Nexus Database Migration from OrientDB to PostgreSQL

Why upgrade Required?

https://help.sonatype.com/en/orientdb-downloads.html

Database Migrator Utility for 3.70.x

In order to migrate from OrientDB to H2 or PostgreSQL, you must first upgrade to the latest 3.70.x version and then use the Database Migrator utility version that matches your Nexus Repository version (e.g., use the 3.70.3 migrator utility with 3.70.3 Nexus Repository instances).

Version 3.70.3 is the latest Database Migrator utility release.

https://download.sonatype.com/nexus/nxrm3-migrator/nexus-db-migrator-3.70.3-01.jar
(ASC,SHA1,SHA256,SHA512)

> **Note**
>
> Older releases of the database migrator are not available for download. Use the latest 3.70.x migrator with the latest 3.70.x Sonatype Nexus Repository version to ensure all migrator fixes and improvements are available during the migration process.

Reference Taken : https://help.sonatype.com/en/migrating-to-a-new-database.html

Step # 01: upgrade the existing (3.68.1-02) nexus repository to 3.70.3-01

https://help.sonatype.com/en/download-archives---repository-manager-3.html#sonatype-nexus-repository-3-70-3-01

upgrade guide reference: https://help.sonatype.com/en/upgrading-a-standalone-instance.html

Step # 02: download the migrator utility similar to the upgraded version i.e. 3.70.3-01

https://download.sonatype.com/nexus/nxrm3-migrator/nexus-db-migrator-3.70.3-01.jar

Step # 03: In a PostgreSQL server, create a database called **nexus**. (When creating your database, ensure it is set to use UTF8 as its character set in order to be compatible with Nexus Repository's character set)

Step # 04: We recommend setting the PostgreSQL autovacuum configuration to be on.(https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/runtime-config-autovacuum.html)

Step # 05: In the sonatype-work/nexus3/etc/fabric/ directory (i.e., $data-dir/etc/fabric),

create nexus-store.properties; below is a sample that you will need to update with the appropriate configuration.

username=<postgres_user>

password=<postgres_password>

jdbcUrl=jdbc\:postgresql\://<database-host>\:<database-port>/nexus

Step # 06: Servers under heavy load may also need to configure the connection pool size for the database. Nexus Repository uses a default pool of 100, but you may increase this by appending a line like the following example to nexus-store.properties:

advanced=maximumPoolSize\=200

Step # 07: Add the following to $data-dir/etc/nexus.properties

nexus.datastore.enabled=true

Step #08: step 8: Perform a full backup using the backup task(https://help.sonatype.com/en/configure-and-run-the-backup-task.html)

Step # 09: Copy the backup to a clean working location on a different filesystem so that any extraction doesn't impact the existing production system

Step # 10: step 10: Shut down Nexus Repository

systemctl stop nexus.

Step #11: Update and run the following command from the clean working location containing your database backup. Use the appropriate values for host, port, username, password, and migrator utility jar file name. You can also include any of the [optional parameters from the section below](#) when running this command.

> **Note**
>
> If you are using Java 8, omit the parameter `--add-exports java.base/sun.nio.ch=ALL-UNNAMED` from the command as this is not supported by Java 8 and will cause a failure.
>
> This parameter is only needed for OrientDB Java 11 deployments.

```
java -Xmx16G -Xms16G -XX:+UseG1GC -XX:MaxDirectMemorySize=28672M --add-exports java.base/sun.nio.ch=ALL-UNNAMED -jar nexus-
db-migrator-*.jar --migration_type=postgres --db_url="jdbc:postgresql://<database
URL>:<port>/nexus?user=<postgres_user>&password=<postgres_password>"
```

Step # 11: Run the following command on the Nexus Repository database after migrating but before starting Nexus Repository. This will reclaim storage occupied by obsoleted tuples left from the migration.

VACUUM(FULL, ANALYZE, VERBOSE);

Step # 12: start the nexus repository

systemctl status nexus