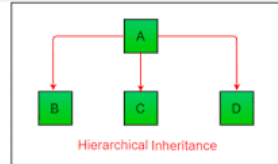


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Did you mean: [which class **cannot** extend another class in java](#)

Superclass can only be one: A **superclass** can have any number of subclasses. But a **subclass** can have only one **superclass**. This is because Java does not support multiple inheritance with classes. Although with interfaces, multiple inheritance is supported by java.

[Inheritance in Java - GeeksforGeeks](#)<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/inheritance-in-java/>[About this result](#) [Feedback](#)

People also ask

Which classes Cannot be extended in Java?

Final classes and methods are also similar. A class declared as final cannot be extended while a method declared as final cannot be overridden in its **subclasses**. A method or a class is declared to be final using the final keyword. Though a final class cannot be extended, it can extend other classes.

[Final Classes and Methods - Java Tutorial - Java With Us](#)www.javawithus.com/tutorial/final-classes-and-methodsSearch for: [Which classes Cannot be extended in Java?](#)

Can a final class extend another class?

You **can't extend a class** that is declared **final**. However you **can** create an intermediate **class**, called Wrapper. This Wrapper **will** basically contain an instance of the original **class** and provide alternative methods to modify the state of the object according to what you want to do. Nov 9, 2012

[static - How to extend a final class in Java - Stack Overflow](#)<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/13294629/how-to-extend-a-final-class-in-java>Search for: [Can a final class extend another class?](#)

Can a class extend more than one class?

Because, unlike C++, **multiple** inheritance isn't allowed in Java. You **can** inherit from (implement) **multiple** interfaces, but (**extend**) only **one class**. ... That's why a **class can't extend 2 or more class**.

[Why we can't extend more than one class in java? - Quora](#)<https://www.quora.com/Why-we-cant-extend-more-than-one-class-in-java>Search for: [Can a class extend more than one class?](#)

Can enum extend any class Java?

Answer: **Enum can not extend any class in java**, the reason is by default, **Enum** extends abstract base **class java.lang.Enum**. Since **java does** not support multiple inheritance for **classes**, **Enum can not extend another class**.

[Can Enum extend any class in Java? - Java Interview Questions ...](#)www.java2novice.com/java_interview_questions/can-enum-extend/Search for: [Can enum extend any class Java?](#)

Can static class be inherited?

Static classes are sealed and therefore cannot be **inherited**. They cannot **inherit** from any **class** except **Object**. **Static classes** cannot contain an instance constructor; however, they **can** have a **static** constructor. For more information, see **Static Constructors** (C# Programming Guide).

[c# - Why can't I inherit static classes? - Stack Overflow](https://stackoverflow.com/q/774181)

<https://stackoverflow.com/q/774181>

Search for: [Can static class be inherited?](#)

Can we declare abstract method in final class?

Yes, those **methods** cannot be overridden in subclasses. An example of that is the template **method** pattern... Of course, it means you **can** subclass it, but you cannot override that particular **method**. ... So **we can declare a method as final** in **Abstract class**, and it **will** be over ridden in subclass. Nov 12, 2011

[java - Can an abstract class have a final method? - Stack Overflow](https://stackoverflow.com/questions/1299398/can-an-abstract-class-have-a-final-method)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/1299398/can-an-abstract-class-have-a-final-method>

Search for: [Can we declare abstract method in final class?](#)

Can an abstract class be final?

This is the same reason why **abstract** methods cannot have access modifier private. you cannot inherit **final class** , but **abstract class can** be inherit into subclasses. A method **can** never, ever, ever be marked as both **abstract** and **final**, or both **abstract** and private. Oct 1, 2013

[c# - Why can't a Java class be both abstract and final - Stack ...](https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../why-cant-a-java-class-be-both-abstract-and-final)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../why-cant-a-java-class-be-both-abstract-and-final>

Search for: [Can an abstract class be final?](#)

Does abstract class have constructor?

Yes, when we define a **class** to be an **Abstract Class** it cannot be instantiated but that **does** not mean an **Abstract class** cannot **have a constructor**. Each **abstract class** must **have** a concrete subclass which will implement the **abstract** methods of that **abstract class**. Nov 4, 2008

[java - Can an abstract class have a constructor? - Stack Overflow](https://stackoverflow.com/questions/260666/can-an-abstract-class-have-a-constructor)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/260666/can-an-abstract-class-have-a-constructor>

Search for: [Does abstract class have constructor?](#)

Why abstract class can not be instantiated?

Abstract classes cannot be instantiated, means we **can't** create an object to **Abstract class**. We can create Subclasses to **Abstract classes**. ... So JVM will not able to allocate memory for the **abstract** methods when the time of creating instance to **Abstract class**. So JVM unable to create the instance to **Abstract class**. Feb 10, 2014

[oop - Why can't we instantiate a abstract class in JAVA? - Stack ...](https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../why-cant-we-instantiate-a-abstract-class-in-java)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../why-cant-we-instantiate-a-abstract-class-in-java>

Search for: [Why abstract class can not be instantiated?](#)

Can interface class have constructor?

There is only static fields in **interface** that doesn't **need** to initialized during object creation in subclass and the method of **interface has** to provide actual implementation in subclass .So there is no **need of constructor** in **interface**. ... That's why we **can** not define **constructor** in the **interfaces**. May 10, 2010

[java - Constructor in an Interface? - Stack Overflow](https://stackoverflow.com/questions/2804041/constructor-in-an-interface)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/2804041/constructor-in-an-interface>

Search for: [Can interface class have constructor?](#)

Can we declare interface as final?

