

TENSE

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PAST TENSE

- PAST INDEFINITE
- PAST CONTINUOUS
- PAST PERFECT
- PAST PERFECT CONTINUOUS

PRESENT TENSE

- PRESENT INDEFINITE
- PRESENT CONTINUOUS
- PRESENT PERFECT
- PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS

FUTURE TENSE

- FUTURE INDEFINITE
- FUTURE CONTINUOUS
- FUTURE PERFECT
- FUTURE PERFECT CONTINUOUS

SINGULAR

- HE (Boy) वह, उसने
- SHE (Girl)
- IT (Natural)
- Any Name
- SINGULAR NOUN

PLURAL

- I मैं
- WE हम
- THEY वे, उन्होंने
- YOU तुम
- PLURAL NOUN

*1→ SIMPLE (सरल वाक्य) •

*2→ NEGATIVE (नही वाले वाक्य) •

*3→ INTERROGATIVE
(क्या वाले वाक्य) ?

*4→ INTERROGATIVE NEGATIVE
(क्या नही वाले वाक्य) ?

PRESENT INDEFINITE TENSE

- पहचान → क्रिया(Verb) के बाद ता है, ते है, ती है, ता हूँ।
- VERB → 1st Form (s/es with Singular)
- HELPING VERB → DO (PLURAL), DOES (SINGULAR)
- RULE OF PRESENT INDEFINITE TENSE
 - 1→ Subject + V(1st) + object + . (s/es with verb when subject is singular)
 - 2→ Subject + do/does + not + V(1st) + object + .
 - 3→ Do/Does + subject + V(1st) + Object + ?
 - 4→ Do/Does + subject + not + V(1st) + Object + ?

PRESENT INDEFINITE TENSE

वह दिल्ली जाता है।

He goes to Delhi.

- 1→ Subject + V(1st) + object + . (s/es with verb when subject is singular)

वह स्कूल नहीं जाती है।

She does not go to school.

- 2→ Subject + do/does + not + V(1st) + object + .

क्या वे क्रिकेट खेलते हैं ?

Do they play cricket?

- 3→ Do/Does + subject + V(1st) + Object + ?

क्या वह गाना नहीं गाती है ?

Does she not sing a song?

- 4→ Do/Does + subject + not + V(1st) + Object + ?

PRESENT CONTINUOUS TENSE

- पहचान → क्रिया(Verb) के बाद रहा है, रहे है, रही है, रहा हूँ।
- VERB → 1st Form + ing
- HELPING VERB → Is (SINGULAR), Am (I), Are (PLURAL)
- RULE OF PRESENT CONTINUOUS TENSE
 - 1→ Subject + is/am/are + V(1st) + ing + object + .
 - 2→ Subject + is/am/are + not + V(1st) + ing + object + .
 - 3→ Is/Am/Are + subject + V(1st) + ing + Object + ?
 - 4→ Is/Am/Are + subject + not + V(1st) + ing + Object + ?

PRESENT CONTINUOUS TENSE

वह दिल्ली जा रहा है।

He is going to Delhi.

- 1→ Subject + is/am/are + V(1st) + ing + object + .

वह स्कूल नहीं जा रही है।

She is not going to school.

- 2→ Subject + is/am/are + not + V(1st) + ing + object + .

क्या वे क्रिकेट खेल रहे हैं ?

Are they playing cricket?

- 3→ Is/Am/Are + subject + V(1st) + ing + Object + ?

क्या वह गाना नहीं गा रही है ?

Is she not singing a song?

- 4→ Is/Am/Are + subject + not + V(1st) + ing + Object + ?

PRESENT PERFECT TENSE

- पहचान → क्रिया(Verb) के बाद चुका है, चुके है, चुकी है, चुका हूँ।
- VERB → 3rd Form
- HELPING VERB → Has (SINGULAR), Have (PLURAL)
-
- RULE OF PRESENT PERFECT TENSE
- 1→ Subject + has/have + V(3rd) + object + .
- 2→ Subject + has/have + not + V(3rd) + object + .
- 3→ Has/Have + subject + V(3rd) + Object + ?
- 4→ Has/Have + subject + not + V(3rd) + Object + ?

PRESENT PERFECT TENSE

वह दिल्ली जा चुका है।

He has gone to Delhi.

