factors influencing its uptake, and explore the challenges and barriers that hinder its widespread implementation.







SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

- 1. To identify and analyze the primary barriers and₃. challenges that impede the adoption of cloud computing, including limitations in internet infrastructure, skills gaps, 4. regulatory uncertainties, and cultural factors.
- 2. To provide evidence-based recommendations for policymakers, industry leaders, and educational institutions₅. on strategies to promote cloud computing adoption in Uganda, addressing infrastructure development, regulatory frameworks, educational initiatives, and capacity building.

To evaluate the level of awareness and understanding of cloud computing technologies among different stakeholder groups in Uganda.

To investigate the key factors that influence the decisionmaking process for adopting or rejecting cloud computing services, including cost considerations, data security concerns, regulatory challenges, and technical expertise.

To examine the perceived benefits and advantages of cloud computing among early adopters in Uganda, such as improvements in operational efficiency, scalability, data management, and collaboration.







SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

By achieving these objectives, the study seeks to contribute valuable insights that can inform policy decisions, guide strategic interventions, and foster a more supportive environment for cloud computing adoption. The Ultimate goal is to leverage the transformative potential of cloud computing to drive technological advancement and economic growth in Uganda.







LITERATURE REVIEW

Literature Review will focus on the following:

- 1. Global Trends in Cloud Computing
- 2. Cloud Computing in Developing Countries
- 3. The ICT Landscape in Uganda
- 4. Cloud computing Definition
- 5. Cloud computing Deployment Models.
- 6. Cloud computing Service Models.
- 7. Awareness and Perception of Cloud Computing

- 8. Benefits and Challenges of Cloud Computing Adoption
- 9. Regulatory and Policy Considerations
- 10. Conclusion







RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

What is research Methodology

Research methodology is a way of explaining how a researcher will carry out research. It is a systematic, rational approach to resolve a research issue. A methodology outlines a researcher's approach to the research to ensure reliable, valid results that address their aims and objectives. It encompasses what data they are going to collect and where from, as well as how it is being analyzed (Indeed, 2024).

Research Design

This study will employ a mixed-methods approach, combining quantitative and qualitative research methods to gather comprehensive data on the perception of cloud computing in Uganda.







RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Data Collection Methods

- 1. Surveys. Structured questionnaires will be distributed to businesses, government institutions, and individual users to collect quantitative data on their awareness, usage, and perception of cloud computing.
- 2. Interviews. In-depth interviews with key stakeholders in the ICT sector, including policymakers, IT professionals, and business leaders, will provide qualitative insights into the challenges and opportunities of cloud computing in Uganda.

Sample Size and Sampling Techniques

A stratified random sampling technique will be used to ensure representation across different sectors and user groups. The sample will include:

- 1. Businesses (small, medium, and large enterprises).
- 2. Educational institutions (universities and colleges).
- 3. Government institutions (National and local)
- 4. Individual users







DATA ANALYSIS

Quantitative data will be analyzed using statistical tools to identify trends and patterns such as excel and MS Power BI.

Qualitative data will be analyzed thematically to uncover underlying perceptions and attitudes.







PROJECT TIMELINE

Task	Mar-24	Apr-24	May-24	Jun-24	Jul-24	Aug-24	Sep-24	Oct-24	Nov-24
Literature Review									
Survey and Interview Design									
Data Collection									
Data Analysis									
Report Writing and Recommendations									
Review and Finalization									







BUDGET

A detailed budget will be prepared outlining the costs associated with research instruments, data collection, data analysis tools, and potential travel expenses for conducting interviews.







CONCLUSION

This research proposal highlights the urgency of understanding the perception of cloud computing in Uganda to unlock its full potential for national development. By investigating stakeholder perspectives and identifying key challenges, this research aims to provide valuable insights for promoting wider cloud adoption in Uganda.







THANK YOU