A **final method** can't be overridden. That defies the purpose of having an **interface** if you cannot actually implement the **method**. All variables are implicitly public static and **final** in **interfaces**. Prior to Java 8, you **can't** create static **methods** in **interfaces**. May 20, 2012

[java - Why Interface methods cannot be "static" & "final"? - Stack ...](https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../why-interface-methods-cannot-be-static-final)
<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../why-interface-methods-cannot-be-static-final>

Search for: [Can we declare interface as final?](#)

Can we declare abstract class as static?

However, for the same reason, you **can't declare** a **static** method to be **abstract**. Normally, the compiler **can** guarantee that an **abstract** method **will** have a real implementation any time that it is called, because you **can't** create an instance of an **abstract class**. Jul 1, 2013

[java - Can we use static method in an abstract class? - Stack Overflow](https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../can-we-use-static-method-in-an-abstract-class)
<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../can-we-use-static-method-in-an-abstract-class>

Search for: [Can we declare abstract class as static?](#)

Is it possible to inherit from multiple abstract classes in Java?

Basically, the rule says that you can **inherit** from (extend) as many **classes** as you want, but if you do, only one of those **classes** can contain concrete (implemented) methods. ... A **class** can extend at most one **abstract class**, but may implement many interfaces. That is, **Java** supports a limited form of **multiple inheritance**. May 24, 2011

[In Java, what is the difference between an abstract class and an ...](https://pythonconquerstheuniverse.wordpress.com/2011/05/24/java-abc-vs-interface/)
<https://pythonconquerstheuniverse.wordpress.com/2011/05/24/java-abc-vs-interface/>

Search for: [Is it possible to inherit from multiple abstract classes in Java?](#)

Why is the String class final?

Final: **final** keyword means you cannot change the value, if a variable is **declared final**. You cannot override a method, if a method is **declared final** and last, **final class** means you cannot inherit that **class**. Mutable / Immutable Object: The state of a mutable object can be changed. ... Now, a **String** is an immutable object.

[Why String class declared as immutable & final? - Quora](https://www.quora.com/Why-String-class-declared-as-immutable-final)
<https://www.quora.com/Why-String-class-declared-as-immutable-final>

Search for: [Why is the String class final?](#)

Why static class Cannot be inherited in Java?

Static methods are **inherited in Java** but they don't take part in polymorphism. If we attempt to override the **static** methods they will just hide the superclass **static** methods instead of overriding them. **Static** method is **inherited** in subclass but it is not polymorphism. Apr 24, 2012

[inheritance - Are static methods inherited in Java? - Stack Overflow](https://stackoverflow.com/questions/10291949/are-static-methods-inherited-in-java)
<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/10291949/are-static-methods-inherited-in-java>

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How can you prevent your class from being subclassed?

1. Use final.
2. Use private constructors.
3. Use a comment: // do not inherit.
4. Use a javadoc comment.
5. Make every method final, so people can't override them.
6. Use a runtime check in the class constructor: if (this.getClass() != MyClass.class) { throw new RuntimeException("Subclasses not allowed"); }

[java - Stopping inheritance without using final - Stack Overflow](https://stackoverflow.com/questions/451182/stopping-inheritance-without-using-final)
<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/451182/stopping-inheritance-without-using-final>

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Can we extend enum in Java?

All **enums** implicitly **extend** `java.lang.Enum`. In **Java**, a class **can** only **extend** one parent and therefore an **enum** cannot **extend** any other class (but implement interfaces – see below). **Extending Enum** means that every **enum** has a few methods that make it more usable: `static values()` Mar 27, 2017

[Fundamentals of Java Enum Types — SitePoint](#)

<https://www.sitepoint.com/fundamentals-of-java-enum-types-tutorial/>

Search for: [Can we extend enum in Java?](#)

Can we declare class as static?

But remember you **can** only **declare** a **static class** inside a top-level **class**, it is illegal to **declare** it inside an inner **class**. Nested **classes** (a **class** within a **class**) are the only ones that **can** be **declared static**. This is so the parent **class** **does** not have to be instantiated to access the nested **class**. Mar 16, 2013

[Why is class declared as static in Java? - Stack Overflow](#)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/15448352/why-is-class-declared-as-static-in-java>

Search for: [Can we declare class as static?](#)

Can a class extend a concrete class?

An abstract **class** always **extends** a **concrete class** (`java.lang.Object` at the very least). So it works the same as it always **does**. If you want to instantiate it, you **will** have to subclass it with a **concrete** implementation of those abstract methods and instantiate it through the **concrete class**. Just like you always do. Nov 13, 2015

[java - Abstract Class Extending Concrete Classes - Stack Overflow](#)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../abstract-class-extending-concrete-classes?rq=1>

Search for: [Can a class extend a concrete class?](#)

Can a class extend multiple interfaces?

A Java **class** **can** only **extend** one parent **class**. **Multiple** inheritance (**extends**) is not allowed. **Interfaces** are not **classes**, however, and a **class** **can** implement more than one **interface**. The parent **interfaces** are declared in a comma-separated list, after the `implements` keyword.