- 1→ Subject + has/have + V(3rd) + object + .

वह स्कूल नहीं जा चुकी है।

She has not gone to school.

- 2→ Subject + has/have + not + V(3rd) + object + .

क्या वे क्रिकेट खेल चुके हैं ?

Have they played cricket?

- 3→ Has/Have + subject + V(3rd) + Object + ?

क्या वह गाना नहीं गा चुकी है ?

Has she not sung a song?

- 4→ Has/Have + subject + not + V(3rd) + Object + ?

PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS TENSE

- पहचान → से रहा है, से रहे है, से रही है, से रहा हूँ।
- VERB → 1st Form + ing
- HELPING VERB → Has Been (SINGULAR), Have Been (PLURAL)
- SINCE → निश्चित समय के लिए (morning, 1947 etc.)
- FOR → अनिश्चित समय के लिए (two hours, five days, six months etc.)
- RULE OF PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS TENSE
 - 1→ Sub. + has/have+ been + V(1st)+ing + obj. + since/for + time + .
 - 2→ Sub.+has/have+not+been + V(1st)+ing+obj. +since/for+ time + .
 - 3→ Has/Have + sub.+been + V(1st)+ing + Obj.+ since/for + time + ?
 - 4→ Has/Have+sub.+not+been+V(1st)+ing+Obj.+since/for+ time+ ?

PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS TENSE

वह दो घंटे से दिल्ली जा रहा है।

He has been going to Delhi for two hours.

- 1 → Sub. + has/have + been + V(1st)+ing + obj. + since/for + time + .

वह सुबह से स्कूल नहीं जा रही है।

She has not been going to school since morning.

- 2 - Sub. + has/have + not + been + V(1st)+ing + obj. + since/for + time + .

क्या वे सुबह से क्रिकेट खेल रहे हैं ?

Have they been playing cricket since morning?

- 3 → Have/Has + Sub. + been + V(1st)+ing + obj. + since/for + time + ?

क्या मैं एक घंटे से गाना नहीं गा रही हूँ ?

Has I not been singing a song for an hour?

- 4 → Has/Have + Sub. + not + been + V(1st)+ing + obj. + since/for + time + ?

PAST INDEFINITE TENSE

- पहचान → क्रिया(Verb) के बाद ता था, ते थे, ती थी व मात्राएँ ।
- VERB → 2nd Form (Only in simple sentence)
- HELPING VERB → Did
- RULE OF PAST INDEFINITE TENSE
- 1 → Subject + V(2nd) + object + .
- 2 → Subject + did + not + V(1st) + object + .
- 3 → Did + subject + V(1st) + Object + ?
- 4 → Did + subject + not + V(1st) + Object + ?

PAST INDEFINITE TENSE

वह दिल्ली जाता था ।

He went to Delhi.

- 1→ Subject + V(2nd) + object + .

वह स्कूल नहीं जाती थी ।

She did not go to school.

- 2→ Subject + did + not + V(1st) + object + .

क्या वे क्रिकेट खेलते थे ?

Did they play cricket?

- 3→ Did + subject + V(1st) + Object + ?

क्या वह गाना नहीं गाती थी ?

Did she not sing a song?

- 4→ Did + subject + not + V(1st) + Object + ?

PAST CONTINUOUS TENSE

- पहचान → क्रिया(Verb) के बाद रहा था, रहे थे, रही थी।
- VERB → 1st Form + ing
- HELPING VERB → Was (SINGULAR & I), Were (PLURAL)
- RULE OF PAST CONTINUOUS TENSE
 - 1→ Subject + was/were + V(1st) + ing + object + .
 - 2→ Subject + was/were + not + V(1st) + ing + obj. + .
 - 3→ Was/Were + subject + V(1st) + ing + Object + ?
 - 4→ Was/Were + subject + not + V(1st)+ing + Obj. + ?

PAST CONTINUOUS TENSE

वह दिल्ली जा रहा था।

He was going to Delhi.

- 1→ Subject + was/were + V(1st) + ing + object + .

वह स्कूल नहीं जा रही थी।

She was not going to school.

- 2→ Subject + was/were + not + V(1st) + ing + object + .

क्या वे क्रिकेट खेल रहे थे ?

Were they playing cricket?

- 3→ Was/Were + subject + V(1st) + ing + Object + ?

