## Important Information in a Plan



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### Module Overview



# Review additional, essential information in a query plan, including:

- Row estimates/actuals
- Parallelism
- Predicates
- Warnings



### Input Parameters

Input values for a query, used on initial compilation, can be found in the plan

This can be extremely important when comparing an actual plan (with different values) to the plan in cache





Finding Input Parameters in a Plan



Trace Flags

Global and session trace flags are captured by execution plans in SQL Server 2014 SP2 and SQL Server 2016

Use IsCompileTime attribute to determine if flag present at compilation and execution

https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/kb/3170115





Trace Flags in a Query Plan



### Cardinality Estimator Version

The cardinality estimator (CE) was significantly changed in SQL Server 2014

The new CE can be enabled in a variety of ways To confirm CE used, check attribute value in the plan



### Cardinality Estimate Issues



Check for differences between estimates and actual



Can cause significantly more data to move through the plan than needed



Validate statistics, CE version, table variables, table value functions to start





**Examining CE Version and Estimates** 



### Operator Execution Statistics



Available in SQL Server 2014 SP2 and SQL Server 2016



Includes CPU, duration, and I/O information on a per-operator basis





**Execution Statistics for Operators** 



### Parallelism in Plans

If MAXDOP is not set to 1, the optimizer can generate a serial or parallel plan

Not every plan can be parallelized Indicates a higher cost query - not necessarily good or bad



### Parallelism and Operators









Distribute Streams

Repartition Streams

**Gather Streams** 

Operator running in parallel

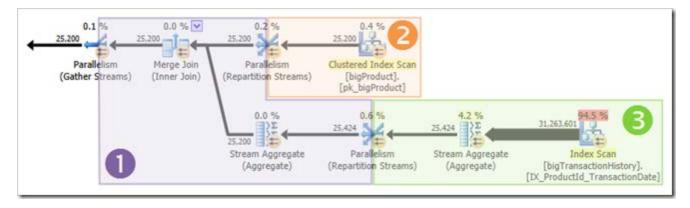


# Parallel plans can have multiple zones of concurrent execution

MAXDOP limits the maximum number of threads *per operator* 

MAXDOP does not limit the total threads for the plan

### Parallelism



https://sqlperformance.com/2013/10/sql-plan/parallel-plans-branches-threads





**Parallelism in Plans** 



### Seek Predicate

#### Clustered Index Seek (Clustered) Scanning a particular range of rows from a clustered index Physical Operation Clustered Index Seek **Logical Operation** Clustered Index Seek Estimated I/O Cost 0.003125 0.0001581 Estimated CPU Cost Number of Executions 0.071616 (83%) Estimated Operator Cost 0.071616 Estimated Subtree Cost Estimated Row Size 187 B **Actual Rebind** Actual Rewinds Node ID [AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact]. [PK\_Contact\_ContactID] [c] Output List [AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact].Title. [AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact].FirstName, AdventureWorks1.[Person].[Contact].MiddleName. [AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact].LastName, [AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact].Suffix Contact].ContactID = Scalar Operator([AdventureWorks]. lumanResources].[Employee].[ContactID] as [e].

#### Object

[AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact]. [PK\_Contact\_ContactID] [c]

#### **Output List**

[AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact].Title, [AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact].FirstName, [AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact].MiddleName, [AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact].LastName, [AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact].Suffix

#### **Seek Predicates**

Seek Keys[1]: Prefix: [AdventureWorks].[Person].
[Contact].ContactID = Scalar Operator([AdventureWorks].
[HumanResources].[Employee].[ContactID] as [e].
[ContactID])



### Residual Predicate

#### Clustered Index Seek (Clustered) canning a particular range of rows from a clustered index Physical Operation Clustered Index See **Logical Operation** Clustered Index See Actual Number of Rows Estimated I/O Cost 0.00312 Estimated CPU Cost 0.000158 Number of Executions Estimated Number of Execution **Estimated Subtree Cost** 0.07161 **Estimated Number of Row** Actual Rebinds Actual Rewinds Node ID [AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact]. [PK\_Contact\_ContactID] [c] Output List [AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact].FirstName AdventureWorks) [Person] [Contact] MiddleName AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact].LastName, [AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact].Suffix, AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact].EmailAddress Contact1.ContactID = Scalar Operator([AdventureWorks], HumanResources].[Employee].[ContactID] as [e].

#### **Predicate**

[AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact].[LastName] as [c]. [LastName]=N'Ellerbrock'

#### Object

[AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact].
[PK\_Contact\_ContactID] [c]

#### **Output List**

[AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact].Title, [AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact].FirstName, [AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact].MiddleName, [AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact].LastName, [AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact].Suffix, [AdventureWorks].[Person].[Contact].EmailAddress

#### Seek Predicates

Seek Keys[1]: Prefix: [AdventureWorks].[Person].

[Contact].ContactID = Scalar Operator([AdventureWorks].

[HumanResources].[Employee].[ContactID] as [e].

[ContactID])



**Seek and Residual Predicates** 



### Warnings



Spill to tempdb (hash and sort)

Implicit conversions

No statistics

Missing index

Missing join predicate





**Generating Plan Warnings** 



### What We Covered



# Review additional, essential information in a query plan, including:

- Row estimates/actuals
- Parallelism
- Predicates
- Warnings

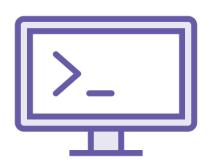




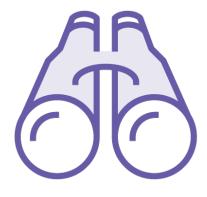
Next steps



### Practice, practice, practice



Develop scripts to capture query data



Review data and execution plans



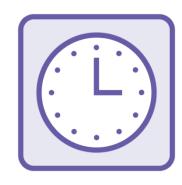
Make incremental changes to see how performance changes



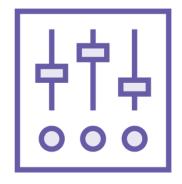
### Course Summary



Information about query execution can be captured in SQL Server



Data can be historical or real-time



Use this data to determine what to tune/change



Continue to monitor performance