[Can a normal Class implement multiple interfaces? - Stack Overflow](#)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../can-a-normal-class-implement-multiple-interfaces>

Search for: [Can a class extend multiple interfaces?](#)

Can final class can be instantiated?

class, which cannot be **instantiated** to create its objects. **instantiated** if it overrides all abstract methods by implementation them. superclass abstract methods is itself abstract; and it cannot be **instantiated**. ¥ Java supports this is through the keyword **"final"**.

[Final and Abstract Classes Restricting Inheritance Abstract Classes ...](#)

www.buyya.com/254/Lectures/Lecture13.pdf

Search for: [Can final class can be instantiated?](#)

Can a subclass inherit from multiple superclasses?

Yes it is called as **Multiple Inheritance** where we **can inherit** the **subclass** from **two** or more than **two super classes**. This **can** be easily done in C++ but not in java. Since, in Java, we **can inherit** only one class at a time, it is not possible to perform **multiple inheritance**.

[Can a subclass inherit from more than one superclass in object ...](#)

<https://www.quora.com/Can-a-subclass-inherit-from-more-than-one-superclass-in-object...>

Search for: [Can a subclass inherit from multiple superclasses?](#)

Can abstract class be inherited?

Abstract classes cannot be instantiated, but they **can** be subclassed. When an **abstract class** is subclassed, the subclass usually provides implementations for all of the **abstract** methods in its parent **class**. However, if it **does** not, then the subclass must also be declared **abstract**.

[Abstract Methods and Classes \(The Java™ Tutorials > Learning the ...\)](https://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/java/landl/abstract.html)
<https://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/java/landl/abstract.html>

Search for: [Can abstract class be inherited?](#)

Can a interface be instantiated?

Any class or struct that implements the **interface** must implement all its members. An **interface** **can't** be **instantiated** directly. Its members are implemented by any class or struct that implements the **interface**. **Interfaces** **can** contain events, indexers, methods, and properties. Jul 19, 2015

[Interfaces \(C# Programming Guide\) | Microsoft Docs](https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/csharp/programming-guide/interfaces/)
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/csharp/programming-guide/interfaces/>

Search for: [Can a interface be instantiated?](#)

Why interface does not have constructor in Java?

Interface **doesn't** contain **constructor** because of the following reasons: The data member of the **interface** are already initialized. **Constructors** of the special defined methods which are **not** permitted to defined and moreover **interface** data member are static. Feb 5, 2013

[java - Interface does not have constructor, then how can it be ...](https://stackoverflow.com/.../interface-does-not-have-constructor-then-how-can-it-be-in...)
<https://stackoverflow.com/.../interface-does-not-have-constructor-then-how-can-it-be-in...>

Search for: [Why interface does not have constructor in Java?](#)

Can you define a constructor in an interface?

Abstract classes **can** **define** unimplemented (abstract) method signatures in the same way as an **interface**, but **can** also have implemented (concrete) methods and **constructors**. ... The purpose of an **interface** is to enforce a certain object signature. It should explicitly not be concerned with how an object works internally. Jan 17, 2017

[c# - Interface defining a constructor signature? - Stack Overflow](https://stackoverflow.com/questions/619856/interface-defining-a-constructor-signature)
<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/619856/interface-defining-a-constructor-signature>

Search for: [Can you define a constructor in an interface?](#)

Can we declare interface as static?

If you want statics, use an abstract **class** and inherit it, otherwise, remove the **static**. You **can't** **define static methods** in an **interface** because **static methods** belongs to a **class** not to an instance of **class**, and **interfaces** are not Classes. Feb 5, 2009

[Why can't I define a static method in a Java interface? - Stack ...](https://stackoverflow.com/.../why-cant-i-define-a-static-method-in-a-java-interface)
<https://stackoverflow.com/.../why-cant-i-define-a-static-method-in-a-java-interface>

Search for: [Can we declare interface as static?](#)

Can we declare interface as private?

If you had made an **interface** either **private** or **final**, you would not be able to implement them. Hence Java doesn't allow you to mark an **interface as private** unless and until its a inner **interface**. That is **interface** defined inside another **class**. **Interface** **can** be **private** or protected only if it is an Inner **interface**.

[In Java, can an interface be protected, private or final? - Quora](https://www.quora.com/In-Java-can-an-interface-be-protected-private-or-final)
<https://www.quora.com/In-Java-can-an-interface-be-protected-private-or-final>

Search for: [Can we declare interface as private?](#)

Can abstract class have static and final variables?

All methods that you declare in an interface **can** have '**static**', 'default' or '**abstract**' modifiers (Since **Java 8**). ... Interfaces cannot be instantiated as they are

not concrete **classes**. Methods and constants cannot be declared 'private', methods cannot be declared 'final'. Jul 18, 2017

[Interface vs Abstract class vs Concrete class – Heuristics – Medium](https://medium.com/heuristics/interface-vs-abstract-class-vs-concrete-class-196f20c3af9a)
<https://medium.com/heuristics/interface-vs-abstract-class-vs-concrete-class-196f20c3af9a>

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What's the difference between abstract class and interface?

1.Main **difference** is methods of a Java **interface** are implicitly **abstract** and cannot have implementations. A Java **abstract class** can have instance methods that implements a default behavior. 2.Variables declared **in a Java interface** is by default final. An **abstract class** may contain non-final variables. Dec 16, 2009

[oop - What is the difference between an interface and abstract ...](https://stackoverflow.com/.../what-is-the-difference-between-an-interface-and-abstract-cl...)
<https://stackoverflow.com/.../what-is-the-difference-between-an-interface-and-abstract-cl...>

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Can we call abstract method in Java?