क्या मैं गाना नहीं गा रही था ?

Was I not singing a song?

- 4→ Was/Were + subject + not + (1st) + ing + Object + ?

PAST PERFECT TENSE

- पहचान → क्रिया(Verb) के बाद चुका था, चुके थे, चुकी थी।
- VERB → 3rd Form
- HELPING VERB → Had
- RULE OF PAST PERFECT TENSE
 - 1 → Subject + had + V(3rd) + object + .
 - 2 → Subject + had + not + V(3rd) + object + .
 - 3 → Had + subject + V(3rd) + Object + ?
 - 4 → Had + subject + not + V(3rd) + Object + ?

PAST PERFECT TENSE

वह दिल्ली जा चुका था।

He had gone to Delhi.

- 1→ Subject + had + V(3rd) + object + .

वह स्कूल नहीं जा चुकी थी।

She had not gone to school.

- 2→ Subject + had + not + V(3rd) + object + .

क्या वे क्रिकेट खेल चुके थे ?

Had they played cricket?

- 3→ Had + subject + V(3rd) + Object + ?

क्या वह गाना नहीं गा चुकी थी ?

Had she not sung a song?

- 4→ Had + subject + not + V(3rd) + Object + ?

PAST PERFECT CONTINUOUS TENSE

- पहचान → से रहा था, से रहे थे, से रही थी।
- VERB → 1st Form + ing
- HELPING VERB → Had Been
-
- SINCE → निश्चित समय के लिए (morning, 1947 etc.)
- FOR → अनिश्चित समय के लिए (two hours, five days, six months etc.)
- RULE OF PAST PERFECT CONTINUOUS TENSE
- 1→ Sub. + had+ been + V(1st)+ing + obj. + since/for+time + .
- 2→ Sub.+had+not+been + V(1st)+ing+obj. +since/for+time+ .
- 3→ Had + sub.+been + V(1st)+ing + Obj.+ since/for+ time+ ?
- 4→ Had+sub.+not+been+V(1st)+ing+Obj.+since/for+ time+ ?

PAST PERFECT CONTINUOUS TENSE

वह दो घंटे से दिल्ली जा रहा था।

He had been going to Delhi for two hours.

- 1 → Sub. + had+ been + V(1st)+ing + obj. +since/for+time+ .

वह सुबह से स्कूल नहीं जा रही थी।

She had not been going to school since morning.

- 2 - Sub.+had+not+been+V(1st)+ing + obj.+since/for+time+ .

क्या वे सुबह से क्रिकेट खेल रहे थे ?

Had they been playing cricket since morning?

- 3 → Had+Sub.+been+V(1st)+ing + obj.+since/for+time+ ?

क्या मैं एक घंटे से गाना नहीं गा रही थी ?

Had I not been singing a song for an hour?

- 4 → Had+Sub.+not+been+V(1st)+ing + obj.+since/for+time+ ?

FUTURE INDEFINITE TENSE

- पहचान → क्रिया(Verb) के बाद ता होगा, ते होंगे, ती होगी व गा, गे, गी।
- VERB → 1st Form
- HELPING VERB → Shall (I & We), Will
- RULE OF FUTURE INDEFINITE TENSE
- 1→ Subject + shall/will + V(1st) + object + .
- 2→ Sub. + shall/will + not + V(1st) + obj. + .
- 3→ Shall/Will + sub. + V(1st) + Obj. + ?
- 4→ Shall/Will + sub. + not + V(1st) + Obj. + ?

FUTURE INDEFINITE TENSE

वह दिल्ली जाएगा ।

He will go to Delhi.

- 1→ Subject + shall/will + V(1st) + object + .

हम स्कूल नहीं जाते होंगे ।

We shall not go to school.

- 2→ Subject + shall/will + not + V(1st) + object + .

क्या वे क्रिकेट खेलेंगे ?

Will they play cricket?

- 3→ Shall/Will + subject + V(1st) + Object + ?

क्या वह गाना नहीं गाएगी ?

Will she not sing a song?

- 4→ Shall/Will + subject + not + V(1st) + Object + ?