A **method** that is declared using the keyword **abstract** is **called** an **abstract method**. **Abstract methods** are declaration only and it **will** not have implementation. ... A **Java class** containing an **abstract class** must be declared as **abstract class**. An **abstract method** can only set a visibility modifier, **one** of public or protected. Jul 7, 2015

[Java Abstract Class and Methods - Java Tutorial Blog - JavaPapers.com](https://javapapers.com/java/java-abstract-class-and-methods/)
<https://javapapers.com/java/java-abstract-class-and-methods/>

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Can interface inherit abstract class in Java?

Only the methods. A **Java class** can also implement multiple **java interfaces**. In that case the **class** must implement all the methods declared in all the **interfaces** implemented. ... But unlike **classes**, **interfaces** can actually **inherit** from multiple **interfaces**. Sep 24, 2015

[Overview of Inheritance, Interfaces and Abstract Classes in Java](https://medium.com/.../overview-of-inheritance-interfaces-and-abstract-classes-in-java-3f...)
<https://medium.com/.../overview-of-inheritance-interfaces-and-abstract-classes-in-java-3f...>

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Is String class is thread safe?

Since two different **threads** can see a different hashcode, in an external point of view we have a change of state and so it is not immutable. We can so conclude that **String** is immutable because it is **thread safe** and not the opposite. ... What's the point of saying "Use an immutable object, it is **thread-safe**! Oct 3, 2012

[Does Immutability Really Mean Thread Safety? - DZone Java](https://dzone.com/articles/do-immutability-really-means)
<https://dzone.com/articles/do-immutability-really-means>

Search for: [Is String class is thread safe?](#)

Can we declare abstract class as final in Java?

This is the same reason why **abstract** methods cannot have access modifier private. you cannot inherit **final class**, but **abstract class** can be inherit into subclasses. A method **can** never, ever, ever be marked as both **abstract** and **final**, or both **abstract** and private. Oct 1, 2013

[c# - Why can't a Java class be both abstract and final - Stack ...](https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../why-cant-a-java-class-be-both-abstract-and-final)
<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../why-cant-a-java-class-be-both-abstract-and-final>

Search for: [Can we declare abstract class as final in Java?](#)

Can static class inherit another class?

Static classes are sealed and therefore cannot be **inherited**. They cannot **inherit** from any **class** except Object. **Static classes** cannot contain an instance constructor; however, they **can** have a **static** constructor. For more information, see **Static Constructors** (C# Programming Guide).

[c# - Why can't I inherit static classes? - Stack Overflow](https://stackoverflow.com/q/774181)

<https://stackoverflow.com/q/774181>

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Can static method be final?

Static methods belong to the class, not the instance. ... The real problem is that Java lets you call **static methods** on an instance object. **Static methods** with the same signature from the parent class are hidden when called from an instance of the subclass. However, you **can't** override/hide **final methods**. Nov 17, 2009

[java - Behaviour of final static method - Stack Overflow](https://stackoverflow.com/questions/1743715/behaviour-of-final-static-method)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/1743715/behaviour-of-final-static-method>

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Can we inherit main method in Java?

The **inheritance** is working as usual here and the public static void **main()** is **inherited** by Factorial which is why you see your output on executing **java** Factorial . You **can** have more than **one** class in the same file, but only **one** public , as Base isn't a public class, but it's not a recommended practice. Jun 6, 2013

[Java Extending class containing main method - Stack Overflow](https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../java-extending-class-containing-main-method)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../java-extending-class-containing-main-method>

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Can we override static method in Java?

Static methods can not be overridden because they are not part of the object's state. Rather, they belongs to the class (i.e they are class **methods**). It is ok to overload **static** (and final) **methods**. No, **Static methods can't be** overridden as it is part of a class rather than an object. Mar 26, 2011

[Can I override and overload static methods in Java? - Stack Overflow](https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../can-i-override-and-overload-static-methods-in-java)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../can-i-override-and-overload-static-methods-in-java>

Search for: [Can we override static method in Java?](#)

Can enum extend class in Java?

Answer: **Enum can not extend** any **class in java**, the reason is by default, **Enum extends** abstract base **class java.lang.Enum**. Since **java does** not support multiple inheritance for **classes**, **Enum can not extend** another **class**.

[Can Enum extend any class in Java? - Java Interview Questions ...](http://www.java2novice.com/java_interview_questions/can-enum-extend/)

www.java2novice.com/java_interview_questions/can-enum-extend/

Search for: [Can enum extend class in Java?](#)

Can enum implement interface?

The Comparable example given by several people here is wrong, since **Enum** already **implements** that. You **can't** even override it. Since **Enums can implement interfaces** they **can** be used for strict enforcing of the singleton pattern. Trying to make a standard class a singleton allows... Apr 26, 2010

[java - Why would an Enum implement an Interface? - Stack Overflow](https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../why-would-an-enum-implement-an-interface)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../why-would-an-enum-implement-an-interface>

Search for: [Can enum implement interface?](#)

Can a class be final?

You **can** declare some or all of a **class's** methods **final**. You use the **final** keyword in a method declaration to indicate that the method cannot be overridden by subclasses. ... A **class** that is declared **final** cannot be subclassed. This is particularly useful, for example, when creating an immutable **class** like the String **class**.

[Writing Final Classes and Methods \(The Java™ Tutorials > Learning ...](https://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/java/landl/final.html)

<https://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/java/landl/final.html>

Search for: [Can a class be final?](#)

Can static class have constructor?

Static constructors have the following properties: A **static constructor** does not take access modifiers or **have** parameters. A **static constructor** is called automatically to initialize the **class** before the first instance is created or any **static** members are referenced. A **static constructor** cannot be called directly. Jul 19, 2015

[Static Constructors \(C# Programming Guide\) | Microsoft Docs](#)

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/csharp/programming.../static-constructors>

Search for: [Can static class have constructor?](#)

Can a class extend multiple classes in Java?

Java does not support **multiple** inheritance, that's why you **can't** **extend** a **class** from **two** different **classes** at the same time. Rather, use a single **class** to **extend** from, and use interfaces to include additional functionality. Jul 6, 2011

[java - Can one class extend two classes? - Stack Overflow](#)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/6587621/can-one-class-extend-two-classes>

Search for: [Can a class extend multiple classes in Java?](#)

Can we declare abstract method in final class?

Yes, those **methods** cannot be overridden in subclasses. An example of that is the template **method** pattern... Of course, it means you **can** subclass it, but you cannot override that particular **method**. ... So **we can declare a method as final** in **Abstract class**, and it **will** be over ridden in subclass. Nov 12, 2011

[java - Can an abstract class have a final method? - Stack Overflow](#)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/1299398/can-an-abstract-class-have-a-final-method>

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Can a class inherit from more than one class?

C# **does** not support **multiple inheritance** (meaning a single **class inherits from multiple classes**). You **can**, however, implement **multiple** interfaces in a single **class**. As far as chaining together **inherited classes**, there isn't a limit per-se. Just keep in mind the complexity you **will** introduce to your system. Aug 30, 2010

[.net - How many classes can you inherit from in C#? - Stack Overflow](#)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../how-many-classes-can-you-inherit-from-in-c>

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Can an interface extend a class?

A Java **class can** only **extend** one parent **class**. Multiple inheritance is not allowed. **Interfaces** are not **classes**, however, and an **interface can extend** more than one parent **interface**. The **extends** keyword is used once, and the parent **interfaces** are declared in a comma-separated list.

[Java Interfaces - Tutorialspoint](#)

https://www.tutorialspoint.com/java/java_interfaces.htm

Search for: [Can an interface extend a class?](#)

Can we inherit a final class?

Final Classes and Methods. **Inheritance** is surely one of the highly useful features in Java. ... A **class** declared as **final** cannot be extended while a method declared as **final** cannot be overridden in its subclasses. A method or a **class** is declared to be **final** using the **final** keyword.

[Final Classes and Methods - Java Tutorial - Java With Us](#)

www.javawithus.com/tutorial/final-classes-and-methods

Search for: [Can we inherit a final class?](#)

Can a class inherit from multiple classes Java?

Inheriting implementation from more than one superclass - **multiple** implementation **inheritance** - is not a feature of the language. **Java** allows a **class** to have a single superclass and no more. **Multiple inheritance** is not allowed in **Java**. ... They **can**; however, implement **multiple** interfaces . Apr 22, 2014

[java - Is it possible to have a class have more than one ...](#)

<https://stackoverflow.com/.../is-it-possible-to-have-a-class-have-more-than-one-superclas...>

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Can subclass access private fields superclass?

Functionally, it's not inherited. But ideally, it is. A **subclass** does not inherit the **private** members of its parent class. However, if the **superclass** has public or protected methods for **accessing** its **private fields**, these **can** also be used by the **subclass**. Jan 18, 2011

[java - Do subclasses inherit private fields? - Stack Overflow](#)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/4716040/do-subclasses-inherit-private-fields>

Search for: [Can subclass access private fields superclass?](#)

Why abstract class can not be instantiated?

Abstract classes cannot be instantiated, means we **can't** create an object to **Abstract class**. We can create Subclasses to **Abstract classes**. ... So JVM will not able to allocate memory for the **abstract** methods when the time of creating instance to **Abstract class**. So JVM unable to create the instance to **Abstract class**. Feb 10, 2014

[oop - Why can't we instantiate a abstract class in JAVA? - Stack ...](#)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../why-cant-we-instantiate-a-abstract-class-in-java>

Search for: [Why abstract class can not be instantiated?](#)

Can Interfaces be extended?

A Java class **can** only **extend** one parent class. Multiple inheritance is not allowed. **Interfaces** are not classes, however, and an **interface can extend** more than one parent **interface**. ... However, implementing multiple **interfaces** is allowed in Java and it is also safe. Oct 23, 2013

[inheritance - Can an interface extend multiple interfaces in Java ...](#)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../can-an-interface-extend-multiple-interfaces-in-jav...>

Search for: [Can Interfaces be extended?](#)

Can we inherit abstract class in Java?

Abstract classes cannot be instantiated, but they **can** be subclassed. When an **abstract class** is subclassed, the subclass usually provides implementations for all of the **abstract** methods in its parent **class**. However, if it does not, then the subclass must also be declared **abstract** .

[Abstract Methods and Classes \(The Java™ Tutorials > Learning the ...](#)

<https://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/java/landl/abstract.html>

Search for: [Can we inherit abstract class in Java?](#)

Can abstract class have constructor?