FUTURE CONTINUOUS TENSE

- पहचान → क्रिया (Verb) के बाद रहा होगा, रहे होंगे, रही होगी।
- VERB → 1st Form + ing
- HELPING VERB → Shall Be (I & We), Will Be
- RULE OF FUTURE CONTINUOUS TENSE
 - 1→ Sub. + shall/will + be + V(1st+ing) + object + .
 - 2→ Sub. + shall/will + not + be + V(1st+ing) + obj. + .
 - 3→ Shall/Will + sub. + be + V(1st+ing) + Obj. + ?
 - 4→ Shall/Will + sub. + not + be + V(1st+ing) + Obj. + ?

FUTURE CONTINUOUS TENSE

वह दिल्ली जा रही होगी।

She will be going to Delhi.

- 1→ Subject + shall/will + be + V(1st+ing) + object + .

हम स्कूल नहीं जा रहे होंगे।

We shall not be going to school.

- 2→ Sub. + shall/will + not + be + V(1st) + ing + object + .

क्या वे क्रिकेट खेल रहे होंगे ?

Will they be playing cricket?

- 3→ Shall/Will + sub. + be + V(1st) + ing + Object + ?

क्या वह गाना नहीं गा रही होगी ?

Will she not be singing a song?

- 4→ Shall/Will + sub. + not + be + V(1st+ing) + Object + ?

FUTURE PERFECT TENSE

- पहचान → क्रिया (Verb) के बाद चुका होगा, चुके होंगे, चुकी होगी।
- VERB → 3rd Form
- HELPING VERB → Shall Have (I & We), Will Have
- RULE OF FUTURE PERFECT TENSE
 - 1→ Sub. + shall/will + have + V(3rd) + object + .
 - 2→ Sub. + shall/will + not + have + V(3rd) + obj. + .
 - 3→ Shall/Will + sub. + have + V(3rd) + Obj. + ?
 - 4→ Shall/Will + sub. + not + have + V(3rd) + Obj. + ?

FUTURE PERFECT TENSE

वह दिल्ली जा चुकी होगी।

She will have gone to Delhi.

- 1→ Subject + shall/will + have + V(3rd) + object + .

हम स्कूल नहीं जा चुके होंगे।

We shall not have gone to school.

- 2→ Sub. + shall/will + not + have + V(3rd) + object + .

क्या वे क्रिकेट खेल चुके होंगे ?

Will they have played cricket?

- 3→ Shall/Will + sub. + have + V(3rd) + Object + ?

क्या वह गाना नहीं गा चुकी होगी ?

Will she not have sung a song?

- 4→ Shall/Will + sub. + not + have + V(3rd) + Object + ?

FUTURE PERFECT CONTINUOUS TENSE

- पहचान → क्रिया (Verb) के बाद से रहा होगा, से रहे होंगे, से रही होगी।
- VERB → 1st Form + ing
- HELPING VERB → Shall Have Been (I & We), Will Have Been
- SINCE → निश्चित समय के लिए (morning, 1947 etc.)
- FOR → अनिश्चित समय के लिए (two hours, five days, six months etc.)
- RULE OF FUTURE PERFECT CONTINUOUS TENSE
 - 1→ Sub. + shall/will + have been + V(1st)+ing + obj. + since/for + time + .
 - 2→ Sub.+shall/will + not + have been + V(1st)+ing+obj. +since/for+time+ .
 - 3→ Shall/Will + sub.+ have been + V(1st)+ing + Obj.+ since/for+ time+ ?
 - 4→ Shall/Will+sub.+ not + have been+ V(1st)+ing + Obj.+since/for+ time+ ?

FUTURE PERFECT CONTINUOUS TENSE

वह सुबह से दिल्ली जा रही होगी।

She will have been going to Delhi since morning.

- 1→ Sub. + shall/will + have been + V(1st)+ing + obj. + since/for + time + .

• हम दो दिन से स्कूल नहीं जा रहे होंगे।

We shall not have been going to school for two days.

- 2→ Sub.+shall/will + not+have been + V(1st)+ing+obj. +since/for+time+ .

क्या वे एक घंटे से क्रिकेट खेल रहे होंगे ?

Will they have been playing cricket for an hour?

- 3→ Shall/Will + sub.+ have been + V(1st)+ing + Obj.+ since/for+ time+ ?

क्या सुबह से वर्षा नहीं हो रही होगी ?

Will it not have been raining since morning ?

- 4→ Shall/Will+sub.+ not + have been+ V(1st)+ing + Obj.+since/for+ time+ ?