Yes, when we define a **class** to be an **Abstract Class** it cannot be instantiated but that does not mean an **Abstract class** cannot **have a constructor**. Each **abstract class** must **have** a concrete subclass which will implement the **abstract** methods of that **abstract class**. Nov 4, 2008

[java - Can an abstract class have a constructor? - Stack Overflow](#)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/260666/can-an-abstract-class-have-a-constructor>

Search for: [Can abstract class have constructor?](#)

Can Java interface have constructor?

There is only static fields in **interface** that doesn't **need** to be initialized during object creation in subclass and the method of **interface** **has** to provide actual implementation in subclass. So there is no **need** of **constructor** in **interface**. ... That's why we **can** not define **constructor** in the **interfaces**. May 10, 2010

[java - Constructor in an Interface? - Stack Overflow](#)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/2804041/constructor-in-an-interface>

Search for: [Can Java interface have constructor?](#)

Can an interface be instantiated?

5 Answers. You **can** never **instantiate** an **interface** in java. You **can**, however, refer to an object that implements an **interface** by the type of the **interface**. However we do not use this **interface** as I have read about in the books, we do not create a class and implement `SharedPreferences`. Apr 14, 2013

[Can you instantiate an Interface in Java - Stack Overflow](#)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/15997567/can-you-instantiate-an-interface-in-java>

Search for: [Can an interface be instantiated?](#)

Why static method is not allowed in interface?

Java **interface static method** helps us in providing security by **not** allowing implementation classes to override them. ... This is because it's **not allowed** in java, since `Object` is the base class for all the classes and we can't have one class level **static method** and another instance **method** with same signature. Apr 2, 2018

[Java 8 Interface Changes - static method, default method - JournalDev](#)

<https://www.journaldev.com/2752/java-8-interface-changes-static-method-default-method>

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Can abstract class have static methods in Java?

However, for the same reason, you **can't** declare a **static method** to be **abstract**. Normally, the compiler **can** guarantee that an **abstract method** will **have** a real implementation any time that it is called, because you **can't** create an instance of an **abstract class**. Jul 1, 2013

[java - Can we use static method in an abstract class? - Stack Overflow](#)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../can-we-use-static-method-in-an-abstract-class>

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Can an interface be final?

A **final** method **can't** be overridden. That defies the purpose of having an **interface** if you cannot actually implement the method. All variables are implicitly public static and **final** in **interfaces**. Prior to Java 8, you **can't** create static methods in **interfaces**. May 20, 2012

[java - Why Interface methods cannot be "static" & "final"? - Stack ...](#)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../why-interface-methods-cannot-be-static-final>

Search for: [Can an interface be final?](#)

Can you override a static method?

It **could** conceptually be possible **if you could** call **static methods** from class objects (like in languages like Smalltalk) but it's not the case in Java. **You can overload static method**, that's ok. But **you can** not **override a static method**, because class are no first-class object. Feb 9, 2010

[Why doesn't Java allow overriding of static methods? - Stack Overflow](#)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../why-doesnt-java-allow-overriding-of-static-meth...>

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Why do we use static keyword to main method?

This is necessary because `main()` is called by the JVM before any objects are made. Since it is **static** it can be directly invoked via the class. Similarly, **we use static**

sometime for user defined **methods** so that **we need** not to make objects. void indicates that the **main()** **method** being declared does not return a value.

[Why is the Java main method static? - Stack Overflow](#)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/146576/why-is-the-java-main-method-static>

Search for: [Why do we use static keyword to main method?](#)

Can interface contain private methods?

According to the Java programming language scope of the **private** members is limited to the class in which it is declared and **can** be accessed only by **methods** of that class . But interface doesn't **have** a **method** body hence there is no use of declaring **private** members inside an **interface** . Apr 16, 2012

[Why doesn't Java allow private members in interface? - Stack Overflow](#)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../why-doesnt-java-allow-private-members-in-interf...>

Search for: [Can interface contain private methods?](#)

Can abstract class have final variable?

The code is fine, the **final variable** is initialized in the constructor of FooType . You cannot instantiate FooType because of it being **abstract**. ... You **can have** constructors, methods, properties, everything in **abstract classes** that you **can have** in non-**abstract classes** as well. Jul 2, 2011

[constructor - Java: Final variables in abstract classes - Stack ...](#)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/6557800/java-final-variables-in-abstract-classes>

Search for: [Can abstract class have final variable?](#)

Can abstract class extend abstract class?

One thing to notice is that the second **abstract class** doesn't need to implement **abstract** methods from first **class**, but the first concrete must implement both. But it makes sense only if the **abstract** subclass adds more functionality (**abstract** or not). Yes you **can** do it. Jul 19, 2011

[java - Can one abstract class extend another abstract class and ...](#)

<https://stackoverflow.com/.../can-one-abstract-class-extend-another-abstract-class-and-in...>

Search for: [Can abstract class extend abstract class?](#)

What is difference between abstract class and interface in Java?

1.Main **difference** is methods of a **Java interface** are implicitly **abstract** and cannot have implementations. A **Java abstract class** can have instance methods that implements a default behavior. 2.Variables declared in a **Java interface** is by default final. An **abstract class** may contain non-final variables. Dec 16, 2009

[oop - What is the difference between an interface and abstract ...](#)

<https://stackoverflow.com/.../what-is-the-difference-between-an-interface-and-abstract-cl...>

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Why Multiple inheritance is not supported in Java?

In **java** this can never occur as there is no **multiple inheritance**. Here even if two interfaces are going to have same method, the implementing class will have only one method and that too will be done by the implementer. Dynamic loading of classes makes the implementation of **multiple inheritance** difficult. Sep 24, 2012

[Why Multiple Inheritance is Not Supported in Java - Java Tutorial Blog](#)

<https://javapapers.com/core-java/why-multiple-inheritance-is-not-supported-in-java/>

Search for: [Why Multiple inheritance is not supported in Java?](#)

Can an abstract class extend a concrete class?

An **abstract class** always **extends a concrete class** (java.lang.Object at the very least). So it works the same as it always **does**. If you want to instantiate it, you **will** have to subclass it with a **concrete** implementation of those **abstract** methods and instantiate it through the **concrete class**. Just like you always do. Nov 13, 2015

[java - Abstract Class Extending Concrete Classes - Stack Overflow](https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../abstract-class-extending-concrete-classes?rq=1)
<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../abstract-class-extending-concrete-classes?rq=1>

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Can we create abstract and final class in Java?

This is the same reason why **abstract** methods cannot have access modifier private. you cannot inherit **final class** , but **abstract class** can be inherit into subclasses. A method **can** never, ever, ever be marked as both **abstract and final**, or both **abstract** and private. Oct 1, 2013

[c# - Why can't a Java class be both abstract and final - Stack ...](https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../why-cant-a-java-class-be-both-abstract-and-final)
<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../why-cant-a-java-class-be-both-abstract-and-final>

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Can a class extend an interface?

An abstract **class** is still a **class**, just like any other. Only **interfaces** can extends other **interfaces**. You **can** actually **extend interfaces** in Java, but it would still be called an **interface**. Then you **can** use this extended **interface** implemented in your abstract **class**. Aug 9, 2014

[java - Why can't an abstract class extend an interface? - Stack ...](https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../why-cant-an-abstract-class-extend-an-interface)
<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../why-cant-an-abstract-class-extend-an-interface>

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Can abstract class inherit interface in Java?

Also, it is possible for a **java interface** to **inherit** from another **java interface**, just like **classes** can **inherit** from other **classes**. You specify **inheritance** using the extends keyword. **Inheritance** will be further discussed below. But unlike **classes**, interfaces **can** actually **inherit** from multiple interfaces. Sep 24, 2015

[Overview of Inheritance, Interfaces and Abstract Classes in Java](https://medium.com/.../overview-of-inheritance-interfaces-and-abstract-classes-in-java-3f...)
<https://medium.com/.../overview-of-inheritance-interfaces-and-abstract-classes-in-java-3f...>

Search for: [Can abstract class inherit interface in Java?](#)

Is string class thread safe?

The question is, 'is this **class** immutable?' Since two different **threads** can see a different hashcode, in an external point of view we have a change of state and so it is not immutable. We can so conclude that **String** is immutable because it is **thread safe** and not the opposite. So... Oct 3, 2012

[Does Immutability Really Mean Thread Safety? - DZone Java](https://dzone.com/articles/do-immutability-really-means)
<https://dzone.com/articles/do-immutability-really-means>

Search for: [Is string class thread safe?](#)

Which is thread safe StringBuffer or StringBuilder?

As a result, **StringBuilder** is faster than **StringBuffer** . **StringBuffer** is mutable. It can change in terms of length and content. **StringBuffers** are **thread-safe**, meaning that they have synchronized methods to control access so that only one **thread** can access a **StringBuffer** object's synchronized code at a time. May 10, 2016

[java - Difference between StringBuilder and StringBuffer - Stack ...](https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../difference-between-stringbuilder-and-stringbuffer...)
<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../difference-between-stringbuilder-and-stringbuffer...>

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Can we declare abstract method in final class?

Yes, those **methods** cannot be overridden in subclasses. An example of that is the template **method** pattern... Of course, it means you **can** subclass it, but you cannot override that particular **method**. ... So **we can declare a method as final** in **Abstract class**, and it **will** be over ridden in subclass. Nov 12, 2011

[java - Can an abstract class have a final method? - Stack Overflow](https://stackoverflow.com/questions/1299398/can-an-abstract-class-have-a-final-method)
<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/1299398/can-an-abstract-class-have-a-final-method>

Search for: [Can we declare abstract method in final class?](#)

Can we make abstract class as final in Java?

Since you cannot **make** a **final class abstract** in **Java**, this becomes illegal and compiler prohibits you from doing that by throwing an error. But, yes, you **can** declare static methods on both **final class** as well as **abstract classes**, there is no problem with that. Jul 15, 2017

[Is it possible to have an abstract method in a final class? - Javarevisited](#)
<https://javarevisited.blogspot.com/.../is-it-possible-to-have-abstract-method-in-final-class...>

Search for: [Can we make abstract class as final in Java?](#)

Can static class inherit another static class?

Static classes are sealed and therefore cannot be **inherited**. They cannot **inherit** from any **class** except Object. **Static classes** cannot contain an instance constructor; however, they **can** have a **static** constructor. For more information, see **Static Constructors** (C# Programming Guide).

[c# - Why can't I inherit static classes? - Stack Overflow](#)
<https://stackoverflow.com/q/774181>

Search for: [Can static class inherit another static class?](#)

Why static class Cannot be inherited in Java?

Static methods are **inherited in Java** but they don't take part in polymorphism. If we attempt to override the **static** methods they will just hide the superclass **static** methods instead of overriding them. **Static** method is **inherited** in subclass but it is not polymorphism. Apr 24, 2012

[inheritance - Are static methods inherited in Java? - Stack Overflow](#)
<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/10291949/are-static-methods-inherited-in-java>

Search for: [Why static class Cannot be inherited in Java?](#)

Can a method be static and final?

Static methods belong to the class, not the instance. ... The real problem is that Java lets you call **static methods** on an instance object. **Static methods** with the same signature from the parent class are hidden when called from an instance of the subclass. However, you **can't** override/hide **final methods**. Nov 17, 2009

[java - Behaviour of final static method - Stack Overflow](#)
<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/1743715/behaviour-of-final-static-method>

Search for: [Can a method be static and final?](#)

Can we use static and final together in Java?

- **static** in **java** means Class's member. Its shared by all the instances of the class. ... **final** only says that value once initialized **can't** be changed; **static** says that the attribute belongs to Class and NOT objects. So when you say **final static**; this means there is just one copy of variable and it **can't** be changed. Nov 27, 2012

[java - When to choose variables to declare as final static - Stack ...](#)
<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../when-to-choose-variables-to-declare-as-final-stati...>

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Can we inherit main method in Java?

How main method is called by JVM?

Can we declare main method as final?

Can we inherit final method in Java?

Can a class extend enum in Java?

Can we extend enum class in Java?

Can enum implement interface?

Can enums be extended?

Can we inherit final class in Java?

Can a class be final in Java?





Feedback

Stopping Your Class from Being Inherited in Java, the Official Way and ...

<https://www.developer.com/java/other/.../Stopping-Your-Class-from-Being-Inherited-i...> ▼

Nov 14, 2003 - Let's make another class that is supposed to be inherited from the above class. The Java language provides the 'extends' keyword that enables a class to ... FinalDemo2.java:1: cannot inherit from final FinalDemo public class ...

Java Inheritance - Tutorialspoint

https://www.tutorialspoint.com/java/java_inheritance.htm ▼

Inheritance can be defined as the process where one class acquires the ... so they are not inherited by subclasses, but the constructor of the superclass can be ...

Inheritance (The Java™ Tutorials > Learning the Java Language ...

<https://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/java/landl/subclasses.html> ▼

In the Java language, classes can be derived from other classes, thereby ... Excepting Object , which has no superclass, every class has one and only one direct ...

inheritance - Is it possible to extend a final class in Java ...

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/.../is-it-possible-to-extend-a-final-class-in-java> ▼

8 answers

May 6, 2015 - A **Class** marked as final can **extend another Class** , however a final **Class** can not be **extended**. Here is an example: This is allowed

Class extending more than one class Java? 2 Dec 2015
Why can't an enum extend a class in Java? 28 Jun 2014
Multiple Inheritance in Java since All **classes extend** from **Object ...** 16 Dec 2013
java - Classes that don't inherit **Object class** 2 Oct 2012
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Final Classes and Methods - Java Tutorial - Java With Us

www.javawithus.com/tutorial/final-classes-and-methods/ ▼

Inheritance is surely one of the highly useful features in **Java**. But at times, it may be desired that a **class** should not be extendable by **other classes** to prevent ...

If every class in Java extends object class and then a user can ...

<https://www.quora.com/If-every-class-in-Java-extends-object-class-and-then-a-user-ca...> ▼

Dec 20, 2014 - First thing first : **Java** doesn't provide multiple inheritance with respect to **classes** but through interfaces we can achieve multiple inheritance.[Though we will use ...

Can an interface extend a class? Why? 23 Mar 2018
What is the use of the extend keyword in Java? 1 May 2017
Why we can't extend more than one class in java? 20 Sep 2015
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[PDF] Final and Abstract Classes Restricting Inheritance Abstract Classes ...

www.buyya.com/254/Lectures/Lecture13.pdf ▼

We can prevent an inheritance of **classes** by **other classes** ... This is achieved in **Java** by using the keyword **final** as ... An **Abstract class** cannot be instantiated –.

Why Object is Super Class in Java? - Java Tutorial Blog - JavaPapers

<https://javapapers.com/java/why-object-is-super-class-in-java/> ▼

Sep 4, 2014 - The concept of **Object** class as **super class** of all **classes** in **Java** looks similar to it. It is not a explicit requirement forced on the developer. If a class is declared without extending another class then it will implicitly extend **Object** class. This is taken care of by the JVM.

Java Inheritance - Jenkov Tutorials

tutorials.jenkov.com/java/inheritance.html ▼

Jump to **Abstract Classes and Inheritance** - When one class inherits from another class in **Java**, the two classes take on certain roles. The class that extends (inherits from another class) is the **subclass** and the class that is being extended (the class being inherited from) is the **superclass** . In other words, the **subclass** extends the **superclass**.

Inheritance in Java - GeeksforGeeks

<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/inheritance-in-java/> ▼

Superclass can only be one: A **superclass** can have any number of subclasses. But a **subclass** can have only one **superclass**. This is because **Java** does not support multiple inheritance with **classes**. Although with interfaces, multiple inheritance is supported by **java**.

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